**Meto-S**

**HERBICIDE FOR USE IN CORN**

**ACTIVE INGREDIENT:**
Metolachlor: 2-chloro-N-(2-ethyl-6-methylphenyl)-N-(2-methoxy-1-methylethyl)-acetamide .......................... 84.4%

**OTHER INGREDIENTS:** .................................................. 15.6%

Contains 7.8 lbs. of active ingredient per gallon.

**TOTAL: 100.0%**

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN**

**CAUTION/PRECAUCION**

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle.

(If you do not understand this label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See inside booklet for complete First Aid, Precautionary Statements, Directions For Use, and Limitation of Warranty and Liability.

Physical and Chemical Hazard: Do not mix or allow coming in contact with oxidizing agents.
Hazardous chemical reaction may occur.

Manufactured For:
**Sharda USA LLC**
7217 Lancaster Pike, Suite A
Hockessin, Delaware 19707

EPA Reg. No. 83529-57
EPA Est. No. 39578-TX-001

Net Contents: 2.5 Gallons
**FIRST AID**

| IF INHALED: | • Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.  
• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. |
| --- | --- |
| IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING: | • Take off contaminated clothing.  
• Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.  
• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. |
| IF IN EYES: | • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.  
• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.  
• Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice. |
| IF SWALLOWED: | • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.  
• Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.  
• Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor.  
• Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. |

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. In case of an emergency involving this product, call CHEMTREC at **1-800-424-9300**.

**PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS**

**HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS**

**CAUTION**

Harmful if swallowed, inhaled, or absorbed through skin. Causes eye irritation. Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. This product may cause skin sensitization reactions in some people.

**PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)**

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below.

**Applicators and other handlers must wear:**

• Coveralls over short-sleeved shirt and short pants  
• Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber ≥14 mils, neoprene rubber ≥14 mils, or nitrile rubber ≥14 mils, polyethylene, PVC ≥14 mils, or Viton ≥14 mils  
• Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks  
• Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure  
• Chemical-resistant apron when cleaning equipment, mixing, or loading

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning and maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

**ENGINEERING CONTROL STATEMENTS**

Mixers and loaders supporting aerial applications are required to use closed systems. The closed system must be used in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR 170.240(d)(4)). When using this closed system, the mixers and loaders PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

When handlers used closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)), the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.
# USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

**Users should:**
- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

# ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. DO NOT contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate.

**Ground Water Advisory**

This chemical has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. The use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination.

**Surface Water Advisory**

Metolachlor can contaminate surface water through ground spray drift. Under some conditions, metolachlor may also have a high potential for runoff into surface water (primarily via dissolution in runoff water), for several months post application. These include poorly draining or wet soils with readily visible slopes toward adjacent surface waters, frequently flooded areas, areas over-laying extremely shallow ground water, areas with in-field canals or ditches that drain to surface water, areas not separated from adjacent surface waters with vegetated filter strips, and areas over-laying tile drainage systems that drain to surface water.

**Mixing/Loading Instructions**

DO NOT allow Meto-S to back-siphon into wells, spill, or improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixtures, or rinsates.

Check valves or anti-siphoning devices must be used on all mixing and/or irrigation equipment.

Do not mix or load Meto-S within 50 feet of perennial or intermittent streams and rivers, natural or impounded lakes, and reservoirs. Do not mix or load Meto-S within 50 feet of all wells, including abandoned wells, drainage wells, and sink holes. Operations that involve mixing, loading, rinsing, or washing of Meto-S into or from pesticide handling or application equipment or containers within 50 feet of any well are prohibited unless conducted on an impervious pad constructed to withstand the weight of the heaviest load that may be positioned on or moved across the pad. Such a pad shall be designed and maintained to contain any product spills or equipment leaks, container or equipment rinse or wash-water, and rain water that may fall on the pad. Surface water shall not be allowed to either flow over or from the pad, which means that the pad must be self-contained. The pad must be sloped to facilitate material removal. An unroofed pad shall be of sufficient capacity to contain at a minimum 110% of the capacity of the largest pesticide container or application equipment on the pad. A pad that is covered by a roof of sufficient size to completely exclude precipitation from contact with the pad shall have a minimum containment capacity of 100% of the capacity of the largest pesticide container or application equipment on the pad. Containment capacities as described above shall be maintained at all times. The above-specified minimum containment capacities do not apply to vehicles when delivering pesticide shipments to the mixing/loading site.

# DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation. This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of pesticide application.
AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

Exception: If the product is soil-injected or soil-incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls over short-sleeved shirt and short pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber ≥14 mils, or nitrile rubber ≥14 mils, or neoprene rubber ≥14 mils, polyethylene, PVC ≥14 mils, or Viton ≥14 mils
- Shoes plus socks

Failure to follow the Directions for Use, Restrictions, and Precautions in this label can result in poor weed control, crop injury, and/or illegal residues.

Not for sale, use, or distribution in Nassau or Suffolk counties in New York.

Do not apply Meto-S in windy conditions. Do not allow spray to overlap as crop injury can occur.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Observe all precautions and limitations on the labels of each state-registered product used in tank mixtures. Tank mixtures are permitted only in states where the tank mix partner product is registered.

FOR ALL TANK MIXTURES: It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Meto-S is a selective herbicide that can be used pre-plant surface-applied, pre-plant incorporated, or pre-emergence treatment in water or liquid fertilizer to control listed annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in all types of corn. Post- Emergence applications of Meto-S can be made on corn.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

Meto-S is a Group 15 herbicide. Weed populations may contain or develop plants that become naturally resistant to metolachlor and/or other Group 15 herbicide products. If Group 15 herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field or in successive years as the primary method of control of targeted species, weed species that have developed resistance to Group 15 herbicides can dominate the weed population, resulting in partial or total loss of weed control.

To avoid herbicide resistance:
- Do not use Meto-S consecutively with other Group 15 herbicides that have similar modes of action on targeted weed.
- Use tank mixtures and premixes from different Groups provided that the products involved are registered for the same use, have different modes of action, and/or are effective at the tank mix or prepack rate on the weed(s) concerned.
- Utilize a comprehensive Integrated Pest Management (IPM) program.
- Monitor treated areas for loss of field efficacy.
- Contact your local state extension specialist, certified crop advisors, and/or manufacturer for herbicide resistance management and/or integrated weed management recommendations for specific crops and resistant weed biotypes.
### APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

#### SOIL TEXTURES AND APPLICATION RATES
Where rates are based on soil texture, classes are categorized as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Coarse-Textured</th>
<th>Medium-Textured</th>
<th>Fine-Textured</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sand, Loamy sand, Sandy loam</td>
<td>Loam, Silt loam, Silt</td>
<td>Sandy clay loam, Silty clay loam, Clay loam, Sandy Clay, Silty loam, Silty Clay, Clay</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Coarse-textured/low organic matter soils:** Use the lower rate within the specified rate range.  
**Fine-textured/high organic matter soils:** Use the higher rate within the specified rate range.

#### APPLICATION METHODS
Apply Meto-S alone or in combination with specified tank mix partners following pre-plant incorporated herbicides when used according to label instructions and such use is not prohibited on the respective labels.

Thoroughly clean sprayer/application device before applying Meto-S. Dispose of cleaning solution in a responsible manner. Do not use a sprayer or applicator contaminated with any other materials to avoid crop damage and/or clogging of the application device.

#### MIXING INSTRUCTIONS
Mix Meto-S alone with water or liquid fertilizer and apply as a spray:
- Fill the spray tank ½ - ¾ full of water or liquid fertilizer.
- Add the specified amount of Meto-S.
- Add the remaining water or liquid fertilizer.
- Maintain sufficient agitation during mixing and application to maintain a uniform emulsion.

#### TANK MIX APPLICATIONS
It is the pesticide user’s responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

**Tank Mixtures:**
- Fill the spray tank ¼ full with water, and begin agitation.
- Add 2,4-D, AAtrex®, Balan®, Banvel, Canopy®, Caparol 4L®, Command®, Cotoran®, Eptam®, Gemini®, Lexone®, Lorox®, Lorox Plus, Marksman®, MSMA, Preview®, Princep®, Prowl®, Pursuit®, AAtrex + Princep, Scepter®, Sencor®, Sonalan®, or Treflan®, ensuring products disperse.
- Add Meto-S.
- Add Gramoxone® Extra, Landmaster® BW, or Roundup® if these products are being used.
- Add the rest of the water.

For tank mixtures with AAtrex, Banvel, Canopy, Caparol 4L, Command, Cotoran*, Eptam, Gemini, Lexone, Lorox, Lorox Plus, Marksman, Preview, Princep, Prowl*, Pursuit, AAtrex + Princep, Scepter, Sencor, Sonalan, or Treflan, liquid fertilizers can replace all or part of the water as carrier, except for AAtrex post-emergence and Banvel post-emergence tank mixes. For tank mixtures with AAtrex, refer to the AAtrex label for additional mixing instructions. For each mixture, check compatibility with liquid fertilizers before mixing in spray tank. For all tank mixtures, agitate during mixing and application to maintain a uniform suspension.

*See Special Mixing Instructions for tank mixtures with Cotoran, and with AAtrex or Princep + Prowl under the appropriate tank mixture section.

**Compatibility Test**
Because liquid fertilizers vary, even within the same analysis, always check compatibility with herbicide(s) prior to use. Serious compatibility issues are most likely to occur when mixing with complete suspension or liquid fertilizers. Commercial application equipment can improve compatibility. The following test assumes a spray volume of 25 gals./A. For other spray volumes, make appropriate changes in the ingredients. To check compatibility:
1. Add 1 pint of fertilizer to each of 2 one-quart jars with tight lids.
2. To one of the jars, add ¼ tsp. (1.2 milliliters) of a compatibility agent approved for this use such as Compex® or Unite® (¼ tsp. is equivalent to 2 pts./100 gals. spray). Shake/stir gently to mix.
3. To both jars, add the appropriate amount of herbicide(s).

If more than one herbicide is used, add them separately in the following order:
- Dry herbicides first, flowables next, and emulsifiable concentrates last.
- After each addition, shake or stir gently to thoroughly mix.
- The appropriate amount of herbicides for this test is:

**Dry Herbicides**: For each pound to be applied per acre, add 1.5 level teaspoons to each jar.

**Liquid Herbicides**: For each pint to be applied per acre, add 0.5 teaspoon or 2.5 milliliters to each jar.

**Note**: For Meto-S tank mixtures with AAtrex + Princep, use ¼ - ½ the amount of AAtrex specified and the remainder as Princep, depending on whether the 1:2 or 1:1 ratio of AAtrex to Princep is to be applied.

4. After adding all ingredients, put lids on and tighten, and invert each jar 10 times to mix.
5. Let the mixtures stand 15 minutes.
6. After 15 minutes, check jars for chemical separation, large flakes, precipitates, gels, heavy oily film on the jar, or other signs of incompatibility. Determine if a compatibility agent is needed in the spray mixture by comparing the 2 jars. If either mixture separates but can be remixed readily, the mixture can be sprayed as long as adequate agitation is maintained.

If the mixtures are incompatible, the following methods may improve compatibility:
- Slurry the dry herbicide(s) in water before adding, or
- Add ½ of the compatibility agent to the fertilizer, and the other ½ to the emulsifiable concentrate or flowable herbicide before adding to the mixture.

If incompatibility is still observed, do not use the mixture.

**APPLICATION TIMING**

**Meto-S** alone or in some tank mixtures with other labeled herbicides may be applied for weed control in corn at various times. Refer to the **CORN** section of the label to determine if application timings listed below are specified.

**Pre-Plant Surface Applications**

45 days before planting: For minimum-tillage or no-tillage systems only, apply **Meto-S** alone, or with **Meto-S** tank mixtures.

30-45 days before planting: Make split applications, with ⅓ the specified broadcast rate for the crop and soil texture applied initially and the remaining ⅓ at planting.

Less than 30 days before planting: Make split applications or a single application.

Refer to individual crop to determine if early pre-plant surface application instructions are provided. If weeds are present at the time of treatment, apply in a tank mixture combination with a contact herbicide (for example, Gramoxone Extra or Roundup). Observe directions for use, precautions, and restrictions on the label of the contact herbicide. To the extent possible, do not move treated soil out of the row or move untreated soil to the surface during planting, or weed control will be diminished.

**Pre-Plant Incorporated**: Apply **Meto-S** to the soil and incorporate into the top 2 inches of soil within 14 days before planting, using a finishing disk, harrow, rolling cultivator, or similar implement capable of providing uniform 2-inch incorporation. Use a pre-plant incorporated application if furrow irrigation is used or when a period of dry weather after application is expected. If crop will be planted on beds, apply and incorporate **Meto-S** after bed formation, unless specified otherwise.

**Pre-Emergence**: Apply **Meto-S** during planting (behind the planter) or after planting but before weeds or crops emerge.

**Post-Emergence**: One application of **Meto-S** will provide pre-emergence control or partial control of annual grasses and broadleaf weeds listed in the
“Weeds Controlled” section of this label. Application of this product alone will not control emerged weeds; Meto-S must be applied to a weed-free surface, or in tank mixture with products that provide post-emergence weed control. If weeds are present at the time of application, tank-mix with a labeled post-emergence herbicide and observe all directions for use, precautions and restrictions on the label of the tank-mix partner. For additional post-emergence information follow the crop specific label requirements identified on this label.

SPECIAL APPLICATION PROCEDURES
Fall Applications in the states of Iowa, Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota, Wisconsin, portions of Nebraska and Illinois (see directions for use for corn section for timing of application and other instructions): Apply Meto-S on medium- and fine-textured soils with more than 2.5% organic matter that will be planted to corn the following spring. The ground can be tilled before or after application.

Restrictions:
• DO NOT apply to frozen ground.
• DO NOT exceed 2-3-inch incorporation depth if soil is tilled after treatment.
• If a spring application is made, the total rate of the fall application and the spring application combined must not exceed the maximum total rate for the specific crop or illegal residues can result.

GROUND APPLICATION
Apply Meto-S alone or in tank mixtures by ground equipment in a minimum of 10 gals. of spray mixture per acre unless otherwise specified. Use sprayers that provide accurate and uniform application. For Meto-S tank mixtures with wettable powder or dry flowable formulations, screens and strainers must not be finer than 50-mesh. Rinse sprayer thoroughly with clean water immediately after use.

Calculate the amount of herbicide needed for band treatment by the formula:

\[
\text{amount needed} = \frac{\text{band width in inches} \times \text{broadcast}}{\text{row width in inches} \times \text{rate per acre}} \text{ per acre of field}
\]

Low Carrier Volumes: Broadcast Ground Application Only
Use sprayers, such as Ag-Chem RoGator®, Hagie, John Deere Hi-Cycle™, Melroe Spra-Coupe, Tyler Patriot™, or Willmar Air Ride®, that provide accurate and uniform application. Only water may be used as a carrier. Screens in suction and in-line strainers must be 50-mesh. Manufacturers may require that tip screens as fine as 100-mesh be used with some nozzles. Use a pump with capacity to:
- maintain up to 35-40 psi at the nozzles.
- provide sufficient agitation in tank to keep mixture in suspension.

Use a minimum of 5 gals. of spray mixture per acre. Maximum sprayer speed is 15 mph. Rinse sprayer thoroughly with clean water immediately after each use.

Note: Use low pressure nozzles to reduce drift and increase application accuracy. Exercise care when using automatic rate controlling devices to spray the material within the rated working pressure and flow ranges of the nozzles selected. Use nozzle screens used when specified by the manufacturer. Place nozzles on 20-inch centers, except flooding types which must be placed on 40-inch centers. When Flat Fan-type nozzles are used, use those with angles of 80° or 110°. Always read and follow the manufacturer’s directions for optimum setup and performance of their nozzles or tips.

AERIAL APPLICATION
Apply Meto-S in water alone or in tank mixture with AA trex, Lexone, Lorox, or Sencor in a minimum volume of 2 gals./A. Aerial applications of Meto-S can also be made with Balan, Prowl, or Treflan. Do not apply under conditions where uniform coverage cannot be obtained, or when excessive spray drift may occur.

To avoid injury to sensitive crops from drift, aerial applications must adhere to the following AERIAL USE DIRECTIONS, RESTRICTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS:
• Nozzle height above the ground must be a maximum of 10 feet above the crop with low drift nozzles at a maximum pressure of 40 psi.
• Nozzles must be pointed toward the rear of the aircraft. The downward angle of the nozzle must not exceed 45 degrees.
• Nozzles and/or spray boom must not be located any closer to the end of the wing or rotor than 3/4 the distance from the center of the aircraft.
• Use a maximum spray pressure of 40 psi.
Establish a buffer zone between the area to be sprayed and sensitive crops.
• DO NOT spray when wind speed exceeds 10 mph.
• Do not apply to humans or animals.
• Do not allow flagmen and loaders to inhale spray mist or have prolonged skin contact.

To avoid injury to sensitive crops:
• Apply Meto-S alone or in tank mix with AAtrex a minimum of 400 feet from sensitive plants.
• Apply Meto-S + Lexone, Lorox, or Sencor a minimum of 300 feet upwind from sensitive plants.

The applicator is responsible for any loss or damage resulting from the application of Meto-S in any manner not listed on this label. The applicator is responsible for following all state and local regulations and ordinances relative to spraying Meto-S.

**SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT**

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator and the grower. The interaction of many equipment- and-weather-related factors determines the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.

**Ground Applications:** Apply using a nozzle height no more than 4 feet above the ground or crop canopy.

**Aerial Applications:** Product efficacy is reduced if the distance of the outermost nozzles on the boom exceed ¾ the length of the wingspan or rotor. Nozzles must point backward parallel with the air stream and must not be pointed downward more than 45 degrees. Where states have more stringent regulations, they must be observed.

The applicator must be familiar with and account for the information provided in the **SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT** section of this label.

**IMPORTANCE OF DROPLET SIZE**

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets greater than 150-200 microns. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see **WIND**, **TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY**, AND **TEMPERATURE INVERSION** sections). The presence of sensitive crops/species, environmental conditions, and pest pressure can impact applicator decisions in balancing drift control and coverage.

**CONTROLLING DROPLET SIZE**

• **Volume** - Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
• **Pressure** - Use the lower spray pressures recommended for the nozzle. Higher pressure reduces droplet size and does not improve canopy penetration. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.
• **Number of Nozzles** - Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.
• **Nozzle Orientation** - Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released backwards, parallel to the airstream will produce larger droplets than other orientations. Significant deflection from the horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.
• **Nozzle Type** - Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce larger droplets than other nozzle types.

**BOOM LENGTH**

For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than ¾ of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

**APPLICATION HEIGHT**

Do not make applications at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

**SWATH ADJUSTMENT**

When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase, with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc.).
WIND
Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2 - 10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Don't apply when wind speed is below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect drift.

TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY
When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS
Do not apply during a temperature inversion, because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small-suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a connected cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upwards and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

SENSITIVE AREAS
Meto-S must only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g., residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g., when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

APPLICATION WITH IMPREGNATED DRY BULK GRANULAR FERTILIZERS
Meto-S may be impregnated or coated on many dry bulk granular fertilizers and applied alone or with Meto-S tank mixtures that are registered for pre-plant incorporation or pre-plant surface application. Follow all directions for use restrictions and precautions on the Meto-S label regarding corn, rates per acre, soil texture, application methods, and rotational crops.

It is the responsibility of the individual and/or company selling the herbicide/fertilizer mixture to comply with all individual state regulations relating to dry bulk granular fertilizer blending, registration, labeling, and application.

Prepare the herbicide/fertilizer mixture by using any closed drum, belt, ribbon, or other commonly used dry bulk fertilizer blender. Space nozzles used to spray Meto-S onto the fertilizer to provide uniform spray coverage. Aim the spray onto the fertilizer only, avoiding the walls of the blender.

If the herbicide/fertilizer mixture is too wet, add a highly absorptive material, such as Agsorb® FG or Celatom MP-79®, or similar granular clay or diatomaceous earth materials, to obtain a dry, free-flowing mixture. Add absorptive materials only after the herbicide has been thoroughly blended into the fertilizer mixture. Best application results are obtained when a granule of 6/30 particle size or of a size similar to that of the fertilizer materials is used. Use less than 2% by weight of absorptive material. Do not use more than 5% absorptive material by weight.

Calculate the amount of Meto-S, AAtrex, AAtrex + Princep, Princep, Sencor, Lexone, or Sonalan using the following formula:

\[
\text{2,000 lbs. fertilizer/acre} \times \text{pts./A liquid/flowable product} = \text{pints of liquid/flowable product per ton of fertilizer}
\]

\[
\text{2,000 lbs. of fertilizer/acre} \times \text{lbs./A dry product} = \text{pints of dry product per ton of fertilizer}
\]

Application by Pneumatic (Compressed Air) Equipment (Meto-S alone): High humidity, high urea concentrations, low fertilizer use rates, and dusty fertilizer can cause fertilizer mixtures to build up and/or plug the distributor head, air tubes, or nozzle deflector plates. To minimize buildup, premix 1-4 pints/gallon Meto-S and ExxonMobil™ Aromatic 200. Aromatic 200 is a noncombustible, nonflammable petroleum product that can be used in either a fertilizer blender or through direct injection systems. Do not use drying agents when using Aromatic 200.

If impregnating Meto-S in a blender before application, substitute drying agent for the Aromatic 200 for a dryer mixture. Do not use drying agents with On-The-Go impregnation equipment.

Precautions: Use mixtures of Meto-S and Aromatic 200 on dry fertilizer only. Poor results or crop injury can occur if these mixtures are used in water or liquid fertilizer solutions for spraying applications.
Restrictions:
To avoid potential for explosion:
• DO NOT impregnate Meto-S on ammonium nitrate, potassium nitrate, or sodium nitrate, either alone or in blends with other fertilizers.
• DO NOT use Meto-S on straight limestone as absorption will not occur.
• Fertilizer blends containing limestone can be impregnated.

Application of Impregnated Dry Bulk Granular Fertilizer
Apply 200 to 700 pounds of the herbicide/fertilizer mixture per acre. Apply the mixture uniformly to the soil with properly calibrated equipment immediately after blending. Uniform application of the herbicide/fertilizer mixture is essential in order to prevent possible crop injury to subsequent rotational crops. Non-uniform application results in unsatisfactory weed control. In areas where conventional tillage is practiced, incorporate the mixture shallowly into the soil. On fine- or medium-textured soils in areas where soil incorporation is not planned, i.e., reduced-tillage situations or in some conventional till situations, apply Meto-S approximately 30 days before planting to allow moisture to move the herbicide/fertilizer mixture into the soil. On coarse-textured soils, apply Meto-S approximately 14 days prior to planting. Do not use herbicide/fertilizer mixtures on crops where bedding occurs.

CHEMIGATION - CENTER PIVOT IRRIGATION
Meto-S alone or in tank mixture with other herbicides on this label that are registered for center pivot application can be applied in irrigation water pre-emergence (after planting but before weeds or crop emerge) at specified rates listed on this label. Apply this product only through a center pivot irrigation system.

Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.
Crop injury, reduced efficacy, and/or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water. If you have questions about calibration, contact State Extension specialists, equipment manufacturers, or other experts. Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place. A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

Operating Instructions
1. The system must contain a functional check-valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water-source contamination from back flow.
2. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check-valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
3. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
4. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
5. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
6. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump or piston pump), effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
7. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.
8. Prepare a mixture with a minimum of 1 part of water to 1 part herbicide(s) and inject this mixture into the center pivot system. Injecting a larger volume of a more dilute mixture per hour will usually provide more accurate calibration of metering equipment. Maintain sufficient agitation to keep the herbicide in suspension.
9. Meter into irrigation water during entire period of water application.
10. Apply in ½-1 inch of water. Use the lower water volume (½ inch) on coarse-textured soils and the higher volume (1 inch) on fine-textured soils. More than 1 inch of water at application may reduce weed control by moving the herbicide below the effective zone in the soil.
Precaution for center pivot applications: Where sprinkler distribution patterns do not overlap sufficiently, unacceptable weed control can occur. Where sprinkler distribution patterns overlap excessively, crop injury can occur.  

Note: For information on applying in lower volumes of carrier, see Low Carrier Application section of this label.

CLEANING INSTRUCTIONS
- Do not use the same sprayer without thoroughly cleaning on sensitive crops; minute residues of Meto-S in the tank can injure crops.  
- Wash sprayer and spray equipment thoroughly with clean water immediately after use.  
- Drain any remaining spray solution of Meto-S from the spray tank and dispose of according to label disposal instructions.  
- Rinse the spray tank and refill with water, adding 1 cup heavy-duty detergent per 20 gallons of water.  
- Recycle this mixture through the equipment for 5 minutes, and spray out.  
- Clean pump and nozzle screens thoroughly.  
- Wash away any spray mixture from the outside of spray tank, nozzles or spray rig.  
- Dispose of all rinse water in compliance with local, state, and Federal guidelines.

USE PRECAUTIONS
Where directions specify a Meto-S tank mixture with AAtrex formulations, other brands of atrazine may be used. Follow the rates, instructions, and limitations on the AAtrex or respective atrazine product label if other brands of atrazine are used.  

Dry weather following pre-emergence application of Meto-S or a tank mixture can reduce efficacy. Cultivate if weeds develop.  

Where reference is made to weeds being partially controlled, partial control means erratic control that can range from poor to good, or consistent control at levels below what is generally considered acceptable for commercial weed control.

USE RESTRICTIONS
- Do not apply under conditions which favor runoff or wind erosion of soil containing this product to non-target areas.  
- Do not apply to impervious substrates such as paved or highly compacted surfaces.  
- Do not apply to powdery dry or light sand soils when conditions favor wind erosion. Soil surfaces must first be settled by rainfall or irrigation.  
- Do not use tail-water from the first flood or furrow irrigation of treated fields to treat non-target crops unless at least ½ inch of rainfall has occurred between application and the first irrigation.  
- If Meto-S is incorporated, any supplemental tillage before planting must not exceed the depth of incorporation.

Meto-S applied alone controls or partially controls the following weeds:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Barnyardgrass (watergrass)</th>
<th>Foxtail millet</th>
<th>Shattercane</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bristly foxtail</td>
<td>Galinsoga</td>
<td>Signalgrass (Brachiaria)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carpetweed</td>
<td>Giant foxtail</td>
<td>Southwestern cupgrass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Common purslane^</td>
<td>Goosegrass</td>
<td>Tail waterhemp</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Common waterhemp</td>
<td>Green foxtail</td>
<td>Texas panicum^</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crabgrass</td>
<td>Hairy nightshade</td>
<td>Volunteer sorghum^</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crowfootgrass</td>
<td>Pigweed</td>
<td>Wild proso millet*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eastern black nightshade</td>
<td>Prairie cupgrass</td>
<td>Witchgrass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eclipta^</td>
<td>Red rice</td>
<td>Woolly cupgrass*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fall panicum</td>
<td>Robust foxtails (purple, white)</td>
<td>Yellow foxtail</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Florida beggarweed^</td>
<td>Sandbur^</td>
<td>Yellow nutsedge</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Florida pusley</td>
<td>Seedling johnsongrass^</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

^ Partial control. Refer to the product information section. Weed control is erratic due partially to variable weather conditions.  
*For control of these weeds in corn only, refer to the Corn - Woolly Cupgrass and Wild Proso Millet Control Program section of this label.  
Florida Beggarweed: Apply a minimum of 2 pints/acre pre-emergence for partial control.  
Texas panicum: Apply a minimum of 2 pints/acre using a center pivot irrigation system.
To improve weed control:
1. Till moist soil thoroughly to destroy germinating and emerged weeds. If Meto-S is applied Pre-Plant incorporated, tillage may be used to incorporate Meto-S if uniform 2-inch incorporation is achieved as specified in Application Procedures.
2. Plant crop into moist soil immediately after tillage. If Meto-S is to be used pre-emergence, apply at planting or immediately after planting.
3. Irrigate ½ - 1 inch of water with a sprinkler system, if available, within 2 days of application. Irrigate with ½ inch water volume on coarse-textured soils, and 1 inch on fine-textured soils. Refer to the section on Center Pivot Irrigation Application for instructions with this application method.
4. If irrigation is impossible and rain does not occur within 2 days after planting and application, weed control may be decreased. Under these conditions, perform a shallow cultivation as soon as weeds emerge.

To improve weed control in corn, use 2.0 - 2.67 pts./A or the pre-plant surface-applied rates for Meto-S alone or in tank mixture, if allowed, when making pre-plant incorporated or pre-emergence applications.

Rotational Crops:
Meto-S Alone:
If a crop treated with Meto-S alone is lost, any crop on this label may be replanted immediately. Do not make a second broadcast application of this product. If the original application was banded and the second crop is planted in the untreated row middles, make a second banded treatment.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Crop</th>
<th>Rotation Interval (Months)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Alfalfa</td>
<td>4 Months</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Barley, oats, rye, wheat</td>
<td>4 ½ Months</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clover</td>
<td>9 Months</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tomatoes</td>
<td>6 Months</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Any crop on this label plus root crops, tobacco, barley, buckwheat, milo, rice, cabbage, peppers, stone fruits, or tree nuts</td>
<td>Spring following treatment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All other crops</td>
<td>12 Months</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Following a lay-by treatment or multiple treatments applied the previous season, any crop on this label, in addition to tobacco, cabbage, or peppers, stone fruits, or tree nuts may be planted in the spring.

Restrictions:
- Do not make a second broadcast application of Meto-S.

Meto-S Tank Mixtures: For Rotational Crops restrictions for Meto-S used in tank mixtures, refer to the statements/restrictions above for Meto-S and to the respective product labels of any mixing partner(s) for additional statements/restrictions.

CORN (Field, Sweet, and Pop)

Meto-S ALONE
Make either pre-plant surface, pre-plant incorporated, pre-emergence, or lay-by applications using the rates specified.

Pre-Plant Surface-Applied Application:
Refer to instructions for use of Meto-S alone under Application Instructions.

Fall Application (Apply after September 30 in MN, ND, SD, WI and north of Route 30 in IA; Apply after October 15 north of Route 91 in NE and south of Route 30 in IA; Apply after October 31 north of Route 136 in IL): In all locations, apply to crop stubble after harvest when the sustained soil temperature at a 4-inch depth is less than 55°F and falling. In minimum-till or no-tillage systems on soils having greater than 2.5% organic matter, apply 1.67 - 2.0 pts./A on medium-textured and 2.0 pts./A on fine-textured soils. A fall and/or spring tillage operation may precede the application. Minimize furrow and ridge formation in the tillage operations.
Restrictions:

- If a spring application is made, the sum total rate of fall and spring applications must not exceed the maximum total rate for corn.
- Do not apply to frozen ground.
- A fall and/or spring tillage may follow application, but do not exceed an incorporation depth greater than 2 - 3 inches.

Use of Meto-S on medium- and fine-textured soils with minimum-tillage or no-tillage systems in CO, IA, IL, IN, KS, KY, MN, MO, MT, ND, NE, SD, TN, WI, and WY:

- Apply \( \frac{2}{3} \) the specified labeled rate of Meto-S (1.67 pts./A on medium soils and 2.0 pts./A on fine soils) as a split treatment 30 - 45 days before planting and the remainder at planting. Applications made less than 30 days prior to planting may be as either a split application or single treatment.
- Apply 1.33 pts./A on coarse soils not more than 2 weeks prior to planting.

On medium- and fine-textured soils with minimum- or no-tillage systems in CT, DE, MA, MD, ME, MI, NH, NY, OH, PA, RI, VA, VT, and WV, pre-plant surface applications may be applied following the directions for use above. If the amount of rainfall results in unsatisfactory length of weed control following the earlier treatment, a post-emergence application of an appropriately labeled broadleaf and/or grass weed herbicide may be used, i.e., AAtrix, Beacon®, Bicep®, Exceed®, Accent®, Banvel, Basagran®, bromoxynil (Brominal® or Buctril®), or 2,4-D. Observe all directions for use, restrictions, precautions, and limitations on the post-emergent herbicide label.

Restriction:

- If the post-emergence treatment includes an herbicide used pre-plant surface-applied, do not exceed the total maximum specified rate for corn on a given soil texture.

Pre-Plant Incorporated or Pre-Emergence Applications:

Follow instructions for use of Meto-S alone under Application Instructions.

Coarse soils: Apply 1.0 - 1.33 pts./A of Meto-S if organic matter content is less than 3%, or 1.33 pts./A if organic matter content is 3% or greater.

Medium soils: Apply 1.33 - 1.67 pts./A of Meto-S.

Fine soils: Apply 1.33 - 1.67 pts./A of Meto-S if organic matter content is less than 3%, or 1.67 - 2.0 pts./A if organic matter content is 3% or greater.

Lay-by Applications:

To extend the duration of weed control in corn, apply the maximum rate of 2.0 pts. per acre Meto-S after corn emerges until the corn reaches 40 inches tall, following any pre-plant surface-applied, pre-plant incorporated, or pre-emergence herbicide application, including Meto-S.

For best results, apply to soil free of emerged weeds and directed towards the base of corn plants in excess of 5 inches tall. The total Meto-S rate applied on corn during any one crop year must not exceed 4 pts./A, depending on soil texture.

Corn Restriction:

- Do not graze or feed forage from treated areas for 30 days following application.

Shattercane, Wild Proso Millet, Woolly Cupgrass, and Eclipta - Partial Control:

Apply 2.0 - 2.5 pts./A of Meto-S as a single application, or apply 1.0 - 1.33 pts./A pre-plant incorporated followed by 1.0 - 1.33 pts./A of Meto-S pre-emergence. Make pre-emergence application during or after planting, but before weeds and corn emerge. Apply the 1.33 pts./A rate of Meto-S when a heavy infestation of shattercane, wild proso millet, woolly cupgrass, or eclipta is expected. Make a shallow cultivation to control any late emerging weeds. Do not apply more than a total of 2.55 pts./A Meto-S.

Woolly Cupgrass and Wild Proso Millet Control:

Medium soils: Apply 1.67 pts./A Meto-S early pre-plant, pre-plant incorporated, or pre-emergence.

Fine soils: Apply 2.0 pts./A up to the maximum specified label rate. Lightly incorporate with a rotary hoe if rainfall does not occur within 5 - 7 days.

Apply a post-emergence tank mix of 0.38 oz./A Beacon or 1 packet per 4 acres Exceed plus Accent SP at 0.33 oz./A plus 1 qt. of crop oil concentrate plus 1 gal./A of 28% nitrogen, or the equivalent amount of ammonium sulfate, when grasses are 2-3 inches tall and the corn is at least 4 inches tall. Cultivate 14-21 days after the post-emergence application.
Precautions:
If annual weeds escape following a pre-plant surface, pre-plant incorporated, or pre-emergence treatment of Meto-S, follow with a post-emergence application of an appropriately labeled broadleaf and/or grass weed herbicide, i.e., AAtrax, Beacon, Bicep, Exceed®, Accent, Banvel, Basagran, Brominal, Buctril, or 2,4-D.

Restrictions:
- Do not apply more than the specified labeled rate for a given soil texture per year, either as a single or split treatment.
- Do not use Meto-S on peat or muck soils.
- If the post-emergence treatment includes the herbicide used in the earlier treatment, do not exceed the total labeled rate for corn on a given soil texture.
- Do not exceed 1.2 lbs. a.i./A of AAtrax in tank-mix combination with Brominal or Buctril post-emergence.
- Refer to the AAtrax, Brominal, and Buctril labels for specific rates and precautions.

In corn, Meto-S may be used up to 2.75 pts./A either pre-plant surface, pre-plant incorporated, or pre-emergence treatment on soils having an organic matter content between 6%-20% or up to 2.0 pts./A on any soil for extended residual control and where severe stands of problem weeds are expected.

Brominal and Buctril may be applied post-emergence alone or in tank-mix combination with AAtrax. Refer to the AAtrax, Brominal, or Buctril labels for specific rates and precautions.

Meto-S Combinations for Corn
It is the pesticide user’s responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Meto-S in any tank mixture for corn (except Meto-S + AAtrax post-emergence and Meto-S + Banvel post-emergence) may be applied in water or fluid fertilizer. Use only water in the Meto-S + AAtrax or the Meto-S + Banvel post-emergence tank mixes.

Restriction:
- Do not graze or feed forage from treated areas for 30 days following application.

FOR TANK MIXTURES WITH AAtrax (OR OTHER BRANDS OF ATRAZINE):
All the restrictions and rate limitations on the AAtrax label must be followed if more restrictive/protective than those on this label. In addition, if AAtrax is/must be applied at rates lower than those listed on this label, broadleaf weed control may be affected. Refer to the AAtrax label for weeds controlled at the reduced rates.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tank Mix: Meto-S +</th>
<th>Weeds Controlled</th>
<th>Weeds Partially Controlled</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AAtrex and/or Princep (Pre-Plant Surface, PPI, PRE)</td>
<td>Controls: Browntop panicum, Cocklebur, Common purslane, Hairy nightshade, Lambsquarters, Morningglory, Ragweed, Smartweed, Velvetleaf</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AAtrex (Post)</td>
<td>Controls: Kochia, Lambsquarters, Mustard, Prickly sida, Ragweed, Smartweed, Velvetleaf</td>
<td>Partially controls: Cocklebur, Jimsonweed, Morningglory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Banvel (Field Corn)</td>
<td>Controls: Lambsquarters, Ragweed, Smartweed</td>
<td>Partially controls: Cocklebur, Jimsonweed, Morningglory, Velvetleaf</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AAtrex + Lorox</td>
<td>Controls: Browntop panicum, Cocklebur, Common purslane, Hairy nightshade, Lambsquarters, Morningglory, Pigweed, Ragweed, Smartweed, Velvetleaf</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AAtrex or Princep + Prowl</td>
<td>Controls: Browntop panicum, Cocklebur, Common purslane, Hairy nightshade, Lambsquarters, Morningglory, Pigweed, Ragweed, Smartweed, Velvetleaf</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marksman</td>
<td>Controls: Cocklebur, Common purslane, Hairy nightshade, Jimsonweed, Kochia, Lambsquarters, Morningglory, Mustard, Pigweed, Prickly sida, Ragweed, Smartweed, Velvetleaf</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Broadstrike® + Meto Star</td>
<td>Controls: Common purslane, Hairy nightshade, Kochia, Lambsquarters, Mustard, Pigweed, Prickly sida, Smartweed, Velvetleaf</td>
<td>Controls or Partially controls: Cocklebur, Jimsonweed, Morningglory, Ragweed depending on ratio of products used and/or weed population.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**MIXING INSTRUCTIONS**

**Special Mixing Instructions for Meto-S + AAtrex or Princep and Prowl:**
- Although a single formulation for AAtrex or Princep is listed in the rate tables, other formulations may be substituted, using the following formula: 1 lb. of AAtrex Nine-O® or Princep Caliber 90® = 1.8 pts. of AAtrex 4L or Princep 4L.
- Fill the spray tank ¼ full with water or fluid fertilizer and start agitation.
- Add a compatibility agent at 4 pts./100 gals. spray mixture, such as Unite or X-77.
- Add the AAtrex or Princep and allow it to become dispersed.
- Add Meto-S and Prowl 4E.
- Add the rest of the water.

**Additional AAtrex Instructions:**
- Although directions specify AAtrex formulations in tank mixture with Meto-S, other brands of atrazine may be used. Follow the rates, specifications, and limitations on the atrazine label.
- See additional mixing instructions on the AAtrex label.
- Refer to the Meto-S Combinations for Corn - Tank Mixture with AAtrex; or AAtrex + 2,4-D; or AAtrex + 2,4-D + Banvel for Minimum-Tillage or No-Tillage Systems sections for specific directions for 2,4-D or Banvel burndown combinations in Minimum-Tillage and No-Tillage systems.

Certain states may have established rate limitations for atrazine within specific geographical areas. Consult your state lead pesticide control agency for additional information. It is a violation of this label to deviate from state use regulations.

**Lorox Instructions:** Other formulations of Lorox can be used: 1 lb. of Lorox DF = 1 pt. of Lorox L.
In minimum-tillage and no-tillage systems, mix with Gramoxone Extra for control of most emerged annual weeds and suppression of perennial weeds; or with Landmaster BW for suppression of emerged field bindweed and control or suppression of annual weeds; or with Roundup for control of most emerged annual and perennial weeds.

**Meto-S** in any tank mixture for corn may be applied in water or fluid fertilizer, except as follows:

**Corn Restrictions:**
- For all applications to corn, do not graze or feed forage from treated areas for 30 days following application.
- When applying **Meto-S** in tank mixture with AAtrex, do not exceed a total of 2.5 lbs. a.i. of atrazine per acre per year.

Refer to **Corn (All Types) - Meto-S Alone**, for sequential post-emergence treatments if escape weeds develop.

In corn, **Meto-S** may be used up to 2.0 pts./A in combinations on any soil for extended residual control and where severe stands of problem weeds are expected.

**Tank Mixture with AAtrex or Princep, or AAtrex + Princep - Pre-Plant Surface, Pre-Plant Incorporated, or Pre-Emergence**

In addition to the weeds controlled by **Meto-S** alone, **Meto-S + AAtrex or Princep**, or **Meto-S + AAtrex + Princep**, applied pre-plant surface, pre-plant incorporated, or pre-emergence, also controls the following weeds:

- Browntop Panicum
- Hairy Nightshade
- Ragweed
- Cocklebur
- Lambsquarters
- Smartweed
- Common Purslane
- Morningglory
- Velvetleaf

Apply **Meto-S + AAtrex or Princep**, or **Meto-S + AAtrex + Princep** either pre-plant surface, pre-plant incorporated, or pre-emergence.

**Pre-Plant Surface-Applied:** Follow instructions for use of **Meto-S** alone under Application Instructions and under application instructions for **Meto-S** alone on corn. Apply **Meto-S + AAtrex or Princep**, or **Meto-S + AAtrex + Princep** on medium soils (1.67 pts./A of **Meto-S** + 3.2 - 4 pts./A of AAtrex 4L or Princep 4L, or AAtrex 4L + Princep 4L combined) and on fine soils (1.67 - 2.0 pts./A of **Meto-S** + 4 - 5 pts./A of AAtrex 4L or Princep 4L, or AAtrex 4L + Princep 4L combined) in minimum-tillage and no-tillage systems in CO, IA, IL, IN, KS, KY, MN, MO, MT, ND, NE, SD, TN, WI, and WY. Apply the tank mixtures as a split or single treatment in those states and as indicated in the **Meto-S Alone - Pre-Plant Surface-Applied** section of the label for corn. On coarse soils, apply 1.33 pts./A of **Meto-S** and 3.2 pts./A of AAtrex 4L or Princep 4L, or AAtrex 4L + Princep 4L combined.

**Pre-Plant Incorporated or Pre-Emergence:** Follow instructions for use of **Meto-S** alone under Application Instructions. Apply **Meto-S** in combination with AAtrex and using the appropriate rates from the **Meto-S + AAtrex or Princep**, or **Meto-S + AAtrex + Princep** table.

**Restriction:**
- Do not apply more than the specified labeled rate for a given soil texture per year, either as a split or single treatment.

**Shattercane, Wild Proso Millet, Wooly Cupgrass and Eclipta - Partial Control**

For more consistent partial control of shattercane, wild proso millet, wooly cupgrass and eclipta where **Meto-S** is applied in tank mixture or sequentially with other registered corn herbicides, apply 2.0 - 2.33 pts. per acre as a single application or make the following applications:

1. Apply 1.0 - 1.33 pts./A of **Meto-S** + 2 lbs. a.i./A of AAtrex or Princep pre-plant incorporated, followed by 1.0 - 1.33 pts./A of **Meto-S** pre-emergence. Make the pre-emergence application during or after planting, but before weeds and corn emerge.
2. Apply **Meto-S** at 1.33 pts./A alone or in tank mix combination with up to 2 lbs. a.i./A of AAtrex or Princep, pre-plant incorporated. Do not exceed the total rate of triazine herbicide listed for corn grown on a given soil texture. Follow with a post-directed application of Evik® 80W at 2.5 lbs./A. Refer to the Evik 80W label for specific directions for the post-directed application.
3. Apply Eradicane® or Sutan® (or equivalent EPTC or butylate formulations) at labeled rates pre-plant incorporated, followed by a pre-emergence application of **Meto-S** at 1.0 - 1.33 pts./A. Do not use Eradicane or Sutan on soils where rapid degradation has been shown to occur. Make the pre-emergence application during or after planting, but before weeds and corn emerge.

When following the application regimes in numbers 1-3 above, make a shallow cultivation after the pre-emergence or post-emergence application to control any late emerging shattercane or wild proso millet plants.
**Meto-S + AAtrex or Princep, or Meto-S + AAtrex + Princep, Pre-Plant Incorporated or Pre-Emergence - Corn (All Types)***

Do not use in muck or peat (soils with greater than 20% organic matter).

---

**BROADCAST RATES PER ACRE**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SOIL TEXTURE</th>
<th>Less than 3% Organic matter</th>
<th>Greater than 3% Organic matter</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Tank Mix: Meto-S + AAtrex Nine O or Princep Caliber 90*</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Coarse       | 0.85 - 1.0 pts. + 1.1 - 2.2 lbs. | 0.85 - 1.0 pts. + 1.3 - 2.2 lbs. +
|              |                               | 1.0 pts. + 1.3 - 2.2 lbs. + 1.8 - 2.2 lbs. +
| Medium       | 1.0 - 1.33 pts. + 1.3 - 2.2 lbs. | 1.0 - 1.33 pts. + 1.33 pts. + 1.8 - 2.2 lbs. + 1.8 - 2.2 lbs. +
|              |                               | 1.33 pts. + 1.8 - 2.2 lbs. + 0.9 - 1.1 lbs. + 0.9 - 1.1 lbs. +
| Fine         | 1.33 pts. + 1.8 - 2.2 lbs. | 1.33 pts. + 1.33 - 1.67 pts. + 1.8 - 2.2 lbs. + 0.9 - 1.1 lbs. +
|              |                               | 1.33 pts. + 1.67 pts. + 1.8 - 2.2 lbs. +

*Use Princep instead of AAtrex when heavy infestations of crabgrass or fall panicum are expected. On soils having between 6% and 20% organic matter, use up to 2.33 pts./A **Meto-S** in tank mix combination with 2.2 lbs./A of AAtrex Nine-O, or equivalent rates of AAtrex 4L. Refer to the AAtrex label for weeds controlled at this reduced rate.

**When using the tank mixture of **Meto-S** + AAtrex Nine-O + Princep Caliber 90, use equal rates of each as shown when heavy broadleaf weed infestations are expected. When heavy infestations of crabgrass or fall panicum are expected, use a 1:2 ratio of AAtrex + Princep instead of the 1:1 ratio given in the **Meto-S + AAtrex or Princep**, or **Meto-S + AAtrex + Princep, Pre-Plant Incorporated or Pre-Emergence - Corn (All Types)** table.

(Example: Total AAtrex Nine-O + Princep Caliber 90 = 1.2 lbs./A, use 0.4 lb. of AAtrex + 0.8 lb. of Princep, respectively.)

***For cocklebur, yellow nutsedge, and velvetleaf control on fine-textured soils above 3% organic matter, apply 2.25 lbs./A of AAtrex Nine-O, or equivalent rates of AAtrex 4L, or the same total amount of AAtrex + Princep with 1.33 - 1.67 pts./A of **Meto-S**.

**Tank Mixture with AAtrex - Post-Emergence**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Weeds Controlled</th>
<th>Weeds Partially Controlled</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Barnyardgrass (watergrass) Crabgrass Crowfootgrass Fall panicum Giant foxtail Green foxtail</td>
<td>Yellow foxtail Jimsonweed Kochia Lambsquarters Mustard Pigweed Prickly sida Purslane Ragweed Smartweed Velvetleaf</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Coarse soils:** Apply 1.0 pts./A of Meto-S + 1.3 lbs./A of AAtrex Nine-O*.

**Medium soils:** 1.33 pts./A of Meto-S + 1.8 lbs./A of AAtrex Nine-O.

**Fine soils:** 1.33 - 1.67 pts./A of Meto-S + 1.8 - 2.2 lbs./A** of AAtrex Nine-O. Apply this tank mixture before grass and broadleaf weeds pass the 2-leaf stage and before corn exceeds 5” tall. Application to weeds larger than the 2-leaf stage will generally result in unsatisfactory control.

*When using AAtrex 4L, use equivalent rates. One lb. of AAtrex Nine-O equals 1.8 pts. of AAtrex 4L.

**For better control of cocklebur, morningglory, velvetleaf, and yellow nutsedge on fine-textured soils above 3% organic matter, apply 2.2 lbs./A of AAtrex Nine-O, or equivalent rate of AAtrex 4L, with 1.33 - 1.67 pts./A of Meto-S.

**Lay-by Applications:**
Apply to corn plants less than 12” tall. Direct applications to corn in >5” tall to the base of the corn plants. Apply over the top to corn plants <5” tall. Corn leaf burn can occur, but won't impact growth or yield.

Tank mixtures of Meto-S + AAtrex can be applied following application of any registered pre-plant surface applied, pre-plant incorporated, or pre-emergence corn herbicide, including Meto-S + AAtrex.

**Restrictions:**
- Do not exceed 4 pints of Meto-S.
- Do not exceed 2.5 lbs. a.i./A AAtrex during any one crop year.
- Refer to the AAtrex label for geographic, soil-texture, and rotational restrictions.

**Tank Mixture with Banvel**

**Pre-Emergence:** Use this tank mixture only on field corn which is flat-planted (no furrows) in CO, IA, IL, IN, KS, MN, NE, OH, SD, and WI. In addition to the weeds controlled by Meto-S alone, Meto-S + Banvel, applied pre-emergence controls lambsquarters, ragweed, smartweed, and partially controls cocklebur, jimsonweed, morningglory, and velvetleaf.

Apply Meto-S + Banvel Pre-Emergence.

**Medium soils:** Broadcast 1 pt./A of Banvel with 1.33 pts./A of Meto-S.

**Fine soils:** 1.33 - 1.67 pts./A of Meto-S tank mixture to the soil surface at planting or after planting, but before corn emerges. Plant corn at least 1 1/2” deep and apply behind planting equipment, avoiding incorporation by the planter wheel or other seed covering device.

**Coarse soils:** Do not apply.

**Restrictions:**
- Do not allow Meto-S to drift to non-target plants such as soybeans during application.
- Do not apply with aircraft.
- If it is necessary to rotary hoe to break the soil crust, do not disturb the soil more than 1/2” deep.
- Do not incorporate before corn emerges.

**Post-Emergence for Control of Pigweed (Mid-Atlantic states, including DE, MD, PA, VA, and WV):**
Apply 1.0 - 1.5 pts. of Meto-S + 0.5 - 1 pt./A of Banvel by ground equipment when pigweed plants are <3” tall and before corn is >5” tall in a minimum of 20 gals. of spray per acre. Use the lower rate within the specified rate range on coarse-textured and low organic matter soils. Use the higher rate within the specified rate range on fine textured and high organic matter soils.

Banvel SGF and Clarity® may be used at equivalent lbs. of active ingredient per acre.

**Restrictions:**
- Do not allow Meto-S to drift to non-target plants such as soybeans during application.
- Do not apply with aircraft.
Tank Mixture with AAtrex and Lorox to Control of Lambsquarters and Pigweed
For prolonged control of lambsquarters and pigweed in DE, MD, NJ, NY, PA, VA, and WV, apply Meto-S pre-emergence in tank mix combination with AAtrex + Lorox. Apply Meto-S and AAtrex according to the rates specified in the Meto-S + AAtrex or Princep, or Meto-S + AAtrex + Princep, Pre-Plant Incorporated or Pre-Emergence - Corn (All Types) table and Lorox according to the following rates:

SOIL TEXTURE & BROADCAST RATE PER ACRE:
Sandy loam (1 - 3% organic matter): 0.67 lb./A Lorox
Sandy loam (3 - 6% organic matter): 1.0 lb./A Lorox
Medium- and fine-textured soils (1-6% organic matter): 1.0 lb./A Lorox

Observe all directions for use, restrictions, precautions, and limitations on the Meto-S, AAtrex, and Lorox labels when applying these products in tank mix combinations.

Tank Mixture with AAtrex or Princep + Prowl for Prolonged Control of Lambsquarters and Pigweed in Field Corn Only (Northeast U.S., including MI, IN, KY, and States East of These)
For prolonged control of lambsquarters, pigweed, and other annual broadleaf and grass weeds, apply Meto-S in tank mix combination with AAtrex* or Princep + Prowl 4E after planting but before corn or weeds emerge. Apply using ground equipment in a minimum of 10 gals. water or 20 gals. liquid fertilizer. Apply by air in a minimum of 5 gals. water. Refer to the Meto-S + AAtrex or Princep, or Meto-S + AAtrex + Princep, Pre-Plant Incorporated or Pre-Emergence - Corn (All Types) table for rates of Meto-S, AAtrex, or Princep to be applied. Apply Prowl 4E according to the following rates in the Prowl 4E - Broadcast Rates Per Acre table.

Restriction:
• Do not apply Meto-S in tank mix combination with AAtrex 80W + Prowl, as this combination is incompatible. Other AAtrex formulations may be used.

Prowl 4E - Broadcast Rates Per Acre

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Percent Organic Matter in Soil</th>
<th>Coarse Soil</th>
<th>Medium Soil</th>
<th>Fine Soil</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&lt;1.5%</td>
<td>1.5 - 2.0 pts.</td>
<td>2.0 pts.</td>
<td>2.0 pts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.5 - 3%</td>
<td>2.0 pts.</td>
<td>3.0 pts.</td>
<td>3.0 pts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&gt;3%</td>
<td>3.0 pts.</td>
<td>3.0 pts.</td>
<td>3.0 pts.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Observe all directions for use, restrictions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product labels when applying these products in tank mix combination. Refer to the Prowl 4E label for replanting instructions in the event of crop loss.

Tank Mixture with AAtrex* or Princep, AAtrex + Princep, with Gramoxone Extra, Landmaster BW, or Roundup for Minimum-Tillage or No-Tillage Systems
In minimum-tillage or no-tillage systems where corn is planted directly into a cover crop, stale seedbed, established sod, or previous crop residues, the contact herbicides Gramoxone Extra, Landmaster BW, or Roundup may be added to a tank mix of Meto-S + AAtrex or Princep, or Meto-S + AAtrex + Princep. The Meto-S + AAtrex or Princep, or Meto-S + AAtrex + Princep portion of the tank mixture provides pre-emergence control of the weeds listed on this label in the tank mixture section for Meto-S + AAtrex or Princep, or Meto-S + AAtrex + Princep - Pre-Plant Surface, Pre-Plant Incorporated, or Pre-Emergence.

Application: Apply before, during, or after planting, but before the corn emerges, at the rates specified below. Add Gramoxone Extra, Landmaster BW, or Roundup at the following broadcast rates:

Gramoxone Extra: 1.5 - 2.0, 2.0 - 2.5, or 2.5 - 3.0 pts./A to 1 - 3 inches, 3 - 6 inches, or 6-inch tall weeds, respectively. Apply surfactant at 1 or 2 pts./100 gals. of spray mixture with 75% or greater or 50 - 74% nonionic active ingredient, respectively. This treatment will not control weeds greater than 6” tall.
Restriction:

• Do not apply combinations containing Gramoxone Extra in suspension-type liquid fertilizers because the activity of paraquat will be reduced.

**Landmaster BW:** 27 - 54 oz./A depending on weed species and size. See the Landmaster BW label for weeds controlled, rates for specific weeds, and other information concerning use.

**Roundup:** See the Roundup or Roundup RT label for weeds controlled, rates, and other use directions. Apply in 20 - 60 gals. of water or fluid fertilizer per acre with ground equipment.

**Coarse soils:** Apply 1.0 pts./A of Meto-S with 1.3 lbs. of AAtrex Nine-O* or Princep Caliber 90*, or with 0.7 lb. of AAtrex Nine-O** + 0.7 lb. of Princep Caliber 90**.

**Medium soils:** Apply 1.33 pts./A of Meto-S with 1.8 lbs. of AAtrex Nine-O or Princep Caliber 90, or with 0.9 lb. of AAtrex Nine-O + 0.9 lb. of Princep Caliber 90.

**Fine soils***: Apply 1.33 - 1.67 pts./A of Meto-S with 1.8-2.2 lbs. of AAtrex Nine-O or Princep Caliber 90, or with 0.9 - 1.1 lbs. of AAtrex Nine-O + 0.9 - 1.1 lbs. of Princep Caliber 90.

*Use Princep in preference to AAtrex when heavy infestations of crabgrass or fall panicum are expected.

**When using the tank mixture of Meto-S + AAtrex Nine-O + Princep Caliber 90, use equal rates of AAtrex and Princep as shown when heavy broadleaf weed infestations are expected. When heavy infestations of crabgrass or fall panicum are expected, use a 1:2 ratio of AAtrex + Princep instead of the 1:1 ratio given.

(Example: Total AAtrex Nine-O + Princep Caliber 90 = 1.8 lbs./A, use 0.6 lb. of AAtrex + 1.2 lbs. of Princep, respectively.)

***For cocklebur, yellow nutsedge, and velvetleaf control on fine-textured soils above 3% organic matter, apply 2.25 lbs./A of AAtrex Nine-O, or equivalent rate of AAtrex 4L, or the same total amount of AAtrex + Princep, with 1.33 - 1.67 pts./A of Meto-S.

**Tank Mixture with AAtrex; or AAtrex + 2,4-D; or AAtrex + 2,4-D + Banvel for Minimum-Tillage or No-Tillage Systems**

In minimum-tillage or no-tillage systems where corn is planted directly into a cover crop, stale seedbed, established sod, or previous crop residues, applying Meto-S in combination with AAtrex will kill most emerged small annual weeds. Apply Meto-S + AAtrex before, during, or after planting, but before corn emerges, according to the rates in the Meto-S + AAtrex or Princep, Meto-S + AAtrex + Princep, Pre-Plant Incorporated or Pre-Emergence - Corn (All Types) table.

Where heavy crop residues exist, add 0.8 - 1.6 pts./A of an appropriately labeled 3.8 lbs. a.i./gal. 2,4-D amine (such as Weedar 64, Weedar 64A, DMA-4 Herbicide, or Formula 40) to the spray tank last and apply in a minimum of 25 gals. carrier per acre.

As carriers, nitrogen solutions and complete liquid fertilizers, applied before corn emergence, enhance burndown of existing weeds, and therefore, are recommended instead of water. Add X-77 surfactant at 1.0 - 2.0 qts./100 gals. of diluted spray, or another appropriate surfactant at its labeled rate, or add crop oil concentrate plus 28% liquid nitrogen (or equivalent). Apply before weeds exceed 3” tall. If alfalfa is present, add Banvel to the spray mixture at 0.33 - 0.5 pt./A and apply before alfalfa exceeds 6” tall.

For fields with existing sod grasses (e.g., bromegrass, orchardgrass, rye, or timothy), when existing weeds exceed 3” tall or when very dry conditions exist, add Gramoxone Extra at the rate of 1.67 pts./A in place of or in addition to 2,4-D, as indicated above. Do not apply Gramoxone Extra in suspension-type liquid fertilizer. Observe all directions for use, restrictions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product labels when applying these products in tank mix combination.

**Tank Mixture with Marksman in Conservation Tillage - Field and Silage Corn**

In conservation tillage systems where corn is planted directly into a cover crop or previous crop residue, Meto-S + Marksman will kill most emerged small annual weeds. Apply Meto-S + Marksman before, during, or after planting, but before corn emergence on medium and fine soils with greater than 2.5% organic matter. For fields with existing vegetation exceeding 3” tall or when very dry conditions exist, add Gramoxone Extra at its standard rate. Apply Meto-S + Marksman post-emergence to corn <3” tall and before weedy grasses exceed the 2-leaf stage.

As carriers, nitrogen solutions and complete liquid fertilizers, applied before corn emergence, enhance burndown of existing weeds.

**Restriction:**

• Do not apply Gramoxone Extra in suspension-type liquid fertilizer or use on emerged corn. Refer to the Marksman label and follow all directions, limitations, restrictions, precautions, and instructions regarding application and use in corn.
Tank Mixture with Broadstrike® + Meto Star
For pre-plant surface, pre-plant incorporated, or pre-emergence application where severe grass populations are expected on medium- or fine-textured soils with relatively high organic matter content, Broadstrike + Meto Star may be spiked with Meto-S for optimum performance. Refer to the Broadstrike + Meto Star label for its use rate and the amount of metolachlor active ingredient it contains. Meto-S may be added up to, but not to exceed, the maximum alone Meto-S label rate for the soil classification. Refer to the respective labels and follow all directions, limitations, and restrictions for each product.

**STORAGE AND DISPOSAL**

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

**Pesticide Storage:** Keep from freezing: DO NOT store below 32°F.

**Pesticide Disposal:** Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA region office for guidance.

**Container Handling:**

**NONREFILLABLE CONTAINER (EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 5 GALLONS):** Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Offer for recycling, if available.

**NONREFILLABLE CONTAINER (GREATER THAN 5 GALLONS):** Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Offer for recycling, if available.

**REFILLABLE CONTAINER:** Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

**CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY**

**NOTICE:** Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather, presence of other materials or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of Sharda USA LLC or Seller. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by Buyer and User, and Buyer and User agree to hold Sharda USA LLC and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

Sharda USA LLC warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks referred to above, when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. This warranty does not extend to the use of this product contrary to label instructions, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to or beyond the control of Seller or Sharda USA
LLC and Buyer and User assume the risk of any such use. To the extent consistent with applicable law, Sharda USA LLC MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY EXCEPT AS STATED ABOVE.

To the extent consistent with applicable law, neither Sharda USA LLC nor Seller shall be liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. **TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF SHARDA USA LLC AND SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF SHARDA USA LLC OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.** Sharda USA LLC and Seller offer this product, and Buyer and User accept it, subject to the foregoing Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability, which may not be modified except by written agreement signed by a duly authorized representative of Sharda USA LLC.

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Eptam is a registered trademark of Gowan Company LLC
Lorox is a registered trademark of Tessenderlo Kerley, Inc.
**Meto-S**

**HERBICIDE FOR USE IN CORN**

**ACTIVE INGREDIENT:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>WT. BY %</th>
<th>Metolachlor: 2-chloro-N-(2-ethyl-6-methylphenyl)-N-(2-methoxy-1-methylethyl)-acetamide</th>
<th>84.4%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**OTHER INGREDIENTS:**

| 15.6% |

**TOTAL:** 100.0%

Contains 7.8 lbs. of active ingredient per gallon.

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN**

**CAUTION/PRECAUCION**

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle.

(If you do not understand this label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See inside booklet for Directions For Use and Limitation of Warranty and Liability.

Physical and Chemical Hazard:

Do not mix or allow coming in contact with oxidizing agents. Hazardous chemical reaction may occur.

**FIRST AID**

**IF INHALED:** Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

**IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:** Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

**IF IN EYES:** Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

**IF SWALLOWED:** Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. In case of an emergency involving this product, call CHEMTREC at 1-800-424-9300.

**PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS**

**HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS**

**CAUTION**

Harmful if swallowed, inhaled, or absorbed through skin. Causes eye irritation. Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. This product may cause skin sensitization reactions in some people.

**STORAGE AND DISPOSAL**

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal. **Pesticide Storage:** Keep from freezing: DO NOT store below 32°F. **Pesticide Disposal:** Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA region office for guidance. **Container Handling:** NONREFILLABLE CONTAINER (EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 5 GALLONS): Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. **FIRST AID**

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**Manufactured For:** Sharda USA LLC 7217 Lancaster Pike, Suite A, Hockessin, Delaware 19707

**EPA Reg. No. 83529-57**  **EPA Est. No. 39578-TX-001**  **Net Contents: 2.5 Gallons**