LABEL COVER SHEET

Closer® SC

62719-623

EPA Accepted: 07/12/19

Label Code: 99075266 1907

Changes based on EPA Accepted 07/12/19:

1. Several label revisions throughout label.
2. Updated Insect Resistance Management language and MOA bar per PR Notice 2017-1.
3. Updated trademarking throughout entire label.
4. Added and affixed the following uses and supplemental labels:
   - Alfalfa (R391-001) [On Master Label, Not on Package Label, Not Marketing use at this time]
   - Cacao (R391-003) [On Master Label, Not on Package Label, Not Marketing use at this time]
   - Citrus (R391-030)
   - Corn (Field, Sweet, Seed, and Popcorn), Millet, Sorghum, and Teosinte (R391-004) [On Master Label, Not on Package Label, Not Marketing use at this time]
   - Cotton (R391-031) [On Master Label, Not on Package Label, Not Marketing use at this time]
   - Cucurbit Vegetables (R391-032)
   - Ornamentals (Herbaceous and Woody, in Greenhouses and Nurseries) (R391-042) [On Master Label, Not on Package Label, Not Marketing use at this time]
   - Pineapple (R391-005) [On Master Label, Not on Package Label, Not Marketing use at this time]
   - Soybean (R391-034), [On Master Label, Not on Package Label, Not Marketing use at this time]
   - Strawberry (R391-033)
   - Tree Plantations (R391-049) [On Master Label, Not on Package Label, Not Marketing use at this time]
5. Affixed the following supplements:
   - Barley, Oats, Rye, Teff, Triticale, and Wheat supplemental (R391-002) [On Master Label, Not on Package Label, Not Marketing use at this time]
   - Brassica Head and Steam Vegetables supplemental (R391-037)
   - Bulb Vegetables (R391-050) [On Master Label, Not on Package Label, Not Marketing use at this time]
   - Canola (R391-038) [On Master Label, Not on Package Label, Not Marketing use at this time]
   - Fruiting Vegetables (R391-039)
   - Leafy Greens, Leafy Vegetables, and Watercress (R391-040)
   - Leaves of Root and Tuber Vegetables (R391-041) [On Master Label, Not on Package Label, Not Marketing use at this time]
   - Pome Fruits (R391-043)
   - Root and Tuber Vegetables (R391-044) [On Master Label, Not on Package Label, Not Marketing use at this time]
   - Potatoes (R391-045) [On Master Label, Not on Package Label, Not Marketing use at this time]
   - Small Fruit Vine Climbing (except Fuzzy Kiwifruit) and Low Growing Berry (Except Strawberry), (R391-046)
   - Stone Fruits (R391-047)
   - Succulent, Edible Potted, and Dry Beans (R391-048) [On Master Label, Not on Package Label, Not Marketing use at this time]
   - Tree Nuts (R391-036).
6. Updated Table of Contents and sales copy with additional crops

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SULFOXAFLOR GROUP 4C INSECTICIDE

For control or suppression of aphids, fleahoppers, plant bugs, stink bugs, whiteflies and certain psyllids, scales, and thrips on: *Brassica* head and stem vegetables (crop group 5-16), citrus (crop group 10), cucurbit vegetables (crop group 9), fruiting vegetables (crop group 8), leafy vegetables greens (subgroup 4-16A), leafy petiole vegetables (subgroup 22B), low growing berry (subgroup 13-07G) (except strawberry), okra, pome fruits (crop group 11), small fruit vine climbing (except fuzzy kiwifruit) (subgroup 13-07F), stone fruits (crop group 12-12), strawberry, tree nuts (crop group 14-12), and watercress.

Active Ingredient:
sulfoxaflor ..............................................................................21.8%
Other Ingredients .......................................................................78.2%
Total ........................................................................................100.0%

Contains 2 lb active ingredient per gallon.

Keep Out of Reach of Children

CAUTION

First Aid
If in eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-992-5994 for emergency medical treatment information.

Agricultural Use Requirements
Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. Refer to the label booklet under "Agricultural Use Requirements" in the Directions for Use section for information about this standard.

Refer to inside of label booklet for additional precautionary information including Directions for Use.

Notice: Read the entire label. Use only according to label directions. Before using this product, read Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use, and Limitation of Remedies at end of label booklet. If terms are unacceptable, return at once unopened.

In case of emergency endangering health or the environment involving this product, call 1-800-992-5994.

Agricultural Chemical: Do not ship or store with food, feeds, drugs or clothing.

EPA Reg. No. 62719-623
EPA Est. 5905-GA-01 99075266 1907
Precautionary Statements

Hazard to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUTION

Causes Moderate Eye Irritation
Avoid contact with eyes or clothing.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:
• Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
• Shoes plus socks

Follow manufacturer’s instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

User Safety Recommendations
Users should:
• Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
• Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

Environmental Hazards

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

This product is highly toxic to bees and other pollinating insects exposed to direct treatment or to residues in/on blooming crops or weeds. Protect pollinating insects by following label directions intended to minimize drift and reduce pesticide risk to these organisms.

The RT25 (Residual Time to 25% mortality; the length of time over which field weathered foliar residues remain toxic to honey bees) for this product is ≤ 3 hours.

Directions for Use

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your state or tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation. Read all Directions for Use carefully before applying.

Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and
Agricultural Use Requirements (Cont.)

greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

• Coveralls
• Shoes plus socks

Storage and Disposal

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. 

Pesticide Storage: Store in original container only.

Pesticide Disposal: Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

Container Handling: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container.

Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 psi for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

Product Information

Carefully read, understand and follow label use rates and restrictions. Apply the amount specified in the following tables with properly calibrated aerial or ground spray equipment. Prepare only the amount of spray solution required to treat the measured acreage. The low rates may be used for light infestations of the target pests and the higher rates for moderate to heavy infestations. Closer® SC insecticide may be applied in either dilute or concentrate sprays so long as the application equipment is calibrated and adjusted to deliver thorough, uniform coverage. Use the specified amount of Closer SC per acre regardless of the spray volume used.

Use Precautions

Integrated Pest Management (IPM) Programs

Closer SC is recommended for IPM programs in labeled crops. Apply Closer SC when field scouting indicates target pest densities have reached the economic threshold, i.e., the point at which the insect population must be reduced to avoid economic losses beyond the cost of control. Other than reducing the target pest species as a food source, Closer SC does not have a significant impact on most parasitic insects or the natural predaceous arthropod complex in treated crops, including big-eyed bugs, ladybird beetles, flower bugs, lacewings, minute pirate bugs, damsel bugs, assassin bugs, predatory mites or spiders. The feeding activities of these beneficials will aid in natural control of other insects and reduce the likelihood of secondary pest outbreaks. If Closer SC is tank mixed with any insecticide that reduces its selectivity in preserving beneficial predatory insects, the full benefit of Closer SC in an IPM program may be reduced.

Resistance Management Recommendations

Closer SC contains a Group 4C insecticide.

To delay development of insecticide resistance, the following practices are recommended:

• Adopt an integrated pest management program, for insecticide use that includes scouting, uses historical information related to pesticide use, crop rotation, record keeping, and which considers cultural, biological and other chemical control practices.

• Monitor after application for unexpected target pest survival. If the level of survival suggests the presence of resistance, consult with your local university specialist or certified pest control advisor.

• Do not treat seedling plants grown for transplant in greenhouses, shade houses, or field plots.
• Contact your local extension specialist, certified crop advisors for any additional pesticide resistance-management and/or IPM recommendations for the specific site and pest problems in your area.
• For further information or to report suspected resistance, you may contact your company representative by calling 800-258-3033.

Mixing Directions

Application Rate Reference Table

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Application Rate of Closer SC (fl oz/acre)</th>
<th>Active Ingredient Equivalent (lb ai/acre)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0.75</td>
<td>0.012</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.5</td>
<td>0.023</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>0.031</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.75</td>
<td>0.043</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>0.061</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.25</td>
<td>0.066</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.5</td>
<td>0.070</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.75</td>
<td>0.09</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Closer SC – Alone
Fill the spray tank with water to about 1/2 of the required spray volume. Start agitation and add the required amount of Closer SC. Continue agitation while mixing and filling the spray tank to the required spray volume. Maintain sufficient agitation during application to ensure uniformity of the spray mix. Do not allow water or spray mixture to back-siphon into the water source.

Closer SC – Tank Mix
It is the pesticide user’s responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Closer SC is believed to be compatible with most commonly used agricultural fungicides, insecticides, growth regulators, foliar fertilizers and spray adjuvants. However, whenever preparing a new tank mix, always conduct a compatibility test by mixing proportional amounts of all spray ingredients in a test vessel (jar). Shake the mixture vigorously and allow it to stand for 15 minutes. Rapid precipitation of the ingredients and failure to re-suspend when shaken indicates that the mixture is incompatible and should not be applied.

Mixing Order for Tank Mixes: Fill the spray tank with water to 1/4 to 1/3 of the required spray volume. Start agitation. Add different formulation types in the order indicated below, allowing time for complete dispersion and mixing after addition of each product. Allow extra dispersion and mixing time for dry flowable products.

Add different formulation types in the following order:
1. Water dispersible granules
2. Wettable powders
3. Closer SC and other aqueous suspensions

Maintain agitation and fill spray tank to 3/4 of total spray volume. Then add:
4. Emulsifiable concentrates and water-based solutions
5. Spray adjuvants, surfactants and oils
6. Foliar fertilizers

Finish filling the spray tank. Maintain continuous agitation during mixing, final filling and throughout application. If spraying and agitation must be stopped before the spray tank is empty, the materials may settle to the bottom. Settled materials must be resuspended before spraying is resumed. A sparger agitator is particularly useful for this purpose.

Premixing: Dry and flowable formulations may be premixed with water (slurried) and added to the spray tank through a 20 to 35 mesh screen. This procedure assures good initial dispersion of these formulation types.

Application Directions

Restrictions:
Not for Residential Use
Do not apply Closer SC to edible plants/crops in greenhouses.

Proper application techniques help ensure thorough spray coverage and correct dosage for optimum insect control. Apply Closer SC as a foliar spray at the rate indicated for target pest. The following directions are provided for ground and aerial application of Closer SC. Attention should be given to sprayer speed and calibration, wind speed, and foliar canopy to ensure adequate spray coverage.

Spray Drift Management
Wind: To reduce off-target drift and achieve maximum performance, apply when wind velocity favors on-target product deposition (approximately 3-10 mph). Do not apply
when wind speed exceeds 10 mph as uneven spray coverage and drift may result.

**Temperature Inversions:** Do not make ground or aerial applications during a temperature inversion. Temperature inversions are characterized by stable air and increasing temperatures with height above the ground. Mist or fog may indicate the presence of an inversion in humid areas. The applicator may detect the presence of an inversion by producing smoke and observing a smoke layer near the ground surface.

**Droplet Size:** Use only medium or coarser spray nozzles (for ground and non-ULV aerial application) according to ASABE (S-572.1) definition for standard nozzles. In conditions of low humidity and high temperatures, applicators should use a coarser droplet size except where indicated for specific crops.

**Ground Application**
To prevent drift from groundboom applications, apply using a nozzle height of no more than 4 feet above the ground or crop canopy. Shut off the sprayer when turning at row ends.

**Aerblast Sprayer:** When using an aerblast sprayer, coverage is also improved by operation of the sprayer at ground speeds that assure that the air volume within the tree canopy is completely replaced by the output from the aerblast sprayer. Making applications in an alternate row middle pattern may result in less than satisfactory coverage and poor performance in conditions of high pest infestation levels, extremely large trees and/or dense foliage. For aerblast applications, turn off outward pointing nozzles at row ends and when spraying the outer two rows. To minimize spray loss over the top in orchard applications, spray must be directed into the canopy.

**Row Crop Application**
Use calibrated power-operated ground spray equipment capable of providing uniform coverage of the target crop. Orient the boom and nozzles to obtain uniform crop coverage. Use a minimum of 5 to 10 gallons per acre, increasing volume with crop size and/or pest pressure. Use hollow cone, twin jet flat fan nozzles or other atomizer suitable for insecticide spraying to provide a medium to coarser spray quality (per ASABE S-572.1, see nozzle catalogs). Under certain conditions, drop nozzles may be required to obtain complete coverage of plant surfaces. Follow manufacturer’s specifications for ideal nozzle spacing and spray pressure. Minimize boom height to optimize uniformity of coverage and maximize deposition (optimize on-target deposition) to reduce drift.

**Orchard/Grove Spraying Application**

**Dilute Spray Application:** This application method is based upon the premise that all plant parts are thoroughly wetted. To determine the number of gallons of dilute spray required per acre, contact your state agricultural experiment station, certified pest control advisor, or extension specialist for assistance.

**Concentrate Spray Application:** This application method is based upon the premise that all the plant parts are uniformly covered with spray solution but not to the point of runoff as with a dilute spray. Instead, a lower spray volume is used to deliver the same application rate per acre as used for the dilute spray.

**Aerial Application**
Apply in a minimum spray volume of 3 gallons per acre. Mount the spray boom on the aircraft so as to minimize drift caused by wing tip or rotor vortices. Use the minimum practical boom length and do not exceed 75% of the wing span or 80% of the rotor diameter. Flight speed and nozzle orientation must be considered in determining droplet size. Spray must be released at the lowest height consistent with pest control and flight safety. Do not release spray at a height greater than 10 feet above the crop canopy unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. The applicator must compensate for this displacement at the downwind edge of the application area by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Do not apply when wind speed exceeds 10 mph.

**Spray Adjuvants**
The addition of agricultural adjuvants to sprays of Closer SC may improve initial spray deposits, redistribution and weatherability. Select adjuvants that are recommended and registered for your specific use pattern and follow their use directions. When an adjuvant is to be used with this product, Dow AgroSciences recommends the use of a Chemical Producers and Distributors Association certified adjuvant. Always add adjuvants last in the mixing process.

**Chemigation Application – Potatoes Only**
Closer SC may be applied through properly equipped chemigation systems for insect control in potatoes. Do not apply Closer SC by chemigation to other crops, unless otherwise directed by a state-specific 24(c) label.

**Use Directions for Chemigation:** Closer SC may be applied through overhead sprinkler irrigation systems that will apply water uniformly, including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, solid set, micro sprinkler, or hand move. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system. Sprinkler systems that deliver a low coefficient of uniformity such as certain water drive units are not recommended.
For continuously moving systems, the mixture containing Closer SC must be injected continuously and uniformly into the irrigation water line as the sprinkler is moving. If continuously moving irrigation equipment is used, apply in no more than 0.25 inch of water. For irrigation systems that do not move during operation, apply in no more than 0.25 inch of irrigation immediately before the end of the irrigation cycle.

Chemigation Preparation: The following use directions are to be followed when this product is applied through irrigation systems. Thoroughly clean the chemigation system and tank of any fertilizer or chemical residues, and dispose of the residues according to state and federal laws. Flush the injection system with soap or a cleaning agent and water. Determine the amount of Closer SC needed to cover the desired acreage. Mix according to instructions in the Mixing Directions section above. Continually agitate the mixture during mixing and application.

Chemigation Equipment Calibration: In order to calibrate the irrigation system and injector to apply the mixture containing Closer SC, determine the following: 1) Calculate the number of acres irrigated by the system; 2) Calculate the amount of product required and premix; 3) Determine the irrigation rate and determine the number of minutes for the system to cover the intended treatment area; 4) Calculate the total gallons of insecticide mixture needed to cover the desired acreage. Divide the total gallons of insecticide mixture needed by the number of minutes (minus time to flush out) to cover the treatment area. This value equals the gallons per minute output that the injector or eductor must deliver. Convert the gallons per minute to milliliters or ounces per minute if needed. Calibrate the injector system with the system in operation at the desired irrigation rate. It is suggested that the injection pump/system be calibrated at least twice before operation, and the system should be monitored during operation.

Chemigation Operation: Start the water pump and irrigation system, and let the system achieve the desired pressure and speed before starting the injector. Check for leaks and uniformity and make repairs before any chemigation takes place. Start the injection system and calibrate according to manufacturer’s specifications. This procedure is necessary to deliver the desired rate per acre in a uniform manner. When the application is finished, allow the entire irrigation and injection system to be thoroughly flushed clean before stopping the system.

Chemigation Restrictions:
- Lack of effectiveness or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.
- If you have questions about calibration, contact state extension service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.
- Do not connect an irrigation system used for pesticide application (including greenhouse systems) to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place with current certification. Specific local regulations may apply and must be followed.
- A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall operate the system and make necessary adjustments should the need arise and continuously monitor the injection.
- Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment. End guns must be turned off during the application if they irrigate nontarget areas.
- Do not allow irrigation water to collect or run off and pose a hazard to livestock, wells, or adjoining crops.
- Do not enter treated area during the reentry interval specified in the Agricultural Use Requirements section of this label unless required PPE is worn.
- Do not apply through sprinkler systems that deliver a low coefficient of uniformity such as certain water drive units.

Chemigation Specific Equipment Requirements:
- The system must contain an air gap or approved backflow prevention device, or approved functional check valve, vacuum relief valve (including inspection port), and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow. Refer to the American Society of Agricultural Engineer’s Engineering Practice 409 for more information or state specific regulations.
- The pesticide injection line must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection chemical supply.
- A pesticide injection pump must also contain a functional interlock, e.g., mechanical or electrical to shut off chemical supply when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection when the water pressure drops too low or water flow stops.
• Use of public water supply requires approval of a backflow prevention device or air gap (preferred) by both state and local authorities.
• Systems must use a metering device, such as a positive displacement injection pump (or flow meter on eductor) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock. An electric powered pump must meet Section 675 for "Electrically Driven or Controlled Irrigation Machines" NEC 70.
• To insure uniform mixing of the insecticide in the water line, inject the mixture in the center of the pipe diameter or just ahead of an elbow or tee in the irrigation line so that the turbulence created at those points will assist in mixing. The injection point must be located after all backflow prevention devices on the water line.
• The tank holding the insecticide mixture should be free of rust, fertilizer, sediment, and foreign material, and equipped with an in-line strainer situated between the tank and the injection point.

Rotational Crop Restrictions
The following rotational crops may be planted at intervals defined below following the final application of Closer SC at specified rates for a registered use.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Crop</th>
<th>Re-Planting Interval</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Brassica head and stem vegetables (crop group 5-16), citrus (crop group 10), cucurbit vegetables (crop group 9), fruiting vegetables (crop group 8), leafy greens (subgroup 4-16A), leafy petiole vegetables (subgroup 22B), okra, pistachio, pome fruits (crop group 11), small-fruit vine climbing (subgroup 13-07F (except fuzzy kiwi) and low growing berries (subgroup 13-07G)) (except strawberry), stone fruits (crop group 12-12), strawberry, tree nuts (crop group 14-12), and watercress.</td>
<td>no restrictions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>all other crops grown for food or feed</td>
<td>30 days</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Use Directions

**Brassica Head and Stem Vegetables (Crop Group 5-16)**

*Brassica* head and stem vegetables (crop group 5-16) broccoli, broccoli raab, Brussels sprouts, cabbage, cauliflower, Chinese cabbage (bok choy), Napa cabbage, cultivars, varieties, and hybrids of these commodities.

Pests and Application Rates:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pests</th>
<th>Closer SC (fl oz/acre)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>aphids</td>
<td>1.5 – 2.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(0.023 – 0.031 lb ai/acre)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>silverleaf whitefly</td>
<td>4.25 – 5.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sweetpotato whitefly</td>
<td>(0.066 – 0.09 lb ai/acre)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>thrips (suppression only)</td>
<td>5.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(0.09 lb ai/acre)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Application Timing: Treat in accordance with local economic thresholds. Consult your company representative, cooperative extension service, certified crop advisor or state agricultural experiment station for any additional local use recommendations for your area. Two applications may be required for optimum control of whiteflies.

Application Rate: Use a higher rate in the rate range for heavy pest populations.

Restrictions:

• **Preharvest Interval:** Do not apply within 3 days of harvest.
• **Minimum Treatment Interval:** Do not make applications less than 7 days apart.
• Do not make more than four applications per crop.
• Do not make more than two consecutive applications per crop.
• Do not apply more than a total of 17 fl oz of Closer SC (0.266 lb ai of sulfoxaflor) per acre per year.
• Do not apply this product at any time between 3 days prior to bloom and until after petal fall.
Citrus (Crop Group 10)¹
¹Citrus (crop group 10) including citrus citron, grapefruit, kumquat, lemon, lime, orange (sweet), orange (sour), tangelo, tangerine, and hybrids of these

Pests and Application Rates:

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<tr>
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</tr>
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<td>(0.023 – 0.043 lb ai/acre)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asian citrus psyllid</td>
<td>2.75 – 5.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>citrus snow scale</td>
<td>(0.043 – 0.09 lb ai/acre)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mealybugs</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Citrus thrips</td>
<td>5.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Florida red scale</td>
<td>(0.09 lb ai/acre)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Suppression only:</td>
<td>5.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>California red scale</td>
<td>(0.09 lb ai/acre)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
citricola scale

Advisory Pollinator Statement: Notifying known beekeepers within 1 mile of the treatment area 48 hours before the product is applied will allow them to take additional steps to protect their bees. Also, limiting application to times when managed bees and native pollinators are least active, e.g., 2 hours prior to sunset or when the temperature is below 50°F at the site of application, will minimize risk to bees. The RT₂⁵ for this product is less than or equal to 3 hours.

Application Timing: Treat in accordance with local economic thresholds. Consult your company representative, cooperative extension service, certified crop advisor or state agricultural experiment station for any additional local use recommendations for your area. Time application for scales to the crawler stage.

Application Rate: Use a higher rate in the rate range for heavy pest populations.

Restrictions:
• Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 1 day of harvest.
• Minimum Treatment Interval: Do not make applications less than 14 days apart.
• Do not make more than four applications per crop.
• Do not make more than two consecutive applications per crop.
• Do not apply more than a total of 17 fl oz of Closer SC (0.266 lb ai of sulfoxaflor) per acre per year.
• Only one application is allowed between 3 days before bloom and until after petal fall per year.

Cucurbit Vegetables (Crop Group 9)¹
¹Cucurbit vegetables (crop group 9) including balsam apple, balsam pear, bitter melon, cantaloupe, casaba, chayote, Chinese cucumber, Chinese okra, crenshaw melon, crookneck squash, cucumber, cucuzza, edible gourds, golden pershaw melon, hechima, honey balls, honeydew melon, hyotan, mango melon, Persian melon, pineapple melon, pumpkin, Santa Claus melon, scallop squash, snake melon, spaghetti squash, straightneck squash, summer squash, true cantaloupe, vegetable marrow, watermelon, winter squash, and other varieties and/or hybrids of these

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</tbody>
</table>
silverleaf whitefly
sweetpotato whitefly
thrips (suppression only)

Advisory Pollinator Statement: Notifying known beekeepers within 1 mile of the treatment area 48 hours before the product is applied will allow them to take additional steps to protect their bees. Also, limiting application to times when managed bees and native pollinators are least active, e.g., 2 hours prior to sunset or when the temperature is below 50°F at the site of application, will minimize risk to bees. The RT₂⁵ for this product is less than or equal to 3 hours.

Application Timing: Treat in accordance with local economic thresholds. Consult your company representative, cooperative extension service, certified crop advisor or state agricultural experiment station for any additional local use recommendations for your area. Two applications may be required for optimum control of whiteflies.

Application Rate: Use a higher rate in the rate range for heavy pest populations.

Restrictions:
• Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 1 day of harvest.
• Minimum Treatment Interval: Do not make applications less than 7 days apart.
• Do not make more than four applications per crop.
• Do not make more than two consecutive applications per crop.
• Do not apply more than a total of 17 fl oz of Closer SC (0.266 lb ai of sulfoxaflor) per acre per year.
**Fruiting Vegetables (Crop Group 8)** and Okra

1 Fruiting vegetables (crop group 8) including bell pepper, eggplant, groundcherry, pimento, sweet pepper, tomatillo, tomato

**Pests and Application Rates:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pests</th>
<th>Closer SC (fl oz/acre)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(lb ai/acre)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aphids</td>
<td>1.5 – 2.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(0.023 – 0.031 lb ai/acre)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>plant bugs</td>
<td>2.75 – 4.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(0.043 – 0.07 lb ai/acre)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>greenhouse whitefly (outdoors)</td>
<td>4.25 – 4.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>silverleaf whitefly</td>
<td>(0.066 – 0.07 lb ai/acre)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sweetpotato whitefly</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>thrips (suppression only)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Application Timing:** Treat in accordance with local economic thresholds. Consult your company representative, cooperative extension service, certified crop advisor or state agricultural experiment station for any additional local use recommendations for your area. Two applications may be required for optimum control of whiteflies.

**Application Rate:** Use a higher rate in the rate range for heavy pest populations.

**Restrictions:**
- **Preharvest Interval:** Do not apply within 1 day of harvest.
- **Minimum Treatment Interval:** Do not make applications less than 7 days apart.
- Do not make more than four applications per crop.
- Do not make more than two consecutive applications per crop.
- Do not apply more than a total of 17 fl oz of Closer SC (0.266 lb ai of sulfoxaflor) per acre per year.

**Leafy Greens (Subgroup 4-16A)** and **Leafy Petiole Vegetable (Subgroup 22B)** and **Watercress**

1 Leafy Greens (subgroup 4-16A) Amaranth, Chinese; amaranth, leafy; aster, Indian; blackjack; cat’s whiskers; cham-chwi; cha-ma-mul; chervil, fresh leaves; chipilin; chrysanthemum, garlic; cilantro, fresh leaves; corn salad; cosmos; dandelion, leaves;
dang-gwi, leaves; dillweed; dock; dol-nam-mul; ebolo; endive; escarole; fameflower; feather cockscomb; Good King Henry; huauzontle; jute, leaves; lettuce, bitter; lettuce, head; lettuce, leaf; orach; parsley, fresh leaves; plantain, buckhorn; primrose; English; purslane, garden; purslane, winter; radicchio; spinach; spinach, Malabar; spinach, New Zealand; spinach, tanier; Swiss chard; violet, Chinese, leaves; cultivars, varieties, and hybrids of these commodities.

2 Leafy Petiole Vegetable (subgroup 22B) including cardoon; celery; celery, Chinese; fuki; rhubarb; udo; zuiki; cultivars, varieties, and hybrids of these commodities

**Pests and Application Rates:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pests</th>
<th>Closer SC (fl oz/acre)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(lb ai/acre)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>aphids</td>
<td>1.5 – 2.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(0.023 – 0.031 lb ai/acre)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>silverleaf whitefly</td>
<td>4.25 – 5.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(0.066 – 0.09 lb ai/acre)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>thrips (suppression only)</td>
<td>5.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(0.09 lb ai/acre)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Application Timing:** Treat in accordance with local economic thresholds. Consult your company representative, cooperative extension service, certified crop advisor or state agricultural experiment station for any additional local use recommendations for your area. Two applications may be required for optimum control of whiteflies.

**Application Rate:** Use a higher rate in the rate range for heavy pest populations.

**Restrictions:**
- **Preharvest Interval:** Do not apply within 3 days of harvest.
- **Minimum Treatment Interval:** Do not make applications less than 7 days apart.
- Do not make more than four applications per crop.
- Do not make more than two consecutive applications per crop.
- Do not apply more than a total of 17 fl oz of Closer SC (0.266 lb ai of sulfoxaflor) per acre per year.
- Do not apply this product at any time between 3 days prior to bloom and until after petal fall.
Pome Fruits (Crop Group 11)¹
¹Pome fruits (crop group 11) including apples, crabapple, loquat, mayhaw, pears, quince

Pests and Application Rates:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pests</th>
<th>Closer SC (fl oz/acre)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Aphids (except woolly apple aphid)</td>
<td>1.5 – 2.75 (0.023 – 0.043 lb ai/acre)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>white apple leafhopper</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>plant bugs</td>
<td>2.75 – 5.75 (0.043 – 0.09 lb ai/acre)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>woolly apple aphid</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pear psylla (suppression only)</td>
<td>5.75 (0.09 lb ai/acre)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>San Jose scale (suppression only)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Application Timing: Treat in accordance with local economic thresholds. Consult your company representative, cooperative extension service, certified crop advisor or state agricultural experiment station for any additional local use recommendations for your area. Time application for San Jose scale to the crawler stage.

Application Rate: Use a higher rate in the rate range for heavy pest populations.

Restrictions:
• Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.
• Minimum Treatment Interval: Do not make applications less than 7 days apart.
• Do not make more than four applications per crop.
• Do not make more than two consecutive applications per crop.
• Do not apply more than a total of 17 fl oz of Closer SC (0.266 lb ai of sulfoxaflor) per acre per year.
• Do not apply this product at any time between 3 days prior to bloom and until after petal fall.

Small Fruit Vine Climbing (Except Fuzzy Kiwifruit) (Subgroup 13-07F)¹ and Low Growing Berry (Subgroup 13-07G)² (except strawberry)
¹Small fruit vine climbing (except fuzzy kiwifruit) (subgroup 13-07F) including amur river grape, gooseberry, grape, hardy kiwifruit, Maypop, schisandra berry, and cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these
²Low growing berry (subgroup 13-07G) (except strawberry) including bearberry, bilberry, lowbush blueberry, cloudberry, cranberry, lingonberry, muntries, partridgeberry, and cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pests</th>
<th>Closer SC (fl oz/acre)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>grape leafhopper</td>
<td>2.75 – 5.75 (0.043 – 0.09 lb ai/acre)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mealybugs</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>plant bugs</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>thrips (suppression)</td>
<td>5.75 (0.09 lb ai/acre)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Application Timing: Treat in accordance with local economic thresholds. Consult your company representative, cooperative extension service, certified crop advisor or state agricultural experiment station for any additional local use recommendations for your area.

Application Rate: Use a higher rate in the rate range for heavy pest populations.

Restrictions:
• Preharvest Interval:
  • Subgroup 13-07F – Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.
  • Subgroup 13-07G – Do not apply within 1 day of harvest.
• Minimum Treatment Interval: Do not make applications less than 7 days apart.
• Do not make more than four applications per crop.
• Do not make more than two consecutive applications per crop.
• Do not apply more than a total of 17 fl oz of Closer SC (0.266 lb ai of sulfoxaflor) per acre per year.
• Do not apply this product at any time between 3 days prior to bloom and until after petal fall.

Stone Fruits (Crop Group 12-12)¹
¹Stone fruits (crop group 12-12) including apricot, nectarine, peach, plum, prune, sweet cherry, tart cherry
Pests and Application Rates:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pests</th>
<th>Closer SC (fl oz/acre)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>aphids</td>
<td>1.5 – 2.75 (0.023 – 0.043 lb ai/acre)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>San Jose scale (suppression only) western flower thrips (suppression only)</td>
<td>5.75 (0.09 ai/acre)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Application Timing: Treat in accordance with local economic thresholds. Consult your company representative, cooperative extension service, certified crop advisor or state agricultural experiment station for any additional local use recommendations for your area. Time application for San Jose scale to the crawler stage.

Application Rate: Use a higher rate in the rate range for heavy pest populations.

Restrictions:
- Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.
- Minimum Treatment Interval: Do not make applications less than 7 days apart.
- Do not make more than four applications per crop.
- Do not make more than two consecutive applications per crop.
- Do not apply more than a total of 17 fl oz of Closer SC (0.266 lb ai of sulfoxaflor) per acre per year.
- Do not apply this product at any time between 3 days prior to bloom and until after petal fall.

Strawberry

Pests and Application Rates:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pests</th>
<th>Closer SC (oz/acre)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>plant bugs</td>
<td>2.75 – 4.5 (0.043 – 0.07 lb ai/acre)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>thrips (suppression only)</td>
<td>4.5 (0.07 lb ai/acre)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Advisory Pollinator Statement: Notifying known beekeepers within 1 mile of the treatment area 48 hours before the product is applied will allow them to take additional steps to protect their bees. Also, limiting application to times when managed bees and native pollinators are least active, e.g., 2 hours prior to sunset or when the temperature is below 50°F at the site of application, will minimize risk to bees. The RT_{25} for this product is less than or equal to 3 hours.

Application Timing: Treat in accordance with local economic thresholds. Consult your company representative, cooperative extension service, certified crop advisor or state agricultural experiment station for any additional local use recommendations for your area.

Application Rate: Use a higher rate in the rate range for heavy pest populations.

Tree Nuts (Crop Group 14-12)¹

¹Tree nuts (crop group 14-12) including almonds, cashew, chestnut, filbert (hazelnut), macadamia nut, pecan, pistachio, walnut

Pests and Application Rates:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pests</th>
<th>Closer SC (fl oz/acre)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>aphids</td>
<td>1.5 – 2.75 (0.023 – 0.045 lb ai/acre)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>San Jose scale (suppression only)</td>
<td>5.75 (0.09 lb ai/acre)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Application Timing: Treat in accordance with local economic thresholds. Consult your company representative, cooperative extension service, certified crop advisor or state agricultural experiment station for any additional local use recommendations for your area. Time application for San Jose scale to the crawler stage.

Application Rate: Use a higher rate in the rate range for heavy pest populations.
Restrictions:
- **Preharvest Interval:** Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.
- **Minimum Treatment Interval:** Do not make applications less than 7 days apart.
- Do not make more than four applications per crop.
- Do not make more than two consecutive applications per crop.
- Do not apply more than a total of 17 fl oz of Closer SC (0.266 lb ai of sulfoxaflor) per acre per year.
- Do not apply this product at any time between 3 days prior to bloom and until after petal fall.

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If terms of the following Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use, and Limitation of Remedies are not acceptable, return unopened package at once to the seller for a full refund of purchase price paid. To the extent permitted by law, otherwise, use by the buyer or any other user constitutes acceptance of the terms under Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use and Limitation of Remedies.

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1. Refund of purchase price paid by buyer or user for product bought, or
2. Replacement of amount of product used

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EPA accepted 07/12/19
For control or suppression of aphids, fleahoppers, plant bugs, stink bugs, whiteflies and certain psyllids, scales, and thrips on: Brassica head and stem vegetables (crop group 5-16), citrus (crop group 10), cucurbit vegetables (crop group 9), fruiting vegetables (crop group 8), leafy vegetables greens (subgroup 4-16A), leafy petiole vegetables (subgroup 22B), low growing berry (subgroup 13-07G) (except strawberry), okra, pome fruits (crop group 11), small fruit vine climbing (except fuzzy kiwifruit) (subgroup 13-07F), stone fruits (crop group 12-12), strawberry, tree nuts (crop group 14-12), and watercress.

Active Ingredient:
sulfoxaflor ........................................................................... 21.8%
Other Ingredients .................................................................... 78.2%
Total ..................................................................................... 100.0%
Contains 2 lb active ingredient per gallon.

Keep Out of Reach of Children

CAUTION

First Aid
If in eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-992-5994 for emergency medical treatment information.

Agricultural Use Requirements
Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. Refer to the label booklet under "Agricultural Use Requirements" in the Directions for Use section for information about this standard.

Refer to inside of label booklet for additional precautionary information including Directions for Use.

Notice: Read the entire label. Use only according to label directions. Before using this product, read Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use, and Limitation of Remedies at end of label booklet. If terms are unacceptable, return at once unopened.

In case of emergency endangering health or the environment involving this product, call 1-800-992-5994.

Agricultural Chemical: Do not ship or store with food, feeds, drugs or clothing.

EPA Reg. No. 62719-623 EPA Est. 5905-GA-01 99075266 1907

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Produced for
Dow AgroSciences LLC
9330 Zionsville Road
Indianapolis, IN 46268

NET CONTENTS 1 QT
For control or suppression of aphids, leahoppers, plant bugs, stink bugs, white flies and certain psyllids, scales, and thrips on:

- Brassica head and stem vegetables (crop group 5-16),
- Citrus (crop group 10),
- Cucurbit vegetables (crop group 9),
- Fruiting vegetables (crop group 8),
- Leafy vegetables/greens (subgroup 4-16A),
- Leafy petiole vegetables (subgroup 22B),
- Low growing berry (subgroup 13-07G) (except strawberry),
- Okra,
- Pome fruits (crop group 11),
- Small fruit vine climbing (except fuzzy kiwifruit) (subgroup 13-07F),
- Stone fruits (crop group 12-12),
- Strawberry,
- Tree nuts (crop group 14-12),
- Watercress.

Active Ingredient:
sulfoxaflor ..................................................................................................................................................................21.8%
Other Ingredients ...........................................................................................................................................................78.2%
Total  ............................................................................................................................................................................100.0%
Contains 2 lb active ingredient per gallon.

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EPA Reg. No. 62719-623 EPA Est. 5905-GA-01

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