ROVRAL® brand 4 Flowable Fungicide
For Use as Seed Treatment on Carrot Seed
EPA Reg. No. 264-482
EPA SLN. No. WA-940006

24(c) Supplemental Label

FOR DISTRIBUTION AND USE ONLY WITHIN THE STATE OF WASHINGTON

This label for ROVRAL® brand 4 Flowable Fungicide expires and must not be distributed or used in accordance with this SLN registration after December 31, 2009.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. This label must be in the possession of the user at the time of pesticide application. Follow all applicable directions, restrictions, Worker Protection Standard requirements, and precautions on the EPA registered label. This label must be in the possession of the user at the time of the pesticide application.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CROP</th>
<th>INSECT</th>
<th>RATE</th>
<th>REMARKS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carrot seed treatment</td>
<td>Alternaria spp.</td>
<td>16 fl. oz / CWT</td>
<td>Apply ROVRAL® brand 4 Flowable Fungicide as a slurry with enough water to insure complete coating of the seed.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

RESTRICTIONS:

- Allow the treated seeds to dry thoroughly before packaging or planting.
- Do not apply more than 1 application to carrot seeds
- Do not use treated seed for any other purpose than planting.
- Since this product does not contain a dye, all seed treated with this product must be colored with an EPA approved dye (e.g. 40 CFR 180.1001) which imparts an unnatural color to the seed to help prevent the inadvertent use of treated seed for food, feed, or oil purposes.
- If applying this product adjacent to a water body such as a lake, reservoir, river, permanent stream, marsh or natural pond, estuary, or commercial fishpond, there must be at least a 25-foot buffer strip between the water body and the point of application.
- For use by commercial seed treaters.
- All carrot seed screenings shall be disposed of in such a way that they cannot be distributed or used for food or feed. The seed conditioner shall keep records of screening disposal for three years from the date of disposal and shall furnish the records to the WSDA forthwith upon request. Disposal records shall consist of documentation of on-farm disposal, disposal at a controlled dump site, incinerator, composter, or other equivalent disposal site and shall include the lot numbers, amount of material disposed of, the grower(s), and the date of disposal.
- No portion of the carrot seed plant, including but not limited to green chop, hay, pellets, meal, whole seed, cracked seed, roots, bulbs, leaves and seed screenings may be used or distributed for food or feed purposes.
- Carrot seed shall bear a tag or container label, which forbids use of the seed for human consumption or animal feed.
- Carrot seed may not be distributed for human consumption or animal feed.

This pesticide is toxic to invertebrates. ROVRAL® brand 4 flowable Fungicide should not be used under this SLN label where impact on listed threatened or endangered species is likely. You may refer to the WSDA Endangered Species Program website at http://agr.wa.gov/PestFert/EnvResources/EndangSpecies.htm, or contact the Washington Department of Fish & Wildlife, National Marine Fisheries Service (NOAA Fisheries) or US Fish & Wildlife Service for information aquatic species listed as threatened or endangered. Consult the federal label for additional restrictions and precautions to protect aquatic organisms.
Container Disposal Guidance: Pesticide containers must be properly cleaned prior to disposal. The best time to clean empty pesticide containers is during mixing and loading, because residue can be difficult to remove after it dries. Triple rinse (or pressure rinse) the pesticide container, empty all pesticide rinse water into the spray tank, and apply to a labeled crop or site. Recycling cleaned containers is the best method of container disposal. Information regarding the recycling of empty and cleaned plastic pesticide containers in Washington is available on the internet from WSU at http://pep.wsu.edu/waste/wd.html or from WSDA at http://agr.wa.gov/PestFert/Pesticides/WastePesticide.htm. Cleaned containers may also be disposed of in a sanitary landfill, if permitted by the county. Burning is not a legal method of container disposal in Washington.