Copper
(Bordeaux Modern Replacement)
Spray or Dust
Ready to Use

- Controls disease on potatoes, tomatoes, fruits, flowering shrubs and shade trees
- For Organic Gardening

EPA Est. No. 4-NY-1
EPA Reg. No. 4-58
ACTIVE INGREDIENT:
Copper (in Basic Copper Sulphate) 7.00%
OTHER INGREDIENTS 93.00%
TOTAL 100.00%

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
CAUTION
(See Back Panel for Additional Precautionary Statements)

Net Weight 1 LB. (.45 kg)
Packed by weight, not volume
COPPER DUST
Ready to use

Controls disease on potatoes, tomatoes, fruits, flowering shrubs and shade trees

For Organic Gardening

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION: Harmful if swallowed or inhaled. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Causes moderate eye irritation. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Prolonged or frequent repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS
This product is extremely toxic to fish and aquatic organisms. Do not apply directly to water. Runoff and drift from treated areas may be hazardous to fish and aquatic organisms in adjacent aquatic sites. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater.

FIRST AID

How to handle a poisoning case or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact the National Poison Information Center at 1-800-222-1222 for emergency medical treatment information.

If in Eyes:
- Rinse eye open and squeeze slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.
- Remove contact lenses if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If on Skin or Clothing:
- Wash contaminated clothing.
- Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If Swallowed:
- Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
- Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
- Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor.
- Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

FIRST AID (cont.)

If Inhaled:
- Move person to fresh air.
- If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance. From air or give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE — It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply to food crops within 1 day of harvest.

As a Dust: Control of disease depends upon thorough and complete application (a thin, uniform film) to both top and undersides of leaves. Small canisters may be used as a duster with partially crushing and rapidly squeezing the sides in upright position, or use a good pressure duster. Application when wind is very light or absent, usually early morning or evening, will prevent drift and loss of product to adjacent areas.

As a Spray: (Using hand or tank sprayer) — Consult spray chart on label. Add proper amount of water to equal amount of water strain, add remainder of water and spray — agitate sprayer to keep nozzle from plugging. Apply at same intervals as dust. Keep foliage covered, especially new growth.

As a general guide, use the lower rates when plants are small, and the higher rates when plants are well developed or disease conditions are severe.

*NOTE: This product is intended for small garden use only.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Crop</th>
<th>Diseases</th>
<th>When to Apply</th>
<th>Amount*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Azaleas, Begonias, Rhododendrons</td>
<td>Leaf blight, leaf scorch, leaf spot</td>
<td>Apply one or two times in early spring before growth begins.</td>
<td>4% oz. per gal. of water</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chrysanthemums</td>
<td>Botrytis blight, downy mildew, leaf spots</td>
<td>Begins to apply before diseases appear. Repeat at 7-10 day intervals and after rains.</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peonies</td>
<td>Leaf spot</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Roses</td>
<td>Anthracnose, black spot, downy and powdery mildew, leaf spot, stem canker</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peas</td>
<td>Brown needle blight</td>
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<tr>
<td>Knappeas</td>
<td>Anthracnose, downy mildew, early leaf blight</td>
<td>Begin in plant bud before disease appears.</td>
<td>2% - 3% oz. per gal. of water</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spinach</td>
<td>Anthracnose, bacterial leaf spot, downy mildew, powdery mildew, white rust</td>
<td>Begin when plants are 4-6 in. high. Repeat at 7-10 day intervals.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peppers</td>
<td>Anthracnose, bacterial spot, early blight</td>
<td>Start sprays in seedbeds and continue in field at 7 day intervals. Notice: Disease control is critical during flowering.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tomatoes</td>
<td>Early and late blight</td>
<td>Begin to apply when flowers are 4-6 in. high. Repeat at 7-10 day intervals.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Garlic</td>
<td>Brown rot, blossom blight, leaf spot</td>
<td>Apply in late bud to prevent blossom blight.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Pears</td>
<td>Scab, leaf blight</td>
<td>Begin in first 3 cover sprays.</td>
<td></td>
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</table>

**Crop**

**Diseases**

**When to Apply**

**Amount***

Tomatoes: Early and late blight, anthracnose, bacterial leaf spot, leaf spot, egg/hell red, Septoria and Botrytis leaf mold
Grapes: Anthracnose, black rot, downy mildew
Strawberries: Leaf spot, downy mildew, leaf blight, leaf scorch
Apples: Anthracnose, bitter rot, black rot, blight, powdery mildew
Almonds, Apricots, Cherries: Brown rot, blossom blight, leaf spot, stem blight
Pears: Scab, leaf blight
Arboreta, Oaks: Blight, leaf spot