SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE 12.5% DIRECTIONS FOR USE CONTINUED

COOLING TOWER/EVAPORATIVE CONDENSER WATER

In chemical feeders, feed at the rate of 1 lb of this product per 10,000 gallons of water in the system. Follow mixing tank instructions. When system is not sufficiently chlorinated, apply half to 1 lb of this product. When system is initially treated, apply half to 1 lb of this product. Do not rinse equipment with water after treatment and do not soak equipment overnight.

CONTAINER ADVICE

CONTAINER CLOSED

KEEPS OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

DANGER: Corrosive. May cause severe skin and eye irritation or chemical burns to skin, eyes. Causes eye damage. Wear safety glasses or goggles and rubber gloves when handling this product. Wash after handling. Avoid breathing vapors. Vacate poorly ventilated areas as soon as possible. Do not return until odors have dissipated.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic organisms. Do not discontinue effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans, or other water unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into the sewers of treatment facilities that are not equipped to handle sewage systems without previously notifying the sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance contact your State Water Board or regional office of the EPA.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS: STRONG OXIDIZING AGENT. May react with materials containing a reducing agent. May explode upon contact with combustible materials. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause eye irritation. May cause skin irritation. May cause burns on contact. Contains chlorine. Corrosive.

If Inhaled: move person to fresh air; if person is not breathing, call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If on Skin or Clothing: remove contaminated clothing; rinse skin with plenty of water; if possible, call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If Ingested: call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

First Aid:

1. IF INHALED: move person to fresh air; if person is not breathing, call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

2. IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING: take off contaminated clothing; rinse skin with plenty of water; if possible, call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

3. IF IN EYES: hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes; call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

4. IF SWALLOWED: call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.

5. IF ON DIRT OR STONE: rinse well with plenty of water; if possible, call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

NOTICE TO PHYSICIAN

Probable mucosal damage may cause immediate use of gastric lavage.

Note: For emergency assistance involving chemicals call CHEMTREC day or night at (800) 424-9300.

In case of Fire: Use water. Repel chemical or CO2. Do not use a direct water stream to cool nearby containers exposed to fire. Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus. In case of spill: Wear protective equipment including rubber boots, rubber gloves, rubber apron, and goggles. Do not treat product as a fertilizer. Do not use a direct water stream to cool nearby containers exposed to fire. Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Emergency Response

For emergency assistance involving chemicals call CHEMTREC day or night at (800) 424-9300. In case of Fire: Use water. Repel chemical or CO2. Do not use a direct water stream to cool nearby containers exposed to fire. Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus. In case of spill: Wear protective equipment including rubber boots, rubber gloves, rubber apron, and goggles. Do not treat product as a fertilizer. Do not use a direct water stream to cool nearby containers exposed to fire. Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus.