For the control of foliar, stem and root diseases in turf and ornamentals for commercial production and in landscape areas around residential, municipal and commercial properties, field grown ornamentals and ornamentals in greenhouses, interiorscapes and other enclosed structures.

EPA Reg. No. 66330-64-279
EPA Est. No. 70815-GA-001

Active Ingredient: By Wt.
Fluoxastrobin: [(1E)-(2-[6-(2-Chlorophenoxy)-5-fluoro-4-pyrimidinyl]oxy][phenyl] (5, 6-dihydro-1,4,2-dioxazin-3-yl) methanone-O-methyloxime .............. 40.3%
Other Ingredients .......................................................... 59.7%
Total ................................................................................. 100.0%

This product contains 3.98 pounds of fluoxastrobin per gallon (478 g per liter)

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
CAUTION
If you do not understand the label find someone to explain it to you in detail.

See other panels for additional precautionary information.

Triple Crown Golf Insecticide contains 1.28 lb imidacloprid, 0.73 lb bifenthrin, and 0.25 lb zeta-cypermethrin per gallon.

* Cis/trans isomer ratio: Max 75% (±) cis and Min. 25% (±) trans
** Cis isomers 97% minimum; trans isomers 3% maximum.
*** Contains Petroleum Distillates

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
WARNING/AVISO
Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle.

See other panels for additional precautionary information.

DO NOT USE THIS PRODUCT ON SOD FARMS OR GOLF COURSES IN NASSAU COUNTY OR SUFFOLK COUNTY, NEW YORK.

Net Contents: 2*2.5 gallons
Net Contents: 1 gallon
Net Contents: 10 fl oz

Sold By
FMC Corporation
2929 Walnut Street
Philadelphia PA 19104
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS
CAUTION: Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)
Applicators and other handlers must wear long-sleeved shirt and long pants, shoes plus socks, and chemical resistant gloves made of any waterproof material, such as nitrile, butyl, neoprene or barrier laminate.

USER SAFETY
Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product’s concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer’s instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If there are no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS STATEMENT
When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4)-6], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations
Users should:
- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

FIRST AID
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:
- Take off contaminated clothing.
- Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF IN EYES:
- Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
- Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF SWALLOWED:
- Take off contaminated clothing.
- Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN
Contains petroleum distillates. May pose an aspiration pneumonia hazard. This product contains a pyrethroid. If large amounts have been ingested, the stomach and intestines should be evacuated. Treatment is symptomatic and supportive. Digestible fats, oils, or alcohol may increase absorption and so should be avoided.

HOTLINE NUMBER
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor for treatment. Contact 1-800-331-3148 for Emergency Assistance. For information regarding the use of this product call 1-800-321-1FM C (1362).

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals
WARNING: May be fatal if swallowed. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

Personal Protective Equipment:
All mixers, loaders, applicators and other handlers must wear: long sleeved shirt and long pants, shoes, and socks. Follow the manufacturer’s instructions for cleaning/maintain PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

User Safety Recommendations
Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

FIRST AID
IF INHALED
- Move person to fresh air.
- If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING
- Take off contaminated clothing.
- Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF IN EYES
- Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.
- Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eyes.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF SWALLOWED
- Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
- Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

HOTLINE NUMBER
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-331-3148 for emergency medical treatment information.

For Information Regarding the Use of this Product Call 1-800-321-1FM C (1362).

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
Hazards to Humans (and Domestic Animals)
CAUTION
Cautions moderate eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled, swallowed, or absorbed through skin. Avoid breathing vapors or smoke or spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)
Applicators and other handlers must wear long-sleeved shirt and long pants, waterproof gloves, and shoes plus socks. Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer’s instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

User Safety Recommendations:
Users should:
- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing.
ENVI R O N M EN TAL H AZAR DS
This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. The active ingredient in this product can be persistent for several months or longer. Do not apply directly to water or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark, or other sensitive areas that may be exposed to spray drift. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinse.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL
Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE
Store in original container and keep tightly closed. Store in a cool dry place.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:
Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER HANDLING:
Rigid, Non-refillable container small enough to shake (i.e., with capacities equal to or less than 5 gallons)
Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling, if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Rigid Non-refillable containers that are too large to shake (i.e., with capacities greater than 5 gallons or 50 lbs)
Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

Then offer for recycling if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Environmental Hazards
This pesticide is extremely toxic to fish, aquatic invertebrates, oysters, and shrimp. Drift and run-off from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Care should be used when spraying to avoid fish and reptile pets in/around ornamental ponds. To protect environment, do not allow pesticide to enter or run off into storm drains, drainage ditches, gutters or surface waters. Applying this product in calm weather when rain is not predicted for the next 24 hours will help to ensure that wind or rain does not blow or wash pesticide off the treatment area. Rinsing application equipment over the treated area will help to avoid run off to water bodies or drainage systems.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops if bees are foraging in the treatment area. The chemical imidacloprid demonstrates the properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. The use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL
Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

Pesticide Storage
Do not freeze. Keep out of reach of children and animals. Store in original containers only. Store in a cool, dry place and avoid excess heat. Carefully open containers. After partial use, replace lids and close tightly. Do not put concentrate or dilute material into food or drink containers. In case of spill, avoid contact, isolate area and keep out animals and unprotected persons. Confi ne spills. Call CHEMTREC (Transportation and Spills): (800) 424-9300.

To confine spill: Dike surrounding area or absorb with sand, cat litter, or commercial clay. Place damaged package in a holding container. Identify contents.

Pesticide Disposal
Pesticide wastes may be hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative of the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container Handling
Nonrefillable Container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Environmental Hazards
This pesticide is toxic to nontarget species. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to terrestrial and aquatic plants in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate.

Groundwater Advisory:
This chemical is known to leach through soil into groundwater under certain conditions as a result of label use. Use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination.

Do not use on coarse soils classified as sand which have less than 1% organic matter.

Surface Water Advisory: Dismiss NXT Herbicide can contaminate surface water through spray drift. Under some conditions, Dismiss NXT Herbicide may also have a high potential for runoff into surface water (primarily via dissolution in runoff water), for several to many months post-application. These include poorly draining or wet soils with readily visible slopes toward adjacent surface waters, frequently flooded areas, areas overlaying extremely shallow groundwater, areas with in-field canals or ditches that drain to surface water, areas not separated from adjacent surface waters with vegetated filter strips, and areas over-lying tile drainage systems that drain to surface waters.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL
Do not contaminate water, food of feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Storage
Store product in original container only, away from other pesticides, fertilizer, food or feed.

Store in a cool, dry place and avoid excess heat. In case of spill, avoid contact, isolate area and keep out animals and unprotected persons. Confine spills. Call CHEMTREC (Transportation & Spills): (800)-424-9300.

To confine spill: If liquid, dike surrounding area or absorb with sand, cat litter or commercial clay. If dry material, cover to prevent dispersal. Place damaged package in a holding container. Identify contents.

Pesticide Disposal
If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional office for guidance.

Container Disposal
Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after flow begins to drip. Fill container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling, if available or reconditioning, if appropriate, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration.
**Fame®**

SC Fungicide

For the control of foliar, stem and root diseases in turf and ornamentals for commercial production and in landscape areas around residential, municipal and commercial properties, field grown ornamentals and ornamentals in greenhouses, interiorscapes and other enclosed structures

EPA Reg. No. 66330-64-279   EPA Est. No. 70815-GA-001

Active Ingredient: **By Wt.**

- Fluoxastrobin: [(1E)-2-[[6-(2-Chlorophenoxy)-5-fluoro-4-pyrimidinyl]oxy]phenyl] (5,6-dihydro-1,4,2-dioxazin-3-yl) methanone-O-methylxime] .......................... 40.3%
- Other Ingredients ............................................ 59.7%

Total......................................................................100.0%

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION**

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See inside booklet for additional precautionary statements.

This product is a restricted use pesticide in New York State, as per 6 NYCRR 326.23(e).

Sale, use, and distribution of this product in Nassau and Suffolk Counties of New York State is prohibited.

**FIRSt AID**

**IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:**
- Take off contaminated clothing.
- Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

**IF IN EYES:**
- Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
- Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

**IF SWALLOWED:**
- Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
- Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.
- Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
- Do not give anything to an unconscious person.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment.

**FOR 24-HOUR MEDICAL EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE: CALL PROSAR 1-800-331-3148**

For Product Information Call: 1-800-321-1362

**PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS**

**HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS**

**CAUTION:** Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

**PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)**

Applicators and other handlers must wear long-sleeved shirt and long pants, shoes plus socks, and chemical resistant gloves made of any waterproof material, such as nitrile, butyl, neoprene and/or barrier laminate.

**USER SAFETY**

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer’s instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If there are no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

**ENGINEERING CONTROLS STATEMENT**

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

**User Safety Recommendations**

Users should:
- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

**ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. The active ingredient in this product can be persistent for several months or longer. Do not apply directly to water or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark, or other sensitive areas that may be exposed to spray drift. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

**DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.
AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), notification to workers, and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is: long-sleeved shirt and long pants or coveralls, shoes plus socks, and chemical resistant gloves made of any waterproof material, such as nitrile, butyl, neoprene, and/or barrier laminates.

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Keep children and pets out of treated area until spray has dried.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE

Store in original container and keep tightly closed. Store in a cool dry place.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL

Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER HANDLING:

Rigid, Non-refillable container small enough to shake (i.e., with capacities equal to or less than 5 gallons)

Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows, empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinseate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinseate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling, if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Rigid Non-refillable containers that are too large to shake (i.e., with capacities greater than 5 gallons or 50 lbs)

Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¾ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinseate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinseate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinseate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

Then offer for recycling if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Fame SC is a broad-spectrum xylem systemic fungicide for the control of certain diseases in turf and ornamentals. Fame SC works by interfer- ing with respiration in plant-pathogenic fungi, and is a potent inhibitor of secondary metabolism. The active ingredient, fludioxonil, moves rapidly into green tissue via transaminar and xylem movement and is rainfast in as little as fifteen minutes after application. Roots of plants also take up the active ingredient where it is translocated throughout the xylem to provide internal inhibition of fungal growth and protect the plant from new infections. The broad spectrum of activity of Fame SC makes it an excellent choice as the foundation fungicide for turf and ornamental disease management programs. Other labeled fungicides can be used in tank mixture or alternated with Fame SC to cover all the major fungal diseases that attack most, if not all, turfgrass and ornamental species.

UNDER CERTAIN CONDITIONS CONDUCE TO EXTENDED INFECTION PERIODS, ADDITIONAL FUNGICIDE APPLICATIONS BEYOND THE NUMBER ALLOWED BY THIS LABEL MAY BE NEEDED. UNDER THESE CONDITIONS, USE ANOTHER FUNGICIDE REGISTERED FOR THE DISEASE.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

The active ingredient in Fame SC (fludioxonil) belongs to the strobilurin class of chemistry which exhibits no known cross-resistance to other chemical classes including sterol inhibitors, dicarboximides, benzimidazoles, anilinopyrimidines, or phenylamides. Fludioxonil exhibits cross-resistance to other QoI fungicides, such as: trifloxystrobin, azoxystrobin, and kresoxim-methyl (Group 11 fungicides). Certain fungal pathogens are known to develop resistance to products with the same mode of action when used repeatedly. Because resistance development cannot be predicted, the use of this product should conform to resistance management strategies established for turf and ornamentals. Such strategies may include rotating and/or tank-mixing with products having different modes of action, or limiting the total number of applications per season. FMC encourages responsible resistance management to ensure effective long-term control of disease and to prevent resistance.

Follow specific recommendations that limit the total number of sprays on turf and ornamentals and the required alternations with fungicides from other resistance management groups. In situations requiring multiple fungicide sprays, develop season-long spray programs for using Group 11 (QoI-containing) fungicides with the following guidelines. Turf pathogens that incite Dollar Spot, Gray Leaf Spot, Anthracnose, and Pythium Blight are known to have the capacity to develop resistant populations with the resistance use of a single fungicide from the fungicide chemistry. Certain fungal pathogens of ornamentals also have the capacity to become resistant to single site inhibitor fungicides. In particular, the pathogens that incite Downy Mildew, Powdery Mildew and Rust diseases of ornamentals are known to have the capacity to develop resistance to single site inhibitors.

1. When using a Group 11 fungicide alone, the number of applications made for control of at risk diseases should be no more than one third of the total number of fungicide applications per season.

2. In programs where tank mixes or pre-mixes of a Group 11 fungicide with a fungicide of another Group are utilized, the number of Group 11 fungicide applications made for control of at risk diseases should be no more than one half of the total number of fungicide applications per season.

3. In programs where applications of Group 11 fungicides are made with both solo products and mixtures, the number of Group 11 fungicide applications made for control of at risk diseases should be no more than one half of the total number of fungicide applications per season.

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

Broadcast Ground Sprayers

Thorough coverage is necessary to provide good disease control. Application using a sufficient spray volume to provide thorough and uniform coverage provide the most effective disease control. Equip sprayers with nozzles that provide accurate and uniform application. Be certain that nozzles are the same size and uniformly spaced across the boom. Calibrate the sprayer before use. Use a pump with the capacity to: (1) maintain a minimum of 35 psi at nozzles, and (2) provide sufficient agitation in the tank to keep the mixture in suspension (this requires recirculation of 10% of the tank volume per minute). Use jet agitators or a liquid sparge tube for vigorous agitation. Use screens to protect the pump and to prevent nozzles from clogging. Screens placed on the suction side of the pump should be 16-mesh or coarser. Do not place a screen in the recirculation line. Use 50-mesh screens at the nozzles. Check nozzle manufacturer’s recommendations. For information on sprayer equipment and calibration sprayer manufacturers’ and/or state recommendations. For specific local directions and spray schedules, consult the current state agricultural experiment station recommendations.

Mixing Procedures

Prepare no more spray mixture than is needed for the immediate operation. Thoroughly clean spray equipment before using this product. Agitation is necessary for proper dispersal of the product. Maintain maximum agitation throughout the spraying operation. Do not let the spray mixture stand overnight in the spray tank. Flush the spray equipment thoroughly following each use and apply the rinsate to a previously treated area.
and in accordance with label instructions. Observe plants over a confirm the safety of the tank mixture to turf and ornamentals. To determine the tank mixture. Tank-mix partners should be tested before use. To determine the involved in tank-mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

**Note:** When using Fame SC in tank-mixtures, all products in water-soluble packaging should be added to the tank before any other tank-mix partner, including Fame SC. Allow the water-soluble packaging to completely dissolve and the product(s) to completely disperse before adding any other tank-mix partner to the tank.

If using Fame SC in a tank-mixture, observe all directions for use, sites, use rates, dilution ratios, precautions, and limitations, which appear on the tank-mix product label. No label dosage rate may be exceeded, and the most restrictive label precautions and limitations must be followed. This product must not be mixed with any product that prohibits such mixing. Tank mixtures or application of other products referenced on this label are permitted only in those states in which the referenced products are registered. It is the pesticide user’s responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Fame SC is compatible with most pesticides, plant growth regulators and foliar nutrient products. However, the physical compatibility of Fame SC with tank-mix partners should be tested before use. To determine the physical compatibility of Fame SC with other products, use a jar test, as described in the next paragraph.

**Jar Test Procedure:** Using a quart jar, add the proportionate amounts of the products to 1/2 qt. of water. Add wettable powders and water dispersible granular products first, then liquid flowables, and emulsifiable concentrates last. After thoroughly mixing, add the remaining 1/2 qt. of water, shake and let stand for at least 5 minutes. If the combination remains mixed or can be remixed readily, it is physically compatible. Once compatibility has been proven, use the same procedure for adding required ingredients to the spray tank.

The safety of all potential tank-mixtures including additives and other pesticides on turf and ornamentals has not been tested. Before applying any tank-mixture not specifically recommended on this label, confirm the safety of the tank mixture to turf and ornamentals. To test for turf and ornamental safety, apply Fame SC in a small area and in accordance with label instructions. If the turf and ornamental are not affected, use the tank mixture on the treated area for a period of time for the appearance of phytotoxicity symptoms.

**DIRECTIONS FOR USE THROUGH SPRINKLER IRRIGATION SYSTEMS**

Apply this product only through overhead sprinkler irrigation systems including center pivot, microjet, wheel lines, lateral move, side roll, or overhead solid set irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system. Reduced effectiveness in turf, can result from non-uniform distribution of the treated irrigation water.

If you have questions about calibration, contact State Extension Service Specialists, equipment manufacturers or other irrigation experts.

**SPRAY PREPARATION**

Remove scale, pesticide residues, and other foreign matter from the chemical tank and entire injector system. Flush with clean water.

**APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS**

First prepare a suspension of Fame SC in a mix tank. Fill tank with 1/2 to 3/4 the desired amount of water. Start mechanical or hydraulic agitation. Add the required amount of Fame SC and then the remaining volume of water. Then set sprinkler to deliver no more than 0.4 inch of water per acre. Start sprinkler and uniformly inject the suspension of Fame SC into the irrigation water line to deliver the desired rate per acre. The suspension of Fame SC should be injected with a positive displacement injection pump into the main line ahead of a right angle turn to insure adequate mixing. If you have any other questions about calibration, contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

**NOTE:** Avoid further field irrigation over the treated area for 24 hours after treating with Fame SC to prevent washing the chemical off the turf.

**CHEMIGATION SYSTEMS CONNECTED TO PUBLIC WATER SYSTEMS**

1. Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place. Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.

2. Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone, back flow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the chemical intake point and the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.

3. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

4. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

5. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops, or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

6. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

7. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

**SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR CHEMIGATION THROUGH SPRINKLER IRRIGATION SYSTEMS**

1. Maintain continuous agitation in mix tank during mixing and application to assure a uniform suspension.

2. Greater accuracy in calibration and distribution will be achieved by injecting a larger volume of a more dilute solution per unit time.

3. The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

4. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

5. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

6. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

7. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

8. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

9. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment. If you are unsure of wind conditions, contact your local extension agent.

10. Do not apply when system connections or fittings leak, when nozzles do not provide uniform distribution or when lines containing the product must be dismantled and drains. Reduced effectiveness may result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

11. Allow sufficient time for pesticide to be flushed through all lines and all nozzles before turning off irrigation water. A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments as needed.

12. Do not connect an irrigation system used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.

**SPRAY DRIFT**

**SENSITIVE AREAS**

This pesticide must only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g., residential areas, bodies of water, known habitats for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g., when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interactions of many environmental factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.
**USE DIRECTIONS FOR TURF**

Fame SC provides control of many important diseases in turf. Use Fame SC in conjunction with cultural practices that promote healthy, vigorous turf. These practices include nutrient management, thatch management, water management and judicious use of other fungicides and cultural practices.

For use in the establishment of turfgrass from seed or in overseeding of dormant turfgrass:

Fame SC may be used for control of certain turfgrass diseases associated with turfgrass establishment from seed. Fame SC may also be used during overseeding of dormant turfgrass. Fame SC may be safely applied before or after seeding or at seedling dormancy.

**Rate Ranges:** Use the shorter specified application interval and/or the higher specified rate when prolonged favorable disease conditions exist.

**DIRECTIONS FOR APPLICATION TO TURF**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Disease Control</th>
<th>Product Rate to Use (fl oz product per Acre)</th>
<th>Product Rate to Use (fl oz product per 1000 sq ft)</th>
<th>App. Interval (days)</th>
<th>APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Anthracnose*</td>
<td>8.0 – 16.0</td>
<td>0.18 – 0.36</td>
<td>14 to 28</td>
<td>Use preventively. Begin applications when conditions are favorable for disease development. Under severe conditions tank-mix with another fungicide labeled for control of Anthracnose.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anthracnose*</td>
<td>8.0 – 16.0</td>
<td>0.18 – 0.36</td>
<td>14 to 21</td>
<td>Use preventively. Begin applications when conditions are favorable for disease development. Tank-mix with another fungicide labeled for control of Anthracnose.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brown Patch</td>
<td>4.0 – 16.0</td>
<td>0.09 – 0.36</td>
<td>14 to 28</td>
<td>Apply when conditions are favorable for disease development.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brown Ring Patch</td>
<td>8.0 – 16.0</td>
<td>0.18 – 0.36</td>
<td>14 to 28</td>
<td>Apply when conditions are favorable for disease development.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cool Weather</td>
<td>15.0</td>
<td>0.36</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>Make one or two applications in fall or when conditions are favorable for disease development. Curative applications may be made in the spring if disease appears. Curative applications may be made at 8.0 – 16.0 fl oz/A (0.18 – 0.36 fl oz/1,000 sq ft) with a 14 – 28 days application interval.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dollar Spot*</td>
<td>8.0 – 16.0</td>
<td>0.18 – 0.36</td>
<td>14 to 21</td>
<td>Fame SC provides control of light to moderate dollar spot pressure when used to control other diseases. Under heavy dollar spot pressure or where dollar spot is the only targeted disease use a DMF fungicide (propiconazole, tebuconazole, triadimefon, myclobutanil, etc.) labeled for control of Dollar Spot in tank-mix or in alternation with Fame SC applications.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fairy Ring</td>
<td>12.0 – 16.0</td>
<td>0.28 – 0.36</td>
<td>21 to 28</td>
<td>Apply as soon as fairy ring symptoms develop. Apply in 4 gallons of water per 1,000 sq ft or irrigate after application with ½ inch water. A wetting agent may facilitate penetration.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gray Leaf Spot*</td>
<td>8.0 – 16.0</td>
<td>0.18 – 0.36</td>
<td>14 to 28</td>
<td>Begin applications before disease is present. Under heavy disease pressure tank-mix with another product labeled for control of Gray Leaf Spot.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leaf Spot</td>
<td>8.0 – 16.0</td>
<td>0.18 – 0.36</td>
<td>14 to 21</td>
<td>Apply when conditions are favorable for disease development.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting Out</td>
<td>8.0 – 16.0</td>
<td>0.18 – 0.36</td>
<td>14 to 21</td>
<td>Apply when conditions are favorable for disease development.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Disease Control**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Disease Control</th>
<th>Product Rate to Use (fl oz product per Acre)</th>
<th>Product Rate to Use (fl oz product per 1000 sq ft)</th>
<th>App. Interval (days)</th>
<th>APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Microdochium</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Fusarium) Patch</td>
<td>8.0 – 16.0</td>
<td>0.18 – 0.36</td>
<td>14 to 28</td>
<td>Use preventively. Begin applications when conditions are favorable for disease infection, prior to disease symptom development.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Microdochium) ni-</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>vale</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Necrotic Ring</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spot**</td>
<td>12.0 – 16.0</td>
<td>0.27 – 0.36</td>
<td>14 to 28</td>
<td>Apply when conditions are favorable for disease development.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Leptosphaeria kor-</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>rae)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Pink Patch</strong></td>
<td>8.0 – 16.0</td>
<td>0.18 – 0.36</td>
<td>14 to 28</td>
<td>Apply when conditions are favorable for disease development.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Leimonomycis ro-</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>seqellis)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Powdery Mildew</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>(Erysiphe graminis)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Pythium Blight</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Use preventively. Begin applications when conditions are favorable for disease infection, prior to disease symptom development. During periods of prolonged favorable conditions, treat on the 14-day application interval. When conditions are favorable for heavy Pythium Blight pressure use Fame SC in combination with another product registered for Pythium Blight control.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Pythium aphano-</td>
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<tr>
<td>derma)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Pythium Root</strong></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dystrophy</td>
<td>12.0 – 16.0</td>
<td>0.27 – 0.36</td>
<td>14 to 28</td>
<td>Apply when conditions are favorable for disease development.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Pythium voldum)</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Pythium Root Rot</strong></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Pythium spp.)</td>
<td>8.0 – 16.0</td>
<td>0.18 – 0.36</td>
<td>7 to 10</td>
<td>Apply when conditions are favorable for disease development.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Pythium Damping</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Off (Pythium spp.)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Red Thread</strong></td>
<td>8.0 – 16.0</td>
<td>0.18 – 0.36</td>
<td>14 to 28</td>
<td>Apply when conditions are favorable for disease development.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Laetisaria fuc-</td>
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<td>toforms)</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Rust</strong></td>
<td>15.0</td>
<td>0.36</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>Apply at the first sign of infection or when conditions are favorable for disease development. Repeat as necessary.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Puccinia spp.)</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Snow Mold, Pink</strong></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Microdochium ni-</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>vale)</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Snow Mold, Ty-</strong></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>phula Blight</td>
<td>8.0 – 16.0</td>
<td>0.18 – 0.36</td>
<td>14 to 28</td>
<td>Apply when conditions are favorable for disease development.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Typhula incarnata)</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Southern Blight</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Sclerotium rolfsii)</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Spring Deed</strong> Sp</td>
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<tr>
<td>ot (Leptosphaeria kor-</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>rae)</td>
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<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Gaeum annomyces vari. graminis)</td>
<td>15.0</td>
<td>0.36</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>Apply 1 to 2 applications prior to permanent snow cover. Tank-mix with propiconazole, chlorothalonil or pentachloronitrobenzene at label rates.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Summer Patch</strong></td>
<td>8.0 – 16.0</td>
<td>0.18 – 0.36</td>
<td>14 to 28</td>
<td>Start applications in the spring when soil temperatures at 2” depth reach 60 – 65 °F as prescribed by local turf specialists.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Magnaportha poae)</td>
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<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Take-All</strong> Patch</td>
<td>15.0</td>
<td>0.36</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>Begin applications before disease is present and continue applications while conditions are favorable for disease development. Make two applications in the spring and two applications in the fall.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Gaeum annomyces graminis var. avenae)</td>
<td>12.0 – 16.0</td>
<td>0.28 – 0.36</td>
<td>14 to 28</td>
<td>Preventive and Curative: Make 1 – 2 applications in the fall before dormancy. Consult with local turfgrass experts for optimum timing in your area.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Not for use in California.

*See RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT section when using FAME SC for control of these diseases.
Restrictions
- Do not apply more than 68.4 fl oz (2.13 lb ai) of Fame SC per acre per year, or more than 16 fl oz per acre per application.
- There is a maximum number of 4 applications per season, and a minimum interval of 7 days between applications.

Other Information:
- Under conditions of high disease pressure, use the higher rates, the shortest application interval or both.
- For soil-borne diseases, use sufficient water to move the active ingredient into the crown and upper root zone.

**FAME SC Fungicide Rate Conversion Chart for Turf**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fl oz Product per Acre</th>
<th>Fl oz Product per 1,000 sq ft</th>
<th>Lb ai/A</th>
<th>Coverage of One Container</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4.0</td>
<td>0.09</td>
<td>0.12</td>
<td>4.0 A 16 A 32 A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.0</td>
<td>0.18</td>
<td>0.25</td>
<td>2.0 A 8 A 16 A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.0</td>
<td>0.28</td>
<td>0.37</td>
<td>1.3 A 5.3 A 10.7 A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16.0</td>
<td>0.36</td>
<td>0.50</td>
<td>1.0 A 4 A 8 A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**DIRECTIONS FOR APPLICATION TO ORNAMENTALS**

Fame SC may be used for control of certain pathogens causing foliar, root and stem diseases of ornamentals. Applications can be made to plants growing in containers, benches, flats, plugs and beds in greenhouses, shadehouses, outdoor nurseries, field plantings, retail nurseries, interiorcapes, residential, public and commercial landscape areas.

**Foliar Application:** Apply Fame SC in sufficient water to ensure complete coverage of the target plant. Apply in enough water to wet the leaf surfaces to the point of drip. Repeat applications at specified intervals as long as conditions for disease are favorable. Begin applications prior to disease development and continue throughout the season at specified intervals. Fame SC is most effective when applied preventively before disease is widespread. Do not apply more than 4 applications per year.

Apply Fame SC at use rates of 1 – 4 fl oz/100 gallons every 7 – 28 days. The addition of a non-ionic surfactant at the recommended use rates may enhance coverage on hard-to-wet plant foliage. Under light to moderate disease pressure, use the lower rates (1-2 oz/100 gallons) on a 7 – 14 day interval or the higher rates (3 – 4 oz/100 gallons) on a 14 – 28 day interval. Under environmental conditions which promote severe disease development, use the higher rates (3 – 4 oz/100 gallons) on a 7 – 14 day interval. Use a spray volume of 100 – 400 gallons of solution per acre, depending on the size of the plants. FMC recommends the use of a Chemical Producers and Distributors Association certified adjuvant.

**Drench, Crown and Surface Spray Application:** Fame SC may be applied to control soilborne, seedling, and crown diseases of production ornamentals (greenhouse, shadehouse, container grown and field grown) as a preventive, drench, crown or surface spray treatment prior to infection. Good coverage of the pre-infection area (root zone, root ball, crown, etc.) is necessary for satisfactory control. Make applications prior to infection as healthy roots are necessary to optimize plant uptake systemic translocation and disease protection.

Fame SC may be applied as drench to container grown ornamentals using 0.15 – 0.6 fl oz/100 gallons of water. Thoroughly wet the root zone of the plants with the solution using up to 1 – 2 pt per sq ft of surface area. If a drench application is not feasible, use 0.4 – 1.6 fl oz/1,000 sq ft of growing area in sufficient water to provide uniform coverage and follow with enough irrigation to completely wet the root zone of the plants. Use of the higher rate drench is limited to one application per year.

**Restrictions:** Do not apply more than 2.13 lb ai per acre per year.

**PLANT SAFETY:** Fame SC has been shown to be safe when applied to the ornamental plants listed in the table below. However, due to the large number of genera, species and varieties of ornamental and nursery plants, it is impossible to test every variety or cultivar for tolerance to Fame SC. Neither the manufacturer nor the seller has determined whether or not Fame SC can be used safely on genera, species, or varieties of ornamental and nursery plants not specified on this label. The professional user should conduct small scale testing to insure plant safety prior to broad scale commercial use on plant genera and species not listed in this label.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Disease (Pathogen)</th>
<th>Product Rate to Use (fl oz product in 100 gallons of water)</th>
<th>App. Interval (days)</th>
<th>Application Instructions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>LEAF BLIGHTS / SPOTS</strong></td>
<td><strong>Ascochyta spp.</strong></td>
<td>1-4</td>
<td>7 to 28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alternaria Leaf Spot (Alternaria spp.)</td>
<td>1-4</td>
<td>7 to 28</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anthracnose** (Colletotrichum spp., Elsinoe spp.)</td>
<td>4 – 8</td>
<td>7 to 28</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cercospora Leaf Spot** (Cercospora spp.)</td>
<td>1-4</td>
<td>7 to 28</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Downy Mildew** (Peronospora spp., Pseudoperonospora spp., Plasmopara spp., Bremia spp.)</td>
<td>1-4</td>
<td>7 to 21</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corospora spp.**</td>
<td>1-4</td>
<td>7 to 28</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diplodia spp.</td>
<td>2 – 4</td>
<td>7 to 21</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sclerotinia spp.**</td>
<td>2 – 4</td>
<td>7 to 21</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Venturia spp.</td>
<td>1-4</td>
<td>7 to 28</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Myrothecium Leaf Spot** (Myrothecium spp.)</td>
<td>1-4</td>
<td>7 to 28</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Septoria Leaf Spot**</td>
<td>1-4</td>
<td>7 to 28</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sclerotinia</td>
<td>1-4</td>
<td>7 to 28</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fusarium spp.**</td>
<td>1-4</td>
<td>7 to 28</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phytophthora spp.</td>
<td>0.15 – 0.6</td>
<td>4 to 28</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SOILBORNE DISEASES**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Disease (Pathogen)</th>
<th>Product Rate to Use (fl oz product in 100 gallons of water)</th>
<th>App. Interval (days)</th>
<th>Application Instructions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>RUSTS</td>
<td><strong>Needle Rust</strong> (Melampsora spp.)</td>
<td>1 – 4</td>
<td>7 to 28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phragmidium spp.**</td>
<td>1 – 4</td>
<td>7 to 28</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Puccinia spp.</td>
<td>1 – 4</td>
<td>7 to 28</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uromyces spp.**</td>
<td>1 – 4</td>
<td>7 to 28</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>FLOWER BLIGHTS</strong>**</td>
<td>(Colletotrichum spp., Elsinoe spp.)</td>
<td>1 – 4</td>
<td>7 to 28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bolyts blight (Bolyts spp.)</td>
<td>4 – 8</td>
<td>7 to 21</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SOILBORNE DISEASES**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Disease (Pathogen)</th>
<th>Product Rate to Use (fl oz product in 100 gallons of water)</th>
<th>App. Interval (days)</th>
<th>Application Instructions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rhizoctonia solani</td>
<td>0.15 – 0.6</td>
<td>14 to 28</td>
<td>Apply in 1 – 2 pts of solution per sq ft surface area (or enough solution to wet the growing media).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sclerotium rolfsii**</td>
<td>0.15 – 0.6</td>
<td>14 to 28</td>
<td>Apply in 1 – 2 pts of solution per sq ft surface area (or enough solution to wet the growing media).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fusarium spp.**</td>
<td>0.15 – 0.6</td>
<td>14 to 28</td>
<td>Apply in 1 – 2 pts of solution per sq ft surface area (or enough solution to wet the growing media).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phytophthora spp.</td>
<td>0.15 – 0.6</td>
<td>4 to 28</td>
<td>Apply in 1 – 2 pts of solution per sq ft surface area (or enough solution to wet the growing media).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Not for use in California.*
NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness, or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather or crop conditions beyond the control of FMC or Seller. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by Buyer and User, and, to the extent consistent with applicable law, Buyer and User agree to hold FMC and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

Seller warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the Directions for Use when used in accordance with the directions under normal conditions of use. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, FMC MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES WITH RESPECT TO THE SELECTION, PURCHASE, OR USE OF THIS PRODUCT. Any warranties, express or implied, having been made are inapplicable if this product has been used contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to (or beyond the control of) seller or FMC, and, to the extent permitted by applicable law, buyer assumes the risk of any such use.

To the extent consistent with applicable law, FMC or seller shall not be liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF FMC AND SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF FMC OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.

This Condition of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability may not be amended by any oral or written agreement.

Fame and FMC — Trademarks of FMC Corporation
RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE
Toxic to fish and aquatic organisms
For retail sale to and use only by certified applicators, or persons under their
direct supervision and only for the uses covered by the certified applicator’s
certification.

GROUP 3 4a INSECTICIDES

Triple Crown™
GOLF INSECTICIDE

For use to control listed insect pests on golf courses,
sod farms, non-commercial indoor and outdoor orna-
ments, and landscaped areas around institutional,
public, commercial and industrial buildings, parks,
recreational areas and athletic fields.

EPA Reg. No. 279-3457    EPA Est. No. 279-NY-1

Active Ingredients:       Wt.
Zeta-Cypermethrin* ................. 2.70%
Bifenthrin** ......................... 7.87%
Imidacloprid ....................... 13.83%
Other Ingredients*** ............ 75.60%
100.0%

Triple Crown Golf Insecticide contains 1.28 lb imidacloprid, 0.73 lb bifenthrin, and
0.25 lb zeta-cypermethrin per gallon.
* Cis/trans isomer ratio: Max 75% (±) cis and Min. 25% (±) trans
** Cis isomers 97% minimum; trans isomers 3% maximum.
*** Contains Petroleum Distillates

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
WARNING
AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la ex-
plique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find some-
one to explain it to you in detail.)

See other panels for additional precautionary information.

DO NOT USE THIS PRODUCT ON SOD FARMS OR GOLF COURSES
IN NASSAU COUNTY OR SUFFOLK COUNTY, NEW YORK.

Sold By
FMC
FMC Corporation
2929 Walnut Street
Philadelphia, PA 19104

FIRST AID

IF SWALLOWED
• Immediately call a poison control center or doctor.
• Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a
poison control center or doctor.
• Do not give any liquid to the person
• Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious
person.

IF IN EYES
• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with
water for 15 to 20 minutes.
• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5
minutes, then continue rinsing eyes.
• Call a poison control center for treatment advice.

IF ON SKIN
• Take off contaminated clothing.
• Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15
to 20 minutes.
• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment
advice.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN
Contains petroleum distillates. May pose an aspiration pneumonia hazard. This prod-
uct contains a pyrethroid. If large amounts have been ingested, the stomach and in-
estines should be evacuated. Treatment is symptomatic and supportive. Digestible
fats, oils, or alcohol may increase absorption and so should be avoided.

HOTLINE NUMBER
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison
control center or doctor, or going for treatment. Contact 1-(800)-331-
3148 for Emergency Assistance.
For information regarding the use of this product call 1-(800)-
321-1FM C (1362).

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals
Warning
May be fatal if swallowed. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact
with skin, eyes or clothing.

Personal Protective Equipment:
All mixers, loaders, applicators and other handlers must wear: long
sleeved shirt and long pants, shoes, and socks.
Follow the manufacturer’s instructions for cleaning/maintain PPE. If no
such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep
and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

User Safety Recommendations
Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Wash hands be-
fore eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash
thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Remove PPE immediately after
handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing.
As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean cloth-
ing.
AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as, plants, soil, or water is: Coveralls, Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate or nitrile rubber or neoprene rubber or viton, and Shoes plus socks.

Non-Agricultural Use Requirements

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standards for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries and greenhouses.

Do not allow people or pets on treated surfaces until the spray has dried.

Environmental Hazards

This pesticide is extremely toxic to fish, aquatic invertebrates, oysters, and shrimp. Drift and run-off from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Care should be used when spraying to avoid fish and reptile pets in/around ornamental ponds. To protect the environment, do not allow pesticide to enter or run off into storm drains, drainage ditches, gutters or surface waters. Applying this product in calm weather when rain is not predicted for the next 24 hours will help to ensure that wind or rain does not blow or wash pesticide off the treatment area. Rinsing application equipment over the treated area will help to avoid run off to water bodies or drainage systems.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops if bees are foraging in the treatment area.

The chemical imidacloprid demonstrates the properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. The use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination.

PROTECTION OF POLLINATORS

APPLICATION RESTRICTIONS

EXIST FOR THIS PRODUCT BECAUSE OF RISK TO BEES AND OTHER INSECT POLLINATORS. FOLLOW APPLICATION RESTRICTIONS FOUND IN THE DIRECTIONS FOR USE TO PROTECT POLLINATORS.

Look for the bee hazard icon in the Directions for Use for each application site for specific use restrictions and instructions to protect bees and other insect pollinators.

This product can kill bees and other insect pollinators. Bees and other insect pollinators will forage on plants when they flower, shed pollen, or produce nectar.

Bees and other insect pollinators can be exposed to this pesticide from:

- Direct contact during foliar applications, or contact with residues on plant surfaces after foliar applications
- Ingestion of residues in nectar and pollen when the pesticide is applied as a seed treatment, soil, tree injection, as well as foliar applications.

When Using This Product Take Steps To:

- Minimize exposure of this product to bees and other insect pollinators when they are foraging on pollinator attractive plants around the application site.
- Minimize drift of this product onto beehives or to off-site pollinator attractive habitat. Drift of this product onto beehives or off-site to pollinator attractive habitat can result in bee kills.

Information on protecting bees and other insect pollinators may be found at the Pesticide Environmental Stewardship website at: http://pesticidestewardship.org/PollinatorProtection/Pages/default.aspx.

Pesticide incidents (for example, bee kills) should immediately be reported to the state/tribal lead agency. For contact information for your state, go to: www.aapco.org/officials.html. Pesticide incidents should also be reported to the National Pesticide Information Center at: www.npic.orst.edu or directly to EPA at: beekill@epa.gov
**DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

**RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE**

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

- **Do not apply Triple Crown Golf Insecticide while bees are foraging.** Do not apply Triple Crown Golf Insecticide until flowering is complete and all petals have fallen unless one of the following conditions is met:
  - The application is made to the target site after sunset
  - The application is made to the target site when temperatures are below 55°F
  - The application is made in accordance with a government-initiated public health response
  - The application is made in accordance with an active state-administered apiary registry program where beekeepers are notified no less than 48-hours prior to the time of the planned application so that the bees can be removed, covered or otherwise protected prior to spraying
  - The application is made due to an imminent threat of significant crop loss, and a documented determination consistent with an IPM plan or predetermined economic threshold is met. Every effort should be made to notify beekeepers no less than 48-hours prior to the time of the planned application so that the bees can be removed, covered or otherwise protected prior to spraying.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirement specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

**Restrictions:**

- Not for residential use.
- Do not apply by air.
- Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.
- Do not allow people or pets in treated area until spray has dried.
- Apply this product directly to the turf area. Water treated area as directed on this label. Do not water to the point of run-off.
- Do not make applications during rain. Application is prohibited directly into sewers or drains, or to any area like a gutter where drainage to sewers, storm drains, water bodies, or aquatic habitat can occur. Do not allow the product to enter any drain during or after application.
- Do not apply more than 0.5 lb active ingredient imidaclorpid (50 fl oz Triple Crown Golf Insecticide) per acre per year.

**TURFGRASS APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS**

(INCLUDING SOD FARMS)

**NOT FOR USE ON SOD FARMS OR GOLF COURSES IN NASSAU COUNTY OR SUFFOLK COUNTY, NEW YORK**

Apply Triple Crown Golf Insecticide as a surface or sub-surface treatment via broadcast, drench, or spot applications. Use application volumes of up to 10 gallons per 1000 square feet when treating dense grass foliage for uniform coverage.

For low volume applications (< 2 gallons/1000 square feet), irrigate the treated area with at least 0.25 inches of water immediately following application to ensure efficacy against sub-surface pests (e.g. mole crickets).

**PESTS CONTROLLED AND APPLICATION RATES**

The application rates listed in the following table will provide excellent control of the respective pests under typical conditions. However, at the discretion of the applicator, Triple Crown Golf Insecticide may be applied at up to 0.80 fl oz per 1000 square feet (35 fl oz/A) to control each of the pests listed in this Table. The higher application rates should be used when maximum residual control is desired or heavy pest populations exist. Do not apply more than 0.5 lb active ingredient imidaclorpid (50 fl oz Triple Crown Golf Insecticide) per acre per year.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pest</th>
<th>Application Rate fl oz/A</th>
<th>Application Rate fl oz/1000 ft²</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Armyworms¹</td>
<td>10-15</td>
<td>0.33 – 0.34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cutworms¹</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>0.23 – 0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Seed Webworm¹</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>0.23 – 0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Banks Grass Mite²</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>0.23 – 0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black Turfgrass Aetaenius (Adult)³</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>0.23 – 0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Centipedes</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>0.23 – 0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crickets</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>0.23 – 0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Earwigs</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>0.23 – 0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fleas (Adult)</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>0.23 – 0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grasshoppers</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>0.23 – 0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leatherheads</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>0.23 – 0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mealworms</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>0.23 – 0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Millipedes</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>0.23 – 0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mites²</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>0.23 – 0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pillbugs</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>0.23 – 0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sawbills</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>0.23 – 0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ants</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>0.23 – 0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black Vine Weevil</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>0.23 – 0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chinch Bugs²</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>0.23 – 0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crane Flies²</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>0.23 – 0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>European Masked Chafer (Adult)</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>0.23 – 0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fleas ( Larvae)²</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>0.23 – 0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fist Fly</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>0.23 – 0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Green June Beetle (Adult)</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>0.23 – 0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>May or June Beetle (Adult)</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>0.23 – 0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Imported Fire Ants²</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>0.23 – 0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Japanese Beetle (Adult)</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>0.23 – 0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Masked Chafer (Adult) (Northern or Southern)</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>0.23 – 0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mole Cricket (Adult)¹</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>0.23 – 0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mole Cricket (Nymph)¹</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>0.23 – 0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Root Weevils</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>0.23 – 0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stink Bugs</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>0.23 – 0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ticks ¹²</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>0.23 – 0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Annual Bluegrass Weevil¹</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>0.23 – 0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Billbugs²</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>0.23 – 0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White grubs:¹</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>0.23 – 0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Japanese beetle</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>0.23 – 0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>European masked chafer</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>0.23 – 0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Northern masked chafer</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>0.23 – 0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Southern masked chafer</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>0.23 – 0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Green June beetle</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>0.23 – 0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Horse chestnut (Aesculus hippocastanum)</td>
<td>10-20</td>
<td>0.23 – 0.46</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| In New York State, this product may NOT be applied to any grass or turf area within 100 feet of a water body (lake, pond, river, stream, wetland, or drainage ditch).

**In New York State, do make a single repeat application of Triple Crown Golf Insecticide if there are signs of renewed insect activity, but not sooner than two weeks after the first application.**

**Comments**

1Armyworms, Cutworms and Seed Webworms: To ensure optimum control, delay watering (irrigation) or mowing for 24 hours after application. If the grass area is being maintained at a mowing height of greater than 1 inch, then higher application rates (Up to 0.80 fluid oz., per 1000 square feet) may be required during periods of high pest pressure.

2Mites: To ensure optimal control of eriophyid mites, apply in combination with the labeled application rate of a surfactant. A second application, five to seven days after the first, may be necessary to achieve acceptable control.

3Black Turfgrass Aetaenius adults: Applications should be made during May and July to control the first and second generation of black turfgrass aetaenius adults, respectively. The May application should be timed to coincide with the full bloom stage of Vanhoutte spiraea (Spiraea vanhouttei) and horse chestnut (Aesculus hippocastanum). The July application should be timed to coincide with the blooming of Rose of Sharon (Hibiscus syriacus).

4Annual Bluegrass Weevil adults and larvae: For adult control, applications should be timed so they contact the pests as they leave their overwintering sites and move into grass areas. This movement generally begins when Forsythia is in full bloom and concludes when flowering dogwood (Cornus florida) is in full bloom. Consult your State Cooperative Extension Service for more specific information regarding application timing. For larval control, apply May through June to stop damage from feed-
ing. Ensure irrigation or rainfall soon after treatment to help move the active ingredient(s) through the thatch layer.

5Billbug adults and larvae: Applications should be made when adult billbugs are first observed during April and May. Degree day models have been developed to estimate optimal application timing. Consult your State Cooperative Extension Service for information specific to your region. In temperate regions, spring applications targeting billbug adults will also provide control of over-wintered chinch bugs. Ensure irrigation or rainfall soon after treatment to help move the active ingredient(s) through the thatch layer.

6Chinch Bugs: Chinch Bugs infest the base of grass plants and are often found in the thatch layer. Irrigation of the grass area before treatment will optimize the penetration of the insecticide to the area where the chinch bugs are located. Use higher volume applications if the thatch layer is excessive or if a relatively long mowing height is being maintained. Chinch Bugs can be one of the most difficult pests to control in grasses and the higher application rates (Up to 0.8 fluid oz. per 1,000 square feet) may be required to control populations that contain both nymphs and adults during the middle of the summer.

7Crane Flies: Treatments can be made to control early to mid-season larvae (approximately August – February) as they feed on plant crowns. Treatments made to late-season larvae (approximately March, April) may only provide suppression.

8Flea larvae: Flea larvae develop in the soil of shaded areas that are accessible to pets or other animals. Use a higher volume application when treating these areas to ensure penetration of the insecticide into the soil. If the area is being treated with Triple Crown Golf Insecticide at 0.25 fluid oz. per 1,000 square feet for adult flea control, then the larval application rate may be achieved by increasing the application volume two- to four-fold.

9Imported Fire Ants: Control will be optimized by combining broadcast applications with that will control foraging workers and newly hatched fly-in queens with mound drenches that will control existing colonies. If the soil is not moist, then it is important to irrigate before application or use a high volume application. Apply broadcast treatments at 0.46 to 0.80 fluid oz. per 1,000 square feet. Use enough finished volume to penetrate the thatch or sod. Treat mounds by applying 0.80 oz Triple Crown Golf Insecticide per mound in 1 to 2 gallons water by sprinkling the mound until it is wet and treat 3 feet out around the mound. Use the higher volume for mounds larger than 0.2 feet in diameter with sufficient force to break their apex and allow the insecticide solution to flow into the ant tunnels. For best results, apply in cool weather (65 - 80°F) or in early morning or late evening hours. This product will control mounds within 15 minutes.

10Mole Cricket adults: Achieving acceptable control of adult mole crickets is difficult because preferred grass areas are subject to continuous invasion during the early spring by this extremely active stage. Applications should be made as late in the day as possible and should be watered in with up to 0.5 inches of water immediately after treatment. If the soil is not moist, then it is important to irrigate before application to bring the mole crickets closer to the soil surface where contact with the insecticide will be maximized. Grass areas that receive pressure from adult mole crickets should be treated at peak egg hatch to ensure optimum control of subsequent nymph populations (see below).

11Mole Cricket nymphs: Grass areas that received intense adult mole cricket pressure in the spring should be treated immediately prior to peak egg hatch. Optimal control is achieved at this time because young nymphs are more susceptible to insecticides and they are located near the soil surface where the insecticide is most concentrated. Control of larger, more damaging, nymphs later in the year may require both higher application rates and more frequent applications to maintain acceptable control. Applications should be made as late in the day as possible and should be watered in with up to 0.5 inches of water immediately after treatment. If the soil is not moist, then it is important to irrigate before application to bring the mole crickets closer to the soil surface where contact with the insecticide will be maximized.

12Ticks (Including ticks that may transmit Lyme Disease and Rocky Mountain Spotted fever): Do not make spot applications. Treat the entire area where exposure to ticks may occur. Use higher spray volumes when treating areas with dense ground cover or heavy leaf litter. Ticks may be removed from surrounding areas on host animals. Retreatment may be necessary to achieve and/or maintain control during periods of high pest pressure. Repeat application is necessary only if there are signs of renewed activity. Limit repeat application to no more than once per seven days.

13Deer ticks (Ixodes sp.) have a complicated life cycle that ranges over a two year period and involves four life stages. Applications should be made in the late fall and/or early spring to control adult ticks that are usually located on brush or grass above the soil surface and in mid to late spring to control larval and nymphs that reside in the soil and leaf litter. American dog ticks may be a considerable nuisance in suburban settings, particularly where homes are built on land that was previously field or forest. These ticks commonly congregate along paths or roadways where humans are likely to be encountered. Applications should be made as necessary from mid-spring to early fall to control American dog tick larvae, nymphs and adults.

**Application to Trees, Shrubs, Foliage plants, and Ground covers.** For best results, treatment should be started prior to heavy infestation or pest pressure.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pest</th>
<th>Rate (fl oz per 100 gallons)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ants</td>
<td>7.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bagworms</td>
<td>4 - 7.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beetle Armyworm</td>
<td>4 - 7.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black vine weevil</td>
<td>7.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Broad mites</td>
<td>7.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Budworms</td>
<td>7.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cankerworms</td>
<td>7.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capsid scale</td>
<td>7.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cucumber beetles</td>
<td>7.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diaper beetles</td>
<td>7.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diaperps (adults)</td>
<td>7.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>European red mites</td>
<td>7.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flea beetles</td>
<td>7.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fungus gnats (adults)</td>
<td>7.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grasshoppers</td>
<td>7.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Imported Fire Ants</td>
<td>7.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leafhoppers</td>
<td>7.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leafminers</td>
<td>7.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leaf miners</td>
<td>7.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mosquitoes</td>
<td>7.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Orchard web</td>
<td>7.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pine needle scales (crawlers)</td>
<td>7.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plant bugs</td>
<td>7.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Root weevils</td>
<td>7.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>San Jose scale (crawlers)</td>
<td>7.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spider mites</td>
<td>7.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thrips</td>
<td>7.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tip moths</td>
<td>7.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Twig borers</td>
<td>7.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Whiteflies</td>
<td>7.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White Grubs</td>
<td>7.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Restrictions:**

- Target treatment to areas where pest are active. Use sufficient water volume to thoroughly wet plant surfaces. Repeat applications may be made if there are signs of re-infestation, but do not apply more than 0.88 lb ai/A (50 fl oz/A) of Triple Crown Golf Insecticide or 0.50 lb ai imidacloprid/A per year.
- Repeat application must be limited to no more than once per seven days.
- Certain cultivars may show sensitivity to the final spray solution. Treat a small number of plants and observe for one week prior to application to the entire planting.
- In Oregon State, do not apply this product, by any application method, to linden, basswood or other Tilia species.
- In New York State, do not make a single repeat application of Triple Crown Golf Insecticide if there are signs of renewed insect activity, but not sooner than two weeks after the first application.
Resistance Management
Some insects are known to develop resistance to products with the same
classical chemistry used repeatedly for control. Triple Crown Golf Insecticide
contains Group 3 and Group 4A insecticides. Although pest resistance
cannot be predicted, a general rule to reduce the onset of resistance in
pest species to Triple Crown Golf Insecticide is not to consecutively and
repeatedly apply Group 3 and/or Group 4A insecticides during a growing
season for control of a particular pest target. Consult your local or state
agricultural authorities or your FMC representative for more specific de-
tails on insect resistance management strategies. If resistance does
occur use another chemistry class that is registered for the pest and crop.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL
Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

Pesticide Storage
Do not freeze. Keep out of reach of children and animals. Store in
original containers only. Store in a cool, dry place and avoid excess
heat. Carefully open containers. After partial use, replace lids and
close tightly. Do not put concentrate or dilute material into food or drink
containers. In case of spill, avoid contact, isolate area and keep out
animals and unprotected persons. Confine spills. Call CHEMTREC
(Transportation and Spills): (800) 424-9300.

To confine spill: Dike surrounding area or absorb with sand, cat litter,
or commercial clay. Place damaged package in a holding container.

Pesticide Disposal
Pesticide wastes may be hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pes-
ticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these
wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions,
contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the
Hazardous Waste representative of the nearest EPA Regional Office
for guidance.

Container Handling
Nonrefillable Container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple
rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as
follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or
a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill
the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds.
Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate
for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to
drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability:
Notice: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and
Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product.
If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened,
and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is im-
possible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this
product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness, or other unintended consequences
may result because of such factors as manner of use or application,
weather or crop conditions beyond the control of FMC or Seller. All such
risks shall be assumed by Buyer and User, and, to the extent consistent
with applicable law, Buyer and User agree to hold FMC and Seller harm-
less for any claims relating to such factors.

Seller warrants that this product conforms to the chemical descrip-
tion on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the
Directions for Use when used in accordance with the directions
under normal conditions of use. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT
WITH APPLICABLE LAW, FMC MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MER-
CHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE,
NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES WITH RE-
PECT TO THE SELECTION, PURCHASE, OR USE OF THIS PRO-
DUCT. Any warranties, express or implied, having been made are
inapplicable if this product has been used contrary to label instruc-
tions, or under abnormal conditions, or under conditions not rea-
sonably foreseeable to (or beyond the control of) seller or FMC, and, to
the extent consistent with applicable law, buyer assumes the risk of
any such use.

To the extent consistent with applicable law, FMC or seller shall not be
liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages resulting from
the use or handling of this product. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT
WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER
OR BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF FMC AND SELLER
FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (IN-
CLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT,
NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULT-
ING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, SHALL BE
THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT OR,
AT THE ELECTION OF FMC OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF
THE PRODUCT.

This Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability may not be
amended by any oral or written agreement.

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OPTIONAL MARKETING CLAIMS

General
Provides long-term control of susceptible [Annual Bluegrass Weevil]
[ABW] populations with two [2] applications
Controls [Hunting Billbugs] [Billbugs] for 30 days with a single applica-
tion
Keeps killing [Hunting Billbugs] [Billbugs] for 30 days

[Multiple] [2] [Two] modes of action [!]

Reduces [mole cricket] tunneling damage
Keeps killing mole crickets for 30 days

For Red Imported Fire Ants
Kills [controls] mounds in 5 minutes
Controls [Kills] fire ant mounds in 15 minutes
Kills [fire ant] [the] queen[s] in 15 minutes
Controls [Kills] fire ant mounds and queens in 15 minutes
Kills the queen and the colony [the Mound]
Fire Ant Mound Drench
[Destroys][Kills] Stubborn Mounds [in Minutes]
Kills the Queen
Fast Acting [Mound Treatment]
Destroys entire colonies
Kills visible and hidden mounds
**FIRST AID**

| If inhaled | Move person to fresh air.  
|           | If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible.  
|           | Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice. |
| If on skin or clothing | Take off contaminated clothing.  
|               | Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.  
|               | Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. |
| If in eyes | Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.  
|           | Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.  
|           | Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. |
| If swallowed | Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.  
|            | Do not give any liquid to the person.  
|            | Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor.  
|            | Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. |

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN**

**CAUTION**

See other panels for additional precautionary information.

**PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS**

**Hazards to Humans (and Domestic Animals)**

**CAUTION**

Causes moderate eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled, swallowed, or absorbed through skin. Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

**Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)**

Applicators and other handlers must wear long-sleeved shirt and long pants, waterproof gloves, and shoes plus socks.

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer’s instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

**User Safety Recommendations:**

**Users should:**

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet  
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.  
- Remove PPE immediately after handling the product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing  

**Environmental Hazards**

This pesticide is toxic to marine/estuarine invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to terrestrial and aquatic plants in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate.

---

**FMC Corporation**

2929 Walnut Street  
Philadelphia PA 19104

**Dismiss Herbicide**

For Selective Weed Control in turf Including Residential, Commercial and Institutional Lawns, Athletic Fields, Commercial Sod Farms, Golf Course Fairways and Roughs, and Other Non-crop Sites such as Railroad Rights-of-Way, Highway, Roadside, Pipeline and Utility Rights-of-Way, Industrial Areas, Fence Rows.
Groundwater advisory:
This chemical is known to leach through soil into groundwater under certain conditions as a result of label use. Use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination.
Do not use on coarse soils classified as sand which have less than 1% organic matter.
Surface water advisory: Dismiss NXT Herbicide can contaminate surface water through spray drift. Under some conditions, Dismiss NXT Herbicide may also have a high potential for runoff into surface water (primarily via dissolution in runoff water), for several to many months post-application. These include poorly draining or wet soils with readily visible slopes toward adjacent surface waters, frequently flooded areas, areas overlying extremely shallow groundwater, areas with in-field canals or ditches that drain to surface water, areas not separated from adjacent surface waters with vegetated filter strips, and areas over-lying tile drainage systems that drain to surface waters.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE
It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.
Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.
Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your state or tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS
Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This standard requires requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), notification to workers, and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box apply to the uses of this product that are covered by the Workers Protection Standard.
Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.
PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:
- Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate or butyl rubber or nitrile rubber or neoprene rubber or polyvinyl chloride or viton.
- Shoes plus socks.

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS
The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.
Re-entry Statement: Do not allow people (other than applicator) or pets on treatment area during application. Do not enter treatment area until spray has dried.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL
Do not contaminate water, food of feed by storage or disposal.
Pesticide Storage
Store product in original container only, away from other pesticides, fertilizer, food or feed.
Store in a cool, dry place and avoid excess heat.
In case of spill, avoid contact, isolate area and keep out animals and unprotected persons. Confine spills. Call CHEMTREC (Transportation & Spills): (800)-424-9300
To confine spill: If liquid, dike surrounding area or absorb with sand, cat litter or commercial clay. If dry material, cover to prevent dispersal. Place damaged package in a holding container. Identify contents.
Pesticide Disposal
If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional office for guidance.

Container Disposal
Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the contents into application equipment or mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after flow begins to drip. Fill container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsewater into application equipment or mix tank or store rinsewater for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling, if available or reconditioning, if appropriate, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration.

Turf Use Instructions
General Information
Dismiss NXT Herbicide is a selective post emergence herbicide which controls annual grasses, broadleaf weeds and sedges in established turf areas including, but not limited to, residential, commercial and institutional lawns, athletic fields, commercial sod farms, golf course fairways and golf course roughs. Dismiss NXT Herbicide control susceptible weed species by contact and residual activity.

Dismiss NXT Herbicide is formulated as a 3.5 pound per gallon suspension containing the active ingredients carfentrazone-ethyl and sulfentrazone. Dismiss NXT Herbicide is absorbed by shoots, foliage and roots.
A postemergent application of Dismiss NXT Herbicide is improved when adequate soil moisture is present at application. Best weed control results will be obtained when no rainfall or irrigation occurs within 24 hours after application. If no rainfall or irrigation occurs within 10 days after application of Dismiss NXT Herbicide then irrigation of at least 0.5 inches is recommended.

MIXING AND APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS
General Handling Instructions
This product may not be mixed or loaded within 50 feet of any wells (including abandoned wells and drainage wells), sink holes, perennial or intermittent streams and rivers, and natural or impounded lakes and reservoirs. This setback does not apply to properly capped or plugged abandoned wells and does not apply to impervious pad or properly diked mixing/loading areas.
Operations that involve mixing, loading, rinsing or washing of this product into or from pesticide handling or application equipment or containers within 50 feet of any well, are prohibited unless conducted on an impervious pad constructed to withstand the weight of the heaviest load that may be positioned on or moved across the pad. Such a pad shall be designed and maintained to contain any product spills or equipment leaks, container or equipment rinse or wash water, and rainwater that may fall on the pad. Surface water shall not be allowed to either flow over or from the pad, which means the pad must be self-contained. The pad shall be sloped to facilitate material removal. An unroofed pad shall be of sufficient capacity to contain a minimum 110% of the capacity of the largest pesticide container or application equipment on the pad. A pad that is covered by a roof of sufficient size to completely exclude precipitation from contact with the pad shall have a minimum containment capacity of 100% of the capacity of the largest pesticide container or application equipment on the pad. Containment capacities as described above shall be maintained at all times. The above specific minimum containment capacities do not apply to vehicles when delivering pesticide shipments to the mixing/loading site. States may have in effect additional requirements regarding wellhead setbacks and operational containment.
Product must be used in a manner which will prevent back siphoning in wells, spills or improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixtures or rinsates.

SPRAY TANK PREPARATION
Spray equipment must be clean and free of existing pesticide deposits before using this product. Follow the spray tank clean out procedures specified on the label of product previously applied before adding Dismiss NXT Herbicide to the tank.
Dismiss NXT Herbicide is a suspesoemulsion intended for dilution with water. Mix Dismiss NXT Herbicide thoroughly and continue agitation during application. If Dismiss NXT Herbicide is left standing for extended period of time in spray tank, re-agitate to assure uniform suspension of product in spray mixture. Use the Dismiss NXT Herbicide spray mixture immediately after mixing. Do not store the mixture.

MIXING WITH WATER
For best results, fill spray tank with one fourth of the volume of clean water needed for the area to be treated. Start the agitation system and add Dismiss NXT Herbicide to the tank. Make sure Dismiss NXT Herbicide is thoroughly mixed before application or before adding another product to the spray tank.
another product to the spray tank.

**TANK MIXTURES COMPATIBILITY**

Dismiss NXT Herbicide has been found to be compatible with most herbicides, fungicides, insecticides and growth regulators* commonly used in turf and ornamental plant management. However, when preparing a new tank mix conduct an appropriate compatibility test by mixing proportional amounts of all spray ingredients in a test vessel (jar) prior to tank mixing with other products. Shake the mixture vigorously and allow it to stand for five to ten minutes. Rapid precipitation of the ingredients and failure to re-suspend when shaken indicates that the mixture is incompatible and should not be applied. Provided the jar test indicates the mixture to be compatible, prepare the tank mixture as follows: Fill the tank one fourth full with water. With the agitator operating, add the ingredients using the following order: dry granules first, then liquid suspensions (flowables) second. As the agitation continues and the tank is filled with water add EC products third followed by the addition of water soluble products.

Read and observe mixing instructions of all tank mix partners. Also read each product label for Directions for Use, Precautionary Statements and Restrictions and Limitations. The most restrictive labeling applies in all tank mixtures. No label dosage rate should be exceeded. Tank mixtures are for use only in states where the companion products and application site are registered.

**Ground Equipment**

Power sprayers: Uniform and accurate spray coverage requires proper calibration, agitation and operation of spray equipment. The use of marker dyes or foams can improve application accuracy. Boom sprayers equipped with appropriate flat fan nozzles, tips and screens are ideal for broadcast applications. Power sprayers fitted with spray wand/gun are suitable for spot treatments. Also be used for broadcast application after careful calibration by the applicator. Power sprayers fitted with spray wand/gun are suitable for spot treatments.

Hand operated sprayers: Backpack and compression sprayers are appropriate for small turfgrass areas and spot treatments. Wands fitted with a flat fan nozzle tip should be held stationary at the proper height during application. A side to side or swinging arm motion can result in uneven coverage. Apply this product in a sufficient volume of carrier solution to provide a uniform spray distribution. Spray volumes of 20 – 175 gallons per acre (0.5 to 4.0 gal/1,000 ft²) with spray pressures adjusted to 20 – 40 psi are appropriate. Apply the higher spray volumes for dense weed populations.

**Sprayer Equipment Clean-Out**

After spraying Dismiss NXT Herbicide and before using sprayer equipment for any other applications, the sprayer must be thoroughly cleaned using the following procedure:

1. Drain spray tank, hoses, and spray boom and thoroughly rinse the inside of the sprayer tank with clean water to remove sediment and residues. In addition, thoroughly flush sprayer hoses, boom, and nozzles with clean water.
2. Fill the tank 1/2 full with clean water, and add appropriate detergent or ammonia (follow manufacturer’s directions for use). Fill the tank to capacity and operate the sprayer for 15 minutes to flush hoses, boom, and nozzles.
3. Drain the sprayer system. Rinse the tank with clean water and flush through the hoses, boom, and nozzles. Remove and clean spray tips and screens separately.
4. Properly dispose of all cleaning solution and rinsate in accordance with Federal, State and local regulations and guidelines. Do not drain or flush equipment on or near desirable trees or plants. Do not contaminate any body of water including irrigation water that may be used on other plants.

**Weed Control in Turfgrasses**

**Use Precautions for Turf Use**

**Turfgrass Safety**

This product may be used on seeded, sodded or sprigged turfgrasses that are well established. First application of Dismiss NXT Herbicide to newly seeded, sodded or sprigged turfgrass can be made following second mowing providing the grass has developed into a uniform stand with a good root system. Turfgrass injury could result from application of this product on turfgrass that is not well established or has been weakened by stresses such as unfavorable weather conditions, disease, chemical or mechanical influences.

When applied as directed under the conditions described, the following established turfgrasses are tolerant to Dismiss NXT HERBI-

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grass Type*</th>
<th>Maximum Use Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cool Season Grasses</strong></td>
<td>lbs ai/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bentgrass, creeping</td>
<td>0.139</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ryegrass, perennial (Lolium perenne)</td>
<td>0.117 – 0.234</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Warm Season Grasses</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bahiagrass (Paspalum notatum)</td>
<td>0.28 – 0.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bermudagrass (Cynodon dactylon) &amp; hybrids</td>
<td>0.234 – 0.350</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buffalo grass (Buchloe dactyloides)</td>
<td>0.117 – 0.234</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carpetgrass (Axonopus affinis)</td>
<td>0.28 – 0.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Centipedegrass (Eremochloa ophiuroides)</td>
<td>0.234 – 0.350</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kikuyagrass (Pennisetum clandestimum)</td>
<td>0.28 – 0.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Seashore Paspalum (Paspalum vaginatum)</td>
<td>0.234 – 0.350</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>St. Augustinegrass (Stenotaphrum secundatum)</td>
<td>0.234 – 0.350</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zoysiagrass (Zoysia japonica)</td>
<td>0.234 – 0.350</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Dismiss NXT Herbicide has demonstrated tolerance on both cool and warm season turfgrasses. However, not all varieties have been evaluated. Turfgrass managers desiring to treat newly released varieties should first apply Dismiss NXT Herbicide to a small area prior to treatment of larger areas.

Treated turfgrass will recover with new growth. Discolored leaf tissue will be removed with mowing. To reduce potential for discoloration, do not apply Dismiss NXT Herbicide on turfgrass that is weakened by weather, mechanical, chemical, disease or other related stress. Maintain proper cultural practices such as adequate moisture and fertility levels to promote healthy turf growth.

**Application to reseeded, overseeded or sprigged areas:**

Reseeding, overseeding or sprigging of treated areas within one (1) month after application of this product could inhibit the establishment of desirable turfgrasses. Overseeding of bermudagrass with perennial ryegrass at two (2) to four (4) weeks after an application can be done if slight injury to perennial ryegrass can be tolerated.

Best results are obtained for reseeding or overseeding when mechanical or power seeding equipment (slit seeders) are used to give good seed to soil contact and proper soil cultivation, irrigation and fertilization practices are followed.

**Sod Production:**

This product may be applied to established sod. Allow sod to establish a good root system, a uniform stand and to fill in the exposed edges. It is recommended that sod be established for up to three (3) months before an application of Dismiss NXT Herbicide. Do not apply this product within three (3) months of harvest.

**Other Use Precautions/Restrictions:**

Do not apply to golf course putting greens, collars or tees.

Do not use on turfgrasses other than those listed on this label.

**Do not apply with surfactants unless previous experience has demonstrated combinations with surfactant to be physically compatible and non-injurious to the grass type in question.**

Do not graze or feed livestock forage cut from areas treated with Dismiss NXT Herbicide.

Do not apply directly to landscape ornamentals or ornamental beds.

Do not allow spray drift to contact landscape ornamentals, shrubs and trees.

It is not advisable to apply to turfgrasses under stress from drought, extreme temperature changes, disease or insect pressure, as turf damage may occur.

Temporary turfgrass discoloration has been observed when trinexapac-ethyl products have been either tank-mixed or applied within 7 days of a Dismiss NXT Herbicide application. It is recommended that trinexapac-ethyl applications be made 7 days prior to, or after Dismiss NXT Herbicide application to reduce risk of turfgrass discoloration.

**POSTEMERGENCE CONTROL OF GRASS AND BROADLEAF WEEDS**

When used as directed Dismiss NXT Herbicide will control or suppress the weeds listed in Table 2 when applied alone shortly after weeds have emerged. Apply Dismiss NXT Herbicide at rates from 5.1 to 15.25
fl oz/acre (0.117 to 0.350 fl oz./1,000 sq. ft.). Do not exceed the application rate specified for the turfgrass species in Table 1.

Table 2. Weeds Controlled or Suppressed by Dismiss NXT Herbicide

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Common Name</th>
<th>Scientific Name</th>
<th>Controlled</th>
<th>Suppressed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bittercress</td>
<td>(Cardamine spp.)</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Barnyardgrass</td>
<td>(Echinochloa crusgalli)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bedstraw</td>
<td>(Galium aparine L.)</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black medic</td>
<td>Medicago lupulina</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buttercups</td>
<td>(Rununculus spp.)</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buttonweed</td>
<td>(Malva neglecta Wallr)</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carolina Geranium</td>
<td>(Geranium carolinianum)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carpetweed</td>
<td>(Mollugo verticillata)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chickweed common</td>
<td>(Stellaria media)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chickweed mousear</td>
<td>(Cerastium vulgatum)</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cinquefoil</td>
<td>(Potentilla spp.)</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clover</td>
<td>(Trifolium spp.)</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crabgrass (Large and Smooth)</td>
<td>(Digitaria spp.)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cudweed</td>
<td>(Gnaphalium spp.)</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deergass</td>
<td>(Panicum cladestinum)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dallisgrass</td>
<td>(Paspalum dilatatum)</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dandelion</td>
<td>(Taraxacum officinale)</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dock, Curly</td>
<td>(Rumex crispus)</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dollar Weed</td>
<td>(Hydrocotyle spp.)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eclipta</td>
<td>(Eclipta spp.)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evening primrose</td>
<td>(Onoethera biennis)</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fiddleneck</td>
<td>(Amwinskia spp.)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Filaree</td>
<td>(Erodium spp.)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Florida Pusley</td>
<td>(Richarda Scabra)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foxtail Spp.</td>
<td>(Setaria spp.)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Goldenrod</td>
<td>(Solidago spp.)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Goosegrass</td>
<td>(Eleusine indica)</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ground Ivy</td>
<td>(Galechma hederacea)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Henbit</td>
<td>(Lamium amplexicalea)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Knotweed, prostrate</td>
<td>(Polygonum aviculare)</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kochia</td>
<td>(Kochia scoparia)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lambsquarters, common</td>
<td>(Chenopodium album)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lawn burweed</td>
<td>(Solviva pterosperma)</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lespedza common</td>
<td>(Lespedza striata)</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>London Rocket</td>
<td>(Sisybrum irox)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mallow, common</td>
<td>(Malva neglecta)</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Morningglory</td>
<td>(Ipomea spp.)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nutsedge, Yellow</td>
<td>(Cyperus esculentus)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parsley piet</td>
<td>(Alchemilla arvensis)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pigweed, Redroot</td>
<td>(Amaranthus retroflexus)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pigweed, Tumble</td>
<td>(Amaranthus albus)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pineapple weed</td>
<td>(Matricaria matricoides)</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plantain, broadleaf</td>
<td>(Plantago major)</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plantain, buckhorn</td>
<td>(Plantago lanceolata)</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Puncture weed*</td>
<td>(Tribulus terrestris)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Purslane common</td>
<td>(Portulaca oleracea)</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pusley, Florida</td>
<td>(Richardia scabra)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Redweed</td>
<td>(Melochia corchorifolia)</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Signalgrass, broadleaf</td>
<td>(Brachiaria platyphylla)</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Smartweed, Pennsylvania</td>
<td>(Polygonum pensylvanicum)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sorrel, Red</td>
<td>(Rumex acetosella)</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. Weeds are suppressed at lower label rates (<8.5 fl.oz/acre). For optimum control apply rates of at least 10.2 fl oz/acre in a single application. Do not exceed the application rate specified for the turf species in Table 1.

2. Dismiss NXT Herbicide controls this weed when applied postemergent to newly emerged weeds in the 1-4 leaf stage of development. Dismiss NXT Herbicide provides best control when applied to small activity growing weeds.

POSTEMERGENCE CONTROL OF ANNUAL AND PERENNIAL SEDGES

Dismiss NXT Herbicide will control or suppress sedges (Table 3) when applied at a rate of 5.1 to 15.25 floz/acre (0.117 to 0.350 fl oz./1,000 sq. ft.). Apply the highest rate consistent with the rate needed for turfgrass safety in Table 1. Rates lower than 10.2 fl oz/acre (0.234 fl oz./1,000 sq. ft.) will generally control sedges for up to 60 days. Yellow nutsedge (Cyperus esculentus) is the most susceptible sedge species.

Good spray coverage is needed for optimum control of sedges.

Table 3. Sedge species controlled or suppressed by Dismiss NXT Herbicide

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Common Name</th>
<th>Scientific Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Kyllinga, green</td>
<td>(Kyllinga brevifolia)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kyllinga, false green</td>
<td>(Kyllinga gracillima)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nutsedge, purple</td>
<td>(Cyperus rotundus)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nutsedge, yellow</td>
<td>(Cyperus esculentus)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sedge, globe</td>
<td>(Cyperus globulosus)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sedge, cylinder</td>
<td>(Cyperus retorsus)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sedge, Surinam</td>
<td>(Cyperus surinamensis)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sedge, Texas</td>
<td>(Cyperus polystachyos)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

Railroad Rights-of-Way

Dismiss NXT Herbicide can be used to control many weeds and maintain bare ground on railroad rights-of-way, including railroad yards, railroad crossings and railroad bridge abutments.

Highway, Roadside, Pipeline and Utility Rights-of-Way

Dismiss NXT Herbicide can be used to control many weeds and maintain bare ground in highway, roadside, pipeline and utility rights-of-way. Such areas would include, but are not limited to, guard rails, road shoulders, electric utility substations, pipeline pumping stations, around electric transmission towers, around distribution line poles and in other areas where complete vegetation control is desired.

Industrial Areas, Fence Rows and Other Non-crop Sites

Dismiss NXT Herbicide controls weeds and maintains bare ground in industrial areas including production facilities, tank farms, storage areas, parking areas, lumber yards, airports, military installations, along fence rows, and in similar non-crop sites where complete vegetation control is needed.

Method and Rate of Application

For residual control of germinating weeds in non-crop land, apply this product as a broadcast treatment at 10.25 to 15.25 fluid ounces (0.280 to 0.410 pounds active ingredient) per acre by ground in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray solution per acre. Applications may be made by helicopter on railroad rights-of-way only.

Use labeled rates of burndown herbicides such as glyphosate,
glyphosate - trisemis, dicam, 2,4-D, dicamba , etc. as tank mixtures with Dismiss NXT Herbicide. Use recommended adjuvants for the herbicide tank mix partner. For all products used in tank mixes, refer to the specific product labels for all restrictions on tank mixing and observe all label precautions, instructions and rotational cropping restrictions.

**Timing**

For best results, apply Dismiss NXT Herbicide alone or in combination with other herbicides for residual control of weeds in late summer, fall, or early spring to insure adequate moisture for soil activation.

**Weeds Controlled**

This product, when applied at 10.20 to 15.25 ounces per acre, will control the following weeds in non-cropland areas. Use the higher labeled rates to extend length of control. Use the higher rates on sites with fine soil textures and on sites with more than 2% organic matter.

Table 2. Weeds Controlled or Suppressed by Dismiss NXT Herbicide

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Common Name</th>
<th>Scientific Name</th>
<th>Controlled</th>
<th>Suppressed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bittercress</td>
<td>(Cardamine spp.)</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Barnyardgrass</td>
<td>(Echinochloa crusgalli)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bedstraw</td>
<td>(Galium aparine L.)</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black medic</td>
<td>(Medicago lupulina)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buttercups</td>
<td>(Ranunculus spp.)</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buttonweed</td>
<td>(Malva neglecta W allr)</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carolina Geranium</td>
<td>(Geranium carolinianum)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carpetweed</td>
<td>(Mollugo verticillata)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chickweed common</td>
<td>(Stellaria media)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chickweed mousear</td>
<td>(Cerastium vulgatum)</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cinquefoil*</td>
<td>(Potentilla spp.)</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clover</td>
<td>(Trifolium spp.)</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crabgrass (Large and Smooth)</td>
<td>(Digitaria spp.)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cudweed</td>
<td>(Gnaphalium spp.)</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deergrass</td>
<td>(Panicum cladsenium)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dallisgrass</td>
<td>(Paspalum dilatatum)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dandelion</td>
<td>(Taraxacum officinale)</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dock, Curly</td>
<td>(Rumex crispus)</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dollar Weed</td>
<td>(Hydrocotyle spp.)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eclipta</td>
<td>(Eclipta spp.)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evening primrose</td>
<td>(Oenothera biennis)</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fiddleneck</td>
<td>(Amsinckia spp.)</td>
<td>1</td>
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</tr>
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<td>Filaroe</td>
<td>(Erodium spp.)</td>
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<td>(Kochia scoparia)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Lambquaters, common</td>
<td>(Chenopodium album)</td>
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<td>Lawn burweed</td>
<td>(Soliva pterosperma)</td>
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<tr>
<td>London Rocket</td>
<td>(Sisymbium lino)</td>
<td>1</td>
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<td>(Malva neglecta)</td>
<td>2</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Morning glory</td>
<td>(Ipomea spp.)</td>
<td>1</td>
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<td>(Cyperus esculentus)</td>
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the return of the purchase price of the product or, at the election of FMC or seller, the replacement of
the product.

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