FIRST AID

IF IN EYES
• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.
• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.
• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF INHALED
• Move person to fresh air.
• If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.
• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING
• Take off contaminated clothing.
• Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-858-7378 (National Pesticide Information Center) for emergency medical treatment information.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS
CAUTION. Causes moderate eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled or absorbed through skin. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wear the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS
For terrestrial uses: Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash waters or rinsate.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS
FOR CHEMICAL EMERGENCY: spill, leak, fire, exposure, or accident call CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300.

COMPATIBILITY
Conduct a compatibility test when you plan to mix Falgro 20SP with other products. To determine the physical compatibility of Falgo 20SP with other products, use a jar test. Using a quart jar, add the proportionate amounts of the products to approximate the rate of application with water. Add dry formulations first, then flowables, and then emulsifiable concentrates last. After thorough mixing, allow this mixture to stand for 5 minutes. If the combination remains mixed or can be readily remixed, it is physically compatible. Once compatibility has been proven, use the same procedure for adding products to the spray tank. Follow the more restrictive labeling requirements of any tank mix partner. Do not tank mix with products whose label prohibits tank mixing. Treat a small test plot if new combinations of products are being used for the first time.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE
This is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirement specific to your State or Tribe, consult the State or Tribal agency responsible for pesticide regulation. Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.
APPLICATION OF Falgro 20SP increases fruit set on food crops to affect the growth characteristics of specified crops:

Falgro 20SP is a plant growth regulator soluble powder for use on food and non-food crops to manage harvest timing.

When used on table grapes, application of Falgro 20SP for "Stretch" produces larger clusters, allows better air circulation to aid in the control of both bud and fruit infections, and increases light penetration to aid in sugar development and reduces the cost of thinning.

When used on tangerine hybrids, application of Falgro 20SP reduces rind firming, improves fruit set on blueberries when natural fruit set is poor due to reduced honeybee activity as a result of adverse weather conditions. It also reduces the flowering and fruiting of non-bearing sweet and tart cherries and yields, and delays rind aging and peel strength in hybrids with pollination problems such as Minneola, Orlando, Robinson and Sunburst.

When used on lemons, application of Falgro 20SP reduces rind firming and decreases rind staining, water spotting, sticky surface, puffy rind and pressure rupture, aging and to manage harvest timing.

When used on grapefruit, application of Falgro 20SP reduces water loss during storage and can be used to manage harvest timing. When applied before color run and used on Falgro 20SP for the greatest delay in rind aging and the firmer rind.

When used on onions, application of Falgro 20SP reduces rind firming and decreases rind staining, water spotting, sticky surface, puffy rind and pressure rupture, aging and to manage harvest timing.

When used on tangerine hybrids, application of Falgro 20SP increases fruit set and yields, and delays rind aging and peel strength with hybrids with pollination problems such as Minneola, Orlando, Robinson and Sunburst.

Falgro 20SP can be used to increase fruit set and yield in Clementine Mandarin. Falgro 20SP can be used for post-harvest applications on citrus. On lemons, application of Falgro 20SP for 'Stretch' increases the yield and aids picking of seeded fruit to affect the growth characteristics of specified crops.

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When used on table grapes, application of Falgro 20SP for "Stretch" produces larger clusters, allows better air circulation to aid in the control of both bud and fruit infections, and increases light penetration to aid in sugar development and reduces the cost of thinning. Application of Falgro 20SP for 'Thinning' (decreased berry set) reduces hand thinning costs and hastens maturity. Application of Falgro 20SP for 'Fruiting' produces larger berries and clusters when used in conjunction with girdling and thinning techniques.

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• Post-emergence application of Falgro 20SP on rice prior to permanent flooding promotes uniform and vigorous growth of semi-dwarfing varieties allowing earlier flooding with its associated agronomic benefits.

• Application of Falgro 20SP elongates the peduncles of pompom chrysanthemums.

• Application of Falgro 20SP promotes early flowering and increases flower yield on statice.

Use only as directed. Read thoroughly and understand the label before making applications.

The term ‘grams of active ingredient per acre’ is represented by ‘g ai/acre’ throughout this product label. See Conversion Table at end of Directions For Use section.

Thoroughly spray all parts of the plant or crop.

Use a clean empty spray tank for preparing and mixing the solution.

The pH of water used to prepare the spray solution must be less than 8.5.

Prepare solution concentrations by mixing the required amount of product with water only.

Degradation of the active ingredient may occur if solution is held over an extended period of time. A reduction in effectiveness may occur if the spray solution is held over a 24 hour period. Dispose of any unused spray material at the end of the day. Refer to the Storage and Disposal section of this label for pesticide disposal instruction.

When a range of rates is indicated, consult your local experimental station, distributor, or agricultural extension agent for the best program suited to your local conditions.

Falgro 20SP is best absorbed into the plant under slow drying conditions. Night-time applications will be more effective when day-time conditions cause rapid drying of applications. This allows for the spray solution to be completely absorbed. Re-apply Falgro 20SP if significant rain occurs within 2 hours of application.

Falgro 20SP has a 0-day pre-harvest interval (PHI).

Do not apply using ULV application methods.

For aerial applications spray volumes must be greater than 2 gallons per acre (10 gallons per acre for tree crops).

Consult your local experimental station, distributor, or agricultural extension agent regarding the compatibility of gibberellic acid with other compounds.

SPRAYING GUIDE FOR GRAPES

Make application to grapes by ground sprayer. Use a properly calibrated sprayer to ensure uniform and complete coverage of flower clusters and berries.

TABLE GRAPES

Table 1 – Application rates and timing for table grapes (continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Seedless Varieties</th>
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<td>6-9 mm</td>
<td>32-128</td>
<td>1-4 sprays starting at these berry sizes. All applications to be made within 14 days.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Perlette</td>
<td>4-5 mm</td>
<td>2-32</td>
<td>3-16</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
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1 High doses can cause over-thinning or an excess of ‘shot’ berries, especially on young or vigorous vines. Conduct trials with small numbers of plants using recommended rates to determine the optimum rates for the situation before applying to the crop.

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3 Reduced Berry Shriveling in Emperor

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2 A rate of 40-50 ppm/ai is used when dipping or spraying the cluster directly.
BUMP SPRAY (Thompson Seedless)
To initiate the berry growth period, apply 16-24 g ai/acre during the period between the last thinning spray and the first sizing spray.

WINE GRAPES
To increase cluster length and improve air circulation and light penetration within the cluster, make a single spray application. Under certain conditions, i.e., moderate temperatures and high humidity, this application may help reduce the incidence of bunt rot and sour rot.

The application of gibberellic acid on seeded wine grape cultivars will cause some reduction in yield. Yield reduction may result from an increase in shot berries in the year of application, and/or a reduction in fruitfulness in the first and second year following the application.

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Variety</th>
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<th>Timing</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Palomino</td>
<td>0.4-1</td>
<td>Make one application as a single spray at a minimum of 250 gallons of water per acre. Ensure thorough wetting. Early spray (before color change) Make one application 14 days before color break (usually August to September). Late spray (after color break) Make one application after marketable color has developed (usually October to December). Late application may cause some re-greening of the fruit. Do not apply to areas that are destined to be harvested early as treatment will delay color change. Application at this timing produces the greatest delay in rind aging and the firmest rind possible. Late spray (after color break) Make one application 14 days before color break (usually August to November). Application at this timing produces the greatest delay in ripening and the firmest and best possible fruit. Late spray (after color break) Make one application after marketable color has developed (usually October to December). Late application may cause some re-greening of the fruit.</td>
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11

**Table 3 – Application rates for red tart cherries**

| Tree age (years) | Follow treatment 12-24 months prior in anticipated weather stress periods. | Do not exceed 40 g ai/acre/season. | Every 30-90 days throughout the year. Monthly applications can be made up to 6 months prior in anticipated weather stress periods. | Excessive application will retard growth of 'shot' berries. | **Spraying Guide for Other Fruit Crops**

**FALGRO 20SP**

**BANANAS**

To treat fruit, make one application of 1-6 g ai/acre of Falgro 20SP by air or ground every 15-30 days. Monthly applications can be made up to 6 months prior in anticipated weather stress periods. Excessive application will retard growth of 'shot' berries.

**CAPTAIN**

The application rate will vary depending on the fruit species, the time of the season, and the maturity of the fruit. Two applications are recommended for each fruit species, with the second application being made 1-2 weeks after the first. The application rate for each fruit species is summarized in Table 3.

**CHERRIES – SWEET**

**BLUEBERRIES (All approved states except California)**

**Clementine Mandarin**

**Clementine Mandarin**

**Postharvest Applications for Citrus**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th>Application Rate</th>
<th>Application Time</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AMBER SWEET (Florida only)</td>
<td>16-48 g ai/acre</td>
<td>14-28 days after bloom when 3-5 terminal leaves are fully expanded or at least 1-3 inches of terminal growth have occurred.</td>
<td>Apply Falgro 20SP according to the table below as a dilute spray in 100-150 gallons of water/acre. Lower water volumes can be used but plants must not be overdosed. Treatment results are not apparent until 2-3 years after initial application and one dependent on annually reapplied applications.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| **CHERRIES – SWEET** | **BLUEBERRIES (All approved states except California)** | **Clementine Mandarin** | **Postharvest Applications for Citrus** | **CHERRIES – SWEET** | **BLUEBERRIES (All approved states except California)** | **Clementine Mandarin** | **Postharvest Applications for Citrus** | **CHERRIES – SWEET** | **BLUEBERRIES (All approved states except California)** | **Clementine Mandarin** | **Postharvest Applications for Citrus** | **CHERRIES – SWEET** | **BLUEBERRIES (All approved states except California)** | **Clementine Mandarin** | **Postharvest Applications for Citrus** | **CHERRIES – SWEET** | **BLUEBERRIES (All approved states except California)** | **Clementine Mandarin** | **Postharvest Applications for Citrus** | **CHERRIES – SWEET** | **BLUEBERRIES (All approved states except California)** | **Clementine Mandarin** | **Postharvest Applications for Citrus** | **CHERRIES – SWEET** | **BLUEBERRIES (All approved states except California)** | **Clementine Mandarin** 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**BLUEBERRIES (All approved states except California)** | **Clementine Mandarin** | **Postharves...
colored. Make the second application of 8-9.4 g ai/acre 7-14 days later. Do not exceed a total of 48 g ai/acre.

ARTICHOKE

Make one application of 1-3 g ai/acre at early bloom (2-5% scatter bloom) in sufficient water to ensure thorough wetting of the entire plant. To avoid applications having no effect or the opposite effect (increased fruit size) do not apply later than indicated.

SPRINKLING GUIDE FOR VEGETABLE CROPS

ITALIAN PRUNE

2.5" x 2.5"

In conditions of low vigor, 2 applications can be made allowing at least a 7-day interval between applications. Do not treat trees in their first year. Treat in the second season to reduce fruiting in the fourth. Discontinue the use of Falgro 20SP one year before commercial harvest is planned.

STRAWBERRIES (All approved states except California)

Make one application of 16-48 g ai/acre as a dilute spray 1-4 weeks prior to harvest. Use sufficient water to ensure thorough spray coverage. To avoid applications having no effect or the opposite effect (increased fruit size) do not apply later than indicated.

SPRINGING GUIDE FOR VEGETABLE CROPS

ARTICHOKE

1. Make 1-3 applications of 10-50 g ai/acre at early bloom (2-5% scatter bloom) in sufficient water to ensure thorough coverage. To avoid applications having no effect or the opposite effect (increased fruit size) do not apply later than indicated.

MELONS AND CUCUMBERS (All approved states except California)

Make 1-2 applications of 1 to 2.5 g ai/acre as a dilute spray 2-4 weeks after bloom. (This rate is based on a tree density of 100 trees/acre).

DO NOT TREAT TREES IN THEIR FIRST YEAR. TREAT IN THE SECOND SEASON TO REDUCE FRUITING IN THE FOURTH. DISCONTINUE THE USE OF FALGRO 20SP ONE YEAR BEFORE COMMERCIAL HARVEST IS PLANNED.

MELONS AND CUCUMBERS

Make 1-4 applications of 1-3 g ai/acre as a dilute spray at 2-week intervals beginning at the fourth true leaf stage. Use sufficient water to ensure thorough wetting of the entire plant. To increase fruit size:

To promote plant growth: in areas with short growing seasons or where low temperatures cause slow plant growth, make 1-2 applications of 1-3 g ai/acre in 25-50 gallons of water/acre starting 2 weeks after planting. Repeat at 2-week intervals.

To promote plant growth and increase fruit set: Make 1-2 applications of 1 to 2.5 g ai/acre at 1-2 weeks before harvest. Use the higher rate for areas with low pollinator activity and fruit set problems.

To increase fruit size:

Make one application of 1-3 g ai/acre in 25-50 gallons of water/acre starting 2 weeks after planting. Add 2 to 4 fl. oz. of a solution containing 10 g ai/10 gallons of water/acre to the spray mixture to increase fruit size.

Make one application of 1-3 g ai/acre at early bloom (2-5% scatter bloom) in sufficient water to ensure thorough wetting prior to bloom. Make 2 further applications at 10-14 day intervals. For cucumbers 3-4 applications following fruit set may be required. For maximum benefit of these treatments to be achieved, vines must be in good condition.

SEED POTATOES

Dip freshly dug seed potatoes in a solution of 0.2-0.4 g ai in 100 gallons of water per 50 lbs. of seed potatoes. Do not apply to fruiting plants.

For cantaloupes and watermelons make one application of 1-4 g ai/acre in 25-50 gallons of water/acre starting 2 weeks after planting. Repeat at 2-week intervals.

PEPPERS (All approved states except California)

In areas with short growing seasons or where low temperatures cause slow plant growth, make 1-2 applications of 1-3 g ai/acre in 25-50 gallons of water/acre starting 2 weeks after planting. Repeat at 2-week intervals.

Lettuce for Seed

To increase fruit size:

For maximum benefit of these treatments to be achieved, vines must be in good condition.

POTATOES

6" x 6"
SPINACH – FALL AND OVERWINTERED (All approved states except California)

Make one application of 6-10 g ai 14-18 days before each anticipated harvest in 15-20 gallons of water if applied using ground equipment, or a minimum of 6-10 gallons of water/acre if sprayed by air. Ideally spray in the early morning when dew is present on the crop and daytime temperatures are between 40°F-70°F. Maximum benefit is seen from this treatment when low temperatures would limit the growth of untreated spinach.

Do not apply to spinach grown for mid-winter or if temperatures are expected to exceed 79°F within several days of application as this can induce bolting.

SPRAYING GUIDE FOR OTHER CROPS

Do not exceed the application rates noted below or reduce the time interval between applications. Do not apply during extended periods of nights with temperatures below 59°F. Do not use on dormant turf.

BERMUDA GOLF TURF (All approved states except California)

Make one application of 15-25 g ai in 20-50 gallons of water/acre every 2 weeks.

COTTON (All approved states except California)

Apply 1-6 g ai/acre by furrow application to the seed or as a foliar spray between the cotyledon and 5-leaf stage. Apply in 5-40 gallons of water/acre for ground sprayers equipped with boom and flat fan nozzles applying 10-15 gallons of water/acre can be used. Ensure holds have been drained of floodwater before application and avoid spray drift onto other crops. Do not apply to crops suffering stress. Do not add surfactants, oils or any type of adjuvants to the spray tank.

These treatments may cause the crop to become a lighter shade of green. This is a temporary effect and is caused by the increased growth rate.

SPRAYING GUIDE FOR OTHER CROPS

Do not exceed the specified dose or repeat treatment. Initiation of flowering is influenced by extended photo-period, nutrition and reduced night temperature. Treatment with Falgro 20SP lowers the need for reduced night temperature and long photo-period.

CONVERSION TABLE

For each grade of active ingredient required, use 5 gms of Falgro 20SP.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grams ai per acre</th>
<th>Falgro 20SP per acre</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>2.5 grams</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>5.0 grams</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.0</td>
<td>25.0 grams</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.0</td>
<td>50.0 grams</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

STATICE (All approved states except California)

Make one application of 0.5-1 g ai in 12 gallons of water 28-30 days after initiation of the short day program. APY is produced over 1000 sq. ft. of field overseeding fall and winter annual bluegrass to a height of 8-20 inches. These treatments may cause the crop to become a lighter shade of green. This is a temporary effect and is caused by the increased growth rate.

Treatment with Falgro 20SP lowers the need for reduced night temperature and long photo-period.
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Falgro® is a registered trademark of Fine Agrochemicals Ltd.
FAL20SP/US/160G/14
Falgro 20SP
5.65 oz (160g)

Booklet: 6"(w) x 2.68"(h) closed
12"(w) x 2.68"(h) open
Base: 6.75"(w) x 2.68"(h)

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Plant Growth Regulator Soluble Powder

Active Ingredient:
Gibberellic Acid (A3).......................... 20.0%
Other Ingredients:............................ 80.0%
Total:........................................ 100.0%

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle.
(If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

KEEPOUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

Pantone 1817
Pantone 369

Active Ingredient:
Gibberellic Acid (A3).......................... 20.0%
Other Ingredients:............................ 80.0%
Total:........................................ 100.0%

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle.
(If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

KEEPOUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

Pantone 1817
Pantone 369