ACTIVE INGREDIENT:
Fenpyroximate: \textit{Tert-buty}(E)-\alpha-(1,3-dimethyl-5-phenoxypyrazol-4-ylmethyleneaminoxy)-p-toluate...5.0%
OTHER INGREDIENTS*: .................................................................95.0%
TOTAL
Contains 0.4 lb. active ingredient per U.S. gallon
*Contains petroleum distillates
EPA Reg. No. 71711-19
EPA Est. No. 67545-AZ-1
superscript corresponds with lot number
KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
WARNING - AVISO
Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle.
(If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)
See inside booklet for First Aid, Precautionary Statements, and Directions for Use
NET CONTENTS: 2.5 gallons (9.46 L)
Nichino America, Inc.
4550 New Linden Hill Road
Wilmington, DE 19808
888-740-7700
300531
03/12
PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS
WARNING - AVISO

Causes substantial but temporary eye injury. Harmful if inhaled or swallowed. Do not get in eyes or on clothing. Avoid contact with skin and breathing spray mist.

Wear long-sleeved shirt and long pants, socks, shoes, and chemical resistant gloves (such as barrier laminate or viton). Wear protective eyewear (safety glasses, goggles, or face shield).

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)
Applicators and other handlers must wear:
• Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
• Chemical resistant gloves (such as barrier laminate or viton)
• Protective eyewear (such as safety glasses, goggles, or face shield)
• Shoes plus socks
• For overhead exposure, wear chemical resistant headgear

When mixing and loading, wear a chemical-resistant apron. When cleaning equipment, wear a chemical-resistant apron. Follow manufacturer’s instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. When handlers use closed systems or enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

FIRST AID

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>If in eyes</th>
<th>Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>If inhaled</td>
<td>Move person to fresh air. • If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible. • Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>If swallowed</td>
<td>Immediately call a poison control center or doctor. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. • Do not give any liquid to the person. • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>If on skin or clothing</td>
<td>Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

HOTLINE NUMBER
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-348-5832 for emergency medical treatment information. In case of fire or spills, information may be obtained by calling 1-800-424-9300.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Contains petroleum distillates. Vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia. Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.
User Safety Recommendations

Users should:
• Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, or using tobacco.
• Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is very highly toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. For terrestrial uses, do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment washwaters.

This chemical can contaminate surface water through spray applications. Under some conditions, it may also have a high potential for runoff into surface water after application. These include poorly drained or wet soils with readily visible slopes toward adjacent surface waters, frequently flooded areas, areas overlaying extremely shallow groundwater, areas with in-field canals or ditches that drain to surface water, areas not separated from adjacent surface waters with vegetated filter strips, and areas over-laying tile drainage systems that drain to surface water.

ENDANGERED SPECIES RESTRICTIONS

This product may pose a hazard to endangered aquatic species. Leave a 75 feet untreated buffer between treatment area and fish-bearing waters. Follow all use directions.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

Minimum Honey Bee Toxicity

Applications to all crops may be made at anytime. Fenpyroximate is practically nontoxic to bees and wasps when used according to this label.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency in your State responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard. Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:
• Coveralls worn over short-sleeved shirt and short pants
• Socks
• Chemical-resistant footwear
• Protective eyewear (such as safety glasses, goggles, or face shield)
• Chemical-resistant gloves (such as barrier laminate or viton)
GENERAL INFORMATION
FUJIMITE® 5EC miticide/insecticide is used for the control of leafhoppers, mealybugs, mites, psylla, psyllids, and whiteflies. FUJIMITE 5EC miticide/insecticide stops mite feeding immediately after application. FUJIMITE 5EC miticide/insecticide controls all motile stages of mites by inhibiting cellular respiration in the mitochondrion of cells which results in rapid cessation of all biological activities, including feeding and reproduction. Mortality of mites can be observed within 3 to 7 days after intoxication.

FUJIMITE 5EC miticide/insecticide works primarily through contact action, so thorough spray coverage is necessary. Mix with sufficient water and apply as a foliar spray to obtain uniform coverage. Dense foliage or excessive growth will often prevent adequate coverage; adjust spray volumes accordingly. Treat plants when pests are immature or at a susceptible stage and populations are building, before crop damage occurs.

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
• Applications should be made immediately after the spray solution is prepared.
• Apply with properly calibrated spray equipment.
• Apply by ground or air using the recommended water spray volume found in the Directions for Use section of this label.
• For aerial equipment, use larger droplet size (greater than 200 microns).
• Thorough spray coverage is essential for mite and insect control.
• For best results, apply when pest populations are beginning to build, before reaching economic thresholds. Consult your local agricultural advisor or state cooperative extension service for further information.

USE OF ADJUVANTS
When thorough coverage is a concern, it is recommended that a spray adjuvant be used to maximize uniformity of coverage and performance of FUJIMITE 5EC miticide/insecticide. Use a nonionic activator type wetting, spreading, or penetrating adjuvant or horticultural spray oil adjuvant. Do not use a dormant oil, or binder or sticker-type adjuvant. Nonionic adjuvants (NIS) should contain at least 75% surfactant. Crop oil concentrates (COC), methylated seed or vegetable oils (MSO), organosilicone products (OS), or blends of these adjuvants should contain at least 15% emulsifier/surfactant. Check compatibility of any adjuvant used with FUJIMITE 5EC miticide/insecticide before using. Follow the Directions for Use on each adjuvant product label for rates of use and use restrictions.

APPLICATION RESTRICTIONS
• Use by air is limited to cotton.
• Do not apply within 75 feet of fish-bearing waters.
• Do not use adjuvants in hops, mint, and other leafy forage crops.
• Do not plant rotational crops other than those listed on this label for 30 days following the last application of this product.
• Do not apply through any type of irrigation system.
• Do not use in greenhouse structures.
• Do not apply by Alternate Row Middle (ARM) spray method.

TARGET SPECIES
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Apple rust mite (suppression only)</th>
<th>Glassy-winged sharpshooter (suppression only)</th>
<th>Powdery mildew (suppression only)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Asian citrus psyllid</td>
<td>Grape leafhopper</td>
<td>Strawberry spider mite</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Broad mite</td>
<td>McDaniel mite</td>
<td>Texas citrus mite</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carmine mite</td>
<td>Mealybug species</td>
<td>Tomato (Potato) psyllid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Citrus bud mite</td>
<td>Mint bud mite</td>
<td>Tomato russet mite</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Citrus leafminer (suppression only)</td>
<td>Pacific spider mite</td>
<td>Two-spotted spider mite</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Citrus red mite</td>
<td>Pear psyllia</td>
<td>Variegated leafhopper</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Citrus rust mite</td>
<td>Pear rust mite</td>
<td>White apple leafhopper</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Citrus thrips (suppression only)</td>
<td>Pecan leaf scorch mite</td>
<td>Whiteflies</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cyclamen mite</td>
<td>Potato leafhopper</td>
<td>Willamette spider mite</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>European red mite</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT
Repeated use of the same chemistry has been shown to result in the buildup of resistant strains of mites or other insects. Do not use FUJIMITE 5EC miticide/insecticide in successive miticide applications. Rotate the use of FUJIMITE 5EC miticide/insecticide with alternate mode of action insecticides:
- Miticides must be rotated with alternate products for resistance management.
- Do not use products with the same mode of action (METI-2 inhibitor/IRAC Group 21A) in consecutive applications.
Consult your local crop advisor for the most appropriate alternative products. Resistance management strategies recommend that you DO NOT apply rates lower than recommended on the label.

MIXING DIRECTIONS
FUJIMITE 5EC Miticide/Insecticide Alone: Shake well before using. Begin with clean equipment. Fill spray tank with ¾ of the amount of water needed for the intended application and then turn on agitation. Pour recommended amount of product on the surface of water in the spray tank. Add the balance of the water to the spray tank with agitation running. Keep agitation running during filling and spraying operations. If spraying must be stopped before emptying the sprayer, resume agitation before spraying the remainder of the load.
FUJIMITE 5EC Miticide/Insecticide Tank Mixtures: Shake well before using. Read and follow all label directions for each tankmix product prior to any tank mixing with FUJIMITE 5EC miticide/insecticide. This product can be mixed with other registered pesticides for use on labeled crops or sites, in accordance with the most restrictive use directions and precautions. Follow all use directions as listed above under FUJIMITE 5EC Miticide/Insecticide Alone with the following exception: after the FUJIMITE 5EC miticide/insecticide is thoroughly mixed and the tank is ¾ full, add the recommended amount of wettable powder, soluble powder, flowable, emulsifiable concentrate, or soluble liquid product, while maintaining agitation. Then continue adding water to the tank to achieve the desired level, while maintaining agitation.
If you have no experience with the combination you are considering, you should conduct a test to determine physical compatibility. To determine physical compatibility, add the recommended proportions of each chemical with the same proportion of water, as will be present in the chemical supply tank, into a suitable container, mix thoroughly and allow to stand for five minutes. If the combination remains mixed, or can be readily remixed, the mixture is considered physically compatible.

SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT
Avoid spray drift to all other crops and nontarget areas. Do not apply when weather conditions may cause drift. Do not allow this product to drift onto any target areas. Drift may result in illegal residues or injury to adjacent crops and vegetation. To avoid spray drift, DO NOT apply aerially when wind speed is greater than 10 mph or during periods of temperature inversions. Use of larger droplet size will also reduce spray drift.
AVOIDING SPRAY DRIFT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE APPLICATOR. The interaction of equipment and weather-related factors determines the potential for spray drift. The applicator is responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.
Droplet size, boom height, and wind speed are the primary factors determining drift. The specific application conditions required for the use of this product are described below.

Controlling Droplet Size – General Techniques
Volume
Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
Pressure
Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer’s recommended pressures. For many nozzle types, lower pressure produces larger droplets. Use the lower spray pressures recommended for the nozzle. Higher pressure reduces droplet size and does not improve canopy penetration. WHEN HIGHER FLOW RATES ARE NEEDED, USE A HIGHER-CAPACITY NOZZLE INSTEAD OF INCREASING PRESSURE.
Nozzle Type
Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

Controlling Droplet Size – Aircraft
Number of Nozzles
Use the minimum number of nozzles with the highest flow rate that provide uniform coverage.

Nozzle Orientation
Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.

Nozzle Type
Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

Boom Height and Length – Ground and Aircraft
Boom Height (ground)
Setting the boom at the lowest labeled height (if specified) which provides uniform coverage reduces the exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind. For ground equipment, the boom should remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.

Boom Height (aircraft)
Application more than 10 feet above the canopy increases the potential for spray drift.

Boom Length (aircraft)
The minimum boom length should not exceed ¾ of the wing length; using shorter booms decreases drift potential. For helicopters, the minimum boom length should not exceed 9/10 of the rotary blade to prevent droplets from entering the rotor vortices.

Wind
Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2-10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given wind speed. Application should be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. AVOID GUSTY OR WINDLESS CONDITIONS. Note: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect drift.

Temperature and Humidity
When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

Temperature Inversions
Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain close to the ground and move laterally in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light and variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.
**Sensitive Areas**
The pesticide should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g., residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, nontarget crops) is minimal (e.g., when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

**Shielded Sprayers**
Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce the effects of wind. However, it is the responsibility of the applicator to verify that the shields are preventing drift and not interfering with the uniform deposition of the product.

**Air Assisted (Air Blast) Field Crop Sprayers**
Air assisted field crop sprayers carry droplets to the target via a downward directed air stream. Some may reduce the potential for drift, but if a sprayer is unsuitable for the application and/or set up improperly, high drift potential can result. It is the responsibility of the applicator to determine that a sprayer is suitable for the intended application, is configured properly, and that drift is not occurring.

**Note:** Air assisted field sprayers can affect product performance by affecting spray coverage and canopy penetration. Consult the application equipment section of this label to determine if use of an air assisted sprayer is recommended.

**Air Assisted (Air Blast) Tree And Vine Sprayers**
Air assisted tree and vine sprayers carry droplets into the canopy of trees and vines via a radially or laterally directed air stream. These sprayers are not suitable for applying herbicides. In addition to the general drift management practices already described, the following specific practices will further reduce the potential for drift:
- Adjust the deflectors and aiming devices so that spray is only directed into the canopy.
- Block off upward pointed nozzles when there is no overhanging canopy.
- Use only enough air volume to penetrate the canopy and provide good coverage.
- Do not allow spray to go beyond the edge of the cultivated area. Spray the outside row only from outside the planting.

### APPLICATION RATE CHART FOR FUJIMITE 5EC MITICIDE/INSECTICIDE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pest</th>
<th>Rate/Acre</th>
<th>Use Directions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mites (see Target Species)</td>
<td>2.0 to 4.0 pints</td>
<td>USE RESTRICTIONS &lt;br&gt; • Apply by ground using a minimum of 100 gallons of water per acre. &lt;br&gt; • Do not apply by air. &lt;br&gt; • Do not apply more than 8.0 pints per acre per growing season. &lt;br&gt; • Do not make more than 2 applications per growing season. &lt;br&gt; • Allow 14 days between applications. &lt;br&gt; • Preharvest Interval (PHI): 14 days &lt;br&gt; • Do not apply through any type of irrigation system.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
APPLICATION RATE CHART FOR FUJIMITE 5EC MITICIDE/INSECTICIDE (continued)

### Low Growing Berry (Crop Subgroup 13-07G)*
bearberry; bilberry; blueberry, lowbush; cloudberry; cranberry; lingonberry; muntries; partridgeberry; strawberry; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pest</th>
<th>Rate/Acre</th>
<th>Use Directions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mites (see Target Species)</td>
<td>2.0 pints</td>
<td>USE RESTRICTIONS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Whiteflies</td>
<td></td>
<td>• Apply by ground application using a minimum of 25 gallons of water per acre</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Do not apply by air.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Do not apply more than 4.0 pints per acre per crop cycle.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Do not make more than 2 applications per crop cycle.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Allow 14 days between applications.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Preharvest Interval (PHI): 1 day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Do not apply through any type of irrigation system.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Note: Temporary pinking of immature green berries may be observed after a FUJIMITE 5EC miticide/insecticide application on certain strawberry varieties. This effect is transient and does not affect fruit sizing, color, or quality. Avoid puddling of spray solution on plastic mulch as this can potentially result in underside scarring of fruit in direct contact with the plastic.

### Citrus Fruits (Crop Group 10)
calamondin; citron; citrus citron; citrus hybrids (includes chironja); grapefruit; kumquat; lemon; lime; mandarin (tangerine); orange, sour; orange, sweet; pummelo; satsuma mandarin; tangelo; tangor; white sapote (*Casimiroa* spp.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pest</th>
<th>Rate/Acre</th>
<th>Use Directions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Asian citrus mite</td>
<td>4.0 pints</td>
<td>USE RESTRICTIONS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asian citrus psyllid (^1)</td>
<td>2.0 to 4.0 pints</td>
<td>• Apply by ground using a minimum of 100 gallons of water per acre. For full size trees, use a minimum of 200 gallons of water per acre.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Citrus thrips (suppression only)</td>
<td></td>
<td>• Do not apply by air.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Citrus leafminer (suppression only)</td>
<td></td>
<td>• Do not apply more than 8.0 pints per acre per growing season.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leafhoppers</td>
<td></td>
<td>• Do not make more than 2 applications per growing season.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mealybugs</td>
<td></td>
<td>• Allow 14 days between applications.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other mites (see Target Species)</td>
<td></td>
<td>• Preharvest Interval (PHI): 14 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Do not apply to citrus nurseries or citrus in greenhouses.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Do not apply through any type of irrigation system.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\(^1\) For best results, use for control of adults and nymphs present at time of application when newly expanding foliage flush is present.
### APPLICATION RATE CHART FOR FUJIMITE 5EC MITICIDE/INSECTICIDE (continued)

#### Cotton

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pest</th>
<th>Rate/Acre</th>
<th>Use Directions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mites (see Target Species)</td>
<td></td>
<td>USE RESTRICTIONS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Early season¹ (when cotton is less than 10 inches in height)</td>
<td>0.75 to 1.0 pint</td>
<td>• Apply by ground using a minimum of 10 gallons of water per acre; or by air, using a minimum of 3 gallons of water per acre. As canopy density increases, use of higher water volume will assure better coverage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mid-season (when cotton is more than 10 inches in height)</td>
<td>1.0 pint by ground; 1.5 to 2.0 pints by air</td>
<td>• Do not apply more than 2.0 pints per acre per growing season.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Whiteflies</td>
<td>2.0 pints</td>
<td>• Do not make more than 2 applications per growing season.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Preharvest Interval (PHI): 14 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Do not apply through any type of irrigation system.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

¹ For early season use, when cotton is less than 10 inches in height, FUJIMITE 5EC miticide/insecticide may also be applied as a directed spray using ground spray equipment.

#### Fruiting Vegetables (Crop Group 8) - excluding cucurbits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pest</th>
<th>Rate/Acre</th>
<th>Use Directions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mites (see Target Species)</td>
<td>2.0 pints</td>
<td>USE RESTRICTIONS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tomato (Potato) psyllid</td>
<td></td>
<td>• Apply by ground using a minimum of 20 gallons of water per acre.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Whiteflies</td>
<td></td>
<td>• Do not apply more than 4.0 pints per acre per crop cycle.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Do not make more than 2 applications per crop cycle.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Preharvest Interval (PHI): 1 day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Do not apply through any type of irrigation system.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(continued)
TABLE 1. APPLICATION RATE CHART FOR FUJIMITE 5EC MITICIDE/INSECTICIDE (continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Pest</th>
<th>Rate/Acre</th>
<th>Use Directions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MEALYBUGS</td>
<td>2.0 pints</td>
<td>USE RESTRICTIONS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MITES</td>
<td>1.5 to 2.0 pints</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(see Target Species)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>POWDERY MILDEW</td>
<td>1.0 to 2.0 pints</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(suppression)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WILLAMETTE SPIDER MITE</td>
<td>1.5 to 2.0 pints</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LEAFHOPPERS</td>
<td>1.0 to 2.0 pints</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(see Target Species)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Powdery mildew</td>
<td>1.5 to 2.0 pints</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(suppression)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Note: Leaf yellowing may occur when FUJIMITE 5EC miticide/insecticide is combined with spray oil in excess of 1% of the spray volume. If this symptom occurs, it is usually more pronounced on newly expanding leaves. This symptom may occur in plants under stress and is worsened by certain conditions including the following:
- High Temperatures (air temperatures exceeding 90°F at the time of application or within a few days after application).
- Wet soil conditions and high humidity (rainy, misty, or foggy weather within a few days after application).
- Storm damage (including hail and wind).
Melons (Crop Subgroup 9A)
muskmelons, including hybrids and/or varieties of *Cucumis melo* (including true cantaloupe, cantaloupe, casaba, Santa Claus melon, crenshaw melon, honeydew melon, honey balls, Persian melon, golden pershaw melon, mango melon, pineapple melon, snake melon); citron melon; watermelon, including hybrids and/or varieties of (*Citrullus* spp.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pest</th>
<th>Rate/Acre</th>
<th>Use Directions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Mites (see Target Species) | 2.0 pints | Apply by ground application using a minimum of 20 gallons of water per acre.  
• Do not apply by air.  
• Do not apply more than 4.0 pints per acre per crop cycle.  
• Do not make more than 2 applications per crop cycle.  
• Preharvest Interval (PHI): 3 days  
• Do not apply through any type of irrigation system. |

Mint
peppermint; spearmint

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pest</th>
<th>Rate/Acre</th>
<th>Use Directions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Mites (see Target Species) | 1.0 to 2.0 pints | Apply by ground using a minimum of 25 gallons of water per acre.  
• Do not apply by air.  
• Do not use adjuvants.  
• Do not apply more than 4.0 pints per acre per growing season.  
• Do not make more than 2 applications per growing season.  
• Allow 7 days between applications.  
• Preharvest Interval (PHI): 1 day  
• Do not apply through any type of irrigation system. |

Nonbearing Deciduous Fruit, Nut Trees, and Vines

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pest</th>
<th>Rate/Acre</th>
<th>Use Directions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Leafhoppers  
Mealybugs  
Mites (see Target Species) | 2.0 pints | Apply by ground using a minimum of 75 gallons of water per acre.  
• Do not apply more than 2.0 pints per acre per growing season.  
• Do not make more than 2 applications per growing season.  
• Do not harvest edible crops for 12 months following application.  
• Do not apply to citrus nurseries or citrus in greenhouses.  
• Do not apply through any type of irrigation system. |

(continued)
### APPLICATION RATE CHART FOR FUJIMITE 5EC MITICIDE/INSECTICIDE (continued)

#### Pome Fruits (Crop Group 11)
- Apple; crabapple; loquat; mayhaw; medlar; pear; quince

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pest</th>
<th>Rate/Acre</th>
<th>Use Directions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Leafhoppers</td>
<td>2.0 pints</td>
<td>USE RESTRICTIONS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mealybugs</td>
<td></td>
<td>• Apply by ground using a minimum of 100 gallons of water per acre.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mites</td>
<td></td>
<td>• Do not apply by air.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(see Target Species)</td>
<td></td>
<td>• Do not apply more than 2.0 pints per acre per growing season.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pear psylla</td>
<td></td>
<td>• Do not make more than 1 application per growing season.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Preharvest Interval (PHI): 14 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Do not apply by Alternate Row Middle (ARM) spray method.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Do not apply through any type of irrigation system.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Tree Nuts (Crop Group 14) - excluding almonds and pistachios
- Beech nut; Brazil nut; butternut; cashew; chestnut; chinquapin; filbert (hazelnut); hickory nut; macadamia nut; pecan; walnut, black and English

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pest</th>
<th>Rate/Acre</th>
<th>Use Directions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mites</td>
<td>2.0 to 4.0 pints</td>
<td>USE RESTRICTIONS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(see Target Species)</td>
<td></td>
<td>• Apply by ground using a minimum of 100 gallons of water per acre.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Do not apply by air.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Do not apply more than 4.0 pints per acre per growing season.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Do not make more than 2 applications per growing season.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Allow 14 days between applications.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Preharvest Interval (PHI): 14 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Do not apply through any type of irrigation system.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
STORAGE AND DISPOSAL
Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.
PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in a cool, dry place.
PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.
CONTAINER DISPOSAL:
Nonrefillable container equal to or less than 5 gallons: Nonrefillable container. DO NOT reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then, offer for recycling if available, or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by State or local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.
IMPORTANT: READ BEFORE USE
By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following conditions, warranty, disclaimer of warranties, and limitations of liability.

CONDITIONS: The directions for use of this product are believed to be accurate and must be followed carefully. However, because of extreme weather and soil conditions, use methods and other factors beyond the control of Nichino America, Inc. (NAI), it is impossible for NAI to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. As a result, crop injury or ineffectiveness is always possible. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks are assumed by the user or buyer.

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Active Ingredient Made in Korea and Japan; Formulated and Packaged in U.S.A. for Nichino America, Inc.
4550 New Linden Hill Road
Wilmington, DE 19808
888-740-7700

SL-97 102711-3
02-07-2012
ACTIVE INGREDIENT:
Fenpyroximate: Tert-butyl(E)-α-(1,3-dimethyl-5-phenoxypyrazol-4-ylmethyleneaminoxy)-p-toluate...5.0%
OTHER INGREDIENTS*: ..................................................................................................................95.0%
TOTAL .........................................................................................................................................100.0%
Contains 0.4 lb. active ingredient per U.S. gallon
*Contains petroleum distillates

EPA Reg. No. 71711-19
EPA Est. No. 67545-AZ-1
superscript corresponds with lot number

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
WARNING - AVISO
Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle.
(If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See attached booklet for First Aid, Precautionary Statements, and Directions for Use

NET CONTENTS: 2.5 gallons (9.46 L)

Nichino America, Inc.
4550 New Linden Hill Road
Wilmington, DE 19808
888-740-7700