Galigan® H₂O HERBICIDE

ACTIVE INGREDIENT: % BY WT.
Oxyfluorfen: 2-chloro-1-(3-ethoxy-4-nitrophenoxy)-4-(trifluoromethyl) benzene* .......................... 41.0%
INERT INGREDIENTS: .......................................................... 59.0%
TOTAL ........................................................................ 100.0%

Contains 4 pounds active ingredient per gallon.

EPA Reg. No. 66222-140

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
CAUTION

FIRST AID

IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:
• Take off contaminated clothing.
• Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF IN EYES:
• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.
• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.
• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF SWALLOWED:
• Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
• Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
• Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.
• Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

IF INHALED:
• Move person to fresh air.
• If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.
• Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact Prosar at 1-877-250-9291 for 24-hour emergency medical help.

For additional precautionary, handling and use statements, see inside of this booklet.

Manufactured for:
Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc.
4515 Falls of Neuse Road
Suite 300
Raleigh, NC 27609

EPA 032207
Harmful if absorbed through skin. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, or using tobacco. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wear appropriate protective equipment as specified in the PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE) section below.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)
Some materials that are chemical resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category 4 on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.

Mixers, loaders, and applicators using engineering controls (see engineering controls requirement below) must wear:
• Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
• Chemical-resistant gloves when mixing and loading
• Chemical-resistant apron when mixing and loading

All other mixers, loaders, applicators, and other handlers must wear:
• Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants
• Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate or Viton ≥ 14 mils
• Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
• Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure
• Chemical-resistant apron when exposed to the concentrate

Follow manufacturer’s instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product’s concentrate. Do not reuse them.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS
Mixers and loaders supporting aerial applications to fallow land or ground applications to corn, cotton, or soybeans must use a closed system that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR 170.240(d)(4)), and must:
• Wear the personal protective equipment required above for mixers/loaders using engineering controls,
• Wear protective eyewear if the system operates under pressure, and
• Be provided and have immediately available for use in an emergency, such as a broken package, spill, or equipment breakdown: coverall, and chemical-resistant footwear.

Handlers performing applications to corn must use an enclosed cab that meets the definition in the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR 170.240(d)(5)) for dermal protection. In addition, such applicators must:
• Wear the personal protective equipment required above for applicators using engineering controls,
• Be provided and have immediately available for use in an emergency when they must exit the cab in the treated area; coveralls, chemical-resistant gloves, chemical-resistant footwear, and chemical-resistant headgear, if overhead exposure,
• Take off any PPE that was worn in the treated area before reentering the cab, and
• Store all such PPE in a chemical-resistant container, such as a plastic bag, to prevent contamination of the inside of the cab.

Pilots must use an enclosed cockpit in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR 170.240(d)(6)).

When handlers use closed systems or enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)), the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS
Users should:
• Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
• Remove contaminated clothing and washing clothing before reuse.
• Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS
This product is toxic to aquatic invertebrates and wildlife. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. See DIRECTIONS FOR USE for additional restrictions. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of equipment washwaters.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE
It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your state or tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.
SPRAY DRIFT BUFFER RESTRICTIONS
A 25 ft. vegetative buffer strip must be maintained between all areas treated with this product and lakes, reservoirs, rivers, permanent streams, marshes or natural ponds, estuaries, and commercial fish ponds. Do not allow spray to drift from the application site and contact people, structures people occupy at any time and the associated property, parks and recreational areas, non-target crops, aquatic and wetland areas, woodlands, pastures, rangelands, or animals. For groundboom applications, apply with nozzle height no more than 4 feet above the ground or crop canopy and when wind speed is 10 mph or less at the application site as measured by an anemometer. Use coarse spray according to ASAE 572 definition for standard nozzles or VMD of 475 microns for spinning atomizer nozzles. The applicator also must use all other measures necessary to control drift.

CROP-SPECIFIC USE INFORMATION

ARTICHOKE (GLOBE)

PRE-TRANSPLANT (PREPLANT) APPLICATION FOR PREEMERGENCE BROADLEAF WEED CONTROL

General Information

Galigan H2O may be applied for preemergence control of listed broadleaf weeds in artichokes. Galigan H2O should be directed toward the winter retreat, leaves, or flat rows between the artichoke rows. Artichoke fronds receiving accidental spray or drift will be injured. Over-the-top applications may exhibit severe injury to the foliage and flower bud and are not recommended.

Dosage

Galigan H2O is recommended as a post-directed application at 2 to 3 pints (1 to 1.5 lb. active) per acre. Optimum control is achieved when two applications of Galigan H2O are applied. The initial application should be made to susceptible weed seedlings (up to 8-leaf stage). It is recommended that a second application be made 8 to 10 weeks later. Good results may be achieved when a single application of 2 pints (1.5 lb. active) of Galigan H2O is applied to susceptible weed seedlings (up to 8-leaf stage). Do not apply more than 3 pints (1.5 lb. active) of Galigan H2O per treated acre per season as a result of a single application or multiple applications. Do not apply within 5 days of harvest.

Weeds Controlled Postemergence

Cheeseweed (Malva) Oxalis (Bermuda Buttercup) Shepherds Purse

Timning and Method of Application

Treatments should be made after completion of the ditching operation. Galigan H2O should be applied in a minimum of 40 gallons of water per acre depending upon density of emerged weeds. Spray volume should be increased as weed height and density increase. Use a low-pressure sprayer equipped with flat fan nozzles. If spray equipment should be calibrated carefully for each use. Spray should be directed toward the winter retreat, leaves, or flat rows between the artichoke rows. Artichoke fronds receiving accidental spray or drift will be injured.

Artichokes (Globe) Specific Use Restrictions

In addition to the following, also observe general use restrictions listed at the beginning of this label.

- Do not apply more than 3 pints (1.5 lb. active) of Galigan H2O per treated acre per season as a result of a single application or multiple applications.
- Do not apply Galigan H2O within 5 days of harvest.
- Avoid direct spray or drift contact of Galigan H2O with artichoke flowers or buds as severe injury may result.
- Do not apply Galigan H2O to artichoke plantings within 60 days after cutting back or transplanting.

Broccoli / Cabbage / Cauliflower

Pre-Transplant (Preplant) Application for Preemergence Broadleaf Weed Control

General Information

Galigan H2O may be applied for preemergence control of listed annual broadleaf weeds. Applications must be made after completion of soil preparation but prior to transplanting of broccoli, cabbage, or cauliflower plants. Transplanting should be completed with minimal soil disturbance. Treated soil surfaces should be left undisturbed after transplanting to obtain greatest benefit of Galigan H2O on susceptible annual broadleaf weeds during the time period for which weed control is desired. However, timely cultivations after weed emergence will assist in weed control. Pre-transplant applications of Galigan H2O in broccoli, cabbage, and cauliflower may result in a temporary initial crop response (leaf cupping or crinkling). Crop response may be enhanced if crop leaves come in direct contact with treated soil. Crops rapidly outgrow this condition and develop normally. Severe crop response may result from the use of transplants that are under stress due to temperature, disease, fertilizer, nematodes, insects, pesticides, or storage conditions. The use of young (less than 5 weeks old), extremely succulent transplants grown in containers, less than 1 inch square, may increase the severity of crop injury. Hardening off, increasing the age of transplants, or increasing the size of the rooting container will lessen the possibility and/or severity of crop injury.

Dosage

Galigan H2O is recommended for use at 0.5 to 1 pint (0.25 to 0.5 lb. active) per broadcast acre. Use the lower rate in the rate range for preemergence weed control on medium to fine textured soils or soils containing greater than 1% organic matter. Use the highest rate in the rate range for preemergence weed control on medium to fine textured soils or soils containing greater than 1% organic matter. Galigan H2O will assist in early season annual grass control. However, Galigan H2O must not be a basic portion of the grass herbicide program. A planned herbicide program for preemergence or postemergence grass control is recommended. Research has shown that severe crop injury can occur if Galigan H2O is applied to a field that has had an acetanilide herbicide (Dual Magnum® Herbicide, Lasso® Herbicide, or Ramrod® Herbicide) application during the current growing season, therefore, it is not recommended.

Weeds Controlled

Carpetweed Persicaria sordida

Pigweed, redroot Pigopappus setosus

Application for Postemergence Use

General Information

Galigan H2O may be applied as a broadcast or directed spray for the postemergence suppression control of susceptible broadleaf weed species in direct-seeded or transplanted broccoli and cauliflower.

Crop Tolerance Information

Broccoli and cauliflower are tolerant to postemergence applications of Galigan H2O; however, under certain conditions, Galigan H2O can cause severe crop injury. Application to crops grown under conditions of cool, cloudy, or rainy conditions can produce leaf cupping, crinkling, stunting, or necrotic lesions. When injury occurs, it is usually limited to the treated leaves with new leaves emerging undamaged. Delay in crop development and/or maturity and yield reduction can result from these conditions. Do not use Galigan H2O on plants that are weakened or are under stress due to temperature, disease, fertilizer, soil salts, nematodes, insects, pesticides, drought, excessive moisture, flooding, or soil crusting.

Method of Application

Apply Galigan H2O as a broadcast postemergence application at the rate of 4 to 6 fl. oz. per acre (0.125 – 0.188 lb. active). Galigan H2O may also be applied as a directed application at a rate of 4 to 6 fl. oz. per acre (0.125 – 0.25 lb. active). Directed applications are those where spray mixtures are applied in such a way as to minimize contact to crop leaves, directing the spray toward the soil at the base of the crop. For direct-seeded crops, apply when the crop reaches a minimum of four true leaves. For transplanted crops, apply after a minimum of two weeks after planting. For postemergence use in broccoli and cauliflower, do not mix Galigan H2O with adjuvants (oils, surfactants), liquid fertilizer, or pesticides. Apply only with ground equipment in a spray volume of 20 gallons or more of water per acre. Increase the spray volume to ensure complete and uniform coverage as weed height and density increase. Use a low-pressure sprayer equipped with flat fan nozzles operated at the manufacturer's recommended pressure.

Weeds Controlled

Galigan H2O provides postemergence control/suppression of the following weeds when used at recommended dosages.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Common Name</th>
<th>Scientific Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Common Name</td>
<td>Scientific Name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burning nettle</td>
<td>Urtica urens</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cheeseweed (Malva)</td>
<td>Malva parviflora</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nightshade, black</td>
<td>Solanum nigrum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pigweed, redroot</td>
<td>Amanthus retroflexus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Purslane, common</td>
<td>Portulaca oleracea</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shepherds purse</td>
<td>Capsella bursa-pastoris</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sowthistle, annual</td>
<td>Sancho olearceus</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Cultural Considerations

Best weed control results when Galigan H2O is applied to young (1 – 4 leaf), actively growing weeds.
BROCCOLI, CAULIFLOWERS (CALIFORNIA ONLY)

SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS

In addition to the following, also observe GENERAL USE RESTRICTIONS listed at the beginning of this label.

• Do not apply more than 4 pints (2.0 lbs. active) to any broadcast acre. Applications to weeds beyond the 4-foot stage may result in partial control.

Do not apply preplant or preemergence to direct-seeded cacao. *Highest rate and/or multiple applications may be required for acceptable control. Do not apply more than 3 pints (1.5 lbs. active) per broadcast acre during any 12-month period as a result of multiple applications.

**EVENINGPRIMROSE, CUTLEAF PUSLEY, FLORIDA
**BALSAMAPPLE PEPPERWEED, VIRGINIA
**CUDWEED, NARROWLEAF PIGWEED, REDROOT
**MORNINGGLORY, ANNUAL SOWTHISTLE, ANNUAL
**NIGHTSHADE, AMERICAN BLACK SMARTWEED, PENNSYLVANIA
**NIGHTSHADE, BLACK SOWTHISTLE, ANNUAL

*Maximum 0.5 inch diameter.

Do not apply preplant or preemergence to direct-seeded cacao. *Highest rate and/or multiple applications may be required for acceptable control. Do not apply more than 3 pints (1.5 lbs. active) per broadcast acre during any 12-month period as a result of multiple applications.

**MORNINGGLORY, ANNUAL SOWTHISTLE, ANNUAL
**NIGHTSHADE, AMERICAN BLACK SMARTWEED, PENNSYLVANIA
**NIGHTSHADE, BLACK SOWTHISTLE, ANNUAL
**PEPPERWEED, VIRGINIA SPURGE, SPOTTED
**PIGWEED, REDROOT

*Maximum 0.5 inch diameter.
DOSEAGE
For preemergence control of susceptible grassy and broadleaf weeds in non-bearing citrus plantings, a tank mixture of Galigan H2O with Devrinol, simazine, Solicam, or Surflan can be applied. Apply at the recommended rates and growth stages to susceptible weed species in a manner described on the respective labels. For postemergence control of susceptible grassy and broadleaf weeds, a tank mixture of parquat (such as Gramoxone) or glyphosate (such as Roundup) with Galigan H2O or combinations of Galigan H2O plus Devrinol, simazine, Solicam, or Surflan can be used. Apply at the recommended rates and growth stages to susceptible weed species in a manner described on the respective labels.

WEEDS CONTROLLED
In addition to the weeds controlled by Galigan H2O used alone, control of susceptible weeds listed on the respective labels for the following products is also obtained:

- Devrinol Simazine*
- Parquat (such as Gramoxone) Solicam
- Glyphosate Surflan

**In addition, provides preemergence control of horseweed (marestail).

CRAY SAGE (NORTH CAROLINA ONLY)

GENERAL INFORMATION
Galigan H2O is a selective herbicide which can be used for the control of henbit (Lamium amplexicaule) in Cray Sage (salvia sclarea) used in the essence industry. Applications to control henbit during the winter season should be timed to start shortly after the first flush of henbit is in the 2- to 4-leaf stage. Additional applications may be required to control subsequent weed flushes through the spring season. Cray Sage may respond to the top application with some marginal leaf burn, recovery is rapid. After spraying, henbit will stop growing and slowly die.

DOSEAGE
Galigan H2O should be applied at a rate of 0.25 to 0.5 pint per acre (0.125 to 0.25 lb. active). Galigan H2O should be thoroughly mixed with clean water at recommended concentrations and applied in 20 to 50 gallons of water per acre. Apply at 20 to 40 psi.

BEARING AND NON-BEARING COFFEE (HAWAII ONLY)

GENERAL INFORMATION
Galigan H2O is effective as a preemergence herbicide when used alone for the control of certain annual broadleaf weeds in bearing and non-bearing coffee plantings. For postemergence control of certain grassy and broadleaf weeds, a tank mixture of either parquat or glyphosate with Galigan H2O can be applied to seedling weeds. Check individual product labels to determine suitability and use rates for crop.

GALIGAN H2O USED ALONE

DOSEAGE
For preemergence control of susceptible weeds, Galigan H2O is recommended at 1 to 4 pints (0.5 to 2 lbs. active) per broadcast acre as a preemergence application directed to the orchard floor beneath coffee plants or at a dosage of up to 2 pints per broadcast acre as a pre-transplant application. For directed spray applications, coffee transplants must be healthy and of suitable size for field transplanting. Avoid direct spray contact with foliage or fruiting tissues. Care must be taken to prevent direct spray contact with foliage. Coffee foliage receiving accidental spray or drift may be injured. As a preemergence or postemergence treatment to weeds, apply in a minimum of 30 gallons of water per acre. Use higher volumes to ensure adequate coverage in high densities of emerged weeds or heavy trash. Galigan H2O should be directed to the soil and the base of the plant. Use of a low-pressure sprayer equipped with a breakup boom and flat fan or off-center (DC) nozzles is recommended. Spray equipment should be calibrated carefully before each use.

TANK MIXES WITH GALIGAN H2O

IMPORTANT: Read and observe all label directions before using. When tank mixing, always read all individual manufacturers’ labels. In interpreting all labels for the tank mixture, the most restrictive situations must apply.

**Preemergence control of susceptible grassy and broadleaf weeds in coffee plantings, a tank mixture of Galigan H2O with either glyphosate or parquat may be applied as a directed spray. Apply at recommended rates and growth stages to susceptible weed species in a manner described on the respective labels.

WEEDS CONTROLLED POSTEMERGENCE
In addition to the weeds controlled by Galigan H2O used alone, control of susceptible weeds listed on the respective labels for the following products is also obtained:

- glyphosate

BEARING AND NON-BEARING COFFEE (HAWAII ONLY)

SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS
In addition to the following, also observe GENERAL USE RESTRICTIONS listed elsewhere on this label.

- Do not apply preplant or preemergence to direct-seeded coffee.
- Do not apply herbicide to the base of trees. Avoid spray contact with foliage.
- Galigan H2O may be applied as a postemergence (over-the-top) application to dormant transplants. Do not apply over-the-top to coffee transplants after buds start to swell.
- Galigan H2O or any of the combinations recommended on this label should be applied to only healthy growing trees/transplants under standard commercial growing practices.
- Do not apply more than 4 pints (2 lbs. active) per broadcast acre of Galigan H2O in a single application or more than 3 pints of Galigan H2O per broadcast acre or more than 3 pints of Galigan H2O in a single application or more than 3 pints of Galigan H2O per broadcast acre or more than 3 pints of Galigan H2O per broadcast acre per year.
- Do not apply Galigan H2O within one (1) day of harvesting.
- Applications of Galigan H2O during periods of rapid new foliage growth may cause injury.

CONIFER SEEDBEDS, TRANSPLANTS, CONTAINER STOCK AND SELECTED FIELD-GROWN DECIDUOUS TREES

GENERAL INFORMATION
Galigan H2O is effective as a preemergence and/or postemergence herbicide for the control of certain annual broadleaf and grassy weeds in conifer seedbeds, transplants, and container stock, and in selected field-grown deciduous trees. Preemergence control is most effective when spray is applied to clean, weed-free soil surfaces. Treated soil surfaces should not be disturbed as the herbicidal effectiveness of Galigan H2O may be decreased. Seedling weeds are controlled during emergence as they come in contact with the soil-applied herbicide. The most effective postemergence weed control is achieved when Galigan H2O is applied to seedling weeds less than 4 inches in height.

Occasionally after the use of Galigan H2O, a spotting, crinkling, or flecking may appear on leaves of conifer and deciduous species. Leaves that receive direct or indirect (drift) spray contact may be injured. The conifer and deciduous species typically outgrow this condition rapidly and develop normally.

IMPORTANT: When applied as directed, the conifer and selected deciduous species listed on this label have shown tolerance to Galigan H2O. It is impossible, however, to evaluate this product on all varieties, biotypes, and cultivars of listed species on this label or under all possible growing conditions. The user should exercise reasonable judgement and caution with this product. Until familiar with results under user growing conditions, limit application of this product to a few plants in a small treated area to determine plant tolerance and extent of injury if such occurs prior to initiating large-scale applications.

WEEDS CONTROLLED
When Galigan H2O is applied preemergence or postemergence at recommended dosages and weed stages, the following grasses and broadleaf weeds are controlled.

**BARNYARDGRASS**
BEDSTRAW, CATCHWEED
BITTERCRESS, LESSER
*BLUEGRASS, ANNUAL
BUCKWHEAT, WILD
BURCLOVER
CARPETWEED
*CLOVER, RED
*CLOVER, WHITE
COCKLEBUR, COMMON
*CRAZGRASS, LARGE
*FIDELNLECK, COAST
FILAREE, BROADLEAF
FILAREE, REDSTEM
FIREWEED (FROM SEED)
FLIXWEED
*FLEURIAN, GIANT
*GOOSEGRASS
GROUNDCHERRY, CUTLEAF
GROUNDCHERRY, WRIGHT
GROUNDSEL, COMMON
HENBIT
JIMSONWEED
KNOTWEED, PROSTRATE
LADYSTHUMB
LAMBQUARTERS, COMMON
LETTUCE, PRICKLY
MALLOW, LITTLE
MAWWEED
MINER’S LETTUCE
*MORNINGGLORY, IVYLEAF
*MORNINGGLORY, TALL
MUSTARD, BLUE
MUSTARD, TUMBLE
MUSTARD, WILD
NETTLE, BURNING
NIGHTSHADE, BLACK
NIGHTSHADE, HAIRY
OATS, WILD
ORACH, RED
PEPPERWEED, YELLOWFLOWER
PIGWEED, PROSTATE
PIGWEED, REDROOT
PIMPERNEL, SCARLET
PURSLANE, COMMON
REDMAIDS
ROCKET, LONDON
SANDSPURRY, LON
*SHEPHERD’S PURSE
SIDA, PRICKLY
SMARTWEED, PENNSYLVANIA
SORREL, RED (FROM SEED)
SOXTHISTLE, ANNUAL
SPEEDWELL, BIRDSYE
**SPURGE, PROSTATE
**SPURGE, SPOTTED
SPURRY CORN
TANSYMUSTARD
**THISTLE, BULL
THISTLE, RUSSIAN
VELVETLEAF
WITCHGRASS
**WOODSORREL, YELLOW
Galigan H₂O is most effective when applied preemergence to annual grasses. Postemergence applications should be made to seedling grasses not exceeding the 2-leaf stage. The addition of 0.25% (2 pints per 100 gallons of spray solution) of an 80% active nonionic surfactant, cleared for application to growing crops, enhances the Galigan H₂O activity on emerged weeds. When determining an appropriate use rate where a range of rates is provided, use higher rates where heavy weed pressure is anticipated, or where medium and fine soil textures exist and high organic matter soils are present.

CONIFER SEEDBEDS
To assist in the establishment of conifer seedbeds, Galigan H₂O can be applied as a preemergence application following seeding. Postemergence applications should be delayed until a minimum of 5 weeks after emergence of the conifer seedlings. During periods of cool, cloudy weather, make certain that seedlings have hardened off prior to spraying. Conifers are tolerant to preemergence and postemergence applications of Galigan H₂O. Galigan H₂O will provide both postemergence and residual preemergence control of many broadleaf weeds and annual grass species.

CONIFER SPECIES
Galigan H₂O may be applied to conifer seedbeds of species including the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>COMMON NAME</th>
<th>SCIENTIFIC NAME</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DOUGLAS FIR</td>
<td>Pseudotsuga menziesii</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FIR</td>
<td>Abies fraseri</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GRAND</td>
<td>Abies grandis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NOBLE</td>
<td>Abies procera</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HEMLOCK</td>
<td>Tsuga canadensis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ESTATE HEMLOCK</td>
<td>Tsuga heterophylla</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WESTERN HEMLOCK</td>
<td>Tsuga heterophylla</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

PREEMERGENCE DOSAGE
Apply 0.5 to 2 pints (0.25 to 1.0 lb. active) of Galigan H₂O per broadcast acre as a preemergence application prior to conifer emergence. Where grass weeds are present, a rate of 1 to 2 pints (0.5 to 1.0 lb. active) of Galigan H₂O per broadcast acre is recommended. In known areas of high weed competition, 2 pints (1.0 lb. active) of Galigan H₂O per broadcast acre are recommended.

TIMING AND METHOD OF APPLICATION
Galigan H₂O should be thoroughly mixed with clean water at recommended concentration and applied at 20 to 40 psi in a minimum of 20 gallons of water per treated acre. Broadcast to beds and irrigate prior to weed emergence with 1/2 to 3/4 inch of sprinkler irrigation.

POSTEMERGENCE DOSAGE
Apply 0.5 to 1 pint (0.25 to 0.5 lb. active) of Galigan H₂O per broadcast acre with each postemergence application. Depending on subsequent weed flushes, multiple applications may be necessary to achieve season-long weed control.

TIMING AND METHOD OF APPLICATION
Postemergence applications should be delayed until a minimum of 5 weeks after emergence of conifer seedlings. During periods of cool, cloudy weather, make certain that seedlings have hardened off prior to spraying. Application should be made to seedling weeds (less than 4 inches in height). Galigan H₂O should be thoroughly mixed with clean water at recommended concentration and applied as a broadcast application at 20 to 40 psi in a minimum of 20 gallons of water per treated acre.

Sprinkler Irrigation: If Galigan H₂O is to be applied via sprinkler irrigation (center pivot), follow the method of application directions listed for sprinkler irrigation. Additionally, for application using center pivot irrigation systems, apply specified dosage of Galigan H₂O per acre as described above and meter Galigan H₂O at a continuous uniform rate during the entire irrigation period to allow for uniform distribution to the vegetation and soil surface. Follow all directions given in the section entitled APPLICATION THROUGH IRRIGATION SYSTEMS – CHEMIGATION when making applications using sprinkler irrigation systems.

CONIFER TRANSPLANTS AND CONTAINER STOCK (INCLUDES 2-0 SEEDLING AND CHRISTMAS TREE PLANTINGS)
Many container-grown conifers and conifer container stock are tolerant to preemergence and postemergence applications of Galigan H₂O. Applied postemergence, Galigan H₂O will provide both postemergence and preemergence control of many broadleaf weeds and grasses listed in the WEEDS CONTROLLED section above. Postemergence applications should be applied before bud break or after foliage has had an opportunity to harden off. Conifers may be transplanted from seedbeds and sprayed directly providing bud break has not occurred.

The following conifer species in addition to species listed under the CONIFER SEEDBED section have been shown to be tolerant to Galigan H₂O.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>COMMON NAME</th>
<th>SCIENTIFIC NAME</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Almond</strong></td>
<td>Prunus spp.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Apple</strong></td>
<td>Malus X domestica</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Apricot</strong></td>
<td>Prunus spp.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Ash</strong></td>
<td>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Aspen</strong></td>
<td>Fraxinus americana</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Betula</strong></td>
<td>Betula nigra</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Crabapple</strong></td>
<td>Prunus spp.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Chestnut</strong></td>
<td>Castanea spp.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Crabapple</strong></td>
<td>Malus spp.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Dogwood</strong></td>
<td>Cornus florida</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Eucalyptus</strong></td>
<td>Eucalyptus viminalis,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Dogwood</strong></td>
<td>Eucalyptus pulverulenta,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Eucalyptus</strong></td>
<td>Eucalyptus camaldulensis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Filbert</strong></td>
<td>Corylus spp.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Lilac</strong></td>
<td>Syringa vulgaris</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Locust</strong></td>
<td>Robinia pseudacacia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Maple</strong></td>
<td>Acer nigrum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Redbud</strong></td>
<td>Acer rubrum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Sycamore</strong></td>
<td>Acer pseudoplatanus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Tulip</strong></td>
<td>Larix decidua</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Larch</strong></td>
<td>Prunus spp.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Carya</strong></td>
<td>Carya spp.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Macadamia</strong></td>
<td>Macadamia ternifolia</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(continued on next page)
DECIDUOUS TREE SPECIES (continued)

COMMON NAME | SCIENTIFIC NAME
--- | ---
Oak, Chestnut | Quercus prinus
Oak, Pin | Quercus palustris
Oak, Red | Quercus rubra
Oak, Water | Quercus nigra
Oak, Willow | Quercus phellodendron
Olive, Spanish | Olea europaea
Pecan | Carya illinoensis
Plum | Prunus spp.
Peach | Prunus persica
Pecan, Red | Carya illinoensis
Plum, Tart | Prunus cerasifera
Redbud | Cercis canadensis
Sweetgum | Liquidambar styraciflua
Sycamore | Platanus occidentalis
Walnut, Black | Juglans nigra

Do not apply to maple trees used for production of maple sap or maple syrup.

**Apply as directed to non-bearing trees. For bearing tree fruit, nut, and vine crops, refer to the TREE FRUIT, NUT, VINE SECTION of this label for use directions.**

**Dosage**

Apply 1 to 3 pints (0.5 to 1.5 lbs. active) of Galigan H₂O per acre as a spray to the soil area surrounding deciduous plants for preemergence or early postemergence weed control. This product may be applied as a single spray or split application. DO NOT apply more than 3 pints (1.5 lbs. active) per season.

For spot treatments, refer to the following table for dosage recommendations. Sprays must be uniform and applied to the soil on a spray-to-wet basis. When spraying to control weeds on a preemergence or postemergence basis, 1 gallon of spray mixture should cover 400 square feet. (This is equivalent to applying Galigan H₂O at a use rate of approximately one gallon per acre in a spray volume of 110 gallons per acre.) It is recommended that an 80% active nonionic surfactant be added to the spray mixture at a rate of 1 tablespoon (0.5 fluid ounces) per gallon of spray when making postemergence applications.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>POUNDS ACTIVE/acre</th>
<th>FLUID OUNCES (milliliters) OF GALIGAN H₂O IN ONE GALLON OF SPRAY MIX TO TREAT 400 SQ. FT.</th>
<th>FLUID OUNCES (milliliters) OF GALIGAN H₂O IN ONE QUART OF SPRAY MIX TO TREAT 100 SQ. FT.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.5</td>
<td>0.6 (18)</td>
<td>0.15 (4.5)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Timing**

Galigan H₂O can be applied after transplanting or to established deciduous trees. For optimum weed control, applications should be made prior to weed germination.

For maximum safety to deciduous species mentioned on this label, post-directed applications of Galigan H₂O should be made to the soil prior to bud swell in the spring or after trees have initiated dormancy in the fall. Care must be taken to avoid contact of spray drift or mist with foliage or green bark of deciduous trees.

Galigan H₂O may be phytotoxic to the foliage of non-target plants. Avoid making applications of this product under conditions that favor drift to non-target areas.

**Note:** Applications made after bud swell may result in injury to deciduous trees and are not recommended. If a non-dormant application is required due to weed competition, do not apply during periods of new foliage growth. Applications should be made after foliage has fully expanded and hardened off. Direct spray toward the soil at the base of the trees and use greater than 50 gallons of water per acre. Splashing soil can carry Galigan H₂O which may injure the leaves of some deciduous trees.

**Method of Application**

Galigan H₂O should be directed to the soil. Avoid direct spray or drift onto foliage, flowers, or green bark. Apply in 20 or more gallons of water per acre to provide uniform spray distribution and coverage to the soil surface. Use higher volumes to ensure adequate soil coverage in high density areas of weeds or heavy trash. Thorough spray coverage is essential to maximize the postemergence activity of Galigan H₂O. Use a low-pressure (20 to 40 psi) sprayer. The use of spray shields that reduce exposure of foliage and bark to Galigan H₂O spray is suggested. Spray equipment should be calibrated carefully before each use.

**Tank Mixtures for Selected Field-Grown Deciduous Trees**

In addition to the weeds controlled by Galigan H₂O used alone, tank mixes with other preemergence or postemergence herbicides registered for this use may provide a broader spectrum of weed control.

Galigan H₂O may be tank mixed with products containing the following active ingredients registered for use in deciduous plantings:

- Glyphosate
- Pendimethalin
- Sethoxydim
- Napropamide
- Prodiamine
- Diflufenican

Determine the additional weed species to be controlled and, based on label claims, select the product(s) which would give effective control of the targeted weed(s). When using tank mixes of two or more products, use conditions must be in accordance with the most restrictive label limitations and precautions of the mixing partners.

**Important:** Read and follow container labels of tank-mix partners and use as directed. Follow the most restrictive labeling.

**Field-Grown Deciduous Trees Specific Use Restrictions**

In addition to the following, also observe GENERAL USE RESTRICTIONS listed elsewhere on this label.

- **Do not apply more than 3 pints (1.5 lbs. active) of this product per broadcast acre per year.**
- **The use directions described here for field-grown deciduous trees do not apply to bearing tree fruit, nut, and vine crops.**

For selected bearing tree fruit, nut, and vine crops, refer to the TREE FRUIT, NUT, VINE SECTION of this label for use directions.

- **Avoid direct or indirect spray contact to foliage flowers and green bark.**
- **Do not apply this product when weather conditions favor drift. Avoid drift to non-target areas.**

Galigan H₂O is phytotoxic to plant foliage.

- **Do not apply Galigan H₂O to trees that have been weakened or are under stress from excessive fertilizer or soil salts, disease, nematodes, frost, wind injury, drought, flooding, previously applied pesticides, insects, or winter injury, as severe injury may result.**
- **Do not graze or feed livestock forage cut from areas treated with Galigan H₂O.**

**Field Corn**

For use only as directed spray on field corn in conjunction with the USDA Witchweed Eradication Program in North Carolina and South Carolina

**General Information**

Galigan H₂O is a selective herbicide for the control of witchweed (Striga asiatica) and works both preemergence and postemergence against witchweed.

**Dosage**

Use 1 to 1.5 pints of Galigan H₂O herbicide (0.5 to 0.75 lb. active) per acre for the first application. The 1 pint rate (0.5 lb. active) per acre should be the standard use rate with the 1.5 pint rate (0.75 lb. active) per acre for isolated infestations. Repeat treatments should be made at rates of 0.5 to 1 pint (0.25 to 0.5 lb. active) per acre. Use an 80% active nonionic surfactant spreader in the spray mixture at the rate of 0.25% by water volume or 1 quart in 100 gallons of spray mix.

**Timing and Method of Application**

Fields in the witchweed infested area selected for treatment with Galigan H₂O herbicide should be examined during the early part of the growing season to determine uniformity of corn stand and grassy weed pressure. Weedy fields should be cultivated prior to the initial application so as to obtain the best possible soil coverage in the first spray application. Apply during May-August in a minimum of 10 gallons of water per acre to emerged witchweed before bloom or as soon as possible after bloom appears to avoid seed set. Corn should have a minimum height of 24 inches at the first application. After this application has been made, the fields should be inspected regularly for any breakthrough of the witchweed. If breakthrough occurs, then a second spray should be applied as the first. This application will be made postemergence to the witchweed, preferably before bloom or as soon as possible past the first appearance of witchweed bloom, to avoid seed set.

In all applications, direct the Galigan H₂O herbicide spray at the base of the corn plant and uniformly over the entire row surface. Do not spray over the top of the corn, as this may result in severe corn injury. Spray droplets contacting the lower leaves will cause necrotic spotting or streaking of sprayed tissue. Spray should contact only the lower 3 to 8 inches of the corn stalk and any leaves in this zone.

**Field Corn Specific Use Restrictions**

In addition to the following, also observe GENERAL USE RESTRICTIONS listed at the end of this label.

- **Do not apply more than 2.5 pints (1.25 lbs. active) of Galigan H₂O herbicide per acre to a corn crop during the growing season.**
- **Do not apply any application within 60 days of harvest.**
- **Do not use corn plants from a treated field for green chop, ensilage, forage, or fodder.**

**Cotton**

**Post-Directed Spray General Information**

Galigan H₂O is a selective herbicide for use as a post-directed application for broadleaf weed control in cotton. Cotton leaves that are accidentally sprayed will exhibit necrotic spotting and may drop from the plant; therefore, care must be exercised to avoid spray contact with the cotton leaves. Crop response may be enhanced if applications are made when excessive soil moisture is present or if rainfall occurs following application. Cotton will outgrow this condition and continue to develop normally.

**Dosage**

Galigan H₂O is recommended as a post-directed application at 0.5 to 1 pint (0.25 to 0.5 lb. active) per acre.* Optimum control is achieved when 1 pint of Galigan H₂O (0.5 lb. active) per acre* are applied to weed seedlings not exceeding 4 true leaves. Effective control of succulent weed seedlings in the 2- to 3-leaf stage can usually be obtained when 0.5 pint of Galigan H₂O (0.25 lb. active) per acre* are applied. See MIXING DIRECTIONS for surfactant recommendation. Weeds should be in the seedling stage, young and actively growing. Do not count cotyledon leaves.

*Dosages listed are for broadcast application. For banded application, the amount of Galigan H₂O used per acre should be reduced according to the following formula:

\[
\text{Band Width (in inches)} \times \text{Rate per Broadcast Acre} = \text{Amount Needed per Acre for Banded Application}
\]
WEEDS CONTROLLED PREEMERGENCE
When Galigan H₂O is applied as a post-directed application at the recommended weed stage and dosage in cotton, the following weeds are controlled:

**COTTONWOOD**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Weed Name</th>
<th>Groundsel, Common</th>
<th>Mustard, Hedges</th>
<th>shepherdspurse</th>
<th>Smartweed, Pennsylvania</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

TIMING AND METHOD OF APPLICATION
For optimum weed control, Galigan H₂O should be applied prior to weed emergence.

**EUCALYPTUS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Weed Name</th>
<th>Groundsel, Common</th>
<th>Mustard, Hedges</th>
<th>shepherdspurse</th>
<th>Smartweed, Pennsylvania</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**GENERAL INFORMATION**

Galigan H₂O is an effective herbicide for postemergence and preemergence control of certain broadleaf weeds in permanently established eucalyptus (E. viminalis, E. pulvurulenta, E. camaldulensis) plantings. In new plantings, Galigan H₂O should be applied immediately prior to or immediately following transplanting of dormant eucalyptus seedlings. In established plantings, Galigan H₂O may be applied postemergence (over-the-top) or be post-directed to the base of the eucalyptus tree. Applications must only be made prior to bud break to avoid possible phytotoxicity to the eucalyptus foliage. Applications made after bud break may result in injury to the eucalyptus plant and are not recommended.

**DOSEAGE**

Apply 2 to 3 pints (1.0 to 1.5 lb. active) of Galigan H₂O per broadcast acre for preemergence and postemergence weed control. The addition of 1 quart of an 80% active nonionic surfactant per 100 gallons of spray mix will assist in spray coverage and wetting of weeds for postemergence control.
FALLOW BED
GROUND OR AERIAL APPLICATION OF GALIGAN H₂O ON FALLOW BEDS

GENERAL INFORMATION
Galigan H₂O is effective as a preemergence and/or postemergence herbicide when used alone or in a tank mix combination with glyphosate for the control of winter annual broadleaf weeds to be planted to the crops listed below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MINIMUM TREATMENTS – PLANTING INTERVAL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GALIGAN H₂O USE RATE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>up to 0.5 pint/A up to 1 pint/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

DIRECT-SEEDED CROPS
- CARROT: 90 DAYS 90 DAYS
- POTATO: 60 DAYS 60 DAYS
- SUGARBEET: 60 DAYS 90 DAYS
- OTHER ROOT / TUBER CROPS: 90 DAYS 90 DAYS
- ONIONS: 180 DAYS 180 DAYS
- OTHER BULB VEGETABLES: 180 DAYS 180 DAYS
- CABBAGE, CAULIFLOWER: 90 DAYS 90 DAYS
- OTHER Brassica CROPS: 120 DAYS 120 DAYS
- LETTUCE: 90 DAYS 120 DAYS
- OTHER LEAFY VEGETABLES: 120 DAYS 120 DAYS
- PEPPER: 90 DAYS 120 DAYS
- TOMATO: 60 DAYS 120 DAYS
- OTHER FRUITING VEGETABLES: 120 DAYS 120 DAYS
- CANTALOUPE: 60 DAYS 90 DAYS
- SQUASH: 90 DAYS 120 DAYS
- WATERMELON: 60 DAYS 60 DAYS
- OTHER CUCURBITS: 90 DAYS 120 DAYS
- DRY BEANS: 60 DAYS 60 DAYS
- PEANUT: 60 DAYS 60 DAYS
- OTHER LEGUME VEGETABLES: 60 DAYS 60 DAYS
- SAFFLOWER: 60 DAYS 60 DAYS
- CEREAL GRAINS (includes barley, buckwheat, corn, proso millet, pearl millet, oats, popcorn, rice, rye, sorghum, triticale, wheat, wild rice): 10 MONTHS 10 MONTHS

COTTON AND SOYBEANS
See specific labeling for FALLOW BEDS (COTTON, SOYBEANS) found elsewhere on this label.

TRANSPLANTED CROPS
- BROCCOLI: 0 DAYS 30 DAYS
- CABBAGE: 0 DAYS 30 DAYS
- CAULIFLOWER: 0 DAYS 30 DAYS
- CELERY: 30 DAYS 30 DAYS
- CONIFER: 0 DAYS 0 DAYS
- GARLIC: 0 DAYS 30 DAYS
- GRAPE, KIWI: 0 DAYS 0 DAYS
- ONION: 0 DAYS 30 DAYS
- PEPPER: 30 DAYS 30 DAYS
- STRAWBERRIES: 30 DAYS 30 DAYS
- TOMATO: 30 DAYS 30 DAYS
- TREE FRUIT, NUTS, CITRUS: 0 DAYS 0 DAYS

IMPORTANT: The fallow beds should be worked thoroughly to a depth of at least 2 1/2 inches prior to planting; weed control should not be expected following breaking of the soil surface. FAILURE TO ACHIEVE THOROUGH AND COMPLETE INCORPORATION OR TO FOLLOW THE RECOMMENDED TREATMENT-PLANTING INTERVAL MAY RESULT IN STAND REDUCTION AND/OR VIGOR REDUCTION OF THE PLANTED CROP.

CROP injury may be enhanced if newly seeded crops or transplants are under stress due to drought, flooding, excessive fertilizer or soil salts, low soil temperatures, wind injury, hail, frost damage, injury from previously applied pesticides, or injury due to insects or diseases. EXERCISE EXTREME CARE TO AVOID HERBICIDE CONTACT WITH ANY DESIRABLE DORMANT OR NON-DORMANT CROP, PLANT, TREE, OR VEGETATION AS SEVERE INJURY MAY RESULT.

GALIGAN H₂O USED ALONE

DOSSAGE
Galigan H₂O may be applied at 0.5 to 1 pint (0.25 to 0.5 lb. active) per broadcast acre. The lower rate (0.5 pint per acre) should provide up to 4 weeks of preemergence control of susceptible weeds and provide postemergence control of susceptible weeds (up to 4-week stage). The higher rate (1 pint per acre) should provide preemergence control of susceptible weeds for up to 8 weeks and postemergence control of susceptible weeds (up to 6-week stage). Best preemergence control is achieved when irrigation or rainfall occurs within 3 to 4 weeks following application.

WEEDS CONTROLLED
Galigan H₂O herbicide should provide preemergence and postemergence* control of the following weeds when used at recommended dosages and weed stage.

- CHEESEWEED (MALVA)
- MUSTARD SPECIES
- FIDDLENECK, COAST
- NETTLE, BURNING
- FILAREE, BROADLEAF
- REDMOLDS
- FILAREE, REDSTEM
- ROCKET, LONDON
- GROUNDSEL, COMMON
- SHERPHEDSPURSE
- HENBIT
- MINER'S LETTUCE
- SOWTHISTLE, ANNUAL

TANK MIXES WITH GALIGAN H₂O

IMPORTANT: Read and observe all label directions before using. When tank mixing, always read all individual manufacturers' labels. In interpreting all labels for the tank mix, the most restrictive situations must apply.

DOSSAGE
Galigan H₂O can be tank mixed with glyphosate to obtain postemergence control of annual grassy weeds, volunteer grains, and broadleaf weeds. Tank mix 0.5 to 1 pint (0.25 to 0.5 lb. active) of Galigan H₂O with labeled rates of glyphosate. Apply at the recommended rates and growth stages to susceptible weed species in a manner consistent with the respective labels.

METHOD OF APPLICATION

GROUND APPLICATION
Galigan H₂O should be applied in a minimum of 20 gallons of water per acre. The volume of water used should be increased as the weeds become taller and more dense. Use a low-pressure sprayer equipped with flat fan nozzles. Spray equipment should be calibrated carefully before each use.

AERIAL APPLICATION
Galigan H₂O should be applied using swirl jet or hollow cone nozzles and a spray pressure less than 40 psi to deliver a minimum spray volume of 10 gallons per acre (minimum 5 GPA for Galigan H₂O / glyphosate tank mix).

Applications should be made at a height of 6 to 10 feet above the soil surface. It is suggested that the nozzles on the spray booms should not be placed any closer to the wing or rotor tips than 3/4 of the span; this will minimize the formation of spray or wing tip vortices. Nozzles should be spaced and positioned to produce a uniform spray pattern and to minimize or eliminate the formation of droplets 100 microns or less in diameter.

IMPORTANT: Aerial applicators must be familiar with this label and follow the use precautions. Spraying Galigan H₂O in a manner other than as recommended is done at the user's risk. Users are responsible for all loss or damage that results from such spraying. In addition, aerial applicators should follow all applicable state and local regulations and ordinances. In interpreting the label and local regulations, the most restrictive situations should be applied to avoid drift hazards.

FALLOW BED

SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS
In addition to the following, also observe GENERAL USE RESTRICTIONS listed elsewhere on this label.

- Read and observe all label directions before using. When tank mixing, always read all individual manufacturers' labels. In interpreting all labels for the tank mix, the most restrictive situations must apply.
- Do not apply more than 1 pint (0.5 lb. active) of Galigan H₂O per acre per fallow season.

FALLOW BED (COTTON, SOYBEANS)
GROUND OR AERIAL APPLICATION OF GALIGAN H₂O ON FALLOW BEDS (TO BE PLANTED TO COTTON OR SOYBEANS)

NOT FOR USE ON FALLOW BEDS TO BE PLANTED TO SOYBEANS IN CALIFORNIA

GENERAL INFORMATION
Galigan H₂O is effective as a preemergence and/or postemergence herbicide when used alone or in a tank mix combination with glyphosate or paraquat for the control of winter annual broadleaf weeds in fallow beds to be planted to cotton or soybeans. Do not apply Galigan H₂O within 7 days prior to planting. The fallow beds should be worked thoroughly to a depth of at least 2 inches prior to planting. It is important to thoroughly break the soil surface prior to planting. Weed control should not be expected following breaking of the soil surface.

EXERCISE EXTREME CARE TO AVOID HERBICIDE CONTACT WITH ANY DESIRABLE DORMANT OR NON-DORMANT CROP, PLANT, TREE, OR VEGETATION AS SEVERE INJURY MAY RESULT.

GALIGAN H₂O USED ALONE

DOSSAGE
Galigan H₂O may be applied at 0.5 to 1 pint (0.25 to 0.5 lb. active) per broadcast acre. The lower rate (0.5 pint per acre) should provide up to 4 weeks of preemergence control of susceptible weeds and provide postemergence control of susceptible weeds (up to 4-week stage). The higher rate (1 pint per acre) should provide preemergence control of susceptible weeds for up to 8 weeks and postemergence control of susceptible weeds (up to 6-week stage). Best preemergence control is achieved when irrigation or rainfall occurs within 3 or 4 weeks following application.
WEEDS CONTROLLED

Galigan H₂O should provide preemergence and postemergence control of the following weeds when used at recommended dosages and weed stage.

- **BUTTERCUP, SMALLFLOWER CHEESEWEED (MALVA)**: MUSTARD SPECIES, NETTLE, BURNING
- **EVENINGPRIMROSE, CUTLEAF**: OXALIS
- **FIDDLENECK, COAST**: PIGWEED, REDROOT
- **FILAREE, BROADLEAF**: PURSLANE, COMMON
- **FILAREE, REDSTEM**: REDMAIROS
- **GERANIUM, CAROLINA**: ROCKET, LONDON
- **GROUNDCHERRY, CUTLEAF**: SHEPHERDSPURSE
- **GRUNDSEL, COMMON**: SIDA, PRICKLY
- **HENBIT**: SOWTHISTLE, ANNUAL
- **LADYSTHUMB**: VELVETLEAF (WILD COTTON)
- **MINER’S LETTUCE**:

**MINERLAND**

MUSTARD SPECIES, NETTLE, BURNING

*Trouth surf spray coverage is essential to maximize the postemergence activity of Galigan H₂O. For postemergence control when applied by air, a tank mixture of Galigan H₂O with either glyphosate or paraparaquat is recommended.

**requirements rate and/or multiple applications for effective control.**

**TANK MIXES WITH GALIGAN H₂O**

**IMPORTANT:** Read and observe all label directions before using. When tank mixing, always read all individual manufacturers’ labels. In interpreting all labels for the tank mix, the most restrictive situations must apply.

**DOSAGE**

Galigan H₂O can be tank mixed with either glyphosate or paraparaquat to obtain postemergence control of annual grassy weeds, volunteer grains, and broadleaf weeds. Tank mix 0.5 to 1 pint (0.25 to 0.5 lb. active) of Galigan H₂O with labeled rates of either glyphosate or paraparaquat. Apply at the recommended rates and growth stages to susceptible weed species in a manner consistent with the respective labels.

**OUTSIDE OF CALIFORNIA:** For enhanced contact activity (burndown/suppression) to either glyphosate or paraparaquat, add Galigan H₂O at a rate of 3.25 ounces (0.1 lb. active) per acre to labeled rates of either glyphosate or paraparaquat. Apply at the recommended rates and growth stages to susceptible weed species in a manner consistent with the respective labels.

**TANK MIXES WITH GALIGAN H₂O**

**IMPORTANT:** Read and observe all label directions before using. When tank mixing, always read all individual manufacturers’ labels. In interpreting all labels for the tank mixture, the most restrictive situations must apply.

**DOSAGE**

Galigan H₂O can be tank mixed with either glyphosate or paraparaquat to obtain postemergence control of annual grassy weeds, volunteer grains, and broadleaf weeds. Tank mix 0.5 to 1 pint (0.25 to 0.5 lb. active) of Galigan H₂O with labeled rates of either glyphosate or paraparaquat. Apply at the recommended rates and growth stages to susceptible weed species in a manner consistent with the respective labels.

**OUTSIDE OF CALIFORNIA:** For enhanced contact activity (burndown/suppression) to either glyphosate or paraparaquat, add Galigan H₂O at a rate of 3.25 ounces (0.1 lb. active) per acre to labeled rates of either glyphosate or paraparaquat. Apply at the recommended rates and growth stages to susceptible weed species in a manner consistent with the respective labels.

**AERIAL APPLICATION**

Galigan H₂O should be applied using swirl jet or hollow cone nozzles and a spray pressure less than 40 psi to deliver a minimum spray volume of 5 gallons per acre (in California, minimum 10 GPa when applied alone or tank mixed with paraparaquat). Applications should be made at a height of 6 to 10 feet above the soil surface. It is suggested that the nozzles on the spray boom should not be placed any closer to the wing or rotor tips than 3/4 of the span; this will minimize the formation of spray or wing tip vortex roll. Nozzles should be spaced and positioned to produce a uniform spray pattern and to minimize or eliminate the formation of droplets 100 microns or less in diameter.

**AVOID DRIFT:** When applying to fallow beds, extreme care must be exercised to prevent spray drift that could result in damage to other crops or desirable vegetation. Use the following guidelines when aerial applications are to be made:

1. Do not apply when the wind direction is not stable, when inversion conditions exist, or when wind velocity exceeds 10 mph.
2. When wind speeds are 5 mph or less, maintain a minimum downwind buffer zone of at least 1/2 mile from all crops and desirable vegetation, except for the following:
   - 150 feet from dormant treefruit, dormant vines and overwintering sugar beets.
   - 650 feet from garlic, jojoba, legumes, onions, pastures, small grains, seedling sugar beets, and non-targeted vegetable fallow beds.
3. When wind speeds are between 5 and 10 mph, downwind buffer zones in excess of those listed above are suggested.
4. For upwind and side borders, maintain a minimum buffer zone of 150 feet from any non-targeted vegetable fallow bed, crop, or desirable vegetation.

**FALLOW BED (COTTON, SOYBEANS)**

**SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS**

In addition to the following, also observe **GENERAL USE RESTRICTIONS** listed elsewhere on this label.

- Read and observe all label directions before using. When tank mixing, always read all individual manufacturers’ labels. In interpreting all labels for the tank mixture, the most restrictive situations must apply.
- Do not apply more than 1 pint (0.5 lb. active) of Galigan H₂O per acre for fallow season.
- Do not apply Galigan H₂O within 7 days prior to planting of cotton.

**GENERAL INFORMATION**

Galigan H₂O is effective as a preemergence herbicide when used alone for the control of certain annual broadleaf weeds in garbanzo beans. Preemergence control is most effective when spray is applied to soil-applied herbicide during emergence. Garbanzo beans are tolerant to preemergence applications of Galigan H₂O; however, under certain conditions, Galigan H₂O can cause severe but temporary crop injury. Heavy splashing rain shortly after crop emergence or wet soil conditions during early growth stages can produce leaf cupping, crinkling, stunting, or defoliation of the garbanzo seedlings. When injury occurs, it is often limited to the first few leaves that develop shortly after crop plants emerge from the soil. Delays in crop development and/or maturity may result. Garbanzo beans do recover from this injury with little to no impact on yield.

**GARBANZO BEANS (CHICKPEA)**

(CALIFORNIA AND ARIZONA ONLY)

**FALLOW LAND**

**SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS**

In addition to the following, also observe **GENERAL USE RESTRICTIONS** listed elsewhere on this label.

- When tank mixing, always read all individual manufacturers’ labels. In interpreting all labels for the tank mixture, the most restrictive situations must apply.

**GARBANZO BEANS (CHICKPEA)**

(CALIFORNIA AND ARIZONA ONLY)

**GENERAL INFORMATION**

Galigan H₂O is effective as a preemergence herbicide when used alone for the control of certain annual broadleaf weeds in garbanzo beans. Preemergence control is most effective when spray is applied to soil-applied herbicide during emergence. Timely cultivations will usually assist in weed control. Garbanzo beans are tolerant to preemergence applications of Galigan H₂O; however, under certain conditions, Galigan H₂O can cause severe but temporary crop injury. Heavy splashing rain shortly after crop emergence or wet soil conditions during early growth stages can produce leaf cupping, crinkling, stunting, or defoliation of the garbanzo seedlings. When injury occurs, it is often limited to the first few leaves that develop shortly after crop plants emerge from the soil. Delays in crop development and/or maturity may result. Garbanzo beans do recover from this injury with little to no impact on yield.

**GARBANZO BEANS (CHICKPEA)**

(CALIFORNIA AND ARIZONA ONLY)

**FALLOW LAND**

**SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS**

In addition to the following, also observe **GENERAL USE RESTRICTIONS** listed elsewhere on this label.

- Do not apply more than 0.5 pint (0.25 lb. active) per broadcast acre of Galigan H₂O in a single application.
- Do not feed beans, vines, or hay.
GARLIC

GENERAL INFORMATION

Galigan H₂O is a selective herbicide for postemergence application to direct-seeded and transplanted garlic for early postemergence control of certain annual broadleaf and grass weeds. Initial spray application should be made only when the garlic have reached the development stage specified in the DOSAGE section and the SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS section of this label. On garlic transplants, spray as soon after transplanting as practical. Galigan H₂O herbicide can cause necrotic lesions, twisting, pigtailting, or stunting of the garlic plants. Injury will be more severe if applied immediately following or during cool, wet weather. Applications are made prior to the development stage of the garlic plants as specified in the DOSAGE section and the SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS section of this label.

DOSAGE

**SEEDED GARLIC**

**NORTHEASTERN STATES (CONNECTICUT, MAINE, MASSACHUSETTS, NEW HAMPSHIRE, NEW JERSEY, NEW YORK, RHODE ISLAND, AND VERMONT)**

Galigan H₂O is recommended for postemergence control at 1 to 2 fluid ounces (0.03 to 0.06 lb. active) per acre when applied postemergence to seeded garlic with at least three (3) true leaves. Multiple treatments at the aforementioned rate may be applied. Do not apply more than 1 pint (0.5 lb. active) per broadcast acre of Galigan H₂O as a result of multiple applications in one season.

**WESTERN STATES (ARIZONA, COLORADO, IDAHO, NEVADA, NEW MEXICO, OREGON, TEXAS, UTAH, AND WASHINGTON)**

Galigan H₂O is recommended for postemergence control at 0.25 to 0.5 pint (0.12 to 0.25 lb. active) per acre in a minimum of 40 gallons of water per acre when applied postemergence to garlic with at least two (2) true leaves. Multiple treatments at the aforementioned rates may be applied. Do not apply more than 1.0 pint (0.5 lb. active) per broadcast acre of Galigan H₂O as a result of multiple applications in one season.

**CALIFORNIA ONLY**

**GENERAL INFORMATION**

Galigan H₂O is a selective herbicide for preemergence use (by air, ground, or sprinkler application), direct-postweed control when applied by ground equipment, or postemergence (over-the-top) application when applied via sprinkler irrigation for control of certain broadleaf and grass weeds in garlic in California.

Chemigation: If Galigan H₂O is to be applied via sprinkler irrigation, follow the method of application directions listed for sprinkler chemigation. For application using sprinkler (solid set or portable lateral) irrigation systems, apply specified dosage of Galigan H₂O per acre as described below. Follow all directions given in the APPLICABILITY THROUGH IRRIGATION SYSTEMS – CHEMIGATION section of this label when making applications using sprinkler irrigation systems.

**Preemergence Garlic Applications in California**

Apply Galigan H₂O at a rate of 0.5 pint (0.25 lb. active) per broadcast acre as a preemergence application to garlic. Methods of application may be ground, sprinkler, or aerial.

**Ground Application:** If applied using ground application equipment, Galigan H₂O should be applied in a minimum of 20 gallons per acre. Use conventional ground spray equipment with flat nozzles at 20 to 40 psi.

**Sprinkler Chemigation:** Apply Galigan H₂O at the recommended broadcast application rate. Sufficient sprinkler irrigation water should be applied to insure water penetration to a depth of two inches.

**Aerial Application:** If applied using aerial application, Galigan H₂O should be applied using swirl jet or hollow cone nozzles and a spray pressure less than 40 psi to deliver a minimum spray volume of 10 gallons per acre. Applications should be made at a height of 8 to 10 feet above the soil surface. It is suggested that the nozzles on the spray boom should not be placed any closer to the wing or rotor tips than 3/4 of the span; this will minimize the formation of spray or wing tip vortex roll. Nozzles should be spaced and positioned to produce a uniform spray pattern and to minimize or eliminate the formation of droplets 100 microns or less in diameter.

**Garlic Response to Preemergence Applications with Galigan H₂O:** A chlorotic band around some of the leaves may be observed after the first irrigation (or rainfall) following garlic emergence. Symptoms may be more severe if garlic emerges under cool, wet, overcast, or foggy weather. This condition is temporary and should not affect the vigor or development of the garlic plant. Residual Galigan H₂O remaining in spray equipment may damage other crops.

**Postemergence (and Directed) Garlic Applications in California**

Apply Galigan H₂O at rates up to 0.5 (0.25 lb. active) per broadcast acre as a postemergence (or directed) application in garlic. The garlic must be at least 12 inches in height at application. Weeds should be in the seedling stage, young, and actively growing. Methods of application may be post-directed or by sprinkler chemigation.

**Post-Direct Application:** For banded application, the amount of Galigan H₂O used per acre should be reduced according to the following formula:

\[
\text{Band Width (in inches)} \times \text{Rate per Broadcast Acre} = \text{Amount Needed per Acre}
\]

**Sprinkler Chemigation:** Apply Galigan H₂O at the recommended broadcast application rate. Sufficient sprinkler irrigation water should be applied to insure water penetration to a depth of two inches.

**Garlic Response to Postemergence Applications with Galigan H₂O:** Galigan H₂O may cause chlorotic leaf tips, necrotic lesions, or stunting of the garlic plants. Symptoms will be more severe if applications are made during cool, wet, overcast, or foggy weather. Garlic will outgrow these conditions and continue to develop normally.

**Cultural Considerations for use in California**

On mineral soils, in order to provide maximum preemergence activity, the soil surface should be smooth and free of excessive trash (clippings, dead weeds, etc.) Cultural practices that result in redistribution or disturbance of the soil surface after spraying or that mix untreated soil in treated areas will reduce the effectiveness of the treatment. The best results from Galigan H₂O herbicide are from applications on established beds that are left undisturbed during the time period for which weed control is desired.

**ALL OTHER STATES**

Galigan H₂O herbicide is recommended for postemergence control at 0.25 pint (0.12 lb. active) per acre prior to application to garlic with at least two (2) true leaves. Multiple treatments at the aforementioned rates may be applied. Do not apply more than 1 pint (0.5 lb. active) per broadcast acre of Galigan H₂O herbicide as a result of multiple applications in one season.

**TRANSPLANTED GARLIC**

Transplanted garlic is most tolerant of a postemergence application immediately after transplanting. For all states except the Northeastern states listed under the DOSAGE – SEEDED GARLIC section, an application of up to 1 pint (0.5 lb. active) per acre within two days after transplanting may be made. If less than 1.0 pint per acre are applied, a second application can be made two weeks or more after transplanting. Do not exceed the maximum use rate of 1 pint (0.5 lb. active) per broadcast acre of Galigan H₂O as a result of multiple applications in one season.

For transplanted garlic in the Northeastern states, apply the same rates listed in the DOSAGE – SEEDED GARLIC section within two days after transplanting.

Dosages listed are for broadcast application. For banded application, the amount of Galigan H₂O used per acre should be reduced according to the following formula:

\[
\text{Band Width (in inches)} \times \text{Rate per Broadcast Acre} = \text{Amount Needed per Acre}
\]

**WEEDS CONTROLLED**

Galigan H₂O will provide postemergence control of the following weeds when applied at the recommended dosage and leaf stage (2 to 4 leaves).

- CANARYGRASS (ANNUAL)
- EVENINGPRIMROSE, CUTLEAF
- GROUNDSEL, COMMON
- MALLOW, LITTLE (MALVA)
- NIGHTSHADE, BLACK
- PIGWEED, PROSTRATE
- PIGWEED, REDROOT

Specific weeds controlled at rates recommended for use in Northeastern States (see DOSAGE section).

**TIMING AND METHOD OF APPLICATION**

For best postemergence control of susceptible weeds, apply when the weeds are in the 2- to 4-leaf stage. Application of Galigan H₂O after the weeds exceed the maximum leaf stage may result in reduced weed control. More than one postemergence application may be necessary to control subsequent weed flushes. Galigan H₂O should be thoroughly mixed with clean water at the recommended concentration and applied in a minimum of 40 gallons of water per acre. Use conventional ground spray equipment with flat fan spray nozzles at 20 to 40 psi. Accurately calibrate spray equipment prior to each use. Avoid drift to all other crops and non-target areas. Thoroughly flush the spray equipment (tank, hose, pump, boom) with water before and after each use.

**GARLIC**

**SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS**

In addition to the following, also observe GENERAL USE RESTRICTIONS listed elsewhere on this label.

- In all states except Northeastern states, do not start spraying until the garlic (direct-seeded) have two (2) fully developed true leaves. In the Northeastern states (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Rhode Island, Vermont), do not start spraying until the garlic (direct-seeded) have three (3) fully developed true leaves. Applications made prior to the recommended garlic development stage may result in serious injury and are not recommended.
- Do not apply more than a total of 1 pint (0.5 lb. active) per acre of Galigan H₂O during one use season.
- Do not apply within 60 days of harvest.
- Use only on dry bulb garlic.
- Do not apply to garlic grown for seed.
- Tank mixtures of Galigan H₂O with oils, surfactants, liquid fertilizers, or pesticides may result in enhanced crop response, injury and are the responsibility of the user.
- Do not apply Galigan H₂O preemergence to direct-seeded garlic except California.
- Do not apply to garlic plants that are under stress due to drought, flooding, excessive fertilizer or soil salts, storage conditions, wind injury, hail, frost damage, injury from previously applied pesticides, or injury due to insects, nematodes, or diseases.

**GUAVA (HAWAI'I ONLY)**

**GENERAL INFORMATION**

Galigan H₂O is effective as a preemergence herbicide when used alone for the control of certain annual broadleaf weeds in bearing and non-bearing guava plantings.

For postemergence control of certain grassy and broadleaf weeds, a tank mixture of either paraquat or glyphosate with Galigan H₂O can be applied to seedling weeds. Check individual labels to determine suitability and use rates for crop.

**Galigan H₂O USED ALONE**

**DOSAGE**

Galigan H₂O is recommended for postemergence control of susceptible weeds at 1 to 4 pints (0.5 to 2.0 lb. active) per broadcast acre. For preemergence control of susceptible weeds, use 2.5 to 4 pints (1.25 to 2.0 lbs. active) of Galigan H₂O per broadcast acre.
WEEDS CONTROLLED POSTEMERGENCE
Apply 1 to 4 pints (0.5 to 2.0 lbs. active) of Galigan H₂O per broadcast acre. Applications to weeds beyond the 4-leaf stage may result in partial control.

PURSLANE, COMMON
SPURGE, GARDEN

WEEDS CONTROLLED PREEMERGENCE
Apply 2.5 to 4 pints (1.25 to 2.0 lbs. active) of Galigan H₂O per broadcast acre.

AGERATUM
PURSLANE, COMMON
BUTTONWEED
SPURGE, GARDEN
CROTALARIA

TIMING AND METHOD OF APPLICATION
Treatments should be applied only to healthy guava trees. Care must be taken to prevent direct spray or drift from contacting green stems, fruit, or foliage as injury may result. Applications should be made only after new foliage has hardened off or injury may result.

As a preemergence or postemergence treatment to weeds, apply in a minimum of 15 gallons of water per acre. Use higher volumes to assure adequate coverage in high densities of emerged weeds or heavy trash. Galigan H₂O should be directed to the soil and the base of the tree. Use of a low-pressure sprayer equipped with a breakaway boom and flat fan or off-center (OC) nozzles is recommended. An off-center nozzle positioned at the end of the boom may be desired. Spray shields are suggested for use in young trees.

TANK MIXES WITH GALIGAN H₂O
IMPORTANT: Read and observe all label directions before using. When tank mixing, always read all individual manufacturers’ labels. In interpreting all labels for the tank mixture, the most restrictive situations must apply.

DOSSAGE
For postemergence control of susceptible grassy and broadleaf weeds in guava plantings, a tank mixture of Galigan H₂O with either paraquat or glyphosate can be used. Apply at recommended rates and growth stages to susceptible weed species in a manner described on the respective labels.

WEEDS CONTROLLED POSTEMERGENCE
In addition to the weeds controlled by Galigan H₂O used alone, control of susceptible weeds listed in the respective labels for the following products is also obtained:

Paraquat
Glyphosate

GUAVA
SPECIAL USE RESTRICTIONS
In addition to the following, also observe GENERAL USE RESTRICTIONS listed elsewhere on this label.

• Do not apply more than 4 pints (2.0 lbs. active) per broadcast acre of Galigan H₂O in a single application or more than 8 pints (4.0 lbs. active) per season.
• Do not apply Galigan H₂O within 1 day of harvest.
• Direct spray toward the base of the trees. Avoid direct plant contact.
• Galigan H₂O or any of the combinations recommended on this label should be applied only to healthy growing trees.
• Galigan H₂O applications should be made only after new foliage has hardened off.

HORSERADISH

GENERAL INFORMATION
Galigan H₂O is a selective herbicide recommended for preemergence control of certain broadleaf weeds. Applications must be made after the horseradish roots have been planted and prior to plant emergence. (Emerged plants that receive direct or indirect (drift) spray contact will be injured.) It may be desirable to cultivate immediately prior to application to remove germinated weeds. Do not use Galigan H₂O on horseradish plantings that are weak or under stress due to temperature, disease, fertilizer, nematodes, insects, pesticides, drought, or excessive moisture.

DOSSAGE
Apply Galigan H₂O at a rate of 1 pint (0.5 lb. active) per broadcast acre as a preemergence application to horseradish.

WEEDS CONTROLLED
Galigan H₂O will provide preemergence control of the following weeds when used at the recommended dosage:

LAMBSQUARTERS, COMMON
SHEPHERDSPURSE
PIGWEED, REDROOT
SMARTWEED, PENNSYLVANIA
PURSLANE, COMMON

TIMING AND METHOD OF APPLICATION
Galigan H₂O should be thoroughly mixed with clean water at recommended concentrations and applied in a minimum of 20 gallons of water per acre. Use conventional ground spray equipment with flat fan nozzles at 20 to 40 psi. Accurately calibrate spray equipment prior to each use.

HORSERADISH
SPECIAL USE RESTRICTIONS
In addition to the following, also observe GENERAL USE RESTRICTIONS listed elsewhere on this label.

• Do not apply more than 1 pint (0.5 lbs. active) of Galigan H₂O per broadcast acre as a single application and do not exceed 3 pints per acre (1.5 lbs. active) per season.

JOJOBA

GENERAL INFORMATION
Galigan H₂O is a selective herbicide for postemergence and preemergence control of certain grass and broadleaf weeds in jojoba. Galigan H₂O should be post-directed to the base of the jojoba plant to avoid possible phytotoxicity to the jojoba foliage. Over-the-top applications may exhibit burning, crinkling, or bronzing of jojoba foliage, particularly to the youngest leaves, flowers, or buds present at the time of application.

DOSSAGE
Galigan H₂O is recommended for postemergence and preemergence control of susceptible seedling weeds (up to 12 inches in height) at 3 pints (1.5 lbs. active) per broadcast acre. For optimal residual control, apply during the fall or winter. For early postemergence control of susceptible seedling weeds (less than 8 inches in height), apply Galigan H₂O at a rate of 2 pints (1.0 lbs. active) per broadcast acre.

WEEDS CONTROLLED POSTEMERGENCE
FIDDLENECK, COAST
**FILAREE, BROADLEAF
**FILAREE, REDSTEM
**FILAREE, WHITESTEM
GROUNDSEL, COMMON
HENBIT
MALLOW, LITTLE (MALVA, CHEESEWEED)
MALLOW, LITTLE (MALVA, CHEESEWEED)
NETTLE, BURNING
PIGWEED, REDROOT
SHEPHERDSPURSE
SOWTHISTLE, ANNUAL

*Highest rate may be required for acceptable postemergence control.
**Galigan H₂O at the 3 pint rate (1.5 lbs. active) will provide control of filaree not exceeding the 4-inch stage.

Applications to filaree beyond the 4-inch stage may result in partial control.

WEEDS CONTROLLED PREEMERGENCE
BURCLOVER
LETTUCE, PRICKLY
FIDDLENECK, COAST
MINT, LITTLE (MINT, SCARLET)
FILAREE, BROADLEAF
PILWIDE, REDROOT
FILAREE, REDSTEM
PURSLANE, COMMON
FILAREE, WHITESTEM
REDMAIDS
GROUNDSEL, COMMON
ROCKET, LONDON
HENBIT
SHEPHERDSPURSE
KNOWLEDGE, PROSTATE
SOWTHISTLE, ANNUAL
LAMBSQUARTERS, COMMON

TIMING AND METHOD OF APPLICATION
Apply the first application of Galigan H₂O after jojoba plants have grown to a minimum 6-inch height or greater. Additional applications should be applied as needed for post and preemergence weed control. Weed height should not exceed 12 inches or unsatisfactory weed control may result.

Galigan H₂O should be applied in a minimum spray volume of 40 gallons of water per acre depending upon density of emerged weeds. Spray volume should be increased as weed height and density increase. Use a low-pressure sprayer equipped with flat fan nozzles. Spray equipment should be calibrated carefully before each use.

JOJOBA
SPECIAL USE RESTRICTIONS
In addition to the following, also observe GENERAL USE RESTRICTIONS listed elsewhere on this label.

• Avoid direct spray or drift contact of Galigan H₂O with jojoba flowers or buds as severe injury may result.
• Do not apply more than 3 pints (1.5 lbs. active) per broadcast acre in a single application nor more than 3 pints (1.5 lbs. active) per acre per year.

MINT (SPEARMINT, PEPPERMINT)
(CALIFORNIA, IDAHO, MONTANA, NEVADA, OREGON, SOUTH DAKOTA, UTAH, AND WASHINGTON ONLY)

GENERAL INFORMATION
Galigan H₂O is a selective herbicide for the control of certain annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in spearmint and peppermint grown in California, Idaho, Montana, Oregon, South Dakota, Utah, and Washington. Applications should only be made to spearmint and peppermint during the dormant season.

METHOD OF APPLICATION
Application must be made prior to new spring growth or severe crop injury may result. Galigan H₂O should be thoroughly mixed with clean water at recommended concentration and applied at 20 to 40 psi in 20 to 40 gallons of water per acre.

WEEDS CONTROLLED
When Galigan H₂O is applied as a dormant application at recommended dosages in spearmint and peppermint, the following annual weeds are controlled:

BEDDRENN, CATCHWEED
*OATS, WILD
*BLUEGRASS, ANNUAL
*ORCH, RED
FLOWER
PEPPERWEED, YELLOWFLOWER
GROUNDSSEL, COMMON
PIGWEED, REDROOT
LAMBSQUARTERS, COMMON
*RYegrASS, ITALIAN
LETUCE, PRICKLY (CHINA LETTUCE)
PERSHERDSPURSE
MUSTARD, BLUE (PURPLE MUSTARD)
SOWTHISTLE, ANNUAL
MUSTARD TUMBLE
TANSY, MUSTARD
(JIM HILL MUSTARD)
THISTLE, RUSSIAN
NIGHTSHADE, HAIRY

*Control of annual grasses is best obtained when Galigan H₂O is applied prior to emergence. Postemergence control of winter annual grasses is generally unsatisfactory if applications are made after the 1- to 2-leaf stage.

WESTERN OREGON
PEPPERMINT (WILLAMETTE VALLEY)
Apply 1 to 1.5 pints (0.5 to 0.75 lbs. active) of Galigan H₂O from November to February to dormant peppermint only. Treatments in January or February generally provide better residual preemergence control of annual broadleaf weeds. Full season weed control should not be expected from this treatment. Make only application per season using this regime. Application may be made in a minimum of 20 gallons of water per acre.

DO NOT APPLY GALIGAN H₂O IN THE WILLAMETTE VALLEY TO MINT THAT HAS BEEN PLOWED.
OREGON AND WASHINGTON (EAST OF CASCADES), CALIFORNIA, MONTANA, IDAHO, NEVADA, SOUTH DAKOTA, AND UTAH
SPEARMINT AND PEPPERMINT
Apply 2 to 3 pints (1 to 1.5 lb. active) of Galigan H₂O in a minimum of 20 gallons of water per acre from December through March to dormant mint only. Later winter applications will provide maximum activity on summer weeds. Summer grass control may be inconsistent. For best results, fall-plowed fields should be harrowed to provide a smooth surface prior to application. Plowed fields should not be harrowed after Galigan H₂O has been applied or soil disturbance will decrease the herbicial effectiveness. In furrow-irrigated fields, corrugating must be done prior to application. Corrugating after application can cover treated rows with untreated soil resulting in poor weed control.

MINT (SPEARMINT AND PEPPERMINT)
SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS
In addition to the following, also observe GENERAL USE RESTRICTIONS listed elsewhere on this label.

- Do not apply more than one application of Galigan H₂O per season.
- Apply Galigan H₂O only to healthy spearmint and peppermint. Do not apply to spearmint or peppermint that has been weakened by disease, drought, flooding, excessive fertilizer, soil salts, previously applied pesticides, nematodes, soil insects, or winter injury as severe injury may result.

MINT (SPEARMINT, PEPPERMINT)
GROWN ON MUCK SOILS ONLY IN INDIANA, MICHIGAN, MONTANA, NORTH DAKOTA, SOUTH DAKOTA, AND WISCONSIN
GENERAL INFORMATION
Galigan H₂O is a selective herbicide that can be used for the control of certain annual broadleaf weeds in dormant spearmint and peppermint. Applications should be made prior to the emergence of spearmint and peppermint that is grown on muck soils. Applications made after the spearmint and peppermint emerge will result in severe injury. Applications made prior to the emergence of spearmint and peppermint should be made within four (4) days of planting (sprigging) to prevent excessive injury.

WEEDS CONTROLLED POSTEMERGENCE AND PREEMERGENCE
When Galigan H₂O is applied at recommended dosages in spearmint and peppermint, the following weeds are controlled:

- KNOTWEED, PROSTRATE
- PIGWEED, REDROOT
- PURSLANE, COMMON

DOSAGE
Galigan H₂O should be applied at a rate of 2 to 3 pints (1.0 to 1.5 lb. active) per acre. When used postemergence (to the weeds) add an 80% active nonionic surfactant at the rate of one quart per 100 gallons of spray solution. Applications should be made before the weeds exceed four inches. It is important that applications of Galigan H₂O herbicide be made prior to the emergence of the spearmint and peppermint. Galigan H₂O herbicide should be thoroughly mixed with clean water at recommended concentrations and applied in 20 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Apply at 20 to 40 psi.

MINT (SPEARMINT, PEPPERMINT)
GROWN ON MUCK SOILS ONLY IN INDIANA, MICHIGAN, MONTANA, NORTH DAKOTA, SOUTH DAKOTA, AND WISCONSIN
SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS
In addition to the following, also observe GENERAL USE RESTRICTIONS listed elsewhere on this label.

- Apply Galigan H₂O only to spearmint and peppermint grown on muck soils (muck soils should have an organic matter of 20% or greater).
- Always apply Galigan H₂O to healthy spearmint and peppermint. Do not apply Galigan H₂O to spearmint or peppermint that has been weakened by disease, nematodes, soil insects, or winter injury, as severe injury may result.
- Do not apply Galigan H₂O to spearmint or peppermint that has emerged.
- Applications of Galigan H₂O to first-year spearmint or peppermint should be made within four (4) days of planting (sprigging).
- The use of any treated plants for feed or forage and the feeding or grazing of any treated area is prohibited.
- Do not make more than one application per season.

NON-CROP USE
NON-FOOD PRODUCING AND NON-CULTIVATED AGRICULTURAL OR NON-AGRICULTURAL AREAS (SUCH AS HIGHWAY AND UTILITY RIGHTS-OF-WAY, INDUSTRIAL SITES, TANK FARMS, STORAGE AREAS, AIRPORTS, FENCE ROWS, AND FARMSTEADS, ETC.)
GENERAL INFORMATION
Galigan H₂O is recommended for postemergence and preemergence control of certain broadleaf weeds in non-crop areas.

WEEDS CONTROLLED POSTEMERGENCE (weeds up to 4 inches high)
Apply 1 to 4 pints (0.5 to 2.0 lbs. active) of Galigan H₂O per broadcast acre. The lower rate in the rate range is recommended for control of susceptible weeds in the early postemergence stage, less than 4 inches in height. The higher rate (2.0 lbs. active) should be used for weeds up to 12 inches in height. Applications to weeds beyond the 4-inch stage may result in partial control.

- CHEESEWEED (MALVAA)
- FIDDLENECK, COAST
- FILAREE, BROADLEAF
- FILAREE, REDSTEM
- GROUNDSEL, COMMON
- HENBIT
- MINER’S LETTUCE
- NETTLE, BURNING
- PURSLANE, REDROOT
- PURSLANE, COMMON
- REDMAIDS
- SHEPHERDSPURSE
- SOWTHISTLE, ANNUAL

WEEDS CONTROLLED PREEMERGENCE
Apply 2.5 to 4 pints (1.25 to 2.0 lbs. active) per broadcast acre.

- BURCLOVER
- CHEESEWEED (MALVAA)
- FIDDLENECK, COAST
- FILAREE, BROADLEAF
- FILAREE, REDSTEM
- HENBIT
- KNOTWEED, PROSTRATE
- LAMBQUARTERS, COMMON
- LETTUCE, PRICKLY
- PURSLANE, COMMON
- ROCKS, LONDON
- SOWTHISTLE, ANNUAL

TIMING AND METHOD OF APPLICATION
Galigan H₂O should be applied in a minimum of 40 gallons of water per acre. Best preemergence results are achieved when spray is applied to a relatively weed-free soil surface. The volume of water used should be increased as the weeds become taller and more dense. Use a low-pressure sprayer equipped with flat fan nozzles. Spray equipment should be calibrated carefully before each use.

TANK MIXES WITH GALIGAN H₂O
IMPORTANT: Read and observe all label directions before using. When tank mixing, always read all individual manufacturers’ labels. In interpreting all labels for the tank mixture, the most restrictive situations must apply.

DOOSAGE
For preemergence control of susceptible grassy and broadleaf weeds, a tank mixture of Galigan H₂O with diuron or simazine can be applied. Apply at the recommended rates and growth stages to susceptible weed species in a manner described on the respective labels.

For postemergence control of susceptible grassy and broadleaf weeds, a tank mixture with paraquat or glyphosate with Galigan H₂O can be used. Apply at the recommended rates and growth stages to susceptible weed species in a manner described on the respective labels.

SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS
In addition to the following, also observe GENERAL USE RESTRICTIONS listed elsewhere on this label.

- Do not feed or allow animals to graze on any areas treated with Galigan H₂O herbicide.
- Do not apply more than 4 pints (2.0 lbs. active) in a single application.

ONIONS
GENERAL INFORMATION
Galigan H₂O is a selective herbicide for postemergence application to direct-seeded and transplanted onions for early postemergence control of certain annual broadleaf and grass weeds. Initial spray application should be made only when the onions have reached the development stage specified in the DOSAGE section and the SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS section of this label. On onion transplants, spray as soon before or after transplanting as practical. Galigan H₂O can cause necrotic lesions, twisting, pigtailting, or stunting of the onion plants. Injury will be more severe if applications are made immediately following or during cool, wet weather and/or if applications are made prior to the development stage of the onion plants as specified in the DOSAGE section and the SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS section of this label.

DOSAGE
SEEDED ONIONS
NORTHEASTERN STATES (CONNECTICUT, MAINE, MASSACHUSETTS, NEW HAMPSHIRE, NEW JERSEY, NEW YORK, RHODE ISLAND, AND VERMONT)
Galigan H₂O is recommended for postemergence control at 0.25 pint to 0.5 pint (0.12 to 0.25 lb. active) per acre when applied postemergence to seeded onions that have at least two (2) true leaves. Multiple treatments at the aforementioned rate may be applied. Do not apply more than 1 pint (0.5 lb. active) per broadcast acre of Galigan H₂O as a result of multiple applications in one season. Applications may be made in a minimum of 40 gallons of water per acre. The preharvest interval is 45 days.

WESTERN STATES (ARIZONA, CALIFORNIA, COLORADO, IDAHO, NEVADA, NEW MEXICO, OREGON, TEXAS, UTAH, AND WASHINGTON)
Galigan H₂O is recommended for postemergence control at 0.25 pint to 0.5 pint (0.12 to 0.25 lb. active) per acre when applied postemergence to onions that have at least two (2) true leaves. Multiple treatments at the aforementioned rates may be applied. Do not apply more than 1 pint (0.5 lb. active) per broadcast acre of Galigan H₂O as a result of multiple applications in one season. Applications may be made in a minimum of 40 gallons of water per acre. The preharvest interval is 45 days.

Sprinkler Chemigation: For application using sprinkler irrigation (solid set or portable lateral systems), apply specified dosage of Galigan H₂O per acre as described in this section. Follow all directions given in the section entitled APPLICATION THROUGH IRRIGATION SYSTEMS — CHEMIGATIONAL when making applications using sprinkler irrigation systems.

ALL OTHER STATES
Galigan H₂O is recommended for postemergence control at 0.25 pint (0.12 lb. active) per acre when applied postemergence to onions that have at least two (2) true leaves. Multiple treatments at the aforementioned rates may be applied. Do not apply more than 1 pint (0.5 lb. active) per broadcast acre of Galigan H₂O herbicide as a result of multiple applications in one season. Applications may be made in a minimum of 40 gallons of water per acre. The preharvest interval is 45 days.

TRANPLANTED ONIONS
POST-TRANSPLANT: Transplanted onions are most tolerant of a postemergence application immediately after transplanting.

For all states except the Northeastern states listed under the DOSAGE — SEEDED ONIONS section above, an application of up to 1 pint (0.5 lb. active) per acre within two days after transplanting may be made. If less than 1 pint per acre is applied, a second application can be made two weeks or more after transplanting. Do not exceed the maximum use rate of 1 pint (0.5 lb. active) per broadcast acre of Galigan H₂O as a result of multiple applications in one season. Applications may be made in a minimum of 40 gallons of water per acre.
Sprinkler Chemigation: For application using sprinkler irrigation (solid set or portable lateral systems), apply specified dosage of Galigan H₂O per acre as described in this section. Follow all directions given in the section entitled APPLICATION THROUGH IRRIGATION SYSTEMS – CHEMIGATION when making applications using sprinkler irrigation systems.

For transplanted onions in the Northeastern states, apply the same rates listed in the DOSAGE – SEEDED ONIONS section within two days after transplanting.

PRE-TRANSPLANT: (Not for use in Northeastern or Western states except as specifically directed on other approved supplemental labeling) Galigan H₂O is recommended for use as a pre-transplant application at 0.5 to 1 pint (0.25 to 0.5 lb. active) per broadcast acre. Applications must be made after completion of preplantation but prior to transplanting of onion plants. Transplanting should be completed with minimal soil disturbance. Treated soil surfaces should be left undisturbed after transplanting to obtain greatest benefit of Galigan H₂O on susceptible annual broadleaf weeds during the time period for which weed control is desired. However, timely cultivations after weed emergence will assist in weed control. If less than 1 pint per acre are applied as a preplant treatment, postemergence applications can be made as instructed in the DOSAGE – SEEDED ONIONS section of this label. Do not exceed the maximum use rate of 1 pint (0.5 lb. active) per broadcast acre of Galigan H₂O as a result of multiple applications in one season. Applications made prior to transplanting to a maximum of 40 gallons of water per acre are recommended.

Dosages listed are for broadcast application. For banded application, the amount of Galigan H₂O used per acre should be reduced according to the following formula:

\[
\text{Band Width (in inches)} \times \frac{\text{Rate per Acre}}{\text{Broadcast Acre}} = \frac{\text{Amount Needed per Acre}}{\text{for Banded Application}}
\]

**WEEDS CONTROLLED**

Galigan H₂O will provide postemergence control of the following weeds when applied at the recommended dosage and leaf stage (2 to 4 leaves):

- **CANARYGRASS (ANNUAL)**
  * EVENINGPRIMROSE, CUTLEAF
  * PURSLANE, COMMON
- **GROUNDSEL, COMMON**
- **MALLOW, LITTLE (MALVA)**
- **NIGHTSHADE, BLACK**
- **PIGWEED, PROstrate**
- **PIGWEED, REDROOT**

**Specific weeds controlled at rates recommended for use in Northeastern states (see DOSAGE section).**

**TIMING AND METHOD OF APPLICATION**

For best postemergence control of susceptible weeds, apply when the weeds are in the 2- to 4-leaf stage. Application of Galigan H₂O after the weeds exceed the maximum leaf stage may result in reduced weed control. More than one postemergence application may be necessary to control subsequent weed flushes.

Galigan H₂O should be thoroughly mixed with clean water at recommended concentrations and applied in a minimum of 40 gallons of water per acre. Use conventional garden spray equipment with flat fan spray nozzles at 20 to 40 psi. Accurately calibrate spray equipment prior to each use. Avoid drift to all other crops and non-target areas. Thoroughly flush the spray equipment (tank, hose, pump, boom) with water before and after each use. Residual Galigan H₂O remaining in the spray equipment may damage other crops.

**ONIONS GROWN FOR SEED**

**SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS**

In addition to the following, also observe GENERAL USE RESTRICTIONS listed elsewhere on this label.

- In all states, do not start spraying until the onions have reached the minimum leaf stage specified in the DOSAGE section of this label. Applications made prior to recommended onion development stage may result in serious injury and are not recommended.
- Do not apply more than a total of 1 pint (0.5 lb. active) per acre of Galigan H₂O during one use season.
- Do not apply within 45 days of harvest.
- Do not apply to onions grown for seed except as specified below or on other approved supplemental labeling.
- Tank mixtures of Galigan H₂O with oils, surfactants, liquid fertilizers, or other pesticides except as specified in the DOSAGE section may result in enhanced crop response/injury and are the responsibility of the user.
- Do not apply Galigan H₂O preemergence to direct-seeded onions.
- Do not apply to onion plants that are under stress due to drought, flooding, excessive fertilizer or soil salts, storage conditions, wind injury, hail, frost damage, injury from previously applied pesticides, or injury due to insects, nematodes, or diseases.

**ONIONS GROWN FOR SEED**

**GENERAL INFORMATION**

Galigan H₂O may be used as a postemergence application to onions grown for seed for early postemergence control of certain annual broadleaf and grassy weeds. Initial spray application should be made only when the onions have reached the development stage specified in the DOSAGE section and the SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS section of the SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS section of this label. Galigan H₂O can cause necrotic lesions, twisting, pigtailling, or stunting of the onion plants. Injury will be more severe if applications are made immediately following or during cool, wet weather and/or if applications are made prior to the development stage of the onion plants as specified in the DOSAGE section and/or the SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS section of this label.

**Note:** Some varieties or inbred lines of onions may be more susceptible to Galigan H₂O. Care should be taken to insure that the particular onion variety or line being grown is tolerant to Galigan H₂O. It is suggested that all onion varieties or lines be tested in limited areas to ensure an adequate level of crop tolerance prior to an application for postemergence weed control.
METHOD OF APPLICATION
Galigan H<sub>O</sub> should be thoroughly mixed with clean water at recommended concentrations and applied in a minimum of 15 gallons of water per broadcast acre. Accurately calibrate spray equipment prior to each use.

Accurate, uniform placement of Galigan H<sub>O</sub> is essential for effective weed control and to minimize crop injury. Galigan H<sub>O</sub> must be applied as a directed spray to the orchard floor beneath the papaya plants. Do not allow the herbicide solution, spray, drift, or mist to contact green bark, stems, fruit, or foliage as injury may result. Galigan H<sub>O</sub> must be applied using rigid precision ground sprayer equipment.

SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS
In addition to the following, also observe GENERAL USE RESTRICTIONS listed elsewhere on this label.

- Do not allow herbicide solution, spray, drift, or mist to contact green bark, stems, fruit, or foliage as injury may result.
- Do not apply more than 2.0 pints (1.0 lb. active) of Galigan H<sub>O</sub> per broadcast acre in a single directed spray or more than 6 pints (3.0 lbs. active) per broadcast acre per year as a result of multiple applications.
- Do not apply Galigan H<sub>O</sub> within 1 day of harvest.
- Do not use on papaya grown in Hawaii.

NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA
GENERAL INFORMATION
Galigan H<sub>O</sub> is effective as a preemergence and postemergence (post-directed) herbicide for the control of broadleaf weeds in soybeans. Applications can be made early preplant in conservation tillage soybeans, preemergence in no-till (double-crop) and conventional soybeans, or post-directed in conventional till soybeans. Seedling weeds are controlled as they come in contact with the herbicide either during emergence or through a post-directed application. Follow specific use directions and restrictions for recommended use and timing of applications.

Soybeans are tolerant to preemergence and post-directed applications of recommended dosages of Galigan H<sub>O</sub> herbicide; however, under certain conditions, Galigan H<sub>O</sub> herbicide can cause temporary injury. Heavy splashing rain shortly after crop emergence or cold, wet soil conditions during early growth stages can produce leaf cupping and crinkling. When injury occurs, it is generally limited to the first few leaves that develop shortly after crop plants emerge from the soil. Soybeans recover from this injury and yields are not adversely affected. Soybean leaves that are accidentally sprayed during a post-directed application will exhibit necrotic spotting and injury to the soybean plant. Therefore, care must be exercised to avoid spray contact with the soybean leaves.

DOSEAGE AND TIMING
CONSERVATION TILLAGE
Soybeans Early Preplant
Galigan H<sub>O</sub> herbicide is effective for preemergence and postemergence control of susceptible broadleaf weeds when surface applied at 0.75 to 1.5 pints (0.38 to 0.75 lb. active) per broadcast acre to the soil seedbed prior to the planting of conservation tillage soybeans. It is suggested that applications be made approximately 14 days prior to planting. The higher rate of 1 to 1.5 pints (0.5 to 0.75 lb. active) will assist in early season annual grass control. However, Galigan H<sub>O</sub> herbicide must not be a basic portion of the grass herbicide program. A planned program utilizing herbicides registered for early preplant, preemergence, or postemergence grass control in soybeans is recommended.

The use of ridge or slot planters or other planting equipment that results in minimal soil disturbance is recommended. Soil surfaces should not be disturbed as the herbicidal effectiveness of Galigan H<sub>O</sub> may be decreased. Seedling weeds are controlled as they come in contact with the soil-applied herbicide during emergence. Timely cultivations will usually assist in weed control.

No-Till (Double-Crop) Soybeans
Preemergence
Galigan H<sub>O</sub> herbicide is effective for preemergence and postemergence control of susceptible broadleaf weeds when applied at 0.25 to 1 pint (0.125 to 0.5 lb. active) per broadcast acre in a minimum of 20 gallons of water per acre. For postemergence control of certain grassy and broadleaf weeds, a tank mix of either paraquat (Gramoxone) or glyphosate (Roundup) with Galigan H<sub>O</sub> herbicide can be used. For residual grass control in no-tillage soybeans, a tank mixture of Bronco<sup>®</sup> Dual Magnum, Lasso, or Surflan with Galigan H<sub>O</sub> herbicide or combinations of Galigan H<sub>O</sub> herbicide plus parapquat (Gramoxone) or glyphosate (Roundup) can be used. Follow specific use directions and restrictions for these combination tank mixes. Application should be made within one day after planting. Late applications may result in severe crop injury and are not recommended.

WEEDS CONTROLLED PREEMERGENCE
Galigan H<sub>O</sub> herbicide used alone at recommended dosages provides preemergence control of the following broadleaf weeds:

- **GROUNDCRESS, CUTLEAF**
- **JIMSONWEED**
- **LABRUMQUARTERS, COMMON**
- **NIGHTSHADE, AMERICAN BLACK**
- **NIGHTSHADE, BLACK**
- **PIGWEED, REDROOT**

*Suppression of this weed occurs when Galigan H<sub>O</sub> herbicide is applied at the reduced rate recommended for the Galigan H<sub>O</sub> / metribuzin tank mix combination.

WEEDS CONTROLLED POSTEMERGENCE (POST-DIRECTED APPLICATION)

When Galigan H<sub>O</sub> herbicide is applied as a post-direct application at the recommended weed stage and dosage in soybeans, the following weeds are controlled:

- **COCKLEBUR, COMMON**
- **CROTON, TROPIC**
- **GROUNDCHERRY, CUTLEAF**
- **GROUNDCHERRY, WRIGHT**
- **JIMSONWEED**

When Galigan H<sub>O</sub> is applied, the tank mix is recommended for the Galigan H<sub>O</sub> / metribuzin tank mix combination.

WEEDS CONTROLLED POSTEMERGENCE (POST-DIRECTED APPLICATION) (continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Weed</th>
<th>Rate (lbs per acre)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cocklebur</strong></td>
<td>0.3 to 0.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Croton</strong></td>
<td>0.3 to 0.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Groundcherry</strong></td>
<td>0.3 to 0.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Jimsonweed</strong></td>
<td>0.3 to 0.75</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Use the higher rate of Bronco, Dual Magnum, or Lasso on soils containing more than 3% organic matter.

WEEEDS CONTROLLED POSTEMERGENCE (POST-DIRECTED APPLICATION) (continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Weed</th>
<th>Rate (lbs per acre)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Sencor DF</strong></td>
<td>0.3 to 0.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Lexone DF</strong></td>
<td>0.3 to 0.75</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Use the higher rate of Bronco, Dual Magnum, or Lasso on soils containing more than 3% organic matter.

**When using Surflan 75 WP, multiply pints by 0.67 to obtain the amount of Surflan 75WP product required. Do not use Surflan on soils containing more than 5% organic matter.

**Do not use.

CONVENTIONAL TILLED SOYBEANS
Preemergence
Galigan H<sub>O</sub> herbicide is effective for preemergence control of susceptible broadleaf weeds when applied at 1/2 to 1 pint (0.125 to 0.38 lb. active) per broadcast acre. Application should be made within one day of planting. Late applications may result in severe crop injury and are not recommended. The higher rate (0.38 lb. active) will assist in early season annual grass control. However, Galigan H<sub>O</sub> herbicide must not be a basic portion of the grass herbicide program. Galigan H<sub>O</sub> herbicide may be applied alone as a preemergence application following a preplant incorporated grass herbicide treatment or as a tank mix in a preemergence application with either Dual Magnum, Lasso, or Surflan.

CONVENTIONAL TILLED SOYBEANS
Preemergence

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**Use the higher rate of Bronco, Dual Magnum, or Lasso on soils containing more than 3% organic matter.

**When using Surflan 75 WP, multiply pints by 0.67 to obtain the amount of Surflan 75WP product required. Do not use Surflan on soils containing more than 5% organic matter.

**Do not use.

**Sencor DF or Lexone DF.
WEEDS CONTROLLED PREEMERGENCE

When Galigan H₂O herbicide is tank mixed with Bronco, Dual Magnum, Lasso, or Surflan and applied preemergence, in addition to the weeds controlled preemergence by Galigan H₂O herbicide alone, control of the following weeds is also obtained:

**BARNYARDGRASS**
- JOHNSONSorghum, SEEDLING

**CRABGRASS**
- PANICUM, FALL

**FOXTAIL, GIANT**
- RAGWEED, COMMON

**FOXTAIL, YELLOW**
- SIGNALGRASS, BROADLEAF

WEEDS CONTROLLED POSTEMERGENCE

When Galigan H₂O herbicide is tank mixed with Bronco, paraquat (Gramoxone), or glyphosate (Roundup) and applied postemergence, in addition to the weeds controlled postemergence by Galigan H₂O herbicide alone, control of the following weeds is also obtained:

**BLUEGRASS, ANNUAL**
- FOXTAIL, YELLOW

**CRABGRASS, LARGE**
- LAMBSQUARTERS, COMMON

**FOXTAIL, GIANT**
- RADWEED, COMMON

**FOXTAIL GREEN**
- SANDBUR, FIELD

TIMING AND METHOD OF APPLICATION

As a preemergence treatment, apply in 20 to 60 gallons of water per acre. If Bronco or glyphosate (Roundup) are included in the tank mix, apply in 20 to 40 gallons of water per acre. To insure complete coverage, spray volume should be increased as the density of emerged weeds, crop residue, or stubble increases. Use conventional spray equipment with flat fan or flood jet nozzles. Spray equipment should be calibrated carefully before each use.

POST-DIRECTED SPRAY

**GALIGAN 2E HERBICIDE USED ALONE**

**DOSEAGE**

Galigan H₂O herbicide is recommended as a post-directed application at 1/2 pint (0.25 lb. active) per acre. Optimum control is achieved when Galigan H₂O herbicide is applied to seedling weeds not exceeding 4 true leaves. See MIXING DIRECTIONS for surfactant recommendations. Weeds should be in the seedling stage, young and actively growing. Do not count cotyledon leaves.

**TANK MIXES WITH GALIGAN H₂O HERBICIDE**

For improved broadleaf weed control, a tank mixture of Galigan H₂O herbicide plus Butoxone® or Butyrac 200 is suggested. Use 5 pint Galigan H₂O herbicide (0.25 lb. active) with 1 pint of Butoxone (0.22 lb. active) or 0.7 to 0.9 pint of Butyrac 200 (0.175 to 0.22 lb. active) per broadcast acre. See MIXING DIRECTIONS for surfactant recommendations. When tank mixing, always read all individual manufacturer's labels. In interpreting all labels for the tank mixture, the most restrictive situations must apply.

TIMING

Soybeans plant height must be a minimum of 8 inches or greater. Use branch lifters or shields if necessary. Do not apply more than 0.5 pint (0.25 lb. active) of Galigan H₂O herbicide when visible erosion to aquatic habitats and/or wetlands occurs. (See elsewhere on this label for further information on Environmental Hazards).

**SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS**

In addition to the following, also observe GENERAL USE RESTRICTIONS listed at the end of this label.

- Do not apply more than 1 pint (0.5 lb. active) of Galigan H₂O herbicide per broadcast acre during one growing season as a result of preemergence application in no-till (double-crop) or conventional till soybeans or post-directed in conventional till soybeans. If early preplant application is made, do not apply more than 1.5 pints (0.75 lb. active) of Galigan H₂O herbicide per acre during one growing season.

**SOYBEANS**

**SPECIFIC ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

This product is highly toxic to freshwater clams, oysters, aquatic invertebrates, and aquatic plants. Do not apply Galigan H₂O herbicide when visible erosion to aquatic habitats and/or wetlands occurs. (See elsewhere on this label for further information on Environmental Hazards).

**SOYBEANS**

**SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS**

In addition to the following, also observe GENERAL USE RESTRICTIONS listed at the end of this label.

- Read and observe all label directions before using. When tank mixing, always read all individual manufacturer's labels. In interpreting all labels for the tank mixture, the most restrictive situations must apply.

- Do not make more than two applications of Galigan H₂O herbicide per growing season.

- Do not apply more than 1 pint (0.5 lb. active) of Galigan H₂O herbicide per acre during one growing season as a result of preemergence application in no-till (double-crop) or conventional till soybeans or post-directed in conventional till soybeans. If early preplant application is made, do not apply more than 1.5 pints (0.75 lb. active) of Galigan H₂O herbicide per acre during one growing season.

**GENERAL INFORMATION**

Galigan H₂O may be used for preemergence and post-directed application to dryland taro for the partial control of certain broadleaf weeds.

**NOTE:** Dryland taro is defined as a taro grown without irrigation or by using irrigation practices that do not result in runoff, irrigation return flow, or other loss of irrigation water from the production area. If irrigation is used, the water applied shall not exceed the field capacity of the soil. Occasionally, after the use of Galigan H₂O, a spotting, crinkling, or flecking may appear on the leaves of the taro. Leaves that receive direct or indirect (drift) spray contact will be injured. Do not use Galigan H₂O on taro plantings that are weak or under stress due to temperature, disease, fertilizer, nematodes, insects, pesticides, drought, or excessive moisture.

**DOSEAGE**

Apply Galigan H₂O at a rate of 1 pint (0.5 lb. active) per broadcast acre as a single preemergence application within one week after transplanting (and prior to emergence) of the taro. Galigan H₂O is also recommended as a post-direct application of 0.5 pint (0.25 lb. active) per acre. Effective control of succulent weed seedlings in the 2- to 3-leaf stage can usually be obtained. Do not apply more than 0.5 pint (0.25 lb. active) of Galigan H₂O per acre in a single post-direct application or more than 1 pint (0.5 lb. active) per broadcast acre per season as a result of multiple post-direct applications.

**Dosages listed are for broadcast application. For banded application, the amount of Galigan H₂O used per acre should be reduced according to the following formula:**

\[
\text{Amount Needed per Acre} = \frac{\text{Band Width (in inches)} \times \text{Rate per Broadcast Acre}}{\text{Row Width (in inches)}}
\]

**WEEDS CONTROLLED**

Galigan H₂O will provide preemergence and postemergence control of the following weeds when used at the recommended dosages. Applications to weeds beyond the 3-leaf stage may result in partial control.

- AMARNATH, SPINY
- PURSLANE, COMMON
- SPURGE, GARDEN

**TIMING AND METHOD OF APPLICATION**

Galigan H₂O should be thoroughly mixed with clean water at recommended concentrations and applied in a minimum of 15 gallons of water per acre. When applied preemergence, use conventional ground spray equipment with flat fan nozzles at 20 to 40 psi. Accurately calibrate spray equipment prior to each use. When applied as a post-direct spray, sprays must be directed to the base of the taro plant. Uniform, placement of Galigan H₂O herbicide is essential for effective weed control and to minimize crop injury. Taro foliage receiving accidental spray or drift may be injured. Weeds should be in the seedling stage, young and actively growing.

Galigan H₂O can be applied using a post-direct spray rig with only 2 flat fan nozzles per row, 1 nozzle on each side of the row. Additional care should be taken when adjusting the sprayer prior to application. For best coverage, it is suggested to use 4 flat fan nozzles per row, 2 nozzles on each side of the row. The 2 forward nozzles should point forward and downward while the rear nozzles should point to the rear and downward. With either sprayer system, nozzles should be adjusted to cover the weed foliage with minimum contact to the soybean plant. Do not use cone nozzles.

**TANK MIXTURE OF GALIGAN H₂O HERBICIDE WITH COMMAND®**

Galigan H₂O herbicide when applied preemergence at 0.3 to 0.4 pint (0.16 to 0.2 lb. active) per acre, in a tank mix combination with Command BEO at 1 to 1.25 pints (0.75 to 1.25 lb. active) is effective for the control of susceptible annual grass and broadleaf weeds in soybeans. Application should be made within one day following planting. Later applications may result in severe crop injury and are not recommended.

**WEEDS CONTROLLED PREEMERGENCE**

A tank mix of Galigan H₂O herbicide with Command at recommended dosages provides preemergence control of the following weeds:

**GRASS WEEDS**
- BARNYARDGRASS
- CRABGRASS
- CRABGRASS, LARGE
- CRABGRASS, SMOOTH
- CUPGRASS, SOUTHWEST
- CUPGRASS, WOOLLY
- FOXTAIL
- FOXTAIL, GIANT
- FOXTAIL, GREEN
- FOXTAIL, ROBUST PURPLE
- FOXTAIL, YELLOW
- GOOSEGRASS
- JOHNSONSorghum, SEEDLING
- PANICUM
- PANICUM, FALL
- PANICUM, TEXAS
- SANDBUR, FIELD
- SIGNALGRASS, BROADLEAF
- BRACHRIARIA

**BROADLEAF WEEDS**
- BEGGARWEED, FLORIDA
- CROTTON, TROPIC
- *GROUNDOCHERRY, CUTLEAF
- JIMSONWEED
- LAMBSQUARTERS
- MALLOW, VENICE
- *NIGHTSHADE, BLACK
- PIGWEED, REDROOT
- PURSLANE, COMMON
- PUSLEY, COMMON
- SHEPHERDSPURSE
- SIDA, PRICKLY
- SMARTWEED, PENNSYLVANIA
- *SOWTHISTLE, COMMON
- VELVETWEED

*Suppression
**GEORGRAPHIC USE DIRECTIONS**

**ARIZONA AND CALIFORNIA**

**WEEDS CONTROLLED POSTEMERGENCE**

Apply 2 to 3 pints (1.25 to 1.5 lbs. active) per broadcast acre. For preemergence control of susceptible weeds, use 2 to 3 pints (1.25 to 1.5 lbs. active) per broadcast acre.

**CHEESEWEED, MALVA**

FIDDLENECK, COAST

*FILAREE, BROADLEAF

*FILAREE, REDSTEM

*FILAREE, WHITESTEM

GROUNDSEL, COMMON

HENBIT

*Galigan H₂O at the 3 pint rate (1.5 lbs. active) will provide control of filaree not exceeding the 4-inch stage. Applications to filaree beyond the 4-inch stage may result in partial control.

**WEEDS CONTROLLED PREEMERGENCE**

Apply 2.5 to 3 pints (1.25 to 1.5 lbs. active) of Galigan H₂O per broadcast acre. Applications to weeds beyond the 4-inch stage may result in partial control.

**CHEESEWEED, MALVA**

FIDDLENECK, COAST

*FILAREE, BROADLEAF

*FILAREE, REDSTEM

*FILAREE, WHITESTEM

GROUNDSEL, COMMON

HENBIT

KNOTWEED, PROSTATE

**ALL OTHER STATES (EXCEPT CALIFORNIA AND ARIZONA)**

**WEEDS CONTROLLED PREEMERGENCE**

Apply 1 to 3 pints (0.5 to 1.5 lbs. active) of Galigan H₂O per broadcast acre. For preemergence control of susceptible weeds, use 2 to 3 pints (1.25 to 1.5 lbs. active) per broadcast acre.

**BORAGE**

**CHEESEWEED, MALVA**

**FIDDLENECK, COAST**

**FILAREE, BROADLEAF**

**FILAREE, REDSTEM**

**FILAREE, WHITESTEM**

**GROUNDSEL, COMMON**

**HENBIT**

**KNOTWEED, PROSTATE**

**ALL OTHER STATES (EXCEPT CALIFORNIA AND ARIZONA)**

**WEEDS CONTROLLED POSTEMERGENCE**

Apply 1 to 3 pints (0.5 to 1.5 lbs. active) of Galigan H₂O per broadcast acre. The lower rate is recommended for the control of susceptible weeds in the early postemergence stage up to the 4-leaf stage. The higher rate (1.5 lbs. active) should be used for weeds up to the 6-leaf stage. Applications to weeds beyond the 6-leaf stage may result in partial control.

**BALSAMAPPLE**

**COCKLEBUR, COMMON**

*CUDWEED, NARROWLEAF**

**EVENINGPRIMROSE, CUTLEAF**

**GROUNDCHERRY, CUTLEAF**

**GROUNDCHERRY, WRIGHT**

**JIMSONWEED**

**LAMBSQUARTERS, COMMON**

**MORNINGGLORY, ANNUAL**

**NIGHTSHADE, AMERICAN BLACK**

**NIGHTSHADE, BLACK**

*Maximum 0.5 inch diameter.

**TREE FRUITS, NUTS, VINES DORMANT APPLICATION**

**SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS**

In addition to the weeds controlled by Galigan H₂O used alone, control of susceptible weeds listed on the respective labels for the following products is also obtained:

- diuron
- norflurazon (Solicam) or oryzalin (Surflan)
- pronamide (Kerb)
- simazine
- napropamide (Devrinol)
- paraquat

*In addition, simazine provides preemergence control of horseweed (marestail).

**CHEMIGATION (ALL STATES):** For dormant season application using sprinkler (low-volume), drip (trickle), and flood (basin) irrigation systems, apply specified dosage of Galigan H₂O per acre as described in the applicable DOSAGE sections above. Follow all directions given in the section of the label entitled APPLICATION THROUGH IRRIGATION SYSTEMS – CHEMIGATION when making applications using sprinkler irrigation systems. Do not allow treated irrigation water to contact the fruit or foliage.

**TANK MIXES WITH GALIGAN H₂O**

**IMPORTANT:** Read and observe all label directions before using. When tank mixing, always read all individual manufacturers’ labels. In interpreting all labels for the tank mixture, the most restrictive situations must apply.

**DOSAGE**

For preemergence control of susceptible grassy and broadleaf weeds in certain bearing and non-bearing tree fruit, nut, or vine plantings, a tank mixture of Galigan H₂O with napropamide (Devrinol), diuron, pronamide (Kerb), simazine, norflurazon (Solicam), or oryzalin (Surflan) can be applied. Apply at the recommended rates and growth stages to susceptible weed species in a manner described on the respective labels.

**WEEDS CONTROLLED**

In addition to the weeds controlled by Galigan H₂O used alone, control of susceptible weeds listed on the respective labels for the following products is also obtained:

- diuron
- norflurazon (Solicam) or oryzalin (Surflan)
- pronamide (Kerb)
- simazine
- napropamide (Devrinol)
- paraquat

*In addition, simazine provides preemergence control of horseweed (marestail).

**TREE FRUITS, NUTS, VINES DORMANT APPLICATION**

**SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS**

In addition to the following, also observe GENERAL USE RESTRICTIONS listed elsewhere on this label.

- Do not apply Galigan H₂O during the period between bud swell and completion of final harvest or when fruit or nuts are present. Galigan H₂O can be applied upon completion of final harvest.
- Do not apply any treated plants for feed or forage and the feeding or grazing of any treated area is prohibited.
- In ARIZONA AND CALIFORNIA, Galigan H₂O can be applied during the period following completion of final harvest up to February 15 (February 1st in the Coachella Valley, California).
- Applications made after the calendar dates above but prior to bud swell may result in significant crop injury and are the responsibility of the user.
- Do not apply more than 3 pints (1.5 lbs. active) per broadcast acre of Galigan H₂O herbicide in one season.
- Do not apply to grapes or kiwi established less than 3 years unless vines are on a trellis wire a minimum of 3 feet above the soil surface.
- Do not apply to grapes or kiwi that are not staked or trellised unless vines are free-standing.
- Galigan H₂O or any of the combinations recommended on this label should be applied only to healthy growing trees or vines.
- Direct spray toward the base of trees or vines unless specific recommendations allow over-the-top applications. Avoid direct plant contact.
GRAPES (CALIFORNIA ONLY)

NON-DORMANT APPLICATION

GENERAL INFORMATION

Galigan H₂O may be used for the control/suppression of susceptible broad leaf weed species in non-dormant grapes (raisin and wine grapes only) when applied either as a directed ground spray application or for supplemental preemergence weed control through low-volume sprinkler (microsprinkler) or drip (trickle) irrigation systems. Galigan H₂O can be applied to all grapes (raisin, table, wine) when applied as a dormant application as specified above. The total amount of Galigan H₂O applied during one season (from completion of final harvest through dormancy to non-dormant use covered by this section) cannot exceed a total of 3 pints (1.5 lbs. active) per acre as a result of multiple applications in any given area (broadcast, banded, or within the wetted area of the low-volume sprinkler or drip irrigation systems).

CROP TOLERANCE INFORMATION

The use of Galigan H₂O may in some instances result in varying degrees of injury to non-dormant grapes. Grape foliage will typically exhibit injury symptoms from direct or indirect (spray drift, soil contact) exposure to Galigan H₂O. This injury may result in leaf necrosis, reddening of the foliage, leaf cupping, or crinkling of the crop. The grape plant continues to grow normally. Immature, expanding leaves at the time of contact with Galigan H₂O are the most susceptible to foliage injury. Grapes may exhibit some small blemishes (spots or flicks) on the fruit.

DOSAGE AND APPLICATION TIMING

Applications can be made to non-dormant grapes during the period between the completion of bloom up through 14 days prior to harvest. Galigan H₂O is recommended for use at rates of 0.5 to 1 pint (0.25 to 0.5 lb. active) per broadcast acre. Do not apply more than 3 pints (1.5 lbs. active) per broadcast acre per season as a result of multiple applications made during the dormant and non-dormant season (up to 14 days prior to harvest).

WEEDS CONTROLLED / SUPPRESSED POSTEMERGENCE (weeds up to 4 inches high)

For postemergence control/suppression, apply 0.5 to 1 pint (0.25 to 0.5 lb. active) per broadcast acre to susceptible weed seedlings up to 4 inches in height. Repeat applications may be required. Applications to weeds beyond this 4-inch stage or at reduced use rates will result in reduced herbi-cidal activity. For enhanced postemergence activity on certain grassy and broadleaf weeds, a tank mixture of Galigan H₂O with either paraquat or glyphosate can be used when applied as a directed spray with ground application equipment.

CHEESEWEED (MALVA) CHEESEWEED (MALVA) CHEESEWEED (MALVA) NETTLE, BURNING FIDDLENECK, COAST FIDDLENECK, COAST FIDDLENECK, COAST NIGHTSHADE, BLACK NIGHTSHADE, BLACK NIGHTSHADE, BLACK GROUNDSEL, COMMON GROUNDSEL, COMMON GROUNDSEL, COMMON PIGWEED, REDROOT PIGWEED, REDROOT PIGWEED, REDROOT HENBIT HENBIT HENBIT PURSLANE, COMMON PURSLANE, COMMON PURSLANE, COMMON MINER'S LETTUCE MINER'S LETTUCE MINER'S LETTUCE REDMORAS REDMORAS REDMORAS MOURNINGGLORY SPECIES, ANNUAL MOURNINGGLORY SPECIES, ANNUAL MOURNINGGLORY SPECIES, ANNUAL ROCKET, LONDON ROCKET, LONDON ROCKET, LONDON MUSTARD, BLACK MUSTARD, BLACK MUSTARD, BLACK SOWTHISTLE, ANNUAL SOWTHISTLE, ANNUAL SOWTHISTLE, ANNUAL

Where postemergence weed activity is desired, add 1 quart of LATRON AG-98 (or comparable 80% active nonionic surfactant cleared for application to growing crops) per each 100 gallons of spray.

TANK MIXTURES WITH GALIGAN H₂O

IMPORTANT: Read and observe all label directions before using. When tank mixing, always read all individual manufacturers’ labels. In interpreting all labels for the tank mixture, the most restrictive situations must apply.

For enhanced postemergence activity on a broader spectrum of grassy and broadleaf weeds in the berm or row middles, a tank mixture of Galigan H₂O should be thoroughly mixed with clean water at recommended concentrations and applied in a minimum of 20 gallons of water per acre (a minimum of 10 gallons per acre for tank mixes with glyphosate). Use higher volumes to ensure adequate coverage. Higher volumes of water are necessary for better control of broadleaf weeds, especially broadleaf weeds with thicker, leathery foliage. Galigan H₂O should be directed to the soil and the base of the weeds. Use a low-pressure sprayer equipped with a breakaway boom and flat fan nozzles. An off-center (OC) nozzle positioned at the end of the boom may be desired. Spray equipment should be calibrated carefully before each use. See SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS for Galigan H₂O herbicide application on non-dormant vine plantings.

CHEMIGATION APPLICATION: Galigan H₂O may be applied using sprinkler [low-volume (microsprinkler)] and drip (trickle) irrigation systems designed to distribute irrigation water beneath the vine canopy. The application of Galigan H₂O is intended to supplement the preemer-gence weed control requirements of a broadcast (or directed) weed control program where weed emergence is anticipated within the wetted area of the low-volume sprinkler (microsprinkler) or drip (trickle) irrigation system. Applications should be made prior to weed emergence since postemergence activity will be inconsistent due to partial coverage. Apply the specified dosage of Galigan H₂O at a continuous uniform rate during the middle 1/3 of the irrigation period to insure proper flushing of the irrigation system. Follow all directions given in the section entitled APPLICATION THROUGH IRRIGATION SYSTEMS – CHEMIGATION when making applications using sprinkler irrigation systems. Do not allow treated irrigation water to contact the fruit or foliage.

GRAPES (WASHINGHON AND OREGON ONLY)

WINE AND PROCESSING ONLY

GENERAL INFORMATION

Galigan H₂O may be used to assist with sucker control in grapes (wine and processing grapes only) when applied as a directed ground spray application to suckers growing from the base of the plant. The use of Galigan H₂O will typically reduce (but not eliminate) the need for sucker removal by hand.

CROP TOLERANCE

The use of Galigan H₂O may in some instances result in varying degrees of injury to non-dormant grapes. Grape foliage will typically exhibit injury symptoms from direct or indirect (spray drift, soil contact) exposure to Galigan H₂O. This injury may result in leaf necrosis, reddening of the foliage, leaf cupping, or crinkling. Immature, expanding leaves at the time of contact with Galigan H₂O are the most susceptible to foliage injury. Grapes may exhibit some small blemishes (spots or flicks) on the fruit.

RATE AND APPLICATION TIMING

Apply Galigan H₂O at a rate of 0.5 to 1 pint (0.25 to 0.5 lb. active) per acre in a spray volume of 50 gallons (or more) per broadcast acre to newly emerging sucker growth up to 12 inches in length. The highest rate and/or a second application may be required to achieve an acceptable level of control/suppression of grassy suckers. Do not apply more than 3 pints (1.5 lbs. active) per broadcast acre as a result of multiple applications made during a single season (dormant and non-dormant). The use of Galigan H₂O will typically reduce (but not eliminate) the need for sucker removal by hand. Applications can be made to non-dormant grapes up to three weeks after bloom. Do not use within 60 days of harvest.

Add 2 pints of Latron AG-98 (or comparable 80 percent active nonionic surfactant cleared for application to growing crops) per each 100 gallons of spray. Rates indicated above are for broadcast application. For banded applications, the amount of Galigan H₂O used per acre should be reduced according to the following formula:

\[
\text{Amount Needed per Acre} = \frac{\text{Rate per Broadcast Acre}}{\text{Band Width (in inches)}}
\]

METHOD OF APPLICATION

Galigan H₂O should be applied in a three-foot band directed towards the base of the grapevine. Applications are to be directed towards the lower portion of the grapevine to minimize leaf injury from spray contact. Avoid spray contact on flowers, grape clusters, or fruit. Mounted nozzles are used to deliver the spray solution. Thorough spray coverage of sucker growth is essential to maximize the activity of Galigan H₂O. Spray equipment should be calibrated carefully before each use.

AVOID DRIFT TO ALL OTHER CROPS AND NON-TARGET AREAS. DO NOT APPLY WHEN WEATHER CONDITIONS FAVOR DRIFT. GALIGAN H₂O IS PHYTOTOXIC TO PLANT FOLIAGE.

TANK MIXTURES WITH GALIGAN H₂O

IMPORTANT: Read and observe all label directions before using. When tank mixing, always read all individual manufacturers’ labels. In interpreting all labels for the tank mixture, the most restrictive situations must apply.

For enhanced postemergence sucker activity, a tank mixture of Galigan H₂O with either glufosinate (Rely) or paraquat can be used. Apply at the recommended rates and growth stages in a manner described on the respective labels.
The total amount of Galigan H₂O applied during one crop year (dormant and non-dormant) cannot exceed 3 pints (1.5 lbs. active) per acre as a result of multiple applications in any given area (broadcast or banded).

Galigan H₂O should be applied only by ground application equipment.

Apply Galigan H₂O as a non-dormant application for sucker control to wine grapes or processed grapes only.

Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift. Avoid drift to all non-target areas. Galigan H₂O is phytotoxic to plant foliage.

Do not apply Galigan herbicide within 60 days of harvest.

Do not treat ditch banks or waterways with Galigan H₂O.

Do not apply Galigan herbicide within 60 days of harvest.

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Apply Galigan H₂O as a non-dormant application for sucker control to wine grapes or processed grapes only.

Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift. Avoid drift to all non-target areas. Galigan H₂O is phytotoxic to plant foliage.

Do not apply Galigan herbicide within 60 days of harvest.

Do not treat ditch banks or waterways with Galigan H₂O.
Galigan H₂O may be applied to conifer and deciduous species including the following:

CONIFER SPECIES

COMMON NAME | SCIENTIFIC NAME
--- | ---
ARBORVITAE | Thuja occidentalis
DOUGLAS FIR | Pseudotsuga menziesii
FIR | Abies fraseri
FRASER | Abies grandis
GRAND | Abies procera
NOBLE | Juniperus chinensis
HEMLOCK | Juniperus horizontalis
EASTERN HEMLOCK | Juniperus procumbens
WESTERN HEMLOCK | Juniperus sabina
JUNIPER | Juniperus scopulorum

CRABAPPLE Malus spp.

DECIDUOUS:

COMMON NAME | SCIENTIFIC NAME
--- | ---
ASH Fraxinus spp. | Fraxinus spp.
COMMON NAME | SCIENTIFIC NAME
--- | ---
MAPLE, BLACK | Acer nigrum
LILAC Syringa vulgaris | Syringa vulgaris
LARCH | Picea nigra
PINE | Pinus nigra
AUSTRIAN | Pinus strobus
EASTERN WHITE | Pinus palustris
Himalayan | Pinus radiata
JACK | Pinus mugo
LOBLolly | Pinus sylvestris
Lodgepole | Pinus elliottii
LONGLEAF | Pinus virginiana
MONTEREY | Pinus contorta
MUGHO | Pinus echinata
SCOTCH | Pinus sylvestris
SHORTLEAF | Pinus radiata
SLASH | Pinus strobus
VIRGINIA | Pinus taeda
SPRUCE | Pinus banksiana
BLUE | Pinus taeda
DWARF ALBERTA | Pinus sylvestris
NORWAY | Pinus strobus
SITKA | Pinus taeda
RED CEDAR | Pinus taeda
YEW | Pinus taeda

DE DECIDUOUS SPECIES

COMMON NAME | SCIENTIFIC NAME
--- | ---
ASH | Fraxinus spp.
CRABAPPLE | Malus spp.
EUCALYPTUS | Eucalyptus virgiana, E. globulus
LILAC | Syringa vulgaris
MAPLE, BLACK | Acer nigrum
OAK, NORTHERN RED | Quercus rubra
OLIVE, RUSSIAN | Olea europaea
POPLAR (COTTONWOOD) | Populus spp.
SWEETGUM | Liquidambar formosana
SYCAMORE | Plataneus occidentalis
WALNUT, BLACK* | Juglans nigra
*Do not harvest the nuts for food use.

DOSEAGE

Apply 2 to 3 pints (11.0 to 15.1 lbs. active) of Galigan H₂O per broadcast acre for pre-emergence and postemergence weed control. The addition of 0.25% v/v (2 pints per 100 gallons of spray solution) of an 80% active nonionic surfactant cleared for application to growing crops enhances the Galigan H₂O activity on emerged weeds.

For banded application, the amount of Galigan H₂O to be used per acre should be reduced accordingly to the following formula.

\[
\text{Band Width (in inches)} \times \text{Rate per Row Width (in inches)} = \frac{\text{Amount Needed per Acre}}{\text{Broadcast Acre}} \times \text{For Banded Application} \]

METHOD OF APPLICATION

CONIFERS: Galigan H₂O can be applied pre-transplant, post-directed, or postemergence (over-the-top) to conifers. Postemergence or post-directed applications should be applied prior to budbreak or after the foliage has had an opportunity to harden off.

DECIDUOUS: Galigan H₂O has exhibited selectivity to many deciduous species when applied pre-transplant or as a post-directed spray prior to budbreak. Special care should be taken to direct the spray toward the base of the plant. Applications made after budbreak may result in injury to the deciduous species and are not recommended. (Note: If a non-dormant application is required, do not apply during periods of new foliage growth. Applications should be made after foliage has fully expanded and hardened off. Direct spray toward the base of the trees. Avoid direct or indirect spray contact with the foliage of the deciduous species.)

In general, Galigan H₂O should be thoroughly mixed with clean water at the recommended concentration and applied at 20 to 40 psi in a minimum of 20 gallons of water per acre as a broadcast, banded, or post-directed spray. Thorough spray coverage is essential to maximize the postemergence activity of Galigan H₂O. Spray equipment should be calibrated carefully before each use.

Pretransplant applications must be made after completion of soil preparation but prior to transplanting. Transplanting should be completed with minimal soil disturbance. Treated soil surfaces should be left undisturbed after transplanting to obtain the greatest benefit of Galigan H₂O on susceptible annual broadleaf weeds during the time period for which weed control is desired. However, timely cultivations after weed emergence will assist in weed control.

WINDBREAKS AND SHELTERBELTS

SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS

In addition to the following, also observe GENERAL USE RESTRICTIONS listed elsewhere on this label:

- Do not apply more than 3 pints (1.5 lbs. active) of Galigan H₂O per treated acre per growing season as a result of single or multiple applications.
- Always apply Galigan H₂O to healthy deciduous and/or conifer species.
- Do not apply Galigan H₂O to conifers or deciduous species that have been weakened or are under stress from excessive fertilizer or soil salts, disease, nematodes, frost, drought, flooding, previously applied pesticides, soda insects, or winter injury, as severe injury may result.

GENERAL USE RESTRICTIONS

USE RESTRICTIONS THAT APPLY TO ALL REGISTERED APPLICATIONS ARE LISTED BELOW:

- Read and observe all label directions before using. When tank mixing, always read all individual manufacturers’ labels. In interpreting all labels for the tank mixture, the most restrictive situations must apply.
- Do not contaminate irrigation water or water used for domestic purposes.
- Do not use any plants treated with Galigan H₂O for feed or forage.
- Do not feed or allow animals to graze on any areas treated with Galigan H₂O.
- Galigan H₂O should be applied only by ground application equipment except as specifically directed on this label or on other approved supplemental labeling.
- Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift. Avoid drift to all non-target areas. Galigan H₂O is a phytotoxic treatment.
- Thoroughly flush spray equipment (tank, pump, hoses, and boom) with clean water before and after each use. Residual Galigan H₂O remaining in spray equipment may damage other crops.
- To assist in the removal of Galigan H₂O residues in spray equipment, a non-ionic surfactant may be added at the rate of 1 quart per 100 gallons of water during flushing.
- Use Galigan H₂O only for recommended purposes and at recommended rates.
- Do not treat ditch banks or waterways with Galigan H₂O.
- On all labeled food and/or feed crops, the maximum seasonal application rate is 1.5 lbs. active ingredient (3 pints of this product) per acre (except tropical commodities grown in Hawaii).
- On all labeled ornamentals, the maximum application rate of 1.5 lbs. active ingredient (3 pints of this product) per application is allowed. A total of 4.5 lbs. active ingredient (9 pints of this product) is allowed per season.
- On all labeled conifer seedlings, the maximum application rate is 2 lbs. active ingredient (4 pints of this product) per acre.
- On all labeled tree nurseries and plantations, rights of way, irrigation systems, uncultivated non-agricultural land, and industrial sites, the maximum single application rate is 2 lbs. active ingredient (4 pints of this product) per acre and per application and 2 lbs. active ingredient (4 pints of this product) per acre per season.

ROTATION CROP RESTRICTIONS

- Do not rotate to small-grain crops (includes barley, buckwheat, corn, pearl millet, proso millet, oats, popcorn, rice, rye, sorghum, triticale, wheat, wild rice) within 10 months following GALIAN treatment.
- Do not direct seed any crops other than Galigan H₂O-labeled crops within 60 days following a Galigan H₂O treatment.
- Do not transplant seedling crops other than Galigan H₂O-labeled crops within 30 days following a Galigan H₂O treatment.

IMPORTANT: TREATED SOIL MUST BE THOROUGHLY INCORPORATED TO A DEPTH OF 4 INCHES AFTER HARVEST (OR ABANDONING) OF THE TREATED CROP BUT PRIOR TO PLANTING OF THE ROTATIONAL CROP. FAILURE TO ACHIEVE THIS THOROUGH AND COMPLETE INCORPORATION OR TO FOLLOW THE REQUIRED MINIMUM PLANT-BACK INTERVAL MAY RESULT IN CROP INJURY, STAND REDUCTION, AND/OR VIGOR REDUCTION OF THE PLANT-BACK CROP. See specific fallow bed labeling regarding crop planting information for applications of Galigan H₂O made to a fallow bed or fallow field.

WEEDS LISTED

COMMON NAME | SCIENTIFIC NAME
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AGERATUM | Ageratum conyzoides
AMARANTH, SPINY | Amaranthus spinosus
BALANSAMBLE | Ambrosia artemisiifolia
BARNYARDGRASS (WATERGRASS) | Echinochloa crus-galli
BEDSTRAW, CATCHWEED | Galium aparine
BITTERCRESS, LESSER | Cardamine oligosperma
BLUEGRASS, ANNUAL | Poa annua
BUCKEWHEAT, WILD | Polygonum convolvulus
BURCLOVER | Medicago hispida
BUDDLE CUP, SMALLFLOWER | Ranunculus abortivus
BUTTONWEED | Rorippa hirsuta
CAMPHORWEED | Heterotheca subaxillaris
CANDYGRASS (ANNUAL) | Phalaris canariensis
CARPETWEED | Mollugo verticillata
CHEESEWEED (MALVA) | Malva parviflora
CLOVER, RED | Trifolium pratense
CLOVER, WHITE | Trifolium repens
COCKLEBUR, COMMON | Xanthium pensylvanicum
CRABGRASS, LARGE (Hairy) | Digitaria sanguinalis
CROTALARIA | Crotalaria species
CROTON, TROPIC | Croton glandulosus
CUDNOWN, NARROWLEAF | Gnaphalium falcatum
EVENING PRIMROSE, CUTLEAF | Senecio vulgaris
FIDDLENECK, COAST | Trifolium pratense
FILAREE, WHITESTEM | Trifolium repens
FILAREE, REDSTEM | Erodium cicutarium
FIREWEED (FROM SEED) | Erodium cicutarium
Erodium moschatum
Epilobium angustifolium
(continued on next page)
Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place. A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

**SPRINKLER CHEMIGATION (FOLIAR SPRAY USES)**

For sprinkler irrigation, sufficient water should be applied at the beginning of the irrigation period to insure uniform wetting of the plant and/or soil surfaces. Meter Galigan H₂O at a continuous uniform rate during the middle one-third of the irrigation period to allow for uniform distribution to the vegetation and/or soil surface. Continue irrigation during the final one-third of the irrigation period to insure proper flushing of the irrigation system. During sprinkler irrigation, sufficient water should be applied to insure water penetration to a depth of two inches.

To apply a pesticide using sprinkler chemigation, the chemigation system must meet the following specifications:
- The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain accurately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

**FLOOD (BASIN) CHEMIGATION (SOIL DRENCH USES)**

Galigan H₂O should be continuously metered into the water during the entire irrigation period. Agitation in the pesticide supply tank is suggested. Best weed control results, from Galigan H₂O applied through flood (basin) irrigation systems, are obtained when a uniform distribution and flow of irrigation water is maintained over level land.

Systems using a gravity flow pesticide dispensing system must meter the pesticide into the water at the head of the field and downstream of a hydraulic discontinuity such as drop structure or weir box to decrease potential for water source contamination from backflow if water flow stops. Systems utilizing a pressurized water and pesticide injection system must meet the following requirements:
- The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain accurately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

**APPLICATION THROUGH IRRIGATION SYSTEMS – CHEMIGATION**

Do not apply this product through any irrigation system unless the instructions for chemigation are followed. Application by chemigation in irrigation systems to be used under the specific crop use instructions, Galigan H₂O may not be applied to that crop through an irrigation system.

Apply this product only through sprinkler [solid set, portable lateral, or low-volume (microsprinkler), drip (trickle), or flood (basin)] irrigation systems. Refer to the specific crop directions to determine when type of irrigation system to use. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system. Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform treatment of water.

If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers, or other experts.
CHEMIGATION CALIBRATION FOR LOW-VOLUME SPRINKLERS (MICROSPRINKLERS) AND DRIP (TRICKLE) IRRIGATION SYSTEMS

Calculation of use rate is based on wetted area around emitters – NOT on grove acres. To determine correct amount of Galigan H₂O₂, use the following formula:

1. Treated area per each emitter = A
   
   A = 3.14 x (radius x radius)
   
   Example: If the average distance from emitter to perimeter of wetted area measured at the soil surface is 13 inches, then
   
   A = 3.14 x (13” x 13”) = 3.14 x 169”²
   
   A = 530.7 square inches

2. The area in square feet wet in each acre = B
   
   B = A x emitters/acre
   
   Example: If there are 300 emitters per acre, then
   
   B = 530.7 x 300 = B = 1105.6 square feet wetted per acre

3. The total area (in square feet) wet by your system = C
   
   C = B x acres covered by system
   
   Example: If the system covers 20 acres, then
   
   C = 1105.6 square feet per acre x 20 acres
   
   C = 22,112 square feet wetted by system

4. Amount of Galigan H₂O₂ to inject = S
   
   S = (C / R) x quarts of Galigan H₂O
   
   Example: If the desired application rate per treated acre is 1 quart of Galigan H₂O, then
   
   S = 22,112 x 1.0 = S = 0.507 quarts of Galigan H₂O should be injected into system

5. The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. All such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

CHEMIGATION CALIBRATION FOR FLOOD (BASIN) IRRIGATION SYSTEMS

1. Determine acreage covered by flood irrigation.
2. Determine time required to irrigate area.
3. Fill metering solution tank with water and adjust flow rate to use contents over the predetermined time interval required.
4. Determine the amount of Galigan H₂O required to treat area.
5. Add the recommended amount of Galigan H₂O and water (if necessary) to bring solution to the amount required to apply the proper rate for the time interval established during calibration.
6. Meter Galigan H₂O as recommended by label.

CHEMIGATION SYSTEMS CONNECTED TO PUBLIC WATER SYSTEMS

If the chemigation system is connected to a public water supply, the following conditions must also be met:

- Public water systems means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.
- Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional reduced-pressure zone, backflow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from a point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shutdown.
- The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops, or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- Upon completion of herbicide application, remove scale, pesticide residues, and other foreign matter from the supply tank and entire injector system. Flush thoroughly with clean water.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

STORAGE: Keep from freezing. Store above 32°F.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA regional office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke. In case of spill, avoid contact, isolate area, and keep out animals and unprotected persons. Confine spills.

To confine spill: Dike surrounding area or absorb with sand, cat litter, or commercial clay. Place damaged package in a holding container. Identify contents.

FOR 24-HOUR EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE (SPILL, LEAK OR FIRE), CALL INFOTRAC AT (800) 535-5053.

LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

Read the entire Directions for Use, Conditions of Warranties and Limitations of Liability before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once. By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability.

CONDITIONS: The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. All such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

DECLARATION OF WARRANTIES: To the extent consistent with applicable law, Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. makes no other warranties, express or implied, of merchantability or of fitness for a particular purpose or otherwise, that extend beyond the statements made on this label. No agent of Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. is authorized to make any warranties beyond those contained herein or to modify the warranties contained herein. To the extent consistent with applicable law, Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. disclaims any liability whatsoever for special, incidental or consequential damages resulting from the use or handling of this product.

LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY: To the extent consistent with applicable law, the exclusive remedy of the user or buyer for any and all losses, injuries or damages resulting from the use or handling of this product, whether in contract, warranty, tort, negligence, strict liability or otherwise, shall not exceed the purchase price paid or at Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc.’s election, the replacement of product.

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Galigan H₂O (86222-140)(EPA app 03-22-07)