For the control of foliar, stem and root diseases in turf and ornamentals for commercial production and in landscape areas around residential, municipal and commercial properties, field grown ornamentals and ornamentals in greenhouses, interiorscapes and other enclosed structures.

EPA Reg. No. 66330-64-279
EPA Est. No. 70815-GA-001

Active Ingredient: By Wt.
Fluoxastrobin: [(1E)-2-[(6-(2-Chlorophenoxy)-5-fluoro-4-pyrimidinyl)oxy]-phenyl] (5, 6-dihydro-1,2-dioxazin-3-yl) methanone-O-methylxime ........... 40.3%
Other Ingredients: ................................ 59.7%
Total .............................................. 100.0%

This product contains 3.98 pounds of fluoxastrobin per gallon (478 g per liter)

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
CAUTION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle.

See other panels for additional precautionary information

This product is a restricted use pesticide in New York State, as per 6 NYCRR 326.23(e).
Sale, use, and distribution of this product in Nassau and Suffolk Counties of New York State is prohibited.

EPA Reg. No. 279-3457
EPA Est. No. 279-NY-1

Active Ingredients: By Wt.
Zeta-Cypermethrin*........................... 75.60%
Bifenthrin** ......................................... 7.87%
Imidacloprid...................................... 7.55%
Other Ingredients***: ...................... 6.18%
*** Contains Petroleum Distillates

For use to control listed insect pests on golf courses, sod farms, non-commercial indoor and outdoor ornamentals, and landscaped areas around institutional, public, commercial and industrial buildings, parks, recreational areas and athletic fields.

EPA Reg. No 279-3265
EPA Est. 279-IL-1

Active Ingredient: By Wt.
Carfentrazone-ethyl ...................... 21.3%
Other Ingredients: ............................... 78.7%

This product contains 1.9 pounds active ingredient per gallon.
Contains Petroleum Distillates

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
CAUTION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle.

See other panels for additional precautionary information

This product is a restricted use pesticide in New York State, as per 6 NYCRR 326.23(e).
Sale, use, and distribution of this product in Nassau and Suffolk Counties of New York State is prohibited.

Net Contents: 1/2 gallon

Sold By
FMC Corporation
2929 Walnut Street
Philadelphia PA 19104

Net Contents: 1 gallon

Net Contents: 0.5 pint
# FIRST AID

**IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:**
- Take off contaminated clothing.
- Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

**IF IN EYES:**
- Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
- Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

**IF SWALLOWED:**
- Take off contaminated clothing.
- Rinse mouth with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
- Call a poison control center for treatment advice.

**NOTE TO PHYSICIAN**
Contains petroleum distillates. May pose an aspiration pneumonia hazard. This product contains a pyrethroid. If large amounts have been ingested, the stomach and intestines should be evacuated. Treatment is symptomatic and supportive.

**HOTLINE NUMBER**
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor for treatment. Contact 1-800-331-3148 for Emergency Assistance.

For information regarding the use of this product call 1-800-321-1FM (1362).

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**PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS**

**HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS**
CAUTION: Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

**PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)**
Applicators and other handlers must wear long-sleeved shirt and long pants, shoes plus socks, and chemical resistant gloves made of any waterproof material, such as nitrile, butyl, neoprene and/or barrier laminate.

**USER SAFETY**
Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If there are no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

**ENGINEERING CONTROLS STATEMENT**
When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4)-6], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

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**User Safety Recommendations**
- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

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**QuickSilver**

**T&O Herbicide**
ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS
This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. The active ingredient in this product can be persistent for several months or longer. Do not apply directly to water or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark, or other sensitive areas that may be exposed to spray drift. Do not contaminate water, waterways, or groundwaters by disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL
Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE
Store in original container and keep tightly closed. Store in cool, dry place.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:
Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER HANDLING:
Rigid, Non-refillable container small enough to shake (i.e., with capacities equal to or less than 5 gallons)
Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Rigid Non-refillable containers that are too large to shake (i.e., with capacities greater than 5 gallons or 50 lbs)
Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank and collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Then offer for recycling if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Environmental Hazards
This pesticide is extremely toxic to fish, aquatic invertebrates, oysters, and shrimp. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Care should be used when spraying to avoid fish and reptile pets in/around ornamental ponds. To protect the environment, do not allow pesticide to enter or run off into storm drains, drainage ditches, gutters or surface waters. Applying this product in calm weather when a rain is not predicted for the next 24 hours will help to ensure that wind or rain does not blow or wash pesticide off the treated area. Rinsing application equipment over the treated area will help to avoid runoff to water bodies or drainage systems.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops of weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops if bees are foraging in the treatment area.

The chemical imidacloprid demonstrates the properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. The use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL
Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

Pesticide Storage
Do not freeze. Keep out of reach of children and animals. Store in cool, dry place.

Pesticide Disposal
Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by inappropriate storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STOR AGE:
Store in original container and keep tightly closed. Store in a cool, dry place.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:
Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. (For containers 5 gallons or less) Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. (For containers greater than 5 gallons) Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

To confine spill: Dike surrounding area, sweep up spillage. Dispose of in accordance with information given under Pesticide Disposal. Wash spill area with water, absorb with sand, clay. Place damaged package in a large holding container. Identify contents per required hazardous waste labeling regulations.

Pesticide Disposal
Waste resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of at an approved waste disposal facility.

Container Disposal
Metal or Plastic Containers - Nonrefillable container. Do not refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: (For container greater than 5 gallons) Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. (For containers 5 gallons or less) Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Then offer for recycling if available, or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities. Do not cut or weld metal container.

Returnable/Refillable Containers - Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container about 10% full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.
For the control of foliar, stem and root diseases in turf and ornamentals for commercial production and in landscape areas around residential, municipal and commercial properties, field grown ornamentals and ornamentals in greenhouses, interiorscapes and other enclosed structures

EPA Reg. No. 66330-64-279   EPA Est. No. 70815-GA-001

Active Ingredient: By Wt.
Fluoxastrobin: [(1E)-2-[[6-(2-Chlorophenoxy)-5-fluoro-4-pyrimidinyl]oxy]phenyl] (5,6-dihydro-1,4,2-dioxazin-3-yl)methanone-O-methyloxime] ...................... 40.3%
Other Ingredients ............................................ 59.7%
Total ......................................................................100.0%

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
CAUTION
Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label find someone to explain it to you in detail.)
See inside booklet for additional precautionary statements.

This product is a restricted use pesticide in New York State, as per 6 NYCRR 326.23(e).
Sale, use, and distribution of this product in Nassau and Suffolk Counties of New York State is prohibited.

PROSAR 1-800-331-3148
For Product Information Call: 1-800-321-1362

FIRST AID

IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING
• Take off contaminated clothing.
• Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF IN EYES:
• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing.
• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF SWALLOWED:
• Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
• Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.
• Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
• Do not give anything to an unconscious person.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment.

FOR 24-HOUR MEDICAL EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE: CALL
PROSAR 1-800-331-3148
For Product Information Call: 1-800-321-1362

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS
CAUTION: Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)
Applicators and other handlers must wear long-sleeved shirt and long pants, shoes plus socks, and chemical resistant gloves made of any waterproof material, such as nitrile, butyl, neoprene and/or barrier laminate.

USER SAFETY
Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer’s instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If there are no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS STATEMENT
When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations
Users should:
• Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
• Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
• Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS
This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. The active ingredient in this product can be persistent for several months or longer. Do not apply directly to water or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark, or other sensitive areas that may be exposed to spray drift. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE
It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Produced For:
FMC Corporation
2929 Walnut Street
Philadelphia, PA 19104

GROUP 11 Fungicide
For use to control diseases in ornamentals and turf on sod farms, golf courses, lawns and landscape areas around residential, institutional, public, commercial and industrial buildings, parks, recreational areas and athletic fields.

In New York State, this product may not be applied within 100 feet of a coastal marsh or stream that drains directly into a coastal marsh.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), notification to workers, and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is: long-sleeved shirt and long pants or coveralls, shoes plus socks, and chemical resistant gloves made of any waterproof material, such as nitrile, butyl, neoprene, and/or barrier laminate.

Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling, if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Rigid Non-refillable containers that are too large to shake (i.e., with capacities equal to or less than 5 gallons)

Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows, empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¾ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling, if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Fame SC is a broad-spectrum xylem systemic fungicide for the control of certain diseases in turf and ornamentals. Fame SC works by interfering with respiration in plant-pathogenic fungi, and is a potent inhibitor of succinate dehydrogenase and mitochondrial respiration. The active ingredient, fluoxastrobin, moves rapidly into green tissue via translocation and xylem movement and is rainfast in as little as fifteen minutes after application. Roots of plants also take up the active ingredient where it is translocated throughout the xylem to provide internal inhibition of fungal growth and protect the plant from new infections. The broad spectrum of activity of Fame SC makes it an excellent choice as the foundation fungicide for turf and ornamental disease management programs. Other label fungicides are included in tank mix for Fame SC to cover all the major fungal diseases that attack most, if not all, major turfgrass and ornamental species.

UNDER CERTAIN CONDITIONS CONDUCE TO EXTENDED INFECTION PERIODS, ADDITIONAL FUNGICIDE APPLICATIONS BETWEEN THE NUMBER ALLOWED BY THIS LABEL MAY BE NEEDED.

UNDER THESE CONDITIONS, USE ANOTHER FUNGICIDE REGISTERED FOR THE DISEASE.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

The active ingredient in Fame SC (fluoxastrobin) belongs to the strobilurin class of chemistry which exhibits no known cross-resistance to other chemical classes including sterol inhibitors, dicarboximides, benzimidazoles, anilinopyrimidines, or phenylamides. Fluoxastrobin exhibits cross-resistance to other Qoi fungicides, such as: trifloxystrobin, azoxystrobin, and kresoxim-methyl (Group 11 fungicides). Certain fungal pathogens are known to develop resistance to products with the same mode of action when used repeatedly. Because resistance development cannot be predicted, the use of this product should conform to resistance management strategies established for turf and ornamentals. Such strategies may include rotating and/or tank-mixing with products having different modes of action, or limiting the total number of applications per season. FMC encourages responsible resistance management to ensure effective long-term control of resistant disease problems.

Follow specific recommendations that limit the total number of sprays on turf and ornamentals and the required alternations with fungicides from other resistance management groups. In situations requiring multiple fungicides, develop seasonal long spray programs for using Group 11 (QoI-containing) fungicides with the following guidelines. Turf pathogens that incite Dollar Spot, Gray Leaf Spot, Anthracnose, and Pythium Blight are known to have the capacity to develop resistant populations with the repeated use of a single fungicide or a single class of fungicide chemistry. Certain fungal pathogens of ornamentals also have the capacity to become resistant to single site inhibitor fungicides. In particular, the pathogens that incite Downy Mildew, Powdery Mildew and Rust diseases of ornamentals are known to have the capacity to develop resistance to single site inhibitors.

1. When using a Group 11 fungicide alone, the number of applications made for control of all risk diseases should be no more than one third of the total number of fungicide applications per season.
2. In programs where tank mixes or pre-mixes of a Group 11 fungicide with another fungicide of a different mode of action, the number of Group 11 fungicide applications made for control of all risk diseases should be no more than one half of the total number of fungicide applications per season.
3. In programs where applications of Group 11 fungicides are made with both solo products and mixtures, the number of Group 11 fungicide applications made for control of all risk diseases should be no more than one half of the total number of fungicide applications per season.

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

Broadcast Ground Sprayers

Thorough coverage is necessary to provide good disease control. Application equipment shall provide thorough and uniform coverage and provide the most effective disease control. Equip sprayers with nozzles that provide accurate and uniform application. Be certain that nozzles are the same size and uniformly spaced across the boom. Calibrate the sprayer before use. Use a pump with the capacity to maintain 180 PSI at nozzles, two pumps per sprayer or a liquid sparge tube for vigorous agitation. Use screens to protect the pump and to prevent nozzles from clogging. Screens placed on the suction side of the pump should be 16-mesh or coarser. Do not place a screen in the recirculation line. Use 50-mesh screens at the nozzles. Check nozzle manufacturer’s recommendations. For information of spray equipment and calibration, consult sprayer manufacturer’s and/or state recommendations. For specific local directions and spray schedules, consult the current state agricultural experiment station recommendations.

Mixing Procedures

Pour the recommended spray mixture into the spray tank. Flush the spray equipment thoroughly following each use and apply the rinsate to a previously treated area.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE

Store in original container and keep tightly closed. Store in a cool dry place.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:

Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER HANDLING:

Rigid, Non-refillable container small enough to shake (i.e., with capacities equal to or less than 5 gallons)

Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows, empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¾ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling, if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Rigid Non-refillable containers that are too large to shake (i.e., with capacities greater than 5 gallons or 50 lbs)

Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¾ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

Then offer for recycling if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.
Fame SC Alone
Add 1/2 of the required amount of water to the mix tank. With the agitator running, add the Fame SC to the tank. Continue agitation while adding the remaining of the water. Begin application of the solution after the Fame SC has completely and uniformly dispersed into the mix water. Maintain agitation until all of the mixture has been applied.

Fame SC + Tank-mix Partners
Add 1/2 of the required amount of water to the mix tank. Start the agitator running before adding any tank-mix partners. In general, tank-mix partners should be added in this order: products packaged in water-soluble packaging (see note below), wettable powders, wettable granules, dry flowsables, liquid flowsables (such as Fame SC), liquids, and emulsifiable concentrates. Always allow each tank-mix partner to become fully and uniformly dispersed before adding the next product. Provide sufficient agitation while adding the remainder of the water. Maintain agitation until all of the mixture has been applied.

Note: When using Fame SC in tank-mixtures, all products in water-soluble packaging should be added to the tank before any other tank-mix partner, including Fame SC. Allow the water-soluble packaging to completely dissolve and the product(s) to completely disperse before adding any other tank-mix partner to the tank.

If using Fame SC in a tank-mixture, observe all directions for use, sites, use rates, dilution rates, precautions, and limitations, which appear on the tank-mix product label. No label dosage rate may be exceeded, and the most restrictive label precautions and limitations must be followed. This product must not be mixed with any product that prohibits such mixing. Tank mixtures or application of other products referenced on this label are permitted only in those states in which the referenced products are registered. It is the pesticide user’s responsibility to ensure that all products used are registered for the intended use and all applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Fame SC is compatible with most pesticides, plant growth regulators and foliar nutrient products. However, the physical compatibility of Fame SC with tank-mix partners should be tested before use. To determine the physical compatibility of Fame SC with other products, use a jar test, as described in the next paragraph.

Jar Test Procedure: Using a quart jar, add the proportionate amounts of the products to ½ qt. of water. Add wettable powders and water dispersible granular products first, then liquid flowsables, and emulsifiable concentrates last. After thoroughly mixing, add the remaining ½ qt of water, shake and let stand for at least 5 minutes. If the mixture remains mixed or can be remixed readily, it is physically compatible. Once compatibility has been proven, use the same procedure for adding required ingredients to the spray tank.

The safety of all potential tank-mixes including additives and other pesticides on turf and ornamentals has not been tested. Before applying any tank-mix not specifically recommended on this label, confirm the safety of the tank mixture to turf and ornamentals. To test for turf and ornamental safety, apply Fame SC in a small area and in accordance with label instructions. Maintain agitation for a period of time for the appearance of phytotoxicity symptoms.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE THROUGH SPRINKLER IRRIGATION SYSTEMS
Apply this product only through overhead sprinkler irrigation systems including center pivot, microjet, wheel lines, lateral move, side roll, or overhead solid set irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system. Reduced effectiveness in turf, can result from non-uniform distribution of the treated irrigation water.

If you have questions about calibration, contact State Extension Service Specialists, equipment manufacturers or other irrigation experts.

SPRAY PREPARATION
Remove scale, pesticide residues, and other foreign matter from the chemical tank and entire injector system. Flush with clean water.

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS
First prepare a suspension of Fame SC in a mix tank. Fill tank with 1/2 to 3/4 the desired amount of water. Start mechanical or hydraulic agitation. Add the required amount of Fame SC and then the remaining volume of water. Then set sprinkler to deliver no more than 0.4 inch of water per acre. Start sprinkler and uniformly inject the suspension of Fame SC into the irrigation water line to deliver the desired rate per acre. The suspension of Fame SC should be injected with a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment. If you are unsure of wind conditions, contact your local extension agent.

1. Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place. Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.

2. Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone, back flow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system shall be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the flow outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflowing rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.

3. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

4. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

5. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops, or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

6. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

7. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR CHEMIGATION THROUGH SPRINKLER IRRIGATION SYSTEMS
1. Maintain continuous agitation in mix tank during mixing and application to assure a uniform suspension.

2. Greater accuracy in calibration and distribution will be achieved by injecting a larger volume of a more dilute solution per unit time.

3. The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

4. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

5. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

6. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

7. The injection line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

8. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

9. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment. If you are unsure of wind conditions, contact your local extension agent.

10. Do not apply when system connections or fittings leak, when nozzles do not provide uniform distribution or when lines containing the product must be dismantled and drained. Reduced effectiveness may result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

11. Allow sufficient time for pesticide to be flushed through all lines and all nozzles before turning off irrigation water. A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments as needed.

12. Do not connect an irrigation system used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.

SPRAY DRIFT
SENSITIVE AREAS
This pesticide must only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g., residential areas, bodies of water, known habitats for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g., when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many environmental-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.
**USE DIRECTIONS FOR TURF**

Fame SC provides control of many important diseases in turf. Use Fame SC in conjunction with cultural practices that promote healthy, vigorous turf. These practices include nutrient management, thatch management, water management and judicious use of other fungicides and cultural practices.

For use in the establishment of turfgrass from seed or in overseeding of dormant turfgrass:

Fame SC may be used for control of turfgrass diseases associated with turfgrass establishment from seed. Fame SC may also be used during overseeding of dormant turfgrass. Fame SC may be safely applied before or after seeding. Preventive and curative applications for control of seedling diseases is just prior to, during or just after seeding.

**Rate Ranges:** Use the shorter specified application interval and/or the higher specified rate when prolonged favorable disease conditions exist.

**DIRECTIONS FOR APPLICATION TO TURF**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Disease Control</th>
<th>Product Rate to Use (fl oz per Acre)</th>
<th>Product Rate to Use (fl oz product per 1000 sq ft)</th>
<th>App. Interval (days)</th>
<th>APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Anthracnose* (Foliar Infection Phase) (Colletotrichum graminicola)</td>
<td>8.0 – 16.0</td>
<td>0.18 – 0.36</td>
<td>14 to 28</td>
<td>Use preventively. Begin applications when conditions are favorable for disease development. Under severe conditions tank-mix with another fungicide labeled for control of Anthracnose.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anthracnose* (Crown Rot Phase) (Colletotrichum graminicola)</td>
<td>8.0 – 16.0</td>
<td>0.18 – 0.36</td>
<td>14 to 21</td>
<td>Use preventively. Begin applications when conditions are favorable for disease development. Tank-mix with another fungicide labeled for control of Anthracnose.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brown Patch (Rhizoctonia solani)</td>
<td>4.0 – 16.0</td>
<td>0.09 – 0.36</td>
<td>14 to 28</td>
<td>Apply when conditions are favorable for disease development.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brown Ring Patch / Waltea Patch** (Waltea circinata var. circinata)</td>
<td>8.0 – 16.0</td>
<td>0.18 – 0.36</td>
<td>14 to 28</td>
<td>Apply when conditions are favorable for disease development.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cool Weather Brown Patch Yellow Patch (Rhizoctonia cerealis)</td>
<td>16.0</td>
<td>0.36</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>Make one or two applications in fall or when conditions are favorable for disease development. Curative applications may be made in the spring if disease appears. Curative applications may be made at 8.0 – 16.0 fl oz/A (0.18 – 0.36 fl oz/1,000 sq ft) with a 14 – 28 days application interval.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dollar Spot* (Sclerotinia homoeocarpa)</td>
<td>8.0 – 16.0</td>
<td>0.18 – 0.36</td>
<td>14 to 21</td>
<td>Fame SC provides control of light to moderate dollar spot pressure when used to control other diseases. Under heavy dollar spot pressure or where dollar spot is the only targeted disease use a DMI fungicide (propiconazole, tebuconazole, triadimefon, myclobutanil, etc.) labeled for control of Dollar Spot in tank-mix or in alternation with Fame SC applications.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fairy Ring (Sordariales fungi)</td>
<td>12.0 – 16.0</td>
<td>0.28 – 0.36</td>
<td>21 to 28</td>
<td>Apply as soon as fairy ring symptoms develop. Apply in 4 gallons of water per 1,000 sq ft or irrigate after application with 1 inch water. A wetting agent may facilitate penetration.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gray Leaf Spot* (Pyricularia grisea)</td>
<td>8.0 – 16.0</td>
<td>0.18 – 0.36</td>
<td>14 to 28</td>
<td>Begin applications before disease is present. Under heavy disease pressure tank-mix with another product labeled for control of Gray Leaf Spot.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leaf Spot (Bipolaris sorokiniana)</td>
<td>8.0 – 16.0</td>
<td>0.18 – 0.36</td>
<td>14 to 21</td>
<td>Apply when conditions are favorable for disease development.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting Out (Drechslera poae)</td>
<td>8.0 – 16.0</td>
<td>0.18 – 0.36</td>
<td>14 to 21</td>
<td>Apply when conditions are favorable for disease development.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Disease Control**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product Rate to Use (fl oz product per Acre)</th>
<th>Product Rate to Use (fl oz product per 1000 sq ft)</th>
<th>App. Interval (days)</th>
<th>APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Microdochium (Fusarium) Patch (Microdochium rizale)</td>
<td>8.0 – 16.0</td>
<td>0.18 – 0.36</td>
<td>14 to 28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Necrotic Ring Spot** (Leptosphaeria korrae)</td>
<td>12.0 – 16.0</td>
<td>0.27 – 0.36</td>
<td>14 to 28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pink Patch (Leiophyllum cephalotonia)</td>
<td>8.0 – 16.0</td>
<td>0.18 – 0.36</td>
<td>14 to 28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Powderly Mildew (Erysiphe graminis)</td>
<td>8.0 – 16.0</td>
<td>0.18 – 0.36</td>
<td>14 to 28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pythium Blight * (Pythium apianaphidem)</td>
<td>8.0 – 16.0</td>
<td>0.18 – 0.36</td>
<td>7 to 14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pythium Root Dysfunction (Pythium voleum)</td>
<td>12.0 – 16.0</td>
<td>0.27 – 0.36</td>
<td>14 to 28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pythium Root Rot (Pythium spp.)</td>
<td>8.0 – 16.0</td>
<td>0.18 – 0.36</td>
<td>7 to 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pythium Damping Off (Pythium spp.)</td>
<td>8.0 – 16.0</td>
<td>0.18 – 0.36</td>
<td>7 to 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Red Thread (Laetaria fasciformis)</td>
<td>8.0 – 16.0</td>
<td>0.18 – 0.36</td>
<td>14 to 28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rust (Puccinia spp.)</td>
<td>8.0 – 16.0</td>
<td>0.18 – 0.36</td>
<td>14 to 28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Snow Mold, Pink (Microdochium rizale)</td>
<td>16.0</td>
<td>0.36</td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Snow Mold, Typhula Blight (Typhula incarnata)</td>
<td>8.0</td>
<td>0.18</td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Southern Blight (Sclerotium rolfsii)</td>
<td>8.0 – 16.0</td>
<td>0.18 – 0.36</td>
<td>14 to 28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spring Deed Spot (Leptosphaeria korrae) or (Gaumannomyces graminis var. graminis) or (Gaeumannomyces graminis)</td>
<td>16.0</td>
<td>0.36</td>
<td>14 to 28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Summer Patch (Magnaportha poae)</td>
<td>8.0 – 16.0</td>
<td>0.18 – 0.36</td>
<td>14 to 28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Take-All Patch (Gaumannomyces graminis var. avenae)</td>
<td>16.0</td>
<td>0.36</td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zoysia Patch Large Patch of Zoysia (Rhizoctonia solani) and/or (Gaeumannomyces spp.)</td>
<td>12.0 – 16.0</td>
<td>0.28 – 0.36</td>
<td>14 to 28</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Not for use in California.

**See RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT section when using Fame SC for control of these diseases.**
DIRECTIONS FOR APPLICATION TO ORNAMENTALS

Fame SC may be used for control of certain pathogens causing foliar, root and stem diseases of ornamentals. Applications can be made to plants growing in containers, benches, flats, plugs and beds in greenhouses, shadehouses, outdoor nurseries, field plantings, retails nurseries, interiorscapes, residential, public and commercial landscape areas.

Foliar Application: Apply Fame SC in sufficient water to ensure complete coverage of the target plant. Apply in enough water to wet the leaf surfaces to the point of drip. Repeat applications at specified intervals as long as conditions for disease are favorable. Begin applications prior to disease development and continue throughout the season at specified intervals. Fame SC is most effective when applied preventively before disease is widespread. Do not apply more than 4 applications per year.

Apply Fame SC at use rates of 1 – 4 fl oz/100 gallons every 7 – 28 days. The addition of a non-ionic surfactant at the recommended use rates may enhance coverage on hard-to-wet plant foliage. Under light to moderate disease pressure, use the lower rates (1-2 oz/100 gallons) on a 7 – 14 day interval or the higher rates (3 – 4 oz/100 gallons) on a 14 – 28 day interval. Under environmental conditions which promote severe disease development, use the higher rates (3 – 4 oz/100 gallons) on a 7 – 14 day interval. Use a spray volume of 100 – 400 gallons of solution per acre, depending on the size of the plants. FMC recommends the use of a Chemical Producers and Distributors Association certified adjuvant.

Drench, Crown and Surface Spray Application: Fame SC may be applied to control soilborne, seedling, and crown diseases of production ornamentals (greenhouse, shadehouse, container grown and field grown) as a preventive, drench, crown or surface spray treatment prior to infection. Good coverage of the pre-infection area (root zone, root ball, crown, etc.) is necessary for satisfactory control. Make applications prior to infection as healthy roots are necessary to optimize product uptake systemic translocation and disease protection.

Fame SC may be applied as drench to container grown ornamentals using 0.15 – 0.6 fl oz/100 gallons of water. Thoroughly wet the root zone of the plants with the solution using up to 1 – 2 pt per sq ft of surface area. If a drench application is not feasible, use 0.4 – 1.6 fl oz/1,000 sq ft of growing area in sufficient water to provide uniform coverage and follow with enough irrigation to completely wet the root zone of the plants. Use of the higher rate drench is limited to one application per year.

Restrictions: Do not apply more than 2.13 lb ai per acre per year.

DIRECTIONS FOR APPLICATION TO ORNAMENTALS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Disease (Pathogen)</th>
<th>Product Rate to Use (fl oz product in 100 gallons of water)</th>
<th>App. Interval (days)</th>
<th>Application Instructions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LEAF BLIGHTS / SPOTS</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ascochyta spp.**</td>
<td>1-4</td>
<td>7 to 28</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alternaria Leaf Spot (Alternaria spp.)</td>
<td>1-4</td>
<td>7 to 28</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anthracnose spp.** (Colletotrichum spp., Elsinia spp.)</td>
<td>4 – 8</td>
<td>7 to 28</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cercospora Leaf Spot** (Cercospora spp.)</td>
<td>4 – 8</td>
<td>7 to 28</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Downy Mildew** (Peronospora spp., Pseudoperonospora spp., Plasmopara spp., Bremia spp.)</td>
<td>4 – 8</td>
<td>7 to 28</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corynespora spp.**</td>
<td>1-4</td>
<td>7 to 28</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diplodia spp.</td>
<td>2 – 4</td>
<td>7 to 21</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sclerotinia spp.**</td>
<td>2 – 4</td>
<td>7 to 21</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Venturia spp.</td>
<td>1-4</td>
<td>7 to 28</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Myrothecium Leaf Spot** (Myrothecium spp.)</td>
<td>1-4</td>
<td>7 to 28</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Saprolegnia Leaf Spot** (Saprolegnia spp.)</td>
<td>1-4</td>
<td>7 to 28</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Not for use in California.

PLANT SAFETY: Fame SC has been shown to be safe when applied to the ornamental plants listed in the table below. However, due to the large number of genera, species and varieties of ornamental and nursery plants, it is impossible to test every variety or cultivar for tolerance to Fame SC. Neither the manufacturer nor the seller has determined whether or not Fame SC can be used safely on genera, species, or varieties of ornamental and nursery plants not specified on this label. The professional user should conduct small scale testing to insure plant safety prior to broad scale commercial use on plant genera and species not listed in this label.

Plants that have been shown to be tolerant to Fame SC

| African Violet | Impatiens, walleriana |
| Ageratum | Lantana |
| Angelonia | Lobelia |
| Anqhranthemum | Lupine |
| Bacopa | Monardia |
| Begonia | Nemesis |
| Calibrachoa | Osteosperum |
| Chrysanthemum | Penta |
| Coleus | Petunia |
| Dahlia | Rose |
| Dianthus | Scabiosa |
| Dogwood | Snapdragon |
| Geranium | Torenia |
| Gerbera Daisy | Verbena |
| Hollyhock | Zinnia |
| Impatiens, New Guinea | |
NOTICE:

Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness, or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather or crop conditions beyond the control of FMC or Seller. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by Buyer and User, and, to the extent consistent with applicable law, Buyer and User agree to hold FMC and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

Seller warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the Directions for Use when used in accordance with the directions under normal conditions of use. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, FMC MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES WITH RESPECT TO THE SELECTION, PURCHASE, OR USE OF THIS PRODUCT. Any warranties, express or implied, having been made are inapplicable if this product has been used contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to (or beyond the control of) seller or FMC, and, to the extent permitted by applicable law, buyer assumes the risk of any such use.

To the extent consistent with applicable law, FMC or seller shall not be liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF FMC AND SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF FMC OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.

This Condition of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability may not be amended by any oral or written agreement.

FMC and FMC — Trademarks of FMC Corporation
RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE
Toxic to fish and aquatic organisms
For retail sale to and use only by certified applicators, or persons under their
direct supervision and only for the uses covered by the certified applicator’s
certification.

GROUP 3 4a INSECTICIDES

Triple Crown Golf Insecticide

For use to control listed insect pests on golf courses,
sod farms, non-commercial indoor and outdoor orna-
ments, and landscaped areas around institutional,
public, commercial and industrial buildings, parks,
recreational areas and athletic fields.

EPA Reg. No. 279-3457        EPA Est. No. 279-NY-1

Active Ingredients:   Wt.
Zeta-Cypermethrin* .......................................... 2.70%
Bifenthrin** ........................................................ 7.87%
Imidacloprid ......................................................13.83%
Other Ingredients***: ..........................................75.60%
100.0%

Triple Crown Golf Insecticide contains 1.28 lb imidacloprid, 0.73 lb bifenthrin, and
0.25 lb zeta-cypermethrin per gallon.
* Cis/trans isomer ratio: Max 75% (±) cis and Min. 25% (±) trans
** Cis isomers 97% minimum; trans isomers 3% maximum.
*** Contains Petroleum Distillates

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
WARNING
AVISO
Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la ex-
plique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find some-
one to explain it to you in detail.)

See other panels for additional precautionary information.

DO NOT USE THIS PRODUCT ON SOD FARMS OR GOLF COURSES
IN NASSAU COUNTY OR SUFFOLK COUNTY, NEW YORK.

Sold By
FMC Corporation
2929 Walnut Street
Philadelphia, PA 19104

FIRST AID

| IF SWALLOWED | • Immediately call a poison control center or doctor.
|              | • Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a
|              | poison control center or doctor.
|              | • Do not give any liquid to the person.
|              | • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious
|              | person.

| IF IN EYES   | • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with
|              | water for 15 to 20 minutes.
|              | • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5
|              | minutes, then continue rinsing eyes.
|              | • Call a poison control center for treatment advice.

| IF ON SKIN   | • Take off contaminated clothing.
|              | • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15
|              | to 20 minutes.
|              | • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment
|              | advice.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

Contains petroleum distillates. May pose an aspiration pneumonia hazard. This prod-
uct contains a pyrethroid. If large amounts have been ingested, the stomach and in-
testines should be evacuated. Treatment is symptomatic and supportive. Digestible
fats, oils, or alcohol may increase absorption and so should be avoided.

HOTLINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison
control center or doctor, or going for treatment. Contact 1-(800)-331-
3148 for Emergency Assistance.

For information regarding the use of this product call 1-(800)-
321-1FM C (1362).

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

Warning

May be fatal if swallowed. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact
with skin, eyes or clothing.

Personal Protective Equipment:

All mixers, loaders, applicators and other handlers must wear: long
sleeved shirt and long pants, shoes, and socks.

Follow the manufacturer’s instructions for cleaning/maintain PPE. If no
such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep
and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

User Safety Recommendations

Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Wash hands be-
fore eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash
thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Remove PPE immediately after
handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing.

As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean cloth-
ing.
AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as, plants, soil, or water is: Coveralls, Chemical-resistant gloves, such as Barrier Laminate or Nitrile Rubber or Neoprene Rubber or Viton, and Shoes plus socks.

Non-Agricultural Use Requirements

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standards for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries and greenhouses.

Do not allow people or pets on treated surfaces until the spray has dried.

Environmental Hazards

This pesticide is extremely toxic to fish, aquatic invertebrates, oysters, and shrimp. Drift and run-off from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Care should be used when spraying to avoid fish and reptile pets in/around ornamental ponds. To protect the environment, do not allow pesticide to enter or run off into storm drains, drainage ditches, gutters or surface waters. Applying this product in calm weather when rain is not predicted for the next 24 hours will help to ensure that wind or rain does not blow or wash pesticide off the treatment area. Rinsing application equipment over the treated area will help to avoid run off to water bodies or drainage systems.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops if bees are foraging in the treatment area.

The chemical imidacloprid demonstrates the properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. The use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination.

PROTECTION OF POLLINATORS

APPLICATION RESTRICTIONS

EXIST FOR THIS PRODUCT BECAUSE OF RISK TO BEES AND OTHER INSECT POLLINATORS. FOLLOW APPLICATION RESTRICTIONS FOUND IN THE DIRECTIONS FOR USE TO PROTECT POLLINATORS.

Look for the bee hazard icon in the Directions for Use for each application site for specific use restrictions and instructions to protect bees and other insect pollinators.

This product can kill bees and other insect pollinators. Bees and other insect pollinators will forage on plants when they flower, shed pollen, or produce nectar.

Bees and other insect pollinators can be exposed to this pesticide from:

- Direct contact during foliar applications, or contact with residues on plant surfaces after foliar applications
- Ingestion of residues in nectar and pollen when the pesticide is applied as a seed treatment, soil, tree injection, as well as foliar applications.

When Using This Product Take Steps To:

- Minimize exposure of this product to bees and other insect pollinators when they are foraging on pollinator attractive plants around the application site.
- Minimize drift of this product on to beehives or to off-site pollinator attractive habitat. Drift of this product onto beehives or off-site to pollinator attractive habitat can result in bee kills.

Information on protecting bees and other insect pollinators may be found at the Pesticide Environmental Stewardship website at: http://pesticidestewardship.org/PollinatorProtection/Pages/default.aspx.

Pesticide incidents (for example, bee kills) should immediately be reported to the state/tribal lead agency. For contact information for your state, go to: www.aapco.org/officials.html. Pesticide incidents should also be reported to the National Pesticide Information Center at: www.npic.orst.edu or directly to EPA at: beekill@epa.gov
DIRECTIONS FOR USE
RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply Triple Crown Golf Insecticide while bees are foraging. Do not apply Triple Crown Golf Insecticide until flowering is complete and all petals have fallen unless one of the following conditions is met:
- The application is made to the target site after sunset
- The application is made to the target site when temperatures are below 55°F
- The application is made in accordance with a government-initiated public health response
- The application is made in accordance with an active state-administered apiary registry program where beekeepers are notified no less than 48-hours prior to the time of the planned application so that the bees can be removed, covered or otherwise protected prior to spraying
- The application is made due to an imminent threat of significant crop loss, and a documented determination consistent with an IPM plan or predetermined economic threshold is met. Every effort should be made to notify beekeepers no less than 48-hours prior to the time of the planned application so that the bees can be removed, covered or otherwise protected prior to spraying

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirement specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Restrictions:
Not for residential use.
Do not apply by air.
Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.
Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirement specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Do not make applications during rain.
Application is prohibited directly into sewers or drains, or to any area like gutters or areas where drainage to sewers, storm drains, water bodies, or aquatic habitat can occur. Do not allow the product to enter any drain during or after application.
Do not apply more than 0.5 lb active ingredient imidacloprid (50 fl oz Triple Crown Golf Insecticide) per acre per year.

TURFGRASS APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS (INCLUDING SOD FARMS)

NOT FOR USE ON SOD FARMS OR GOLF COURSES IN NASSAU COUNTY OR SUFFOLK COUNTY, NEW YORK
Apply Triple Crown Golf Insecticide as a surface or sub-surface treatment via broadcast, drench, or spot applications.
Use application volumes of up to 10 gallons per 1000 square feet when treating dense grass foliage for uniform coverage.
For low volume applications (< 2 gallons/1000 square feet), irrigate the treated area with at least 0.25 inches of water immediately following application to ensure efficacy against sub-surface pests (e.g. mole crickets).

APPLICATIONS
Do not make applications during rain.
Do not make applications directly into sewers or drains, or to any area like gutters or areas where drainage to sewers, storm drains, water bodies, or aquatic habitat can occur. Do not allow the product to enter any drain during or after application.
Do not apply more than 0.5 lb active ingredient imidacloprid (50 fl oz Triple Crown Golf Insecticide) per acre per year.

PESTS CONTROLLED AND APPLICATION RATES

The application rates listed in the following table will provide excellent control of the respective pests under typical conditions. However, at the discretion of the applicator, Triple Crown Golf Insecticide may be applied at up to 0.80 fl oz per 1000 square feet (35 fl oz/A) to control each of the pests listed in this Table. The higher application rates should be used when maximum residual control is desired or heavy pest populations exist. Do not apply more than 0.5 lb active ingredient imidacloprid (50 fl oz Triple Crown Golf Insecticide) per acre per year.

Table 1

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pest</th>
<th>Application Rate fl oz/A</th>
<th>Application Rate fl oz/1000 ft²</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Armyworms1</td>
<td>10-15</td>
<td>0.33 – 0.34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cutworms1</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>0.23 – 0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sed Webworm1</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>0.23 – 0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Banks Grass Mite2</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>0.23 – 0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black Turfgrass Ataenius (Adult)3</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>0.23 – 0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Centipedes</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>0.23 – 0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crickets</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>0.23 – 0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Earwigs</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>0.23 – 0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fleas (Adult)</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>0.23 – 0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grasshoppers</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>0.23 – 0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leathoppers</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>0.23 – 0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mealbugs</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>0.23 – 0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Millipedes</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>0.23 – 0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mites2</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>0.23 – 0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pillbugs</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>0.23 – 0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sawbugs</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>0.23 – 0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ants</td>
<td>20-35</td>
<td>0.46 – 0.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black Vine Weevil</td>
<td>20-35</td>
<td>0.46 – 0.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chinch Bugs5</td>
<td>20-35</td>
<td>0.46 – 0.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crane Flies2</td>
<td>20-35</td>
<td>0.46 – 0.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>European Masked Chafer (Adult)</td>
<td>20-35</td>
<td>0.46 – 0.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fleas (Larvae)8</td>
<td>20-35</td>
<td>0.46 – 0.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fist Fly</td>
<td>20-35</td>
<td>0.46 – 0.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Green June Beetle (Adult)</td>
<td>20-35</td>
<td>0.46 – 0.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>May or June Beetle (Adult)</td>
<td>20-35</td>
<td>0.46 – 0.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Imported Fire Ants2</td>
<td>20-35</td>
<td>0.46 – 0.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Japanese Beetle (Adult)</td>
<td>20-35</td>
<td>0.46 – 0.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Masked Chafer (Adult) (Northern or Southern)</td>
<td>20-35</td>
<td>0.46 – 0.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mole Cricket (Adult)10</td>
<td>20-35</td>
<td>0.46 – 0.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mole Cricket (Nymph)11</td>
<td>20-35</td>
<td>0.46 – 0.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Root Weevils</td>
<td>20-35</td>
<td>0.46 – 0.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stink Bugs</td>
<td>20-35</td>
<td>0.46 – 0.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ticks 12</td>
<td>20-35</td>
<td>0.46 – 0.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Annual Bluegrass Weevil13</td>
<td>25-35</td>
<td>0.57 – 0.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bilberg11</td>
<td>25-35</td>
<td>0.57 – 0.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White grubs:18</td>
<td>25-35</td>
<td>0.57 – 0.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Japanese beetle</td>
<td>25-35</td>
<td>0.57 – 0.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>European masked chafer</td>
<td>25-35</td>
<td>0.57 – 0.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Northern masked chafer</td>
<td>25-35</td>
<td>0.57 – 0.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Southern masked chafer</td>
<td>25-35</td>
<td>0.57 – 0.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Green June beetle</td>
<td>25-35</td>
<td>0.57 – 0.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mal/Lune beetle (Phytohagae spp.)</td>
<td>25-35</td>
<td>0.57 – 0.80</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In New York State, this product may NOT be applied to any grass or turf area within 100 feet of a water body (lake, pond, river, stream, wetland, or drainage ditch).

In New York State, do make a single repeat application of Triple Crown Golf Insecticide if there are signs of renewed insect activity, but not sooner than two weeks after the first application.

Comments
1Armyworms, Cutworms and Sed Webworms: To ensure optimum control, delay watering (irrigation) or mowing for 24 hours after application. If the grass area is being maintained at a mowing height of greater than 1 inch, then higher application rates (Up to 0.80 fluid oz., per 1000 square feet) may be required during periods of high pest pressure.
2Mites: To ensure optimal control of eriophyid mites, apply in combination with the labeled application rate of a surfactant. A second application, five to seven days after the first, may be necessary to achieve acceptable control.
3Black Turfgrass Ataenius adults: Applications should be made during May and July to control the first and second generation of black turfgrass ataenius adults, respectively. The May application should be timed to coincide with the full bloom stage of Vanhoutte spiraea (Spiraea vanhouttei) and horse chestnut (Aesculus hippocastanum). The July application should be timed to coincide with the blooming of Rose of Sharon (Hibiscus syriacus).
4Annual Bluegrass Weevil adults and larvae: For adult control, applications should be timed so they contact the pests as they leave their overwintering sites and move into grass areas. This movement generally begins when Forsythia is in full bloom and concludes when flowering dogwood (Cornus florida) is in full bloom. Consult your State Cooperative Extension Service for more specific information regarding application timing. For larval control, apply May through June to stop damage from feed-
ing. Ensure irrigation or rainfall soon after treatment to help move the active ingredient(s) through the thatch layer.

Billbug adults and larvae: Applications should be made when adult billbugs are first observed during April and May. Degree day models have been developed to determine the approximate timing. Consult your State Cooperative Extension Service for information specific to your region. In temperate regions, spring applications targeting billbug adults will also provide control of over-wintered chinch bugs. Ensure irrigation or rainfall soon after treatment to help move the active ingredient(s) through the thatch layer.

Chinch Bugs: Chinch Bugs infest the base of grass plants and are often found in the thatch layer. Irrigation of the grass area before treatment will optimize the penetration of the insecticide to the area where the chinch bugs are located. Use higher volume applications if the thatch layer is excessive or if a relatively long mowing height is being maintained. Chinch Bugs can be one of the most difficult pests to control in lawns and the higher rates of application may be required to control populations that contain both nymphs and adults during the middle of the summer.

Crane Flies: Treatments can be made to control early to mid-season larvae (approximately August – February) as they feed on plant crowns. Treatments made to late-season larvae (approximately March, April) may only provide suppression.

Flea larvae: Flea larvae develop in the soil of shaded areas that are accessible to pets or other animals. Use a higher volume application when treating these areas to ensure penetration of the insecticide into the soil. If the area is being treated with Triple Crown Golf Insecticide at 0.25 fluid oz. per 1000 square feet for adult flea control, then the larval application rate may be achieved by increasing the application volume two- to four-fold.

Imported Fire Ants: Control will be optimized by combining broadcast applications that will control foraging workers and newly mated fly-in queens with mound drenches that will control existing colonies. If the soil is not moist, then it is important to irrigate before application or use a high volume application. Apply broadcast treatments at 0.46 to 0.80 fluid oz. per 1000 square feet. Use enough finished volume to penetrate the thatch or sod. Treat mounds by applying 0.80 oz Triple Crown Golf Insecticide per mound in 1 to 2 gallons water by spraying the mound until it is wet and treat 3 feet out around the mound. Use the higher volume for mounds that are larger than 12" in diameter and have sufficient force to break their apex and allow the insecticide solution to flow into the ant tunnels. For best results, apply in cool weather (65 - 80°F) or in early morning or late evening hours. This product will control mounds within 15 minutes.

Mole Cricket adults: Achieving acceptable control of adult mole crickets is difficult because preferred grass areas are subject to continuous invasion during the early spring by this extremely active stage. Applications should be made as late in the day as possible and should be watered in with up to 0.5 inches of water immediately after treatment. If the soil is not moist, then it is important to irrigate before application to bring the mole crickets closer to the soil surface where contact with the insecticide will be maximized. Grass areas that receive pressure from adult mole crickets should be treated at peak egg hatch to ensure optimum control of subsequent nymph populations (see below).

Mole Cricket nymphs: Grass areas that received intense adult mole cricket pressure in the spring should be treated immediately prior to peak egg hatch. Optimal control is achieved at this time because young nymphs are more susceptible to insecticides and they are located near the soil surface where the insecticide is most concentrated. Control of larger, more damaging, nymphs later in the year may require both higher application rates and more frequent applications to maintain acceptable control. Applications should be made as late in the day as possible and should be watered in with up to 0.5 inches of water immediately after treatment. If the soil is not moist, then it is important to irrigate before application to bring the mole crickets closer to the soil surface where contact with the insecticide will be maximized.

Ticks (Including ticks that may transmit Lyme Disease and Rocky Mountain Spotted fever): Do not make spot treatments. Treat the entire area where exposure to ticks may occur. Use higher spray volumes when treating areas with dense ground cover or heavy leaf litter. Ticks may be found in the surrounding areas on host animals. Retreatment may be necessary to achieve and/or maintain control during periods of high pest pressure. Repeat application is necessary only if there are signs of renewed activity. Limit repeat application to no more than once per seven days.

Deer ticks (Ixodes sp.) have a complicated life cycle that ranges over a two year period and involves four life stages. Applications should be made in the late fall and/or early spring to control adult ticks that are usually located on brush or grass above the soil surface and in mid to late spring to control larvae and nymphs that reside in the soil and leaf litter.

American dog ticks may be a considerable nuisance in suburban settings, particularly where homes are built on land that was previously field or forest. These ticks commonly congregate along paths or roadways where humans are likely to be encountered. Applications should be made as necessary from mid-spring to early fall to control American dog tick larvae, nymphs and adults.

White Grubs: Ensure irrigation or rainfall soon after treatment to help move the active ingredient(s) through the thatch layer. Best results will be achieved from preventative applications made just prior to peak activity when grubs are nearest the soil surface. Treatment in the South may be late March through May and in the North late June through September. Exact application timing should be confirmed by the local Agricultural Extension Service in your geographic area. Confirmation of the need for treatment may be based on historical records of the site, current adult trap counts or scouting, or other applicable methods.

**ORNAMENTAL APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS**

**Foliar Applications:**
Apply at the specified application rate as a full coverage foliar spray. Repeat treatment as needed to achieve control. Use higher labeled application rates as pest pressure and amount of foliage increases.

**Broadcast Applications:**
For foliage plants and ground covers, mix the required amount of Triple Crown Golf Insecticide in sufficient water to uniformly and accurately cover the treatment area. Do not use less than 2 gallons of water per 1000 sq. ft. For optimum control of soil-borne pests, irrigate thoroughly after treatment to help incorporate Triple Crown Golf Insecticide into the upper layers of soil.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pest Type</th>
<th>Rate (fl oz per 100 gallons)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ants</td>
<td>7.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aphids</td>
<td>2.5 - 7.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Japanese beetles</td>
<td>2.5 - 7.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lace bugs</td>
<td>2.5 - 7.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leaf beetles (including elm and viburnum leaf beetles)</td>
<td>2.5 - 7.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leafhoppers (including glassy-winged sharp-shooter)</td>
<td>2.5 - 7.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mealybugs</td>
<td>2.5 - 7.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pyllids</td>
<td>2.5 - 7.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sawfly larvae</td>
<td>2.5 - 7.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thrips (suppression)</td>
<td>2.5 - 7.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Treehoppers</td>
<td>2.5 - 7.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Whiteflies</td>
<td>2.5 - 7.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Restrictions:**
Target treatment to areas where pest are active. Use sufficient water volume to thoroughly wet plant surfaces. Repeat applications may be made if there are signs of re-infestation, but do not apply more than 0.88 lb ai/ A (50 fl oz/A) of Triple Crown Golf Insecticide or 0.50 lb ai imidacloprid/A per year.

Repeat application must be limited to no more than once per seven days. Certain cultivars may show sensitivity to the final spray solution. Treat a small number of plants and observe for one week prior to application to the entire planting.

In Oregon State, do not apply this product, by any application method, to linden, basswood or other Tilia species.

In New York State, do not make a single repeat application of Triple Crown Golf Insecticide if there are signs of renewed insect activity, but not sooner than two weeks after the first application.
Resistance Management
Some insects are known to develop resistance to products with the same chemical class used repeatedly for control. Triple Crown Golf Insecticide contains Group 3 and Group 4A insecticides. Although pest resistance cannot be predicted, a general rule to reduce the onset of resistance in pest species to Triple Crown Golf Insecticide is not to consecutively and repeatedly apply Group 3 and/or Group 4A insecticides during a growing season for control of a particular pest target. Consult your local or state agricultural authorities or your FMC representative for more specific details on insect resistance management strategies. If resistance does occur use another chemistry class that is registered for the pest and crop.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL
Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

Pesticide Storage
Do not freeze. Keep out of reach of children and animals. Store in original containers only. Store in a cool, dry place and avoid excess heat. Carefully open containers. After partial use, replace lids and close tightly. Do not put concentrate or dilute material into food or drink containers. In case of spill, avoid contact, isolate area and keep out animals and unprotected persons. Confine spills. Call CHEMTREC (Transportation and Spills): (800) 424-9300.

To confine spill: Dike surrounding area or absorb with sand, cat litter, or commercial clay. Place damaged package in a holding container. Identify contents.

Pesticide Disposal
Pesticide wastes may be hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative of the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container Handling
Nonrefillable Container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability:

Notice: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness, or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather or crop conditions beyond the control of FMC or Seller. All such risks shall be assumed by Buyer and User, and, to the extent consistent with applicable law, Buyer and User agree to hold FMC and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

Seller warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the Directions for Use when used in accordance with the directions under normal conditions of use. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, FMC MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES WITH RESPECT TO THE SELECTION, PURCHASE, OR USE OF THIS PRODUCT. Any warranties, express or implied, having been made are inapplicable if this product has been used contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to (or beyond the control of) seller or FMC, and, to the extent consistent with applicable law, buyer assumes the risk of any such use.

To the extent consistent with applicable law, FMC or seller shall not be liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF FMC AND SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF FMC OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.

This Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability may not be amended by any oral or written agreement.

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OPTIONAL MARKETING CLAIMS

General
Provides long-term control of susceptible [Annual Bluegrass Weevil] [ABW] populations with two [2] applications
Controls [Hunting Billbugs] [Billbugs] for 30 days with a single application
Keeps killing [Hunting Billbugs] [Billbugs] for 30 days

[Multiple] [2] [Two] modes of action [!]
Reduces [mole cricket] tunneling damage
Keeps killing mole crickets for 30 days

For Red Imported Fire Ants
Kills [controls] mounds in 5 minutes
Controls [Kills] fire ant mounds in 15 minutes
Kills [fire ant] [the] queen[s] in 15 minutes
Controls [Kills] fire ant mounds and queens in 15 minutes
Kills the queen and the colony [the Mound]
Fire Ant Mound Drench
[Destroys][Kills] Stubborn Mounds [in Minutes]
Kills the Queen
Fast Acting [Mound Treatment]
Destroys entire colonies
Kills visible and hidden mounds
EPA Reg. No 279-3265                      EPA Est. 279-IL-1

Active Ingredient: Carfentrazone-ethyl ............................................ 21.3%

By Wt. Other Ingredients: .............................................. 78.7%

This product contains 1.9 pounds active ingredient per gallon.

Contains Petroleum Distillates

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

See other panels for additional precautionary information.

FMC Corporation
2929 Walnut Street
Philadelphia PA 19104

Sold By

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
Hazards to Humans (and Domestic Animals)

CAUTION
Harmful if swallowed, absorbed through the skin, or inhaled. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid breathing spray mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)
Applicators and other handlers must wear: long-sleeved shirt and long pants, waterproof gloves, and shoes plus socks.
Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer’s instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

FIRST AID

If inhaled

• Move person to fresh air.
• If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible.
• Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

If on skin or clothing

• Take off contaminated clothing.
• Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If in eyes

• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.
• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.
• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If swallowed

• Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
• Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor.
• Do not give any liquid to the person.
• Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

HOTLINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-331-3148 for emergency medical treatment information.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

This product is expected to have low oral and dermal toxicity, and moderate inhalation toxicity. It is expected to be slightly irritating to the skin and minimally irritating to the eyes. Treatment is otherwise controlled by removal of exposure followed by symptomatic and supportive care.

For Information Regarding the Use of this Product Call 1-800-321-1FMC (1362).
Environmental Hazards
QuickSilver T&O Herbicide is very toxic to algae and moderately toxic to fish. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark, except as specified on this label. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

Physical/Chemical Hazards
Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE
It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your state or tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Non-Agricultural Use Requirements
The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Re-entry Statement: Do not allow people (other than applicator) or pets on treatment area during application. Do not enter treatment area until spray has dried.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL
Pesticide Storage
Keep out of reach of children and animals. Store in original containers only. Store in a cool, dry place and avoid excess heat. Carefully open container. After partially use, replace the lid and close tightly. Do not put granule or dilute material into food or drink containers. Do not contaminate other pesticides, fertilizers, water, food, or feed by inappropriate storage or disposal.

In case of spill, avoid contact, isolate area and keep out unprotected persons and animals. Confine spills. Call FMC: (800) 331-3148. To confine spill: Dike surrounding area, sweep up spillage. Dispose of in accordance with information given under Pesticide Disposal. Wash spill area with water, absorb with sand, cat litter or commercial clay, sweep up and dispose of in an approved manner. Place damaged container in a large holding container. Identify contents per required hazardous waste labeling regulations.

Pesticide Disposal
Waste resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of at an approved waste disposal facility.

Container Disposal
Metal or Plastic Containers - Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: (For container greater than 5 gallons) Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. (For containers 5 gallons or less) Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available, or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities. Do not cut or weld metal containers.

Returnable/Refillable Containers - Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10% full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

GENERAL INFORMATION
QuickSilver T&O Herbicide is a contact herbicide with little or no residual activity that provides selective postemergence control of broadleaf weeds and silvery thread moss (Bryum argenteum) in turfgrass. The active ingredient of QuickSilver T&O Herbicide is carfentrazone-ethyl. It is an aryloxyalkanoic acid that interferes with chlorophyll synthesis and produces metabolic byproducts that disrupt plant cell membranes. This process only occurs in susceptible green plants in the presence of light. QuickSilver T&O Herbicide rapidly penetrates into the plant cells and symptoms may be apparent on foliage of susceptible weeds in 24 hours or less. Complete desiccation and death occurs within 7 to 14 days of application. QuickSilver T&O Herbicide is rainfast within one hour after application.

This product is most effective when applied to actively growing winter and summer annual seedlings. It also increases the speed of kill and expands the spectrum of control of mature and perennial broadleaf weeds (See “Weeds Controlled” section) when applied in a tank mixture with other postemergence herbicides.

Extremes in environmental conditions e.g. excessively high or low moisture or temperature may affect the activity of this product. Under warm, moist conditions appearance of herbicide symptoms may be accelerated while under very dry or cool conditions the expression of herbicidal symptoms is delayed. However, this product remains highly effective under both cool and warm environmental conditions. Weeds hardened by drought and/or extremely high temperatures are less susceptible to this product and the higher rates in the range are recommended under those conditions.

General Use Precautions
Avoid spray drift onto non-target susceptible plants such as vegetables, flowers, ornamentals, trees, shrubs and other desirable plants.

Do not apply this product to carpetgrass, dichondra, nor on lawns or turf where desirable clovers are present
Do not apply when conditions are conducive to spray drift or poor spray coverage.
Do not apply more than 6.7 fluid ounces of product (0.10 lbs. a.i. of carfentrazone-ethyl) per acre per application or more than 0.40 lbs. a.i. of carfentrazone-ethyl per acre per season. The minimum retreatment interval for sequential broadcast applications of this product is two (2) weeks.

Do not apply this product by aerial application.

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

Turfgrass and Sites
QuickSilver T&O Herbicide is intended to be applied by lawn care operators, maintenance applicators, and service technicians for use in ornamental and residential/domestic sites. Institutional sites are defined as turf areas and stone-covered yards around properties or facilities providing a service to public or private organizations including, but not limited to hospitals, nursing homes, schools, museums, libraries, sports facilities, golf courses, and office buildings. Ornamental sites include turfgrass and stone-covered yards established around residences, parks, streets, retail outlets, cemeteries, industrial buildings and institutional buildings. Residential/domestic sites are defined as areas associated with household or home life including, but not limited to apartment complexes, condominiums, and patient care areas of nursing homes, mental institutions, hospitals, or convalescent homes.

Turfgrass Tolerance
Turfgrasses tolerant to application of QuickSilver T&O Herbicide are listed below. FMC does not recommend application to turfgrasses not listed.

Cool Season Grasses (creeping bentgrass, colonial bentgrass, annual bluegrass, Kentucky bluegrass, fine fescues, red fescues, tall fescue, perennial ryegrass)
Established cool season grasses are generally tolerant to applications of QuickSilver T&O Herbicide at labeled rates. Tall fescue may exhibit a slight yellowing discoloration occurring within 3 to 5 days after application under some conditions. Recovery typically occurs within 4 to 7 days. If such injury or any injury cannot be tolerated, apply to a small test area before treating large areas to assure tolerance of the host turf species. Be aware of and observe all label restrictions regarding turf tolerance of companion products when QuickSilver T&O Herbicide is tank mixed with another product.

Warm Season Grasses (common and hybrid bermudagrass, bahiagrass, buffalograss, centipedegrass, seashore paspalum, St. Augustine grass, zoysiagrass)
Established warm season grasses listed above are generally tolerant to applications of QuickSilver T&O Herbicide but may be susceptible to transitory yellowing when they are under stress. Stress is typically associated with but not limited to extreme high or low temperatures, Disease infection or insect infestation, extreme high or low moisture conditions, or transition into or out of dormancy.

Under such conditions injury in the form of transitory yellowing discol-
oration may occur within 3 to 7 days of application. If such injury or any injury cannot be tolerated, apply QuickSilver T&O Herbicide in the manner you will be using it to a small test area before treating large areas to assure tolerance of the turfgrass.

Be aware of and observe all label restrictions regarding turfgrass tolerance of companion products when QuickSilver T&O Herbicide is tank mixed with another product.

**Newly Seeded, Dodged or Sprigged Turfgrass**
QuickSilver T&O Herbicide can be applied to the following species of turfgrass at 7 days or more after emergence for species established by both seeding and sprigging; hybrid bermudagrass, common bermudagrass, St. Augustine, creeping bentgrass, tall fescue, perennial ryegrass and Kentucky bluegrass. Application to zoysiagrass should be delayed until at least 14 days after emergence to avoid extended discoloration. Slight discoloration may be observed immediately after application for hybrid bermudagrass, however, normal turf color returns by 12 days after emergence if no other stresses are present. Areas treated with QuickSilver T&O Herbicide may be seeded or overseeded one day following application.

**Dormant Turf**
Applications to dormant warm-season grasses are permitted. Avoid applications when warm-season grasses are transitioning into or out of dormancy.

**Mixing Instructions**
QuickSilver T&O Herbicide is an aqueous base emulsion containing 1.9 pounds active ingredient per gallon and is intended for dilution with water. Fill the spray tank 3/4 full with clean water or diluent. Make sure the dilution system is operating. Add the recommended amount of QuickSilver T&O Herbicide and completely fill the spray tank to the desired level. The mechanical or bypass agitation must be sufficient to ensure uniform spray mixture during application.

**Tank Mix Compatibility**
QuickSilver T&O Herbicide is believed to be compatible with most herbicides, fungicides, insecticides, growth regulators, liquid fertilizers and spray adjuvants commonly used in turf and lawn care management. Liquid fertilizers may also be used along with water as part of the diluent. However, when preparing a new tank mix, always conduct a physical compatibility test by mixing proportional amounts of all spray ingredients in a test vessel (jar). Shake the mixture vigorously and allow it to stand for five to ten minutes. Rapid precipitation of the ingredients and failure to re-suspend when shaken indicates that the mixture is incompatible and should not be applied. To evaluate the biological compatibility of a mixture being used for the first time, spray a small area and observe for any adverse/extreme environmental conditions. Use the higher rates recommended on the label for dense infestations of perennial weeds, and for adverse/extreme environmental conditions. See “Category 2: Used as a stand-alone product for silvery thread moss control” to determine application rates for control of silvery thread moss.

**Use of Adjuvants**
Addition of surface active agents (surfactants) or other adjuvants may improve effectiveness of QuickSilver T&O Herbicide against weeds with difficult-to-wet leaf surfaces or weeds that are mature or hardened by harsh environmental conditions. Adjuvant materials may also reduce the selectivity to some turfgrass varieties and increase the potential for turf injury. Follow all adjuvant manufacturer use guidelines and also read and observe all companion product label statements, precautions and restrictions regarding use of adjuvants when QuickSilver T&O Herbicide is used in tank mixtures with other products.

**Sprayer Clean-Out**
Residues left in mixing equipment, spray tanks, hoses, spray booms and nozzles can cause non-target plant effects if they are not properly cleaned. Because QuickSilver T&O Herbicide can be highly phytotoxic to sensitive ornamental plants it is strongly recommended that only equipment that is dedicated exclusively to turf and lawn herbicides be used in the application of QuickSilver T&O Herbicide. If not using a dedicated sprayer, observe the following cleanout procedures:

1. Drain spray tank, hoses, and boom and thoroughly wash the inside of the sprayer tank free of visible sediment and residues. Thoroughly flush tank, sprayer hoses, boom, and nozzles.
2. Fill the tank with clean water, and add 1 gallon of ammonia (containing at least 3% active) for every 100 gallons of water. Fill the tank to capacity and operate the sprayer for 15 minutes to flush hoses, boom, and nozzles. Let the solution stand in the hoses, tank, boom, and nozzles for several hours or overnight.
3. Drain the sprayer system. Rinse the tank with clean water and flush through the hoses and boom. Repeat the clean water rinse and flush. Remove and clean nozzles and screens in an ammonia solution separately.

Do not apply sprayer cleaning solutions or rinsate to any lawns, ornamentals, gardens or crops.

For more specific information on clean-out procedures contact FMC at 800-321-1362.

Should small quantities of QuickSilver T&O Herbicide remain in mixing, loading and/or spray equipment that has been cleaned as described above, they may be released during subsequent applications potentially causing effects to non-target vegetation. FMC accepts no liability for adverse responses to non-target plants or crops.

**Weeds Controlled**
QuickSilver T&O Herbicide can be used to selectively control weeds including silvery thread moss anytime during the year except as instructed elsewhere in this label. Application rates for control of weeds other than silvery thread moss range from 0.9 to 2.1 fluid ounces per acre as described below. Use the lower rates in a range for susceptible weed species and for optimal environmental conditions. Use the higher rates in the range for dense infestations of perennial weeds, and for adverse/extreme environmental conditions. See “Category 2: Used as a stand-alone product for silvery thread moss control” to determine application rates for control of silvery thread moss.

**Category 1: Used as a stand-alone product**
Apply QuickSilver T&O Herbicide at rates of 1.0 to 2.1 fluid ounces of product per acre (0.023 to 0.048 fluid ounces per 1000 square feet) for control of seedling (4 inches tall or less) winter and summer annual weeds listed below:

- Annual morningglory spp.
- Black medic
- Carpetweed
- Catchweed bedstraw
- Coast fiddleneck
- Common dayflower
- Common lambsquarter
- Common mallow
- Common purslane
- Corn speedwell
- Deadnettle spp.
- Field pennycress
- Field speedwell
- Field violet
- FL beggarweed
- FL pusley
- Hairy beggarticks

**Category 2: Used as a stand-alone product for silvery thread moss**
Apply QuickSilver T&O Herbicide at rates of 1.0 to 2.1 fluid ounces of product per acre (0.023 to 0.048 fluid ounces per 1000 square feet) for control of seedling (4 inches tall or less) winter and summer annual weeds listed below:

- Annual morningglory spp.
- Black medic
- Carpetweed
- Catchweed bedstraw
- Coast fiddleneck
- Common dayflower
- Common lambsquarter
- Common mallow
- Common purslane
- Corn speedwell
- Deadnettle spp.
- Field pennycress
- Field speedwell
- Field violet
- FL beggarweed
- FL pusley
- Hairy beggarticks

- Hemp sesbania
- Henbit
- Ivyleaf speedwell
- Kochia
- Ladyslipper
- Little mallow
- London rocket
- Nightshade spp.
- PA smartweed
- Persian speedwell
- Pigweed spp.
- Prostrate knotweed
- Sheperd’s-purse
- Smallflowered bittercress
- Wild buckwheat
- Wild lettuce
- Wild mustard
Plantain spp. 0.023

2.0 fluid ounces per acre.

Most creeping bentgrass and hybrid bermudagrass varieties are tolerant by the Quicksilver T&O Herbicide treatment. creeping bentgrass and hybrid bermudagrass have been fully evaluated. Cultural practices that favor the establishment of healthy bentgrass or small test area. to QuickSilver T&O Herbicide applications; however, not all varieties of emergence broadleaf herbicides due to extreme high (>90ºF) or low temperatures, disease infection, insect infestation or extreme high or low moisture conditions may cause transitory yellowing. Poa annua may be damaged at rates greater than 2.0 fluid ounces per acre.

Most creeping bentgrass and hybrid bermudagrass varieties are tolerant to QuickSilver T&O Herbicide applications; however, not all varieties of creeping bentgrass and hybrid bermudagrass have been fully evaluated. When applying QuickSilver T&O Herbicide to creeping bentgrass varieties other than Penncross or Crenshaw or hybrid bermudagrass, it is recommended to first confirm tolerance by making an application to a small test area.

Cultural practices that favor the establishment of healthy bentgrass or hybrid bermudagrass will also help to displace moss that is suppressed by the QuickSilver T&O Herbicide treatment.

Category 3: Used in combinations with phenoxy-type postemergence broadleaf herbicides

Apply QuickSilver T&O Herbicide at rates of 0.9 to 1.5 fluid ounces of product per acre (0.021 to 0.034 fluid ounces per 1000 square feet) in tank-mix combinations with amines, esters, and salts of 2,4-D, dichlorprop, dicamba, mecoprop, MCPA and various combinations of these products for control of seedling and mature weeds listed in Category 1 plus the following:

- Canada thistle
- Carolina geranium
- Common chickweed
- Common groundsel
- Common ragweed
- Cutleaf eveningprimrose
- Dandelion
- Dollarweed
- Fleabane
- FL betony
- Ground Ivy
- Healiail
- Henbit
- Horseweed (Conyza Canadensis)
- Lawn burweed

Category 4: Used in combinations with other preemergence and postemergence herbicides registered for use in ornamental turf

QuickSilver T&O Herbicide may be applied at rates of 0.9 to 1.7 fluid ounces of product per acre (0.02 to 0.04 fluid ounces per 1000 square feet) in tank-mix combinations with clopyralid, foramsulfuron, glufosinate, glyphosate, halosulfuron-methyl, imazaquin, metuloxuron, quinclorac and trifloxpyr for control of seedling annuals listed under Category 1 and for temporary burndown of weeds listed in Category 3. QuickSilver T&O Herbicide may be applied at rates of 0.9 to 1.7 fluid ounces of product per acre (0.02 to 0.04 fluid ounces per 1000 square feet) in a tank-mix combination with atrazine applied at 1.0 pounds of active ingredient per acre. Residual, long-term control of target weeds is as defined by the labeling of the companion product. For tank mixing with herbicides not listed above, follow the tank mix compatibility instructions under “Tank Mix Compatibility”.

Category 5: Suppression

QuickSilver T&O Herbicide may be applied at rates of 1.0 to 2.1 fluid ounces of product per acre (0.023 to 0.048 fluid ounces per 1000 square feet) for temporary burndown of weeds listed in Category 3.

QuickSilver T&O Herbicide may also be used for suppression and temporary burndown of algae (cyanobacteria) occurring in ornamental turf grasses and other landscape environments. Avoid spray drift onto desirable non-target susceptible plants such as vegetables, flowers, ornamentals, trees, shrubs.

### QuickSilver T&O Herbicide Use Rate Conversion Table

<table>
<thead>
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<th>fl. oz. product /acre</th>
<th>fl. oz. product /1,000 sq. ft.</th>
<th>mL product /1,000 sq. ft.</th>
<th>Lbs. AI /Acre</th>
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<tr>
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<td>6.7*</td>
<td>0.154</td>
<td>4.5</td>
<td>0.099</td>
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</table>

*Rate used for silvery thread moss control

### Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability:

The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness, or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather or crop conditions beyond the control or FMC or Seller. All such risks shall be assumed by Buyer and User, and Buyer and User agree to hold FMC and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

Seller warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the Directions for Use when used in accordance with the directions under normal conditions of use. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, FMC MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES WITH RESPECT TO THE SELECTION, PURCHASE, OR USE OF THIS PRODUCT. Any warranties, express or implied, having been made are inapplicable if this product has been used contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to (or beyond the control of) seller or FMC, and buyer assumes the risk of any such use.

To the extent consistent with law, FMC or seller shall not be liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF FMC AND SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF FMC OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.

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