HERBICIDE

GLYPHOSATE PRO™ 4

AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEM, EXPOSED NON-WOODY ROOTS OR FRUIT OF CROPS, DESIRABLE PLANTS AND TREES, BECAUSE SEVERE INJURY OR DESTRUCTION MAY RESULT.

Read the "CONDITIONS OF SALE AND WARRANTY" statement at the end of the label before buying or using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return at once unopened.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:
* Glyphosate, N-(phosphonomethyl)glycine,
in the form of its isopropylamine salt ................. 41.0%

OTHER INGREDIENTS: ........................................... 59.0%

TOTAL: ............................................................... 100.0%

*Contains 480 grams per litre or 4 pounds per U.S. gallon of the active ingredient, glyphosate, in the form of its isopropylamine salt. Equivalent to 356 grams per litre or 3 pounds per U.S. gallon of the acid, glyphosate.

EPA Reg. No. 72112-4
EPA Est. No. 53883-TX-002
5905-GA-001
4-NY-001
67545-AZ-001
39758-TX-001
34704-MS-002

Manufactured for:
PROKoZ, Inc.
100 North Point Center E.
Suite 330
Alpharetta, GA 30022

For FIRST AID and PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS: See Inside Booklet.

For PRODUCT USE Information Call 1-770-619-9832.

FOR CHEMICAL SPILL, LEAK, FIRE, OR EXPOSURE, CALL CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

Net Contents: 2 x 2.5 Gallons
FIRST AID

IF IN EYES:
- Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 - 20 minutes.
- Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

HOT LINE NUMBER
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-424-9300 for emergency medical treatment information.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION

Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

DOMESTIC ANIMALS: This product is considered to be relatively nontoxic to dogs and other domestic animals. However, the ingestion of fresh or dried material or fresh or dried plant material by pets may result in temporary gastrointestinal irritation (vomiting, diarrhea, colic, etc.). If such symptoms are observed, provide the animal with plenty of fluids to prevent dehydration. Consult a veterinarian if symptoms persist for more than 24 hours.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)
Applicators and other handlers must wear: long-sleeved shirt and long pants, shoes plus socks. Follow manufacturer’s instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE (Personal Protective Equipment). If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

When handling, use closed systems, enclosed cabinets, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Work Information Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (e.g., 40 CFR 170). The handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:
- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment washwaters.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Spray solutions of this product should be mixed, stored, and applied using only stainless steel, aluminum, fiberglass, plastic or plastic-lined steel containers.

DO NOT MIX, STORE OR APPLY THIS PRODUCT OR SPRAY SOLUTIONS OF THIS PRODUCT IN CHLORINATED STEEL OR UNUNIONED STEEL (EXCEPT STAINLESS STEEL) CONTAINERS OR SPRAY TANKS. This product or spray solutions of this product react with such containers and tanks to produce hydrogen gas which may form a highly combustible gas mixture. This gas mixture could flash or explode causing serious personal injury, if ignited by open flame, spark, welder’s torch, lighted cigarette or other ignition source.

Read the entire label before using this product. Use only according to label instructions. Read the “CONDITIONS OF SALE AND WARRANTY” statement at the end of the label before buying or using. If farms are not acceptable, return at once unpurchased.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulations.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this section will apply to all uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 4 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is: coveralls, waterproof gloves, shoes, plus socks.

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirement in this box applies to users of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides: 40 CFR Part 170. The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses. Keep people and pets off treated areas until spray solution has dried to prevent transfer of this product onto desirable vegetation.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Product Description: This product is a postemergent, systemic herbicide with no soil residual activity. It is a broad-spectrum control of many annual weeds, perennial weedy brush and trees. It is formulated as a water-soluble liquid containing surfactant and no additional surfactant is needed or recommended.

Environmental Fate: When this product comes in contact with the soil it is bound to soil particles. When used in association with label directions, once this product is bound it is not available for plant uptake and will not harm off-site vegetation where roots grow into the treatment area or if the soil is disturbed. This product is not water-soluble and it has not been designed to control under both aerobic and anaerobic conditions by soil microflora.

Time to Symptoms: This product moves through the plant from the point of foliage contact to and into the root system. Visible effects on most annual weeds occur within 2 to 4 days, but on most perennial weeds, adequate control occurs for 7 days or more. Extremely cool and cloudy weather following treatment may slow activity of this product and delay development of visual symptoms. Visible effects are a gradual wilting and yellowing of the plant which advances to complete brownning of above-ground growth and deterioration of underground plant parts.

Made of Action In Plants: The active ingredient in this product contains an enzyme found only in plants that is essential to formation of specific amino acids.

Cultural Considerations: Reduced control may result when applications are made to annual or perennial weeds that have been grazed, cut, or dug, and have not been allowed to regrow to the recommended stage for treatment.

Rainfastness: Heavy rainfall soon after application may wash this product off the foliage and a repeat application may be required for adequate control. No Soil Activity: Weed control may be required in fall application. The herbicide does not persist in soil and will not control weeds in subsequent crops. To achieve effective control, follow a label-approved herbicide program. Read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the labels of all herbicides used. Use according to the most restrictive label directions for each product in the mixture.

Buyer and all users are responsible for all loss or damage in connection with the use or handling of mixtures of this product with herbicides or other materials that are not expressly recommended in this label. Mixing this product with herbicides or other materials not recommended on this label may result in reduced performance.

Annual Maximum Use Rate: The total combined of all treatments must not exceed 10.6 quarts of this product per acre per year. Not all products recommended on this label are registered for use in California before using.

ATTENTION
AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, EXPOSED NON-WOODY ROOTS OR FRUIT OF CROPS, DESIRABLE PLANTS AND TREES, BECAUSE SEVERE INJURY OR DESTRUCTION MAY RESULT.

AVOID EXTREME CARE MUST BE USED WHEN APPLYING THIS PRODUCT TO PREVENT INJURY TO DESIRABLE PLANTS AND CROPS.

Do not allow the herbicide solution to mix, drip, drift or splash onto desirable vegetation since minute quantities of this product can cause severe damage or destruction to the crop, plants or other areas which treatment would not be intended. The likelihood of damage occurring from the use of this product increases when winds are gusty, as wind velocity increases, when wind direction is constantly changing or when there are other meteorological conditions that favor spray drift. When spraying, avoid combinations of pressure and nozzle type that will result in splatter or fine particles (erosion) that are likely to drift. AVOID APPLYING AT EXCESSIVE SPEED OR PRESSURE.

NOTE: Use of this product in any manner not consistent with this label may result in injury to persons, animals or crops, or other unintended consequences. Keep container closed to prevent spills and contamination.

MIXING
Clean sprayer parts immediately after using this product by thoroughly flushing with water.

NOTE: REDUCED RESULTS MAY OCCUR IF WATER CONTAINING SOIL IS USED, SUCH AS VISIBLY MUDY WATER OR WATER FROM PONDS AND DITCHES THAT IS NOT CLEAR.

Mixing with Water

This product mixes readily with water. Mix spray solutions of this product as follows: Fill the mixing or spray tank with the required amount of water. Add the recommended amount of this product near the end of the filling process and mix well. Use caution to avoid spraying back into the container. Use approved and labeled non-spraying devices where required by state or local regulations. During mixing and application, foaming of the spray solution may occur. To prevent or minimize foam, avoid the use of mechanical agitation, terminate by pass and return lines at the bottom of the tank and, if needed, use an approved anti-foam or de-foaming agent.

Tank Mixing Procedure

When tank mixing, read and carefully observe label directions, cautionary statements and all information on sheet labels at all products. Always mix this tank-mix product to the tank as directed by the label. Maintain agitation and add the recommended amount of this product. Maintain good agitation at all times until contents of the tank are sprayed. If the spray mixture is allowed to settle, thorough agitation may be required to resuspend the mixture before spraying is resumed. Keep by-pass line on or near the bottom of the tank to minimize foaming. Screen size in nozzle or line strainers should be no finer than 200 mesh. Always pre-screen the compatibility of labeled tank mixtures of this product with water carrier by mixing small proportional quantities in advance. Refer to the “Tank Mixing” section of “GENERAL INFORMATION” for additional precautions.

Preparation of Spray Solution

Prepare the desired volume of spray solution by mixing the amount of this product in water as shown in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Volume</th>
<th>Amount of Glyphosate Pro 4-1</th>
<th>2%</th>
<th>5%</th>
<th>10%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 gal</td>
<td>2 oz</td>
<td>1/2</td>
<td>1/2</td>
<td>1/2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.5 gal</td>
<td>1 gal</td>
<td>1/2</td>
<td>1/2</td>
<td>1/2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 gal</td>
<td>1 gal</td>
<td>1/2</td>
<td>1/2</td>
<td>1/2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 gal</td>
<td>2 gal</td>
<td>1/2</td>
<td>1/2</td>
<td>1/2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20 gal</td>
<td>5 gal</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For use in in-sprinkler sprayers, it is suggested that the recommended amount of this product be mixed with water in a larger container fill sprayer with the mixed solution.

Colorants or Dyes

Agriculturally approved colorants or marking dyes may be added to this product. Colorants or dyes used in spray solutions of this product may reduce performance, especially at lower rates or conditions. Use colorants or dyes according to the manufacturer’s recommendations.

APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system. APPLY THESE SPRAY SOLUTIONS IN PROPERLY MAINTAINED AND CALIBRATED EQUIPMENT CAPABLE OF DELIVERING DESIRED VOLUMES.
AERIAL SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

AVOIDING SPRAY DRIFT AT THE APPLICATION SITE IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE APPLICATOR, the person using and applying the spray equipment and the responsible party for spray drift. The applicator is responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.

The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid drift-target movement from aerial applications to agricultural fields. These requirements do not apply to forestry applications, public health uses or to applications using dry formulations.

1. The distance of the outer most nozzles on the boom must exceed 3/4 the length of the wingspan or rotor.
2. Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downward more than 45 degrees.

Where states have more stringent regulations, they should be observed.

The applicator should be familiar with and take into account the information covered in the Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory.

Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory

I. INFORMATION ON DROPLET SIZE

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply high droplet size. Sizing is the most reliable way to control drift potential. Applying large droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (See Wind, Temperature, and Humidity, and Temperature Inversions).

CONTROLLING DROPLET SIZE

- Volume: Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher flow rates produce larger droplets.
- Pressure: Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer’s recommended pressures. For many nozzle types lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.
- Nozzle Selection: Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.
- Nozzle Orientation: Orient nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the air stream to produce larger droplets than other orientations and is recommended practice. Significant drift can be reduced by increasing droplet size and drift potential.
- Nozzle Type: Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. Most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-droplet nozzles. Solid cone nozzle oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

BOOM LENGTH

For some applications, reducing the boom length to less than 3/4 of the wing span or rotor length may reduce drift without reducing swath width.

APPLICATION HEIGHT

Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the target plant unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

SWATH ADJUSTMENT

When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. Therefore, on up and downwind edges of the field, the application must compensate for this displacement by adjusting aircraft speed and flight direction to maintain the intended swath. In addition, wind direction and wind speed should be considered in the application.

WIND

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2 - 10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. Note: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray.

TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY

When making applications in areas with relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to counteract for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is more severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS

Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions create a barrier that prevents wind from replenishing air in the lower atmosphere, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common near mountainous areas or in upwind areas. Downwind areas of a temperature inversion tend to have less turbulence and wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that turns and moves inferiortly in a concentrated cloud before fog front conditions indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

SENSITIVE AREAS

The pesticide should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g. residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g. when wind is blowing away from the sensitive area).

AERIAL EQUIPMENT

DO NOT APPLY THIS PRODUCT USING AERIAL SPRAY EQUIPMENT EXCEPT UNDER CONDITIONS AS SPECIFIED WITHIN THIS LABEL.

AERIAL SPRAY EQUIPMENT

AERIAL SPRAY EQUIPMENT MUST BE CLEANED AND DISINFECTED BETWEEN USES TO REDUCE DRIFT. USE AERIAL SPRAY EQUIPMENT EXCEPT UNDER CONDITIONS AS SPECIFIED WITHIN THIS LABEL.

AVOID DRIFT - DO NOT APPLY DURING LOW LEVEL INVERSION CONDITIONS, WHEN WINDS ARE GUSTY OR UNDER ANY OTHER CONDITION WHICH FAVORS DRIFT. DRIFT IS LIKELY TO CAUSE DAMAGE TO ANY VEGETATION CONTACTED TO WHICH TREATMENT IS NOT INTENDED. TO PREVENT INJURY TO ADJACENT DESIRABLE VEGETATION, APPROPRIATE BUFFER ZONES MUST BE MAINTAINED.

This product plus glyphosate tank mixes may not be applied by air in California. Avoid direct application to any body of water.

Use the recommended rates of this herbicide in 3 to 5 gallons of water per acre.

Coarse sprays are less likely to drift therefore, do not use nozzles of nozzle configurations which disperse spray as fine droplets. Do not angle nozzles forward into the airstream and do not increase spray volume by increasing nozzle pressure.

Droplet control additivies may be used. When a drift control additive is used, read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the additive label.

SAMPLE APPLICATION:

Ensure uniform application - To avoid streaked, uneven or ovelapped application, use appropriate marking devices.

PROLONGED EXPOSURE OF THIS PRODUCT TO UNCOATED STEEL SURFACES MAY RESULT IN CORROSION AND POSSIBLE FAILURE OF THE PART. The maintenance of an organic coating (paint) which meets aerospace specification MIL-C-55415 may prevent corrosion of exposed surfaces, thoroughly wash aircraft after each day of spraying to remove residues of this product accumulated during spraying or from spills. Landing gear are most susceptible.

1. AERIAL APPLICATION IN CALIFORNIA IS ONLY

Aerial applications of this product are allowed in the following situations:

1. Prior to the emergence or transplanting of labeled crops
2. To aid in burning for establishment or maintenance of fuel breaks
3. Establishing fire perimeters and black lines
4. Aids in the control of certain weeds
5. Along fire roads
6. Range conversion
7. Habitat restoration and management
8. Wildlife food plots

AERIAL APPLICATIONS

Apply 1 to 3 quarts of this product in 5 to 15 gallons of water per acre using an aerial (helicopter or airplane) application.

To broaden the spectrum of control, Garlon® 4 may be tank mixed with this product at the rate of 0.5 to 2 quarts per acre. The rate of Garlon® 4 should not exceed 1/2 the rate of this product (e.g. a quart of Garlon® 4 to 2 quarts of this product for best results.

Use the following guidelines when aerial applications are made near crops or desirable perennial vegetation:

1. Do not apply within 100 feet of any desirable vegetation or crops.
2. If wind up to 5 miles per hour is blowing toward desirable vegetation or crops, do not apply within a minimum of 500 feet of the desirable vegetation or crops.
3. Winds blowing from 5 to 10 miles per hour toward desirable vegetation or crops may require buffer zones in excess of 500 feet.
4. Do not apply when winds are in excess of 10 miles per hour or when inversion conditions exist.
5. APPLY BY AIR ONLY TO NON-RESIDENTIAL AREAS.

AERIAL APPLICATION IN FRESNO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA ONLY

From February 15 through March 31 Only

Applicable Areas:

The areas covered include the following boundaries within Fresno County, California:

North: Fresno County line
South: Fresno County line
East: State Highway 99
West: Fresno County line

General Information:

Always read and follow the label directions and precautionary statements for all products used in the aerial application.

Observe the following guidelines to minimize off-site movement during aerial application of this product. Minimization of off-site movement is the responsibility of the pesticide, Post Control Advisor and aerial applicator.

Written Recommendations:

A written recommendation MUST be submitted by or on behalf of the applicator to the Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner and California Department of Pesticide Regulation approved training classes for aerial application of herbicides. All aircraft must be inspected, certified in flight and certified at a Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner approved fly-in. Test and calibrate spray equipment at intervals sufficient to ensure that proper amounts of herbicides and adjuvants are being applied during commercial use. Applicator must document such calibrations and testing.

Demonstration of performance at Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner approved fly-ins constitutes such recertification, or at least a record showing calculations and testing of flight and spray parameters acceptable to the Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner.

Applications at Night:

Do not apply this product by air earlier than 30 minutes prior to sunrise and after 30 minutes after sunset without prior permission from the Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner.

Note: For aerial application from April 1 through February 14, refer to the "For Aerial Application in California Only" section of this label.

Ground Broadcast Equipment

Use the recommended rates of this product in 3 to 5 gallons of water per acre as a broadcast spray unless otherwise specified. As density of weeds increases, spray volume should be increased within the recommended range to ensure complete coverage. Carefully select proper nozzles to avoid spraying a fine liquid. For best results with ground application equipment, use flat fan nozzles. Check for even distribution of spray droplets.

Hand-Held and High-Volume Equipment

Apply to foliage of vegetation to be treated by 100 gallons per acre as a broadcast spray unless otherwise specified. As density of weeds increases, spray volume should be increased within the recommended range to ensure complete coverage. Carefully select proper nozzles to avoid spraying a fine liquid. For best results with ground application equipment, use flat fan nozzles. Check for even distribution of spray droplets.

Selective Equipment

This product may be applied through recirculating spray systems, shielded applicators, hooded sprayers, sprayer applicators or sprayer bars after calibration and thorough mixing with water to flooded weeds growing in any noncrop site specified on this label.
Wildlife Food Plots

This product may be used as a site preparation treatment prior to planting wildlife food plots. Any wildlife food species may be planted after applying this product, or native species may be allowed to repopulate the area. If regrowth is needed to prevent a sward, wait 7 days after application before tillage to allow translocation into underground plant parts.

INJECTION AND FRILL (WOODY BRUSH AND TREES)

This product may be used to control woody brush and trees by injection or frill applications. Apply this product using suitable equipment which must penetrate into the living tissues. Apply the equivalent of 1 ml of this product per each 2 to 3 inches of trunk diameter at breast height (DBH). This is best achieved by applying a 1 to 2 percent concentration of this product either to a continuous frill around the tree or to cuts evenly spaced around the tree below all branches. As tree diameter increases in size, better results are achieved by applying diluted material to a continuous frill or more closely spaced cuttings. Avoid application techniques that allow runoff to occur from trimmed or cut areas in species that exude sap freely. In species such as this, make the frill or cuts at an obtuse angle to produce a cupping effect and use a 1 percent concentration of this product. For best results, application between periods of active growth and after full-leaf expansion. This product will control many species, some of which are listed below:

Control

Partial Control

OAK

Beech, Black gum, Poplar, Dogwood, Sweetgum, Hickory, Sycamore, Maple, red

ORNAMENTAL AND PLANT NURSERIES, CHRISTMAS TREES

Post-directed, Trim-and-edge

This product may be used as a post-directed spray around established woody ornamental species such as arborvitae, azalea, boxwood, crabapple, eucalyptus, fir, douglas fir, ijo, joholba, hollies, lilac, magnolia, maple, oak, pine, pine, spruce and yew. This product may also be used to trim and edge around trees, buildings, sidewalks and roads, planted pots and other objects in a nursery setting.

Desirable plants may be protected from the spray by using shields or covering made of compatible material. THIS PRODUCT IS NOT RECOMMENDED FOR USE AS AN OVER-THE-TOP BROADCAST SPRAY IN ORNAMENTALS AND CHRISTMAS TREES. Care must be exercised to avoid contact of spray, drift or mist with foliage or green bank of established ornamental species.

Site preparation

This product may be used prior to planting any ornamental, nursery or Christmas tree species.

Greenhouse/Shadehouse

This product may be used to control weeds growing in and around greenhouses and shadehouses. Desirable vegetation must not be present during application and air circulation fans must be turned off.

PARKS, RECREATIONAL AND RESIDENTIAL AREAS

This product may be used in parks, recreational and residential areas. It may be applied with any application equipment described in this label. The product may be used to trim-and-edge around trees, fences, patios, around buildings, sidewalks, and other objects in these areas. This product may be used for spot treatment of unwanted vegetation. This product may be used to eliminate unwanted weeds growing in established shrub or ornamental plantings. This product may be used prior to planting an area to ornamentals, flowers, turfgrasses (seed or sod), or prior to laying asphalt or beginning construction projects.

All of the instructions in the "GENERAL NONCROP AREAS AND INDUSTRIAL SITES" section apply to parks and recreational areas.

RAILROADS

All of the instructions in the "GENERAL NONCROP AREAS AND INDUSTRIAL SITES" section apply to railroads.

Bare ground, Ballast and Shaders, Crossings, and Spot Treatment

This product may be used to maintain bare ground on railroad ballast and shinders. Repeat applications of this product may be used, as weeds emerge, to maintain bare ground. This product may be used to control tall-growing weeds to improve line of sight and railroad crossings and to reduce the need for mowing along rights-of-way. For crossing applications, up to 60 gallons of spray solution per acre may be used. Apply a 3/4 to 2 percent solution of this product when using high-volume spray-to-wet applications. Apply a 5 to 10 percent solution of this product when using low volume directed sprays for spot treatment. This product may be mixed with the following products for enhanced control of weeds and brush:

ARSENAL®

GALROP® 4

ARDV* SPOKE®

DIURON®

HYVAM® X

KROQARP® 1 DF

CO2T®

GALIRON® 3A

SAHARA®

Brush control

This product may be used to control woody brush and trees on railroad rights-of-way. Apply 4 to 10 quarts of this product per acre as a broadcast spray, using boom-type or boomless nozzles. Up to 80 gallons of spray solution per acre may be used. Apply a 3/4 to 2 percent solution of this product when using high-volume spray-to-wet applications. Apply a 5 to 10 percent solution of this product when using low volume directed sprays for spot treatment. This product may be mixed with the following products for enhanced control of brush and trees:

ARSENAL®

GALROP® 3A

TODOP® K

EUCOT®

Bermudagrass Release

This product may be used to control or partially control many annual and perennial weeds for effective release of actively growing bermudagrass. Apply 1 to 3 pints of this product in up to 80 gallons of spray solution per acre. Use the lower rate when treating annual weeds at 8 inches in height (or runner length). Use the higher rate as weeds increase in size or as they approach flower or seedhead formation. These rates will also provide partial control of the following perennial weeds:

Bahiagrass

Fescue, tall

Trumpetweeper

Bleustem, silver

Johnsongrass

Vasegrass

This product may be tank-mixed with Oust®. If tank-mixed, use no more than 1 to 3 pints of this product with 1 to 2 ounces of Oust® per acre. Use the lower rates of each product to control annual weeds less than 6 inches in height (or runner length) that are listed in this label and the Oust® label. Use the higher rates to increase the flow of flowers and seedhead stages. These rates will also provide partial control of the following perennial weeds:

Bahiagrass

Dewberry

Poison

Blackgrass

Dock, curly

Raspberry

Bluestem, silver

Dogfennel

Trumpetweeper

Bromeegrass

Fescue, tall

Vasegrass

Dallisgrass

Johnsongrass

Vernal, blue

Use only on well-established bermudagrass. Bermudagrass injury may result from the treatment, but regrowth will occur under moist conditions. Repeat applications in the same season are not recommended, since severe injury may occur.

ROADSIDES

All the instructions in the "GENERAL NONCROP AREAS AND INDUSTRIAL SITES" section apply to roadides.

Shoulder treatments

This product may be used on road shoulders. It may be applied with boom sprayers, shieded boom sprayers, high-volume off-center nozzles, hand-held equipment, and similar equipment.

Guardrails and other obstacles to mowing

This product may be used to control weeds growing under guardrails and around signposts and other objects along the roadside.

Spot treatment

This product may be used as a spot treatment to control unwanted vegetation growing along road- sides.

Tank mixes

This product may be tank-mixed with the following products for shoulder, guardrail, spot and bare ground treatments:

BANES®

PENUL® 93 FC

SIAMINE®

DIURON®

PENUL® WDG

SLIFLAND®

ENDURANCE®

PRINCE DD

TELAR®

ESCORT®

PRINCE LIQUID

VAQUISH®

KROQARP® 1 DF

RONSTAR® 50 WP

CUST®

SAHARA®

See the "GENERAL NONCROP AREAS AND INDUSTRIAL SITES" section of this label for general institutions for tank mixing.

Release of Bermudagrass or Bahiagrass

Dormant applications

This product may be used to control or partially control many winter annual weeds and tall fescue for deferment of dormant bahiagrass or bermudagrass. Treat when turf is dormant and prior to spring greenup. This product may also be tank-mixed with Oust® for residual control. Tank mixes of this product with Oust® may delay greenup.

Use only on well-established bermudagrass. Bermudagrass injury may result from the treatment, but regrowth will occur under moist conditions. Repeat applications in the same season are not recommended, since severe injury may occur.

Aging bermudagrass

Bahia grass

Fescue, tall

Trumpetweeper

Bluestem, silver

Johnsongrass

Vasegrass

This product may be tank-mixed with Oust®. If tank-mixed, use no more than 1 to 2 pints of this product with 1 to 2 ounces of Oust® per acre. Use the lower rates of each product to control annual weeds less than 6 inches in height (or runner length) that are listed in this label and the Oust® label. Use the higher rates as weeds increase in size and approach the flower or seedhead stages. These rates will also provide partial control of the following perennial weeds:

Bahiagrass

Dock, curly

Poison

Bluestem, silver

Dogfennel

Trumpetweeper

Bromeegrass

Fescue, tall

Vasegrass

Dallisgrass

Johnsongrass

Vernal, blue

Use only on well-established bermudagrass. Bermudagrass injury may result from the treatment, but regrowth will occur under moist conditions. Repeat applications in the same season are not recommended, since severe injury may occur.

Active aging bermudagrass

For suppression of vegetative growth and seedhead inhibition of bermudagrass for approximately 45 days, apply 8 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Apply 1 to 2 weeks after fall greenup or after mowing to a uniform height of 3 to 4 inches. This application must be made prior to seedhead emergence.

For suppression up to 120 days, apply 4 fluid ounces of this product per acre, followed by an application of 2 to 4 fluid ounces per acre about 45 days later. Make no more than 2 applications per year.

A tank mixture of this product plus Oust® may be used. Apply 6 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.25 ounce of Oust® per acre 1 to 2 weeks following an initial spring mowing. Make only one application per year.

POPLAR PRODUCTION

APPLICATIONS OF TYPICAL: Preplant, in-crop

Preplant

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product is recommended for use prior to planting Populus spp. This includes, but is not limited to, hybrid poplars and hybrid cottonwoods.

In-Crop

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Directed Sprays: Use a 2 percent spray solution as a spray-to-wet applicator for the control of undersprayed woody brush and trees. To control herbaceous weeds, use a 1 to 2 percent solution. Avoid contact of spray, drift, or mist with foliage, green bark or non-woody surface roots of the Populus spp.

Appliances: This product may be used through wick or other suitable vapor applicators for control or partial control of grass and broadleaf weeds listed on this label. For wick applicators, mix 1 gallon of this product with 2 gallons water to make a 33% solution. For vapor systems that can handle thicker solutions, such as forced-air systems, a 33 - 100% G Hopkins Pro 4 solution may be used. For best results ensure that the herbicide solution is allowed to contact the maximum amount of leaf surface. As weed densities increase, decreasing equipment speed to allow sufficient herbicide flow to all wetted surfaces contacted. Wetted not contacted will be unaffected.
**EUCALYPTUS PRODUCTION**

**TYPES OF APPLICATIONS:** Preplant, directed spray (spray-to-wet), wiper

Preplant

This product is recommended for use prior to planting eucalyptus species.

Ground Broadcast Spray: Use the recommended rates of this product in 3 to 40 gallons of water per acre as a broadcast spray, spot treated otherwise specified.

**In Established Eucalyptus**

This product can be used around established eucalyptus trees to control undesirable vegetation. Directed Sprays (Spray-to-wet applications): Use at 0 to 0.5 percent spray solution to control herbacea- ble weeds in eucalyptus stands. Use a 0.5 percent spray solution for control of undesirable woody brush and trees. For “hard-to-control” weeds, use a 0 to 10 percent spray solution. Avoid contact of spray, drift, or mist with foliage, green bark or non-woody surface roots of eucalyptus plants.

Wipers: This product can be used through wiper applications for control of “hard-to-control” weeds and broadleaf weeds listed in the **WEEDS CONTROLLED** section of this label. For wiper applications, mix 1 gallon of this product with 2 gallons water to make a 1% solution. For wiper systems that can handle thicker solutions, such as forow-in systems, a 3% to 100% Glyphosate Pro 4 solution may be used. For best results, ensure that the herbicide solution is allowed to contact the maximum amount of leaf surface. As weed density increases, decrease equipment speed to allow sufficient herbicide flow to wet all weed surfaces contacted. Weeds not contacted will be unaffected.

**PERENNIAL WEEDS**

**WEED SPECIES**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Weed Species</th>
<th>Rate (Q/TA)</th>
<th>Hand-Held % Solution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Alfalfa</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alligatorweed*</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arne (fennel)</td>
<td>2 – 4</td>
<td>1 – 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bahiagrass*</td>
<td>3 – 5</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bealgrass, European Lammaspinosa (Amphipholis arenaria)</td>
<td>1.5</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bermsedge</td>
<td>1.5 – 2</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bermudagrass</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bermudagrass, water (hydropous)</td>
<td>1.5 – 3</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Birdseed, field</td>
<td>4 – 5</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bluegrass, Kentucky</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blueweed, Texas</td>
<td>4 – 5</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blacketern</td>
<td>3 – 4</td>
<td>1 – 1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bromegrass, smooth</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rumagge, woody-leaf</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canarygrass, red</td>
<td>2 – 3</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cattail</td>
<td>3 – 5</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cleaver, red, white</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cocognass</td>
<td>3 – 5</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dandelion</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dock, curvy</td>
<td>3 – 5</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dogbane, hemp</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eos (brook willow)</td>
<td>3 – 5</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fescue (except tall)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fescue, tall</td>
<td>1 – 3</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>German, iry</td>
<td>2 – 4</td>
<td>1 – 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guineagrass</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Horizonell</td>
<td>3 – 5</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Horseradish</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Icoisan</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jerusalem artichoke</td>
<td>5 – 6</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Johnsongrass</td>
<td>2 – 3</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kikuyugrass</td>
<td>2 – 3</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Knapweed</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lantana</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>1 – 1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leptacida</td>
<td>5 – 5</td>
<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Millet, common</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mulky, turinament</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mutton, common</td>
<td>3 – 5</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Naperagrass</td>
<td>3 – 5</td>
<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Nightshade, silverline</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Nodgerda, purple, yellow</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1 – 2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Orchardgrass</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pampagras</td>
<td>3 – 5</td>
<td>1.5 – 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paragras</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phragmites</td>
<td>3 – 5</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poison hemlock</td>
<td>2 – 4</td>
<td>1 – 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quackgrass</td>
<td>2 – 3</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Redvire</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reed, giant</td>
<td>4 – 5</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ryegrass, perennial</td>
<td>3 – 5</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Smartweed, swamp</td>
<td>3 – 5</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spurge, leafy</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sweet potato, wild</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thistle, artichoke</td>
<td>2 – 3</td>
<td>1 – 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thistle, Canada</td>
<td>2 – 3</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Timothy</td>
<td>2 – 3</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Torpedogras</td>
<td>4 – 5</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trumpelegger</td>
<td>3 – 5</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vasegrahsh</td>
<td>5 – 5</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Violetgrash</td>
<td>5 – 5</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wheatgrass, wheat</td>
<td>2 – 3</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**HAND-HOLD % SOLUTION**

**WOSTOBRUSH AND TREES**

Apply this product after full leaf expansion, unless otherwise directed. Use the higher rate for larger plants and areas of dense growth. On vines, use the higher rate for plants that have reached the woody stage of growth. Best results are obtained when application is made in late summer or fall after fruit formation.

In some regions, regulations are obtained when applications are made in the spring of early summer when brush species are at a high moisture content and are flowering.

Ensure thorough coverage when using spray-to-wet treatments using hand-held equipment. When using hand-held equipment for low volume directed-spray spot treatments, apply to a 5 to 10 percent solution of this product.

Symptoms may not appear prior to frost or senescence with fall treatments.

Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage, mowing or removal. Repeat treatments may be necessary to control plants regenerating from underground parts or seed. Some southern color on undesirable deciduous species are acceptable provided no major leaf drop has occurred. Reduced performance may result if fall treatments are made following a frost.

**Broadcast Rate**

**Spray-To-Wet % Solution**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Weed Species</th>
<th>Rate (Q/TA)</th>
<th>Hand-Held % Solution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Atom</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1 – 1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ash</td>
<td>2 – 3</td>
<td>1 – 1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aspen, quaking</td>
<td>2 – 3</td>
<td>1 – 1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bealgrass (beardclove)</td>
<td>2 – 3</td>
<td>1 – 1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beech</td>
<td>2 – 3</td>
<td>1 – 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Birch</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blackberry</td>
<td>4 – 5</td>
<td>1 – 1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blackgum</td>
<td>2 – 5</td>
<td>1 – 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blacken</td>
<td>2 – 3</td>
<td>1 – 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blacken, French, Scotch</td>
<td>2 – 5</td>
<td>1.5 – 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buchweath, California*</td>
<td>2 – 4</td>
<td>1 – 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada*</td>
<td>3 – 5</td>
<td>1.5 – 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cataplas*</td>
<td>2 – 5</td>
<td>1 – 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chamomile*</td>
<td>2 – 5</td>
<td>1 – 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chamomile</td>
<td>2 – 3</td>
<td>1 – 1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coyote brush</td>
<td>3 – 4</td>
<td>1.5 – 2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*When using field broadcast equipment (aerial applications or boom sprayers using flat fan nozzles) these species will be controlled at or partially controlled using 1 pint of this product per acre.

Applications must be made using 3 to 10 gallons of carrier volume per acre. Use nozzles that ensure thorough coverage of foliage and treat when weeds are in an early growth stage.

Best results are obtained when perennial weeds are treated after they reach the reproductive stage of growth (seedhead initiation in grasses and bud formation in broadleaves). For non-flowering plants, plant when the plants reach a maturity stage of growth. In many woody species, treatments are required prior to these growth stages. Under these conditions, use the higher application rate within the recommended range.

Ensure thorough coverage using spray-to-wet treatments using hand-held equipment. When using hand-held equipment for low volume directed spot treatments, apply to a 5 to 10 percent solution of this product. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage.
### Weed Species

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Weed Species</th>
<th>Broadcast Rate</th>
<th>Hand-Held Spray-to-Wet %</th>
<th>Solution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Deeved</td>
<td>2 - 5</td>
<td>1 - 2</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dogwood*</td>
<td>2 - 5</td>
<td>1 - 2</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elderberry</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1 - 2</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elm*</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1 - 2</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eucalyptus</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1 - 2</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Florida holly (Brazilian Pepperweed)*</td>
<td>2 - 5</td>
<td>1 - 2</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gama*</td>
<td>2 - 5</td>
<td>1 - 2</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hanabatra*</td>
<td>2 - 4</td>
<td>1 - 2</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hawthorn</td>
<td>2 - 4</td>
<td>1 - 2</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hazel</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1 - 2</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hickory*</td>
<td>2 - 5</td>
<td>1 - 2</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Honeysuckle</td>
<td>2 - 5</td>
<td>1 - 2</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hornbeam, American*</td>
<td>2 - 5</td>
<td>1 - 2</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kudzu</td>
<td>2 - 4</td>
<td>1 - 2</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Locust, black*</td>
<td>2 - 4</td>
<td>1 - 2</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Madrone resprouts*</td>
<td>2 - 4</td>
<td>1 - 2</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manzanita*</td>
<td>2 - 4</td>
<td>1 - 2</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maple, sugar</td>
<td>2 - 4</td>
<td>1 - 2</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Monkey flower*</td>
<td>2 - 4</td>
<td>1 - 2</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oak, black, white*</td>
<td>2 - 4</td>
<td>1 - 2</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oak, post</td>
<td>2 - 4</td>
<td>1 - 2</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oak, northern, pin</td>
<td>2 - 4</td>
<td>1 - 2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Oak, Schra*</td>
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<tr>
<td>Oak, southern red</td>
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<tr>
<td>Penstemon*</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pine</td>
<td>2 - 5</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poison Ivy</td>
<td>2 - 6</td>
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<tr>
<td>Poison oak</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1 - 2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Poplar, yellow*</td>
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<tr>
<td>Redbud, eastern</td>
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<tr>
<td>Rose, multiflora</td>
<td>2 - 4</td>
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<tr>
<td>Russian olive*</td>
<td>2 - 4</td>
<td>1 - 2</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Saga, black</td>
<td>2 - 4</td>
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<tr>
<td>Saga, white*</td>
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<tr>
<td>Saga brush, California</td>
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<tr>
<td>Salmonberry</td>
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</tr>
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<td>Salicaster*</td>
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<tr>
<td>Salicaster*</td>
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<td>Sourwood*</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sumac, larix, poison, smooth</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sugartree, winged</td>
<td>2 - 4</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sweetgum</td>
<td>2 - 3</td>
<td>1 - 5</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sweetgum*</td>
<td>2 - 5</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tallowree, Chinese</td>
<td>2 - 3</td>
<td>1 - 5</td>
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<tr>
<td>Tar oak resprouts*</td>
<td>2 - 4</td>
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<tr>
<td>Thumbleberry</td>
<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Tobacco, tree*</td>
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<tr>
<td>Toyon*</td>
<td>2 - 4</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trumpet creeper*</td>
<td>2 - 4</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vine maple*</td>
<td>2 - 3</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Virginia creeper</td>
<td>2 - 3</td>
<td>1 - 2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Warmytte, southern*</td>
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<tr>
<td>Willow</td>
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<tr>
<td>Yerbastera*</td>
<td>2 - 5</td>
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<tr>
<td>Partial controls</td>
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<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal.

**Pesticide Storage:** Store above 10°F (-12°C) to keep product from crystallizing. Crystals will settle to the bottom. If allowed to crystallize, place in a warm room 68°F (20°C) for several days to recrystallize and roll or shake container or reconstitute in mini-bulk or bulk container to mix well before using.

**Pesticide Disposal:** Wastes resulting from the use of this product that cannot be used or chemically reprocessed should be disposed of in a landfill approved for pesticide disposal or in accordance with applicable Federal, state or local procedures. Emptied container returns vapor and product residue. Observe all labeled safeguards until container is cleaned, reconditioned, or destroyed.

**Container Disposal (plastic containers):** Do not reuse this container except for refill in accordance with a valid PROKZ Repackaging or Tack Repackaging Agreement. If not refilled or returned to the authorized repackaging facility, triple rinse container, then puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

**Bulk Tanks:** Triple rinse (or equivalent) and wash with appropriate cleaners before reuse.

### CONDITIONS OF SALE AND WARRANTY

The DIRECTIONS FOR USE of this product reflect the results based on field use and tests. The directions are believed to be reliable and should be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks inherent associated with use of this product. Crop injury, infestations, or other unintended consequences may result because of weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of PROKZ, INC., its Supplemental Distributors, or the Seller. All such risks shall be assumed by the Buyer.

PROKZ, INC., its Supplemental Distributors and the Seller warrant that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes referred to in the Directions For Use without subject to the inherent risks referred to above. BUYER AGREES TO USE THIS PRODUCT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LABEL DIRECTIONS.

**BUYER’S EXCLUSIVE REMEDY AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF PROKZ, INC., ITS SUPPLEMENTAL DISTRIBUTORS AND THE SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, DAMAGES, OR INJURIES RESULTING FROM THE USE OF HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, WHETHER OR NOT BASED ON CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY, OR OTHER LEGAL THEORIES, SHALL BE LIMITED, AT THE MANUFACTURER’S OPTION, TO REPLACEMENT OF OR REFUND OF THE PURCHASE PRICE FOR THE QUANTITY OF PRODUCT WITH RESPECT TO WHICH DAMAGES ARE CLAIMED.** When Buyer suffers losses or damages resulting from the use or handling of this product (including claims based on contract, negligence, strict liability, or other legal theories), Buyer must promptly notify Seller in writing of any claims to be eligible to receive any remedy stated above. **IN NO CASE SHALL PROKZ, INC., ITS SUPPLEMENTAL DISTRIBUTORS, OR THE SELLER BE LIABLE FOR CONSEQUENTIAL, SPECIAL OR INDIRECT DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, PROKZ, INC., its Supplemental Distributors, and the Seller offer this product, and the Buyer accepts it, subject to the foregoing Conditions of Sale and Warranty, which may be varied only by agreement in writing signed by a duly authorized representative of PROKZ, INC.**

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