Avoid contact of herbicide with foliage, green stems, exposed non-woody roots or fruit of crops, desirable plants and trees, because severe injury or destruction may result.

**ACTIVE INGREDIENT**
- Glyphosate*, N-(phosphonomethyl)glycine, in the form of its isopropylamine salt ........................................ 53.80%
- OTHER INGREDIENTS: ........................................... 46.20%
- TOTAL ................................................................. 100.00%

*Contains 648 grams per liter or 5.4 pounds per U.S. gallon of the active ingredient glyphosate, in the form of its isopropylamine salt. Equivalent to 480 grams per liter or 4.0 pounds per U.S. gallon of the acid, glyphosate.

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN**

**CAUTION**

For Additional Precautionary Statements, Directions for Use, Storage and Disposal and Other Use Information, See Inside This Label Booklet.

**FIRST AID**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>If Inhaled:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Move person to fresh air.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>If Swallowed:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Have a person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>If on Skin or Clothing:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Take off contaminated clothing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>If in Eyes:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

**FOR A MEDICAL EMERGENCY INVOLVING THIS PRODUCT CALL: 1-866-944-8565.**
Avoid contact of herbicide with foliage, green stems, exposed non-woody roots or fruit of crops, desirable plants and trees, because severe injury or destruction may result.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT
Glyphosate*, N-(phosphonomethyl)glycine, in the form of its isopropylamine salt ........................................ 53.80%
OTHER INGREDIENTS: ......................................................................... 46.20%
TOTAL 100.00%

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KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
CAUTION

For Additional Precautionary Statements, Directions for Use, Storage and Disposal and Other Use Information, See Inside This Label Booklet.

FIRST AID

| If Inhaled: | • Move person to fresh air.  
• If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible.  
• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. |
|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| If Swallowed: | • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.  
• Have a person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.  
• Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor.  
• Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.  
• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. |
| If on Skin or Clothing: | • Take off contaminated clothing.  
• Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes.  
• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. |
| If in Eyes: | • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes.  
• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.  
• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. |

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

FOR A MEDICAL EMERGENCY INVOLVING THIS PRODUCT CALL: 1-866-944-8565.

EPA REG. NO. 34704-929
FORMULATED FOR
LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC.®, P.O. BOX 1286, GREELEY, COLORADO 80632-1286
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1.0 INGREDIENTS
ACTIVE INGREDIENT:
Glyphosate*, N-(phosphonomethyl)glycine,
in the form of its isopropylamine salt ..........................................53.80%
OTHER INGREDIENTS: ............................................................46.20%
TOTAL 100.00%

2.0 EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBERS
24-Hour Emergency Phone: 1-800-424-9300
Medical Emergencies: 1-866-944-8565
U.S. Coast Guard National Response Center: 1-800-424-8802

3.0 PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION

Domestic Animals: This product is considered to be relatively nontoxic to dogs and other domestic animals; however, ingestion of this product or large amounts of freshly sprayed vegetation may result in temporary gastrointestinal irritation (vomiting, diarrhea, colic, etc.).

If such symptoms are observed, provide the animal with plenty of fluids to prevent dehydration. Call a veterinarian if symptoms persist for more than 24 hours.

3.1 Physical or Chemical Hazards
Spray solutions of this product must be mixed, stored and applied using only stainless steel, aluminum, fiberglass, plastic or plastic-lined steel containers.

DO NOT MIX, STORE OR APPLY THIS PRODUCT OR SPRAY SOLUTIONS OF THIS PRODUCT IN GALVANIZED STEEL OR UNLINED STEEL (EXCEPT STAINLESS STEEL) CONTAINERS OR SPRAY TANKS. This product or spray solutions of this product react with such containers and tanks to produce hydrogen gas which may form a highly combustible gas mixture. This gas mixture could flash or explode, causing serious personal injury, if ignited by open flame, spark, welder’s torch, lighted cigarette or other ignition source.

3.2 Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)
Applicators and other handlers must wear:
• long-sleeved shirt and long pants,
• shoes plus socks.

Follow manufacturer’s instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Controls: When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

3.3 User Safety Recommendations
Users should:
• Wash hands thoroughly after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
• Remove clothing or PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

3.4 Environmental Hazards
FOR AQUATIC USES ONLY: Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment waste waters. Treatment of aquatic weeds can result in oxygen depletion or loss due to decomposition of dead plants. This oxygen loss can cause fish suffocation.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE
It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling

4.0 USE INFORMATION
This product, a water-soluble liquid, mixes readily with water and nonionic surfactant to be applied as a foliar spray for the control or destruction of many herbaceous and woody plants.

This product moves through the plant from the point of foliage contact to and into the root system. Visible effects on most annual weeds occur within 2 to 4 days but on most perennial brush species may not occur for 7 days or more. Extremely cool or cloudy weather following treatment may slow the activity of this product and delay visual effects of control. Visible effects are a gradual wilting and yellowing of the plant which advances to complete browning of above-ground growth and deterioration of underground plant parts.
Unless otherwise directed on this label, delay application until vegetation has emerged and reached the stages described for control of such vegetation under the “Weeds Controlled” section of this label. Unemerged plants arising from unattached underground rhizomes or root stocks of perennials or brush will not be affected by the spray and will continue to grow. For this reason best control of most perennial weeds or brush is obtained when treatment is made at late growth stages approaching maturity.

Always use the higher rate of this product per acre within the specific range when vegetation is heavy or dense.

Do not treat weeds or brush under poor growing conditions such as drought stress, disease or insect damage, as reduced control may result. Reduced results may also occur when treating weeds or brush heavily covered with dust.

Reduced control may result when applications are made to any weed or brush species that have been moved, grazed or cut, and have not been allowed to regrow to the specific stage for treatment.

Rainfall or irrigation occurring within 6 hours after application may reduce effectiveness. Heavy rainfall or irrigation within 2 hours after application may wash the product off the foliage and a repeat treatment may be required.

When this product comes in contact with soil (on the soil surface or as suspended soil or sediment in water) it is bound to soil particles. Under use situations, once this product is bound to soil particles, it is not available for plant uptake and will not harm off-site vegetation where roots grow into the treatment area or if the soil is transported off-site. Under use conditions, the strong affinity of this product to soil particles prevents this product from leaching out of the soil profile and entering ground water. The affinity between this product and soil particles remains until this product is degraded, which is primarily a biological degradation process carried out under both aerobic and anaerobic conditions by soil microflora.

This product does not provide residual weed control. For subsequent residual weed control, follow a label-approved herbicide program. Read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the labels of all herbicides used.

To the extent consistent with applicable law, the buyer and all users are responsible for all loss of damage in connection with the use or handling or mixtures of this product or other materials that are not expressly in this label. Mixing this product with herbicides or other materials not in this label may result in reduced performance.

USE RESTRICTIONS:
• For noncrop uses, the combined total of all treatments must not exceed 6.0 quarts of this product per acre per year.
• The maximum use rates stated throughout this product’s labeling apply to this product combined with the use of all other herbicides containing glyphosate or sulfosate as the active ingredient, whether applied as mixtures or separately. Calculate application rates and ensure that the total use of this and other glyphosate or sulfosate containing products does not exceed stated maximum use rate.

ATTENTION
AVOID DRIFT. EXTREME CARE MUST BE USED WHEN APPLYING THIS PRODUCT TO PREVENT INJURY TO DESIRABLE PLANTS AND CROPS.

Do not allow the herbicide solution to mist, drip, drift or splash onto desirable vegetation since minute quantities of this product can cause severe damage or destruction to the crop, plants or other areas on which treatment was not intended. The likelihood of injury occurring from the use of this product increases when winds are gusty, as wind velocity increases, when wind direction is constantly changing or when there are other meteorological conditions that favor spray drift. When spraying, avoid combinations of pressure and nozzle type that will result in splatter or fine particles (mist) which are likely to drift.

Keep container closed to prevent spills and contamination.

5.0 MIXING AND APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS
Apply these spray solutions in properly maintained and calibrated equipment capable of delivering desired volumes. Hand-gun applications should be properly directed to avoid spraying desirable plants. Reduced results may occur if water containing soil is used, such as water from ponds and unlined ditches.

5.1 Mixing
This product mixes readily with water. Mix spray solutions of this product as follows: Fill the mixing or spray tank with the required amount of water. Add the labeled amount of this product near the end of the filling process and mix well. Use caution to avoid siphoning back into the carrier source. Use approved anti-back-siphoning devices where required by state or local regulations. During mixing and application, foaming of the spray solution may occur. To prevent or minimize foam, avoid the use of mechanical agitators, terminate by-pass and return lines at the bottom of the tank and, if needed, use an approved anti-foam or defoaming agent.

Keep by-pass line on or near bottom of tank to minimize foaming. Screen size in nozzle or line strainers must be no finer than 50 mesh. Carefully select correct nozzle to avoid spraying a fine mist. For best results with conventional ground application equipment, use flat fan nozzles. Check for even distribution of spray droplets.

When using this product, mix 2.0 or more quarts of a nonionic surfactant per 100 gallons of spray solution. Use a nonionic surfactant labeled for use with herbicides. The surfactant must contain 50 percent or more active ingredient.

Always read and follow the manufacturer’s surfactant label directions for best results. Carefully observe all cautionary statements and other information appearing in the surfactant label.

Do not use these surfactants in excess of 1.0 quart per acre when making broadcast applications.

Colorants or marking dyes approved for use with herbicides may be added to spray mixtures of this product. Colorants or dyes used in spray solutions of this product may reduce performance, especially at lower rates or dilutions. Use colorants or dyes according to the manufacturer’s label directions. Clean sprayer and parts immediately after using this product by thoroughly flushing with water and dispose of rinsate according to labeled use or disposal instructions.

Observe all cautionary statements and other information appearing in the surfactant label.

6.0 APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES

6.1 Aerial Equipment
Use the specified rates of this product and surfactant in 3.0 to 20.0 gallons of water per acre as a broadcast spray, unless otherwise specified. See the “Weeds Controlled” section of this label for specific rates. Aerial applications of this product may only be made as specified in this label.

Avoid drift - do not apply during inversion conditions, when winds are gusty or under any other condition which will allow drift. Drift may cause damage to any vegetation contacted to which treatment is not intended. To prevent injury to adjacent desirable vegetation, appropriate buffer zones must be maintained.

Coarse sprays are less likely to drift; therefore, do not use nozzles or nozzle configurations which dispense spray as fine spray droplets. Do not angle nozzles forward into the airstream and do not increase spray volume by increasing nozzle pressure.

Drift control additives may be used. When a drift control additive is used, read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing in the additive label.

Ensure uniform application - To avoid streaked, uneven or overlapped application, use appropriate marking devices.
6.2 Aerial Spray Drift Management

AVOIDING SPRAY DRIFT AT THE APPLICATION SITE IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE APPLICATOR. The interaction of many equipment-and-weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator is responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.

The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops. These requirements do not apply to forestry applications, public health uses or to applications using dry formulations.

1. The distance of the outer most nozzles on the boom must not exceed ¾ the length of the wingspan or rotor.
2. Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees.
3. Where states have more stringent regulations, they must be observed.

The applicator must be familiar with and take into account the information covered in the Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory.

Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory

This section is advisory in nature and does not supersede the mandatory label requirements.

Information on droplet size

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (See Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversions).

Controlling droplet size

- Volume - Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
- Pressure - Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer’s specified pressures. For many nozzle types lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.
- Number of nozzles - Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.
- Nozzle Orientation - Orient nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the air-stream which produces larger droplets than other orientations. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.
- Nozzle Type - Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

Boom length

For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than ¼ of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

Application height

Applications must not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the target plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

Swath adjustment

When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance must increase with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc.)

Wind

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2 to 10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application must be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator must be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

Temperature and humidity

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

Temperature inversions

Applications must not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited clouds and no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

Sensitive areas

The pesticide must only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g. residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g. when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

For Aerial Application in California Only

Aquatic and Other Noncrop Sites:
When applied as directed and under the conditions described in the “Weeds Controlled” section of this label booklet, this product will control or partially control the labeled weeds growing in the following industrial, recreational and public areas or other similar sites.

Aquatic Sites - Including all bodies of fresh and brackish water which may be flowing, nonflowing, or transient. This includes lakes, rivers, streams, ponds, seeps, irrigation and drainage ditches, canals, reservoirs, estuaries, and similar sites.

If aquatic sites are present in the noncrop area and are part of the intended treatment, read and observe the following directions:

There is no restriction on the use of treated water for irrigation, recreation, or domestic purposes. Consult local state fish and game agency and water control authorities before applying this product to public water. Permit may be required to treat such water.

RESTRICTIONS

Do not apply this product within ½ mile of a standing body of water such as lake, pond, or reservoir. To make aquatic applications around and within ½ mile of active potable water intakes, the water intake must be turned off for a minimum period of 48 hours after the application. The water intake may be turned on prior to 48 hours if the glyphosate level in the intake water is below 0.7 part per million as determined by laboratory analysis. These aquatic applications may be made ONLY in those cases where there are alternative water sources or holding ponds which would permit the turning off of an active potable water intake for a minimum period of 48 hours after the application.

This product does not control plants which are completely submerged or have a majority of their foliage under water.

Aerial Applications:
Only make aerial applications with helicopters.
Use the following guidelines when aerial applications are to be made near perennial crops after bud break and before total leaf drop and/or near emerged annual crops.
1. Do not apply within a minimum of 100 feet of all crops.
2. If wind up to 5 miles per hour is blowing toward the crop(s), do not apply within a minimum of 500 feet of the crop(s).
3. Winds blowing from 5 to 10 miles per hour toward the crop(s) may require buffer zones in excess of the 500 feet minimum.
4. Do not apply when winds are in excess of 10 miles per hour or when inversion conditions exist. For Aerial Application in Fresno County, California Only From February 15 through March 31 Only

Applicable Area:
The area contained inside the following boundaries within Fresno County, California.
North: Fresno County line
South: Fresno County line
East: State Highway 99
West: Fresno County line

Use Information:
Always read and follow the label directions, restrictions and precautionary statements for all products used in the aerial application.

Observe the following directions to minimize off-site movement during aerial application of this product.

Minimization of off-site movement is the responsibility of the grower, Pest Control Advisor and aerial applicator.

Written Recommendations:
A written recommendation MUST be submitted by or on behalf of the applicator to the Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner 24 hours prior to the application. This written recommendation MUST state the proximity of surrounding crops, and that conditions of each manufacturer’s applicable product label and this label have been satisfied.

Aerial Applicator Training and Equipment:
Aerial application of this product is limited to pilots who have successfully completed a Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner and California Department of Pesticide Regulation approved training program for aerial application of herbicides. All aircraft must be inspected, critiqued in flight and certified at a Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner approved fly-in. Test and calibrate spray equipment at intervals sufficient to ensure that proper rates of herbicides and adjuvants are being applied during commercial use. Applicator must document such calibrations and testing. Demonstration of performance at Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner approved “fly-ins” constitutes such documentation, or other written records showing calculations and measurements of flight and spray parameters acceptable to the Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner.

Applications at Night:
Do not apply this product by air earlier than 30 minutes prior to sunrise and/or later than 30 minutes after sunset without prior permission from the Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner.

Note: For aerial application from April 1 through February 14, refer to the “For Aerial Application in California Only” section of this label

6.3 Boom Equipment
For control of weed or brush species listed in this section using conventional boom equipment - Use the specified rates of this product and surfactant in 3.0 to 30.0 gallons of water per acre as a broadcast spray, unless otherwise specified. See the WEEDS CONTROLLED section of this label for specific rates. As density of vegetation increases, also increase spray volume within this range to ensure complete coverage. Carefully select correct nozzle to avoid spraying a fine mist. For best results with ground application equipment, use flat fan nozzles. Check for even distribution of spray droplets.

6.4 Hand-Held and High-Volume Equipment
For control of weeds listed in this section using knapsack sprayers or high-volume spraying equipment utilizing handguns or other suitable nozzle arrangements - Prepare a 0.75 to 2 percent solution of this product in water, add a nonionic surfactant and apply to foliage of vegetation to be controlled. For specific rates of application and instructions for control of various annual and perennial weeds, see the “Weeds Controlled” section of this label.

Make applications on a spray-to-wet basis. Assure that spray coverage is uniform and complete. Do not spray to point of runoff.

This product may be used as a 5 to 8 percent solution for low-volume directed sprays for spot treatment of trees and brush. It is most effective in areas where there is a low density of undesirable trees or brush.

If a straight stream nozzle is used, start the application at the top of the targeted vegetation and spray from top to bottom in a lateral zigzag motion. Ensure that at least 50 percent of the leaves are contacted by the spray solution. For flat fan and cone nozzles and with hand-directed mist blowers, mist the application over the foliage of the targeted vegetation. Small, open-branched trees need only be treated from one side. If the foliage is thick or there are multiple root sprouts, applications must be made from several sides to ensure adequate spray coverage.

Prepare the desired volume of spray solution by mixing the amount of this product in water, shown in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Spray Solution</th>
<th>Amount of Cinco</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Desired Volume</td>
<td>0.75%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.0 gal</td>
<td>1.0 fl oz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25.0 gal</td>
<td>1.5 pt</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100 gal</td>
<td>3.0 qt</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2.0 tablespoons = 1.0 fluid ounce

For use in knapsack sprayers, it is suggested that the labeled amount of this product be mixed with water in a larger container. Fill sprayer with the mixed solution and add the correct amount of surfactant.

7.0 WEEDS CONTROLLED

7.1 Annual Weeds
Apply to actively growing annual grasses and broadleaf weeds.

Allow at least 3 days after application before disturbing treated vegetation. After this period the weeds may be mowed, tilled or burned. See “Directions for Use,” “Use Information” and “Mixing and Application Instructions” for labeled uses and specific application instructions.

Broadcast Application - Use 1.5 pints of this product per acre plus 2.0 or more quarts of a nonionic surfactant per 100 gallons of spray solution if weeds are less than 6 inches tall. If weeds are greater than 6 inches tall, use 2.5 pints of this product per acre plus 2.0 or more quarts of an approved nonionic surfactant per 100 gallons of spray solution.

Hand-Held, High-Volume Application - Use a 0.75 percent solution of this product in water plus 2.0 or more quarts of a nonionic surfactant per 100 gallons of spray solution and apply to foliage of vegetation to be controlled.
When applied as directed under the conditions described in this label, this product plus nonionic surfactant will control the following annual weeds:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Weed</th>
<th>Scientific Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Balsamapple**</td>
<td>Momordica charantia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Barley</td>
<td>Hordeum vulgare</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Barnyardgrass</td>
<td>Echinochloa crus-galli</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bassia, fivehook</td>
<td>Bassia hyssopifolia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bluegrass, annual</td>
<td>Poa annua</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bluegrass, bulbous</td>
<td>Poa bulbosa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brome</td>
<td>Bromus spp.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buttercup</td>
<td>Ranunculus spp.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cheat</td>
<td>Bromus secalinus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chickweed, mouseear</td>
<td>Cerastium vulgatum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cocklebur</td>
<td>Xanthium strumarium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corn, volunteer</td>
<td>Zea mays</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crabgrass</td>
<td>Digitaria spp.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dwarffandelin</td>
<td>Krigia cespitosa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Falseflax, smallseed</td>
<td>Camelina microcarpa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fiddleneck</td>
<td>Amsinckia spp.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flaxleaf fleabane</td>
<td>Conyza bonariensis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fleabane</td>
<td>Erigeron spp.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foxtail</td>
<td>Setaria spp.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foxtail, Carolina</td>
<td>Alocoperus carolinianus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Groundsel, common</td>
<td>Senecio vulgaris</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Horseweed/Marestail</td>
<td>Conyza canadensis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kochia</td>
<td>Kochia scoparia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lambquarters, common</td>
<td>Chenopodium album</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lettuce, prickly</td>
<td>Lactuca serriola</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Morningglory</td>
<td>Ipomeoa spp.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mustard, blue</td>
<td>Chorispora tenella</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mustard, tansy</td>
<td>Descurania pinnata</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mustard, tumble</td>
<td>Sisymbrium altissium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mustard, wild</td>
<td>Sinapis arvensis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oats, wild</td>
<td>Avena fatua</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Panicum</td>
<td>Panicum spp.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pennycress, field</td>
<td>Thlaspi arvense</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pigweed, redroot</td>
<td>Amaranthus retroflexus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pigweed, smooth</td>
<td>Amaranthus hybridus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ragweed, common</td>
<td>Ambrosia artemisi folia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ragweed, giant</td>
<td>Ambrosia trifida</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rocket, London</td>
<td>Sisymbrium irio</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rye</td>
<td>Secale cereale</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ryegrass, Italian*</td>
<td>Lolium multiflorum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sandbur, field</td>
<td>Cenchrus spp.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shattercane</td>
<td>Sorghum bicolor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shepherds purse</td>
<td>Capsella bursa-pastoris</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Signalgrass, broadleaf</td>
<td>Bracharia platyphylla</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Smartweed, Pennsylvania</td>
<td>Polygonum pensylvanicum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sowthistle, annual</td>
<td>Sonchus oleraceus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spanishneedles*</td>
<td>Bidens bipinnata</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stinkgrass</td>
<td>Eragrostis ciliarisensis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sunflower</td>
<td>Helianthus annuus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thistle, Russian</td>
<td>Salsola kali</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spurry, umbrella</td>
<td>Holosteum umbellatum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Velvetleaf</td>
<td>Abutilon theophrasti</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wheath</td>
<td>Triticum aestivum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Witchgrass</td>
<td>Panicum capillare</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A second application may be necessary to control weeds regenerating from underground parts or seed. When applied as directed under the conditions described, this product plus surfactant will control the following perennial weeds:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Weed</th>
<th>Scientific Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Alfalfa</td>
<td>Medicago sativa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alligatorweed*</td>
<td>Alternanthera philoxeroides</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ambrosia</td>
<td>Ambrosia artemisi folia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dogbane, hemp</td>
<td>Apocynum cannabinum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fescue</td>
<td>Festuca spp.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fescue, tall</td>
<td>Festuca arundinacea</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guineagrass</td>
<td>Panicum maximum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hemlock, poison</td>
<td>Conium maculatum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Horsenettle</td>
<td>Solanum carolinense</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Horseradish</td>
<td>Armoracia rusticana</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ice Plant</td>
<td>Mesembryanthemum crystalinium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Johnsongrass</td>
<td>Sorghum halepense</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kikuyugrass</td>
<td>Pennisetum clandestinum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Knapweed</td>
<td>Centaurea repens</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lantana</td>
<td>Centaurea repens</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lespedeza: common, serics</td>
<td>Lespedeza striata striata cuneata</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lespedeza: common</td>
<td>Lespedeza striata</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Loosestrife, purple</td>
<td>Lythrum salicaria</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lotus, American</td>
<td>Nelumbo lutea</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maidencane</td>
<td>Panicum hematomon</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Milkweed</td>
<td>Asclepias spp.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Muhly, wisestem</td>
<td>Muhlenbergia frondosa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mullein, common</td>
<td>Verbascum thapsus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Napiergrass</td>
<td>Pennisetum purpureum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nightshade, silverleaf</td>
<td>Solanum elaeagnifolium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nutsedge: purple, yellow</td>
<td>Cyperus rotundus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Orchardgrass</td>
<td>Dactylis glomerata</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pampasgrass</td>
<td>Cortaderia jubata</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paragras</td>
<td>Brachia mutica</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phragmites*</td>
<td>Phragmites spp.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quackgrass</td>
<td>Agropyron repens</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reed, giant</td>
<td>Arundo donax</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ryegrass, perennial</td>
<td>Lolium perenne</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Smartweed, swamp</td>
<td>Polygonum cocineum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spatterdock</td>
<td>Nuphar luteum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Starthistle, yellow</td>
<td>Centaurea solstitialis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sweet potato, wild*</td>
<td>Ipomeoa pandurata</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Timothy</td>
<td>Phelum pratense</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Torpedograss*</td>
<td>Panicum repens</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thistle, artichoke</td>
<td>Cynara cardunculus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thistle, Canada</td>
<td>Cirsi um arvense</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tules, common</td>
<td>Scirpus acutus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vaseygrass</td>
<td>Paspalum urvillei</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Velvetgrass</td>
<td>Holcus spp.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Waterhyacinth</td>
<td>Eichornia crassipes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Waterlettuce</td>
<td>Pistia stratiotes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Waterprimrose</td>
<td>Ludwigia spp.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wheatgrass, western</td>
<td>Agropyron smithii</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Apply 3.0 pints of this product per acre.
**Apply with hand-held equipment only.

Annual weeds will generally continue to germinate from seed throughout the growing season. Repeat treatments will be necessary to control later germinating weeds.

7.2 Perennial Weeds

Apply this product as follows to control or destroy most vigorously growing perennial weeds. Unless otherwise directed, allow at least 7 days after application before disturbing vegetation.

Add 2.0 or more quarts of a nonionic surfactant per 100 gallons of spray solution to the rates of this product given in this list. See the Use Information, Directions for Use and Mixing and Application sections in this label for specific uses and application instructions.

NOTE: If weeds have been mowed or tilled, do not treat until regrowth has reached the recommended stages.

RESTRICTION: Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost.

*Partial control.
**Partial control in southeastern states.
See specific instructions below.
***Washington and Oregon only.
**Alligatorweed** – Apply 6.0 pints of this product per acre as a broadcast spray or as a 1.25 percent solution with handheld equipment to provide partial control of alligatorweed. Apply when most of the target plants are in bloom. Repeat applications will be required to maintain such control.

**Beachgrass, European (Washington and Oregon only)** – Best results are obtained when applications are made when European beachgrass is actively growing through the boot to the full heading stages of growth. Make applications prior to the loss of more than 50 percent green leaf color in the fall. Applications made during any period of plant (drought) stress, or beyond the recommended active growth period in the fall, will likely result in reduced performance.

Repeat applications of Cinco may be necessary to treat skips. Monitor treated acres prior to reseeding of desirable vegetation.

**Spray-to-Wet Applications:**
Apply an 8 percent solution of this product plus 0.5 to 1.5 percent nonionic surfactant on a spray-to-wet basis for control of European beachgrass.

Assure that spray coverage is uniform and complete but not to the point of runoff.

**Wiper Applications:**
For selective control of European beachgrass, apply a 33.33 percent solution of this product plus 1 to 2.5 percent nonionic surfactant during active growth. Avoid contact of herbicide solution with desirable vegetation. Wiping the plants in opposite directions may improve performance. Maximizing the amount of individual leaf tissue contacted with the wiping equipment will result in optimal performance.

**Bermudagrass** – Apply 7.5 pints of this product per acre as a broadcast spray or as a 1.5 percent solution with handheld equipment. Apply when target plants are actively growing and when seed heads appear.

**Bindweed, field/Silverleaf Nightshade/Texas Blueweed** – Apply 6.0 to 7.5 pints of this product per acre as a broadcast spray west of the Mississippi River and 4.5 to 6.0 pints of this product per acre east of the Mississippi River. With hand-held equipment, use a 1.5 percent solution. Apply when target plants are actively growing and are at or beyond full bloom. For silverleaf nightshade, best results can be obtained when application is made after berries are formed. Do not treat when weeds are under drought stress. New leaf development indicates active growth. For best results apply in late summer or fall.

**Brackenfern** – Apply 4.5 to 6.0 pints of this product per acre as a broadcast spray or as a 0.75 to 1 percent solution with hand-held equipment. Apply to fully expanded fronds which are at least 18 inches long.

**Cattail** – Apply 4.5 to 6.0 pints of this product per acre as a broadcast spray or as a 0.75 percent solution with handheld equipment. Apply when target plants are actively growing and are at or beyond the early-to-full bloom stage of growth. Best results are achieved when application is made during the summer or fall months.

**Cogongrass** – Apply 4.5 to 7.5 pints of this product per acre as a broadcast spray. Apply when cogongrass is at least 18 inches tall and actively growing in late summer or fall. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage or mowing. Due to uneven stages of growth and the dense nature of vegetation preventing good spray coverage, repeat treatments may be necessary to maintain control.

**Cordgrass** – Broadcast Applications (Air) – Apply 4.0 to 7.5 pints of this product in 5.0 to 20.0 gallons of spray solution per acre. Add 1.0 to 2.0 quarts of nonionic surfactant per 100 gallons of spray solution.

Broadcast Applications (Ground) – Apply 4.0 to 7.5 pints of this product in 10.0 to 60.0 gallons of spray solution per acre. For best results, ensure that complete coverage of cordgrass clumps is achieved. Add 1.0 to 2.0 quarts of a nonionic surfactant per 100 gallons of spray solution.

Hand-Held and High Volume Equipment - Apply a 2 to 8 percent solution of this product. Ensure that complete coverage of cordgrass clumps is achieved. Do not spray to the point of run-off. Add 1.0 to 2.0 quarts of a nonionic surfactant per 100 gallons of spray solution.

**Wiper Applications** – For wick or wiper applications, mix 1.0 gallon of this product with 2.0 gallons of clean water to make a 33 percent solution. Addition of a nonionic surfactant at a rate of 10 percent by volume of the total herbicide solution is recommended. In heavy stands, a double application in opposite directions may improve results.

**Application Conditions** – Schedule applications in order to allow 6 hours before treated plants are covered by tidewater. Rainfall or immersion within 6 hours after application may reduce effectiveness.

The presence of debris and silt on the cordgrass plants will reduce performance of this product. It may be necessary to wash targeted plants prior to application to improve uptake of this product into the plant. Where cordgrass has been cut or mowed prior to application with Cinco, ensure adequate regrowth of cordgrass occurs to allow for interception or absorption of the herbicide solution.

**Cutgrass, giant** – Apply 6.0 pints of this product per acre as a broadcast spray or as a 1 percent solution with handheld equipment to provide partial control of giant cutgrass. Repeat applications will be required to maintain such control, especially where vegetation is partially submerged in water. Allow for substantial regrowth to the 7 to 10-leaf stage prior to retreatment.

**Dogbane, hemp/Knapweed/Hors eradish** – Apply 6.0 pints of this product per acre as a broadcast spray or as a 1.5 percent solution with hand-held equipment. Apply when target plants are actively growing and most have reached the late bud-to-flower stage of growth. For best results, apply in late summer or fall.

**Fescue, tall** – Apply 4.5 pints of this product per acre as a broadcast spray or as a 1 percent solution with hand-held equipment. Apply when target plants are actively growing and most have reached the boot-to-head stage of growth. When applied prior to the boot stage, less desirable control may be obtained.

**Guineagrass** – Apply 4.5 pints of this product per acre as a broadcast spray or as a 0.75 percent solution with handheld equipment. Apply when target plants are actively growing and when most have reached at least the 7-leaf stage of growth.

**Johnsongrass/Bluegrass, Kentucky/Brome grass, smooth/Canarygrass, reed/Orchardgrass/Rye grass, perennial/ Timothy/Wheatgrass, western** – Apply 3.0 to 4.5 pints of this product per acre as a broadcast spray or as a 0.75 percent solution with hand-held equipment. Apply when target plants are actively growing and most have reached the boot-to-head stage of growth. When applied prior to the boot stage, less desirable control may be obtained. In the fall, apply before plants have turned brown.

**Lantana** – Apply this product as a 0.75 to 1 percent solution with hand-held equipment. Apply to actively growing lantana at or beyond the bloom stage of growth. Use the higher application rate for plants that have reached the woody stage of growth.

**Loosestrife, purple** – Apply 4.0 pints of this product per acre as a broadcast spray or as a 1 to 1.5 percent solution using hand-held equipment. Treat when plants are actively growing at or beyond the bloom stage of growth. Best results are achieved when application is made during summer or fall months. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost.

**Lotus, American** – Apply 4.0 pints of this product per acre as a broadcast spray or as a 0.75 percent solution with hand-held equipment. Treat when plants are actively growing at or beyond the bloom stage of growth. Best results are achieved when application is made during summer or fall months. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost. Repeat treatment may be necessary to control regrowth from underground parts and seeds.

**Maidencane/Paragrass** – Apply 6.0 pints of this product per acre as a broadcast spray or as a 0.75 percent solution with hand-held equipment. Repeat treatments will be required, especially to vegetation partially submerged in water. Under these conditions, allow for regrowth to the 7 to 10-leaf stage prior to retreatment.
Spring applications may require retreatment. Best results are obtained from mid-summer through winter applications. In other areas of the U.S., apply 4.0 to 6.0 pints per acre as a broadcast spray or apply a 0.75 percent solution with hand-held equipment for partial control. For best results, treat during late summer or fall months when plants are actively growing and in full bloom. Due to the dense nature of the vegetation, which may prevent good spray coverage and uneven stages of growth, repeat treatments may be necessary to maintain control. Visual control symptoms will be slow to develop.

**Nutsedge: purple, yellow** – Apply 4.5 pints of this product per acre as a broadcast spray or a 0.75 percent solution with hand-held equipment to control existing nutsedge plants and immature nutlets attached to treated plants. Apply when target plants are in flower or when new nutlets can be found at rhizome tips. Nutlets which have not germinated will not be controlled and may germinate following treatment. Repeat treatments will be required for long-term control.

**Pampasgrass** – Apply a 1.5 percent solution of this product with hand-held equipment when plants are actively growing.

**Phragmites** – For partial control of phragmites in Florida and the counties of other states bordering the Gulf of Mexico, apply 7.5 pints per acre as a broadcast spray or apply a 1.5 percent solution with hand-held equipment. In other areas of the U.S., apply 4.0 to 6.0 pints per acre as a broadcast spray or apply a 0.75 percent solution with hand-held equipment for partial control. For best results, treat during late summer or fall months when plants are actively growing and in full bloom. Due to the dense nature of the vegetation, which may prevent good spray coverage and uneven stages of growth, repeat treatments may be necessary to maintain control. Visual control symptoms will be slow to develop.

**Quackgrass/Kikuyugrass/Muhly, wirestem** – Apply 3.0 to 4.5 pints of this product per acre as a broadcast spray or as a 0.75 percent solution with hand-held equipment when most quackgrass or wirestem muhly is at least 8 inches in height (3 to 4-leaf stage of growth) and actively growing. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage. Reed, giant/ice plant – For control of giant reed and ice plant, apply a 1.5 percent solution of this product with handheld equipment when plants are actively growing. For giant reed, best results are obtained when applications are made in late summer or fall. Spatterdock – Apply 6.0 pints of this product per acre as a broadcast spray or as a 0.75 percent solution with hand-held equipment when plants are actively growing. For best results, apply during the summer or fall months.

**Sweet potato, wild** – Apply this product as a 1.5 percent solution using hand-held equipment. Apply to actively growing weeds that are at or beyond the bloom stage of growth. Repeat applications will be required. Allow the plant to reach the recommended stage of growth before retreatment.

**Thistle: Canada, artichoke** – Apply 3.0 to 4.5 pints of this product per acre as a broadcast spray or as a 1.5 percent solution with hand-held equipment for Canada thistle. To control artichoke thistle, apply a 2 percent solution as a spray-to-wet application. Apply when target plants are actively growing and at or beyond the bud stage of growth.

**Torpedograss** – Apply 6.0 to 7.5 pints of this product per acre as a broadcast spray or as a 0.75 to 1.5 percent solution with hand-held equipment to provide partial control of torpedograss. Use the lower rates under terrestrial conditions, and the higher rates under partially submerged or a floating mat condition. Repeat treatments will be required to maintain such control.

**Tules, common** – Apply this product as a 1.5 percent solution with hand-held equipment. Apply to actively growing plants at or beyond the seedhead stage of growth. After application, visual symptoms will be slow to appear and may not occur for 3 or more weeks.

**Water hyacinth** – Apply 5.0 to 6.0 pints of this product per acre as a broadcast spray or apply a 0.75 to 1 percent solution with hand-held equipment. Apply when target plants are actively growing and at or beyond the early bloom stage of growth. After application, visual symptoms may require 3 or more weeks to appear with complete necrosis and decomposition usually occurring within 60 to 90 days. Use the higher rates when more rapid visual effects are desired.

**Waterlettuce** – For control, apply a 0.75 to 1 percent solution of this product with hand-held equipment to actively growing plants. Use higher rates where infestations are heavy. Best results are obtained from mid-summer through winter applications. Spring applications may require retreatment.

**Waterprimrose** – Apply this product as a 0.75 percent solution using hand-held equipment. Apply to plants that are actively growing at or beyond the bloom stage of growth, but before fall color changes occur. Thorough coverage is necessary for best control. Other perennials listed on this label – Apply 4.5 to 7.5 pints of this product per acre as a broadcast spray or as a 0.75 to 1.5 percent solution with hand-held equipment. Apply when target plants are actively growing and most have reached early head or early bud stage of growth.

### 7.3 Woody Brush and Trees

When applied as directed under the conditions described, this product plus surfactant CONTROLS or PARTIALLY CONTROLS the following woody brush plants and trees:

- **Alder**
  - *Alnus spp.*
- **Ash**
  - *Fraxinus spp.*
- **Aspen, quaking**
  - *Populus tremuloides*
- **Beardtongue**
  - *Boraginaceae*
- **Birch**
  - *Betula spp.*
- **Blackberry**
  - *Rubus spp.*
- **Broom**
  - *French*
  - *Cytisus monspessulanus*
- **Cherry**
  - *Bitter*
  - *Prunus emarginata*
  - *Black*
  - *Prunus serotina*
  - *Pin*
  - *Prunus pensylvanica*
- **Coyote brush**
  - *Baccharis pilularis*
- **Creeping, Virginia**
  - *Parthenocissus quinquefolia*
- **Dogwood**
  - *Cornus spp.*
- **Elderberry**
  - *Sambucus spp.*
- **Elm**
  - *Ulmus spp.*
- **Eucalyptus**
  - *Eucalyptus globules*
- **Hasardia**
  - *Haplopappus squamosus*
- **Hawthorn**
  - *Crataegus spp.*
- **Holly**
  - *Florida; Brazilian Peppertree*
  - *Schinus terebinthifolius*
- **Hickory**
  - *Carya spp.*
- **Monkey Flower**
  - *Mimulus guttatus*
- **Maple**
  - *Red*
  - *Acer rubrum*
  - *Sugar*
  - *Acer saccharum*
  - *Vine*
  - *Acer circinatum*
- **Oak**
  - *Black*
  - *Quercus velutina*
  - *Northern pine*
  - *Quercus palustris*
  - *Post*
  - *Quercus stellata*
  - *Red*
  - *Quercus rubra*
  - *Southern red*
  - *Quercus falcata*
  - *White*
  - *Quercus alba*
- **Persimmon**
  - *Diospyros spp.*
- **Poison Ivy**
  - *Rhus radicans*
- **Poison Oak**
  - *Rhus toxicodendron*
- **Poplar, yellow**
  - *Liriodendron tulipifera*
- **Prunus**
  - *Spp.*
Apply the directed rate of this product plus 2.0 or more quarts of a nonionic surfactant per 100 gallons of spray solution when plants are actively growing and, unless otherwise directed, after full-leaf expansion. Use the higher rate for larger plants and/or dense areas of growth. On vines, use the higher rate for plants that have reached the woody stage of growth. Best results are obtained when application is made in late summer or fall after fruit formation.

In arid areas, best results are obtained when application is made in the spring or early summer when brush species are at high moisture content and are flowering. Ensure thorough coverage when using hand-held equipment. Symptoms may not appear prior to frost or senescence with fall treatment.

Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage, mowing or removal. Repeat treatments may be necessary to control plants regenerating from underground parts or seed. Some autumn colors on undesirable deciduous species are acceptable provided no major leaf drop has occurred. Reduced performance may result if fall treatments are made following a frost.

See the Use Directions and Mixing and Application Instructions sections in this label for labeled use and specific application instructions.

Applied as a 5 to 8 percent solution as a directed application as described in the “Hand-Held and High-Volume Equipment” section, this product will control or partially control all species listed in this section of this label. Use the higher rate of application for dense stands and larger woody brush and trees.

Apply the product as follows to control or partially control the following woody brush and trees.

**Alder/Blackberry/Dewberry/Honeysuckle/Oak, Post/Raspberry** – For control, apply 4.5 to 6.0 pints per acre as a broadcast spray or as a 0.75 to 1.25 percent solution with hand-held equipment.

**Aspen, Quaking/Hawthorn/Trumpet creeper** – For control, apply 3.0 to 4.25 pints of this product per acre as a broadcast spray or as a 0.75 to 1.25 percent solution with hand-held equipment.

**Birch/Elderberry/Hazel/Salmonberry/Thimbleberry** – For control, apply 3.0 pints per acre of this product as a broadcast spray or as a 0.75 percent solution with hand-held equipment.

**Broom: French, Scotch** – For control, apply a 1.25 to 1.5 percent solution with hand-held equipment.

**Buckwheat, California/Hasardia/Monkey Flower/Tobacco, Tree** – For partial control of these species, apply a 0.75 to 1.5 percent solution of this product as a foliar spray with hand-held equipment. Thorough coverage of foliage is necessary for best results.

**Catsclaw** – For partial control, apply a 1.25 to 1.5 percent solution with hand-held equipment when at least 50 percent of the new leaves are fully developed.

**Cherry: Bitter, Black, Pin/Oak, Southern Red/Sweet Gum/Prunus** – For control, apply 3.0 to 7.5 pints of this product per acre as a broadcast spray or as a 1.0 to 1.5 percent solution with hand-held equipment.

**Coyote brush** – For control, apply a 1.25 to 1.5 percent solution with hand-held equipment when at least 50 percent of the new leaves are fully developed.

**Dogwood/Hickory/Salt cedar** – For partial control, apply a 1 to 2 percent solution of this product with hand-held equipment or 6.0 to 7.5 pints per acre as a broadcast spray.

**Eucalyptus, blue gum** – For control of eucalyptus resprouts, apply a 1.5 percent solution of this product with handheld equipment when resprouts are 6 to 12-feet tall. Ensure complete coverage. Apply when plants are actively growing. Avoid application to drought-stressed plants.

**Holly, Florida (Brazilian peppertree (*Schinus terebinthifolius*))** – For partial control, apply this product as a 1.5 percent solution with hand-held equipment.

Alternatively, when applied as directed, this product with QuikSorb™ Penetrant will control or partially control Brazilian peppertree in areas such as dry drainage ditches and canals, wildlife habitat restoration and management areas, roadsides, railroads, fence rows, and similar non-crop areas.

Do not apply to Brazilian peppertree growing in water. Treat Brazilian peppertree with a directed spot treatment using hand held equipment such as a backpack sprayer. Use flat fan, cone, or similar nozzles that will provide effective spray coverage of target vegetation. Do not use aerial, boom-type or other broadcast spray equipment. These applications are more effective on small brush less than 15 feet in height or 3-inch stem diameter.

**Basal and Selective Stem Application:**

Apply a solution consisting of 25% v/v of this product and 75% v/v of QuikSorb™ penetrant. Completely cover the lower 18 to 24 inches of the brush stems or trunks. For larger stems over 3 inches in diameter, treat up to 48 inches or higher from the ground level. For better control of large trees, apply spray solution directly to upper foliage of plant canopy. Make spray coverage uniform, covering at least 40 to 60 percent of the upper foliage and stems. Application is best when made to young, actively growing stems, branches and foliage. Spray-to-wet but not to the point of run-off.
Read and carefully observe the label claims, cautionary statements, and all information on the labels of all products used in this tank mixture.

Kudzu – For control, apply 6.0 pints of this product per acre as a broadcast spray or as a 1.5 percent solution with hand-held equipment. Repeat applications will be required to maintain control.

Maple, Red – For control, apply as a 0.75 to 1.25 percent solution with hand-held equipment when leaves are fully developed. For partial control, apply 2.0 to 7.5 pints of this product per acre as a broadcast spray.

Maple, Sugar/Oak: Northern Pin, Red – For control, apply as a 0.75 to 1.25 percent solution with hand-held equipment when at least 50 percent of the new leaves are fully developed.

Poison Ivy/Poison Oak – For control, apply 6.0 to 7.5 pints of this product per acre as a broadcast spray or as a 1.5 percent solution with hand-held equipment. Repeat applications may be required to maintain control. Fall treatments must be applied before leaves lose green color.

Rose, multiflora – For control, apply 3.0 pints of this product per acre as a broadcast spray or as a 0.75 percent solution of this product as a foliar spray with hand-held equipment. Thorough coverage of foliage is necessary for best results.

Sage, black/Sagebrush, California/Chamise/Tallowtree, Chinese – For control of these species apply as a 0.75 percent solution of this product as a foliar spray with hand-held equipment. Thorough coverage of foliage is necessary for best results.

Saltbush, Sea myrtle – For control, apply this product as a 1 percent solution with hand-held equipment. Waxmyrtle, southern – For partial control, apply this product as a 1.5 percent solution with hand-held equipment.

Willow – For control, apply 4.5 pints of this product per acre as a broadcast spray or as a 0.75 percent solution with hand-held equipment.

Other woody brush and trees listed in this label – For partial control, apply 3.0 to 7.5 pints of this product per acre as a broadcast spray or as a 0.75 to 1.5 percent solution with hand-held equipment.

8.0 AQUATIC AND OTHER NONCROP SITES

When applied as directed and under the conditions described in the Weeds Controlled section in this label, this product will control or partially control the labeled weeds growing in the following industrial, recreational and public areas or other similar aquatic and terrestrial sites.

RESTRICTION: When applying this product directly to water the use of surfactants must only be used if the surfactant is known to be non-toxic to aquatic species.

Aquatic Sites - This product may be applied to emerged weeds in all bodies of fresh and brackish water which may be flowing, nonflowing or transient. This includes lakes, rivers, streams, ponds, estuaries, seeps, irrigation and drainage ditches, canals, reservoirs, wastewater treatment facilities, wildlife habitat restoration and management areas.

If aquatic sites are present in the noncrop area and are part of the intended treatment, read and observe the following directions:

- This product does not control plants which are completely submerged or have a majority of their foliage under water.
- There is no restriction on the use of treated water for irrigation, recreation or domestic purposes.
- Consult local state fish and game agency and water control authorities before applying this product to public water. Permits may be required to treat such water.
- For treatments after drawdown of water or in dry ditches, allow 7 or more days after treatment before reintroduction of water to achieve maximum weed control. Apply this product within 1 day after drawdown to ensure application to actively growing weeds.

- Floating mats of vegetation may require retreatment. Avoid wash-off of sprayed foliage by spray boat or recreational boat backwash or by rainfall within 6 hours of application. Do not re-treat within 24 hours following the initial treatment.
- Applications made to moving bodies of water must be made while traveling upstream to prevent concentration of this herbicide in water. When making any bankside applications, do not overlap more than 1 foot into open water. Do not spray in bodies of water where weeds do not exist. The maximum application rate of 7.5 pints per acre must not be exceeded in any single broadcast application that is being made over water.
- When emerged infestations require treatment of the total surface area of impounded water, treating the area in strips may avoid oxygen depletion due to decaying vegetation. Oxygen depletion may result in fish kill.

RESTRICTIONS:

- Do not apply this product directly to water within ½ mile up-stream of an active potable water intake in flowing water (i.e., river stream, etc.) or within ½ mile of an active potable water intake in a standing body of water such as lake, pond or reservoir.
- To make aquatic applications around and within ½ mile of active potable water intakes, the water intake must be turned off for a minimum period of 48 hours after application.
- The water intake may be turned on prior to 48 hours if the glyphosate level in the intake water is below 0.7 parts per million as determined by laboratory analysis.
- These aquatic applications may be made ONLY in those cases where there are alternative water sources or holding ponds which would permit the turning off of an active potable water intake for a minimum period of 48 hours after the applications. This restriction does not apply to intermittent inadvertent overspray of water in terrestrial use sites.

OTHER NONCROP TYPE SITES

This product may be used to control the listed weeds in terrestrial noncrop sites and/or in aquatic sites within these areas.


TANK MIXTURES

NOTE: Read and carefully observe the label directions, cautionary statements and all information on the labels of products used in these tank mixtures before proceeding with these directions.

It is the pesticide user’s responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

When used in combination as directed by Loveland Products, Inc. to the extent consistent with applicable law, the liability of Loveland Products, Inc., shall in no manner extend to any damage, loss or injury not directly caused by the inclusion of the Loveland Products, Inc. product in such combination use.

This product plus GARLON® 4

For burndown and partial control or suppression of woody brush and weeds in industrial sites:

When applied as directed for “Noncrop Uses” under the conditions described, this product, and an approved surfactant plus Garlon® 4, provides burndown and partial control or suppression of woody brush and vegetation labeled for this product. This tank mixture is recommended for use on rights-of-way (utility, railroad, highway, pipeline), fencerows, roadsides, nonirrigation ditchbanks, wasteland and industrial sites. It is the pesticide user’s responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Hand-Held and High-Volume Applications:

Use 3.0 to 6.0 pints of this product and 2.0 or more quarts of an approved surfactant, plus the labeled rate of Garlon 4 per 100 gallons of spray solution and apply to foliage
of actively growing woody brush and weeds. Make applications on a spray to wet basis. Assure that spray coverage is uniform and complete. Do not spray to point of runoff.

Broadcast Applications with Ground Equipment:
Use 3.0 to 6.0 pints of this product plus the labeled rate of Garlon 4 in sufficient water and make 20.0 to 100 gallons of total spray per acre. Use 2.0 to 4.0 quarts of an approved surfactant per 100 gallons of spray solution with this product.

Aerial Application (Helicopter Only):
Use 3.0 to 6.0 pints of this product plus surfactant plus the labeled rate of Garlon 4 and apply in a total spray volume of 10.0 to 20.0 gallons per acre. Apply aerial sprays using suitable drift control. Use 2.0 to 4.0 quarts of an approved surfactant per 100 gallons of spray solution with this product.

Apply when plants are actively growing and after full leaf expansion of woody brush. Use the higher rates of these products where vegetation is heavy or dense, or where hard-to-control brush species are prevalent. Repeat applications may be necessary to maintain control and to suppress areas where canopying of vegetation prevents good spray coverage and penetrations.

Drift control additives may be used. When a drift control additive is used, read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the additive label.

This product plus ARSENAL® 2 WSL
When applied as directed, this tank mixture will control or partially control labeled woody brush, trees and herbaceous weeds in noncrop areas. In addition to the weeds listed on this label, this tank mixture will control arrowweed, salt cedar and yaupon. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Hand-Held and High-Volume Applications:
Use 6.0 to 12.0 pints of this product plus the labeled rate of Arsenal 2 WSL per 100 gallons of spray solution. Add 2.0 to 4.0 quarts of nonionic surfactant per 100 gallons of spray solution.

Apply to foliage of actively growing vegetation. Make applications on a spray-to-wet basis. Assure that spray coverage is uniform and complete. Do not spray to the point of runoff.

Broadcast Applications with Ground Equipment:
Use 3.0 to 7.5 pints of this product plus the labeled rate of Arsenal 2 WSL in sufficient water to apply in a total spray volume of 10.0 to 20.0 gallons per acre. Add 2.0 to 4.0 quarts of nonionic surfactant per 100 gallons of spray solution. Apply to foliage of actively growing vegetation.

Apply to woody brush and trees after full leaf expansion until initiation of fall color. Avoid direct applications to any body of water.

RESTRICTION:
• Do not apply on ditches used to transport irrigation water.

This product plus 2,4-D AMINE
When applied as a tank mixture, this product will control the annual weeds listed in this label booklet. This tank mixture will control or partially control the listed perennial weeds, woody brush and trees. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Use 1.5 to 2.5 pints of this product plus the labeled rate of 2,4-D amine (labeled for aquatic sites) for control of annual weeds.

Use 3.0 to 7.5 pints of this product plus the labeled rate of 2,4-D amine (labeled for aquatic sites) for control or partial control of perennial weeds, woody brush and trees. The tank mixture may be used on Alligatorweed, Smartweed, Waterprimrose, Waxmyrtle and other labeled weeds.

When using this product, mix 2.0 or more quarts of a nonionic surfactant per 100 gallons of spray solution.

Always read and follow the surfactant manufacturer's label directions.

Always predetermine the compatibility of the tank mixtures of this herbicide and 2,4-D amine by mixing small proportional quantities in advance.

Mix in the following sequence: Fill sprayer tank one-half full with water, add this product, then 2,4-D amine and finally surfactant. Fill sprayer tank to final volume with water.

RESTRICTIONS:
• Do not mix this product amine concentrates without water carrier.
• Do not mix this product and 2,4-D amine in bypass injector-type spray equipment.

9.0 WETLAND SITES
This product may be used in and around water (aquatic areas) and wetlands found in forestry and in power, telephone and pipeline rights-of-way sites, including where these sites are adjacent to or surrounding domestic water supply reservoirs, supply streams, lakes and ponds. Read and observe the following before making applications in and around water.

Consult local public water control authorities before applying this product in and around public water. Permits may be required to treat in such areas.

There is no restriction on the use of treated water for irrigation, recreation or domestic purposes.

RESTRICTIONS:
• Do not apply this product directly to water within ½ mile up-stream of an active potable water intake in flowing water (i.e., river, stream, etc.) or within ½ mile of an active potable water intake in a standing body of water such as lake, pond or reservoir. To make aquatic applications around and within ½ mile of active potable water intakes, the water intake must be turned off for a minimum period of 48 hours after the application. These aquatic applications may be made ONLY in those cases where there are alternative water sources or holding ponds which would permit the turning off of an active potable water intake for a minimum period of 48 hours after the applications. This restriction does not apply to intermittent inadvertent overspray of water in terrestrial use sites.
• Do not spray open bodies of water where woody brush, trees and herbaceous weeds do not exist.
• The maximum application rate of 3.75 quarts per acre must not be exceeded in a single over-water broadcast application except as follows, where any labeled rate may be applied:
  • Stream crossings in utility rights-of-way.
  • Where applications will result in less than 20 percent of the total water area being treated.

10.0 WILDLIFE HABITAT RESTORATION AND MANAGEMENT AREAS
This product can be used for the restoration and/or maintenance of native habitat and in wildlife management areas.

Habitat Restoration and Maintenance - When applied as directed, exotic and other undesirable vegetation may be controlled in habitat management areas. Applications may be made to allow recovery of native plant species, to open up water to attract waterfowl, and for similar broad-spectrum vegetation control requirements in habitat management areas. Spot treatments may be made to selectively remove unwanted plants for habitat enhancement. For spot treatments, take precautions to keep spray off of desirable plants.
Wildlife Food Plots - This product may be used as a site preparation treatment prior to planting wildlife food plots. Apply as directed to control vegetation in the plot area. Any wildlife food species may be planted after applying this product, or native species may be allowed to reestablish the area. If tillage is needed to prepare a seedbed, wait 7 days after applying this product before tilling to allow for maximum effectiveness.

**11.0 WIPER APPLICATIONS**

For wick or wiper applications, mix 1.0 gallon of this product with 2.0 gallons of clean water to make a 33 percent solution. Include a nonionic surfactant at a rate of 10 percent by volume of total herbicide solution.

Wiper applications can be used to control or suppress annual and perennial weeds listed on this label. In heavy weed stands, a double application in opposite directions may improve results. See the “Weeds Controlled” section in this label for timing, growth stage and other instructions for achieving optimum results.

Brome grass (smooth), Canary grass (reed), Dock (curly), Mullein (common), Quackgrass and Canada thistle. This product may be applied through a wiper applicator after dilution with water and thorough mixing to these weeds growing in or along aquatic sites.

Wiper applicators, including wick devices, apply the herbicide solution by rubbing the weed with an absorbent material containing the herbicide solution.

Contact of the herbicide solution with desirable vegetation may result in damage or destruction. Adjust applicators being used above desired vegetation so that the lowest wiper contact point is at least two (2) inches above this vegetation. Make applications above desirable vegetation when the weeds are a minimum of six (6) inches above this desirable vegetation.

Best results may be attained when more of the weed is exposed to the herbicide solution. Weeds not contacted (wiped) with the herbicide solution will not be affected. This may occur in dense clumps, severe infestations, or when the height of the weed varies so that not all weeds are contacted.

In severe infestations, reduce equipment ground speed to ensure that adequate amounts of this herbicide solution are wiped onto the weeds. When wiping moderate weed infestations, use a flow rate of 3.0 to 4.0 quarts of herbicide solution per mile of canal (wiping 4 foot band). For best results, do not allow wiper applicator to contact water.

**Note:**
- Maintain wiper equipment in good operating condition.
- Adjust height of wiper applicator to ensure adequate contact with weeds.
- Keep wiping surfaces clean.
- Keep wiper material at proper degree of saturation with herbicide solution.
- DO NOT use wiper equipment when weeds are wet or under conditions where wave action or other water immersions will wash the solution off the weed.
- DO NOT operate equipment at ground speeds of greater than 5 MPH. As weed density increases, reduce equipment ground speed to ensure good coverage of weeds.
- Be aware that on sloping ground, the herbicide solution may migrate, causing dripping on the lower end and drying on the upper end of the wiper applicator.
- Variation in equipment design may affect weed control. With wiper applicators, the wiping material and its orientation must allow delivery of sufficient quantities of the herbicide solution directly to the weeds.
- Mix only the amount of solution to be used during a one day period as reduced activity may result from use of leftover solutions.

**Mixing Instructions:**
Mix 2.5 gallons of this product with 7.5 gallons of water to prepare a 25 percent solution. Add 1.0 quart of an approved surfactant per 10.0 gallons of herbicide solution (2.5 percent surfactant by total volume). Apply this solution to weeds listed above.

**12.0 INJECTION AND FRILL APPLICATIONS**

Woody vegetation may be controlled by injection or frill application of this product. Apply this product using suitable equipment which must penetrate into living tissue. Apply the equivalent of 1.0 mL of this product per 2 to 3 inches of trunk diameter. This is best achieved by applying 25 to 100 percent concentration of this product either to a continuous frill around the tree or as cuts evenly spaced around the tree below all branches. As tree diameter increases in size, better results are achieved by applying dilute material to a continuous frill or more closely spaced cuttings. Avoid application techniques that allow runoff to occur from frill or cut areas in species that exude sap freely after frills or cutting. In species such as these, make frill or cut at an oblique angle so as to produce a cupping effect and use undiluted material. For best results, make applications during periods of active growth and full leaf expansion.

This treatment WILL CONTROL the following woody species:
- Oak
- Quercus spp.
- Poplar
- Populus spp.
- Sweet gum
- Liquidambar styraciflua
- Sycamore
- Platanus occidentalis

This treatment WILL SUPPRESS the following woody species:
- Black gum*
- Nyssa sylvatica
- Dogwood
- Cornus spp.
- Hickory
- Carya spp.
- Maple, red
- Acer rubrum
*This product is not approved for this use on these species in the state of California.

**13.0 COOL SEASON TURF GROWTH REGULATION**

When applied as directed, this product will suppress growth and seedhead development of listed turf species in industrial sites.

This product is for management of coarse turf on roadside rights-of-way or other industrial areas. Do not use on high-quality turf (e.g. grass grown for seed or sod, home and ornamental lawns) or other areas where some turf color changes cannot be tolerated. Slight turf discoloration may occur but turf will regreen and regrow under moist conditions as effects of this product wear off.

Apply 3.0 to 5.0 fluid ounces of this product per acre alone or as directed for a tank mixture, at spray volumes of 10.0 to 40.0 gallons per acre.

When using this product, mix 2.0 quarts of a nonionic surfactant per 100 gallons of spray solution. This product can be used for growth and seedhead suppression of:
- Tall Fescue, Smooth Brome

For best results, apply this product in a tank mixture to actively growing turfgrasses after greenup in the spring of the year. For suppression of seedheads, applications must be made before boot-to-seedhead stage of development. Applications made from seedhead emergence until maturity may result in turf discoloration or injury.

After mowing or removal of seedheads, this product in a tank mixture may also be used to suppress the growth of certain turfgrasses. Allow turf to recover from stress caused by heat, drought or mowing before making applications. Applications made to turf under stress may increase the potential for discoloration or injury.

**ANNUAL GRASSES**

For growth suppression of some annual grasses such as annual ryegrass, wild barley and wild oats, apply 3.0 to 4.0 ounces of this product in 10.0 to 40.0 gallons of spray solution per acre. Make applications when annual grasses are actively growing and before the seedheads are in the boot stage of development. Treatments made after seedhead emergence may cause injury to the desired grasses.
TANK MIXTURES
For the following tank mixtures, consult each product label for weeds controlled and the proper stage of application. Do not treat turf under stress. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Tank Mixtures plus 2,4-D Amine
For additional weed control benefits, the labeled rate of 2,4-D amine may be added to the following tank mixtures.

TALL FESCUE
This product plus Telar®
For suppression of tall fescue growth and seedheads, and control or partial control of some annual weeds, apply this tank mixture after greenup and prior to boot-to-seedhead stage of development. Use up to 0.5 ounce of Telar® per acre.

This tank mixture can also be applied after mowing or removal of tall fescue seedheads for turf growth suppression and control or partial control of some annual weeds. Make only one of the above applications per growing season.

This product plus Oust®
For suppression of tall fescue growth and seedheads, and control or partial control of some annual weeds, apply this tank mixture after greenup and prior to boot-to-seedhead stage of development. Use the labeled rate of Oust®.

This product plus Escort®
This tank mixture can be applied after mowing or removal of tall fescue seedheads for turf growth suppression and control or partial control of some annual weeds. Use the labeled rate of Escort®.

SMOOTH BROME
This product plus Oust®
For suppression of smooth brome growth and seedheads and control or partial control of some annual weeds, apply this tank mixture after greenup and prior to boot-to-seedhead stage of development. Use the labeled rate of Oust®.

14.0 RELEASE OF BERMUDAGRASS OR BAHIA GRASS ON NONCROP SITES

RELEASE OF DORMANT BERMUDAGRASS OR BAHIA GRASS
When applied as directed, this product will provide control or suppression of many winter annual weeds and tall fescue for effective release of dormant bermudagrass or bahiagrass. Make applications to dormant bermudagrass or bahiagrass.

For best results on winter annuals, treat when weeds are in an early growth stage (below 6 inches in height) after most have germinated. For best results on tall fescue, treat when fescue is in or beyond the 4 to 6-leaf stage.

WEEDS CONTROLLED
Rate specifications for control or suppression of winter annuals and tall fescue are listed below.

Apply the specified rates of this product in 10.0 to 25.0 gallons of water per acre plus 2.0 quarts nonionic surfactant per 100 gallons of total spray volume.

WEEDS CONTROLLED OR SUPPRESSED

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<tr>
<th>WEED SPECIES</th>
<th>6.0</th>
<th>9.0</th>
<th>12.0</th>
<th>18.0</th>
<th>24.0</th>
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<tr>
<td>Barley, little Hordeum pusillum</td>
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*These rates apply only to sites where an established competitive turf is present.

RELEASE OF ACTIVELY GROWING BERMUDAGRASS
Use only on sites where Bahiagrass or Bermudagrass are desired for ground cover and some temporary injury or yellowing of the grasses can be tolerated.

When applied as directed, this product will aid in the release of Bermudagrass by providing control of annual species listed in the “Weeds Controlled” section in this label, and suppression or partial control of certain perennial weeds.

For control or suppression of those annual species listed in this label, use 0.75 to 2.25 pints of this product as a broadcast spray in 10.0 to 25.0 gallons of spray solution per acre, plus 2.0 quarts of a nonionic surfactant per 100 gallons of total spray volume. Use the lower rate when treating annual weeds below 6 inches in height (or length of runner in annual vines). Use the higher rate as size of plants increases or as they approach flower or seedhead formation.

Use the higher rate for partial control or longer-term suppression of the following perennial species. Use lower rates for shorter-term suppression of growth.

Bahiagrass, Dallisgrass, Fescue (tall), Johnsongrass**, Trumpet creeper*, Vaseygrass

* Suppression at the higher rate only.
** Johnsongrass is controlled at the higher rate.

Use only on well-established Bermudagrass. Bermudagrass injury may result from the treatment but regrowth will occur under moist conditions. Do not repeat applications in the same season, since severe injury may result.
15.0 BAHIAGRASS SEEDHEAD AND VEGETATIVE SUPPRESSION

When applied as directed in the "Noncrop Sites" section in this label, this product will provide significant inhibition of seedhead emergence and will suppress vegetative growth for a period of approximately 45 days with single applications and approximately 120 days with sequential applications.

Apply this product 1 to 2 weeks after full green-up of Bahiagrass or after the Bahiagrass has been mowed to a uniform height of 3 to 4 inches. Applications must be made prior to seedhead emergence. Apply 5.0 fluid ounces per acre of this product, plus 2.0 quarts of an approved nonionic surfactant per 100 gallons of total spray volume in 10.0 to 25.0 gallons of water per acre.

Sequential applications of this product plus nonionic surfactant may be made at approximately 45-day intervals to extend the period of seedhead and vegetative growth suppression. For continued vegetative growth suppression, sequential applications must be made prior to seedhead emergence.

Apply no more than 2 sequential applications per year. As a first sequential application, apply 3.0 fluid ounces of this product per acre plus nonionic surfactant. A second sequential application of 2.0 to 3.0 fluid ounces per acre plus nonionic surfactant may be made approximately 45 days after the last application.

ANNUAL GRASS GROWTH SUPPRESSION

For growth suppression of some annual grasses, such as annual ryegrass, wild barley and wild oats growing in coarse turf on roadsides or other industrial areas, apply 3.0 to 4.0 ounces of this product in 10.0 to 40.0 gallons of spray solution per acre. Mix 2.0 quarts of a nonionic surfactant per 100 gallons of spray solution. Make applications when annual grasses are actively growing and before the seedheads are in the boot stage of development. Treatments made after seedhead emergence may cause injury to the desired grasses.

16.0 STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, feed or seed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store above 10 °F (-12 °C) to keep product from crystallizing. Crystals will settle to the bottom. If allowed to crystallize, place in a warm room 68 °F (20 °C) for several days to redissolve and roll or shake container or recirculate in mini-bulk or bulk container to mix well before using.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product that cannot be used or chemically reprocessed must be disposed of in a landfill approved for pesticide disposal or in accordance with applicable federal, state, or local procedures. Emptied container retains vapor and product residue. Observe all labeled safeguards until container is cleansed, reconditioned, or destroyed.

CONTAINER HANDLING: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse this container to hold materials other than pesticides or dilute pesticides (rinseate). After emptying and cleaning, it may be allowable to temporarily hold rinseate or other pesticide-related materials in the container. Contact your state regulatory agency to determine allowable practices in your state. Once cleaned, some agricultural plastic pesticide containers can be taken to a container collection site or picked up for recycling. To find the nearest site, contact your chemical dealer or manufacturer, or contact The Agricultural Container Recycling Council (ACRC) at www.acrecycle.org. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

For packages up to and equal to 5 gallons: Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinseate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinseate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinseate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

For packages greater than 5 gallons and less than 56 gallons: Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinseate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinseate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

For packages greater than 56 gallons: To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinseate into application equipment or rinseate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

For refillable containers: Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinseate into application equipment or rinseate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

For help with any spill, leak, fire or exposure involving this material, call day or night CHEMTREC - 1-800-424-9300.

17.0 CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

BEFORE BUYING OR USING THIS PRODUCT, read the entire Directions for Use and the following Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability. By buying or using this product, the buyer or user accepts the following Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability, which no employee or agent of LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC. or the seller is authorized to vary in any way.

Follow the Directions for Use of this product carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop or other plant injury, ineffectiveness, or other unintended consequences may result from such risks as weather or crop conditions, mixture with other chemicals not specifically identified in this product’s label, or use of this product contrary to the label instructions, all of which are beyond the control of LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC. and the seller. The buyer or user of this product assumes all such inherent risks.

Subject to the foregoing inherent risks, LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC. warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use when the product is used in strict accordance with such Directions for Use under normal conditions of use. EXCEPT AS WARRANTED IN THIS LABEL AND TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THIS PRODUCT IS SOLD “AS IS,” AND LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC. MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR ELIGIBILITY OF THIS PRODUCT FOR ANY PARTICULAR TRADE USAGE. IN THE UNLIKELY EVENT THAT BUYER OR USER BELIEVES THAT LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC. HAS BREACHED A WARRANTY CONTAINED IN THIS LABEL AND TO THE EXTENT REQUIRED BY APPLICABLE LAW, BUYER OR USER MUST SEND WRITTEN NOTICE OF ITS CLAIM TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESS: LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC., ATTENTION: LAW DEPARTMENT, P.O. BOX 1286, GREELEY, CO 80632-1286.

TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE BUYER’S OR USER’S EXCLUSIVE REMEDY FOR ANY INJURY, LOSS, OR DAMAGE RESULTING FROM THE HANDLING OR USE OF THIS PRODUCT, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO CLAIMS OF BREACH OF WARRANTY OR CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY, OR OTHER TORTS, SHALL BE LIMITED TO ONE OF THE FOLLOWING, AT THE ELECTION
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