Grass Getter®

Kills Weedy Grasses Without Injuring Desirable Plants

Active Ingredient:
Sethoxydim: 2-[1-(ethoxyimino)butyl]-5-[2-(ethylthio)propyl]-3-hydroxy-2-cyclohexen-1-one**........18.0%
Other Ingredients............................ 82.0%
Total..............................................100.0%

**Equivalent to 0.19 pounds sethoxydim per pint.
Contains petroleum distillate.

EPA Reg. No. 7969-58-54705
EPA Est. No. 48498-CA-01

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
WARNING/AVISO See Attached Booklet for Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use

NET CONTENTS: 1 PINT/473.16 mL  BASF-022510  039706710(03)
GRASS GETTER®
Postemergence Grass Herbicide

- Intended for residential/homeowner use on and around Flowers, Evergreens, Ornamental Groundcovers, Bedding Plants, Shrubs, Trees, Fruits*, Vegetables* (*See Table 2. Fruits and Vegetables for specific crops).
- Controls: Bermudagrass, crabgrass, foxtail, quackgrass and many other weedy grasses.

ATTENTION: This product contains naphthalene which is a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Manufactured for:
LAWN AND GARDEN PRODUCTS, INC.
P.O. Box 35000 • Fresno, CA 93745
(559) 499-2100 • info@montereylawngarden.com

NET CONTENTS: 1 PINT / 473.16 mL
**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN**

**WARNING/AVISO**
Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

**FIRST AID**

| If In Eyes:          | • Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water 15 to 20 minutes.  
                      | • Remove contact lenses, if present, after first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.  
                      | • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| If On Skin Or Clothing: | • Take off contaminated clothing.  
                          | • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes.  
                          | • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. |
| If Swallowed:        | • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.  
                      | • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.  
                      | • Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center.  
                      | • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. |

**HOT LINE NUMBER**

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact the National Pesticide Information Center at 1-800-858-7378 for emergency medical treatment information.

**NOTE TO PHYSICIAN:** Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage. Contains petroleum distillate. Vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia.
PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
Hazards to Humans & Domestic Animals

**Warning:** Causes substantial but temporary eye injury. Causes skin irritation. Harmful if absorbed through skin or swallowed. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wear long-sleeved shirt, long pants, chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material, protective eyewear, shoes, and socks. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

**ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**
This product is toxic to aquatic organisms. To protect the environment, do not allow pesticide to enter or run off into storm drains, drainage ditches, gutters or surface waters. Applying this product in calm weather when rain is not predicted for the next 24 hours will help to ensure that wind or rain does not blow or wash pesticide off the treatment area. Rinsing application equipment over the treated area will help avoid run off to water bodies or drainage systems.

**ENDANGERED SPECIES CONCERNS**
The use of any pesticide in a manner that may kill or otherwise harm an endangered or threatened species or adversely modify their habitat is a violation of Federal law. This pesticide is toxic to vascular plants and should be used strictly in accordance with drift precautions on this label in order to minimize off-site exposures.

**PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS**
**COMBUSTIBLE. DO NOT** use or store near heat or open flame.

**DIRECTIONS FOR USE**
It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any
requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation. READ ENTIRE LABEL FOR DIRECTIONS FOR USE AND PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS.

GRASS GETTER is a selective systemic grass killer to eliminate existing weedy grasses growing in and around plant beds, landscapes, and individual shrubs and trees. (See Tolerant Plants). GRASS GETTER can be used through a hose-end sprayer according to the directions of the sprayers being used or through a tank-type sprayer.

GRASS GETTER can also be used around listed fruit and vegetable areas (see Table 2) wherever listed weedy grasses occur. Use only tank type sprayers.

WEEDY GRASSES CONTROLLED: GRASS GETTER kills most annual and hard-to-kill perennial grasses up to 1 foot high, including the following examples, in one or two applications. Younger, actively growing seedling weeds are more easily killed than older, mature, well-established grassy weeds that may require a repeat application for control. Adding oil concentrate may help control grassy weeds.

Barnyardgrass  Orchardgrass, Seedling
Bermudagrass  Quackgrass
Broadleaf Signalgrass  Tall Fescue, Seedling
Crabgrass, (Large, Smooth)  Texas Panicum
Fall Panicum  Shattercane/Wildcane
Foxtails (Giant, Green, Yellow)  Wild Proso Millet
Goosegrass  Wiestem Muhly
Johnsongrass  Witchgrass
(Seedling, Rhizome)  Woolly cupgrass
Junglerice
Lovegrass

Note: This product does not control sedge (including nutseedge or nutgrass), annual bluegrass, or broadleaf weeds. Red fescue, chewings fescue, hard fescue, and dichondra turfs are also tolerant to GRASS GETTER.
APPLICATION TIMING: Apply when grassy weeds are actively growing, not exceeding the minimum of days from application to harvest when used on vegetables and fruits. Warm sunny weather will accelerate systemic movement from leaves and stems down to the roots to give complete kill. Do not mow or cut off tops of weeds before spraying. Do not apply if rainfall is expected within one hour following application. Growth of treated grasses stops soon after application. Grass turns yellow and dies within one to three weeks depending on the grass species, stage of growth and weather conditions. Cool weather, drought and heat stress slow activity.

TABLE 1. GRASS GETTER AND OIL CONCENTRATE DILUTION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Water to be Used (gallons)</th>
<th>Amount of Grass Getter®</th>
<th>Amount of Oil Concentrate*</th>
<th>Coverage In Square Feet</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fluid Ounces</td>
<td>Table-spoons</td>
<td>Fluid Ounces</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

One gallon of spray will treat 1,800 square feet. *To prevent leaf burn of desirable plants, do not use oil concentrate when comfort index (temperature °F + humidity) exceeds 150.

HOSE-END SPRAYER APPLICATION

Water Dilution/Premixing Not Needed

Determine the area to treat in square feet. Pour 1 fluid ounce GRASS GETTER and 1 fluid ounce oil concentrate in the hose-end sprayer bottle for each 1800 square feet to be treated. Apply 1 fluid ounce per gallon. After application, wash the sprayer with a dilute soap solution and rinse according to the sprayer instructions.
**Water Dilution/Premixing Needed**

Some hose-end applicators recommend premixing liquid products with water before pouring into the sprayer bottle. Read the hose-end sprayer instructions for treatments at 1 fluid ounce per 1800 square feet. Clean the sprayer after use according to the sprayer instructions.

**TANK SPRAYER APPLICATION**

Mix 1 fluid ounce GRASS GETTER plus 1 fluid ounce oil concentrate per 1 gallon water; spray to just wet the unwanted weedy grasses. One gallon of spray will treat 1800 square feet. Wash sprayer by flushing soapy water through the sprayer.

**IMPORTANT:** For spot treating grassy weeds near lawns and around sensitive plants, a tank-type sprayer is recommended. Spray carefully to avoid spray or drift contact with desirable plants. If drift occurs, wash foliage immediately with water.

**FLOWERS, BEDDING PLANTS, EVERGREENS, SHRUBS, TREES AND ORNAMENTAL GROUNDCOVERS:** GRASS GETTER may be applied over the top of desirable plants infested by weedy grasses, or as a directed spray to weedy grasses at labeled rates. **Do not** exceed dosage rate per gallon of spray. Most ornamental species tested have been found tolerant to GRASS GETTER (see Tolerant Plants list). However, use with caution around the following plants as they may be damaged if spray contacts foliage: Azaleas (var. snow), Japanese Privet, Potentilla, Snow in Summer, Red Oak, White Oak, and ornamental grass.

GRASS GETTER may also be used on the following non-bearing food plants. **Do not** apply within 1 year of harvest.

- Avocados
- Olives
- Pomegranates
- Dates
- Plums
- Prunes
- Figs
FRUITS AND VEGETABLES (Use Only with Tank Type Sprayers):
Use GRASS GETTER on the fruits and vegetables listed in Table 2. Fruits and Vegetables. Apply on and around tolerant fruits and vegetables with a tank-type sprayer only. A second application may be made to all listed fruits and vegetables except peanut and strawberry.

The quantities presented in Table 1. GRASS GETTER (CONCENTRATE) AND OIL CONCENTRATE DILUTION do not exceed the registered rates for the fruits and vegetables listed. Do not exceed the quantities presented.

Table 2. FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CROP</th>
<th>Minimum time from last application to harvest (days)</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Apple</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Apricot</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Artichoke (California Only)</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asparagus</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beans, dry</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beans, green</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beet (garden)</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blackberry</td>
<td>45</td>
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<tr>
<td>Blueberry</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Broccoli</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cabbage</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cantaloupe</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carrots</td>
<td>30</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cauliflower</td>
<td>30</td>
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<tr>
<td>Celery</td>
<td>30</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cherries (sweet and sour)</td>
<td>25</td>
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<tr>
<td>Citrus</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crabapple</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cranberries1</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cucumber</td>
<td>14</td>
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<tr>
<td>Eggplant</td>
<td>20</td>
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<tr>
<td>Endive (Florida only)</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CROP</td>
<td>Minimum time from last application to harvest (days)</td>
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<tr>
<td>--------------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grape</td>
<td>50</td>
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<tr>
<td>Horseradish</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lentils¹</td>
<td>50</td>
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<tr>
<td>Lettuce, head</td>
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<tr>
<td>Lettuce, leaf</td>
<td>15</td>
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<tr>
<td>Loganberry</td>
<td>45</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mint</td>
<td>20</td>
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<tr>
<td>Muskmelon</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Onion, garlic</td>
<td>30</td>
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<tr>
<td>Peach</td>
<td>25</td>
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<tr>
<td>Peanut²</td>
<td>40</td>
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<tr>
<td>Pear</td>
<td>14</td>
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<tr>
<td>Peas, green</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peas, dry</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pepper</td>
<td>20</td>
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<tr>
<td>Potato</td>
<td>30</td>
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<tr>
<td>Pumpkin</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quince</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Raspberry</td>
<td>45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spinach</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Squash (all)</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Strawberry²</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tomato</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tree Nuts</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Watermelon</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

¹Not for use in California
²Use no more than one (1) application per season. Up to 2 applications per season may be made on all other plants.
TOLERANT PLANTS

Trees
Listed by common name

Acacia, Knife Leaf
Arborvitae, Eastern (var. Teehny)
Arborvitae, Berkmans, Oriental
Ash, Green
Ash, Mountain
Ash, White
Basswood, American
Berkmans, Oriental
Birch
Birch, Asian White (var. Japonica)
Birch, European White
Birch, paper
Birch, River, Black or Red
Black Locust
Bottle-brush
Bottle Tree
Brisbane Box Tree
Cajeput Tree
Carob Tree
Carrot Wood
Catalpa, Southern
Cherry, Black
Cherry, Carolina
Crabapple, Flowering (var. Dalgo, Radiant, Red Splendor, Royalty, Vanguard, Sylvestris, Domestic)
Cypress, False
Cypress, Leyland
Cypress, Italian
Dogwood, Flowering
Dogwood, Silky
Dogwood, Pagoda
Elm, Chinese Evergreen
Trees
Listed by common name (continued)

- Eucalyptus
- Fir
- Fir, Douglas
- Fir, Frasier
- Fir, White
- Goldenrain Tree
- Guava
- Guava, Pineapple
- Gum, Blue
- Gum, Lemon-scented
- Gum, Red Box
- Hackberry, Common
- Hemlock, Canadian
- Holly, Chinese (var. Bufordii, Rotunda)
- Holly, Hybrid (var. Nellie Stevens)
- Holly, Japanese (var. Convexa, Compacta, Helleri, Hoogendorn)
- Holly, Yaupon
- Ironbark, Red
- Jacaranda
- Kentucky Coffee Tree
- Larch, European
- Laurel, Indian
- Linden
- Linden, Littleleaf
- Locust, Honey
- Loquat
- Magnolia, Southern
- Maple, Red
- Maple, Japanese
- Maple, Silver
- Mimosa Tree
- Myoporum
- New Zealand Christmas Tree
- Oak
- Oak, Water
Trees
Listed by common name (continued)

Oak, Willow
Olive Tree
Olive, Russian
Orchid Tree, Purple
Osage Orange
Palm, Mediterranean fan
Palm, Pygmy Date
Palm, Queen
Palm, Sago
Palm, Windmill
Palo Verde, Green
Paulownia, Royal
Pear, Common
Pear, Evergreen
Pear, Ussurian
Pepper, Brazilian
Pine, Aleppo
Pine, Austrian
Pine, Canary Island
Pine, Caribbean Slash
Pine, Italian Stone
Pine, Jack
Pine, Japanese Black
Pine, Loblolly
Pine, Mugo
Pine, Ponderosa, Western Yellow
Pine, Red
Pine, Scotch
Pine, Shore
Pine, Slash
Pine, Southern
Pine, Virginia
Pine, White (*Pinus parviflora*)
Pine, White (*Pinus strobus*)
Pine, Yew
Plum, Wild
Trees
Listed by common name (continued)
Poplar, Hybrid
Poplar, Yellow, Tulip Tree
Purpleleaf, Bailey Acacia
Redwood, Coast
Sandcherry, Western
Sensitive Plant
Silktree
Spruce, Black Halls (var. Densata)
Spruce, Colorado Blue
Spruce, Norway
Spruce, White
Strawberry Tree
Sumac, Standard, African
Sweet Gum
Sycamore
Tea Tree, Australian
Tipu Tree
Walnut, Black
Weeping Fig, Exotica
Willow
Willow, Australian
Willow, Desert
Willow, Peppermint
Yate, Bushy
Yew, English

Shrubs
Listed by common name
Abelia, Glossy
Acacia, Bailey
Acacia, Knife Leaf
Acacia, Prostrate
Acacia Sydney Golden Wattle
Andromeda
Arborvitae, Oriental
Arrowwood, Southern
Shrubs
Listed by common name (continued)

Azalea, Mollis hybrid
Azalea, Northern lights hybrid
Bamboo, Heavenly
Barberry, Japanese
Barberry, Korean
Barberry, Redleaf
Bird of Paradise Bush
Bluebeard
Boxwood, Common
Boxwood African
Boxwood, Japanese (var. Japonica)
Buckthorn, Glossy, Alder
Camellia
Cedar, Eastern Red (var. Pyramidiformus canearti)
Cherry, Brush
Cherry, Manchu
Chokecherry sp.
Copper Plant, Caribbean
Cotoneaster, Bearberry
Cotoneaster, Cranberry
Cotoneaster, Peking
Coyote Bush
Cranberry Bush, American
Cranberry Bush, Golden
Crape Myrtle
Current, Alpine
Dogwood, Red Osier
Elaeagnus
Escallonia
Euonymus
Euonymus, Evergreen (var. Golden, Silver King)
Euonymus, Winged
Fig, Creeping
Firethorn
Forsythia, Greenstem
Flax, New Zealand
Shrubs
Listed by common name (continued)

Fuchsia, Australian
Gardenis (var. Mystery, Radicans)
Gardenia Dwarf (var. Veitchii)
Gold Vine, Guinea
Hakea
Hawthorn, Indian
Hibiscus, Blue
Hibiscus, Chinese
Holly, Dwarf Burford
Honeysuckle, Bush
Honeysuckle, Cape
Hydrangea
Jasmine, Asiatic
Jasmine, Orange
Jasmine, Star
Jasmine, Winter
Jessamine, Carolina
Jojoba
Juniper, Chinese (var. Maneyi, Old Gold, Pfitzeriana,
    Sea Green, Hetzii, Nana, Torulosa, Pfitzerana Aurea,
    Pfitzer, Golden Pfitzer)
Juniper, Creeping (var. Bluechip, Huges, Plumosa,
    Prince of Wales, Webberi, Wiltonii, Bar Harbor, Andorra,
    Variegata, Youngstown Blue Rug)
Juniper, Ozark
Juniper, Rocky Mountain (var. Blue Heaven, Welchii,
    Wishita Blue, Medova, Moffet, Pyamidas, Green,
    Springtime, Admiral)
Juniper, Savin (var. Skandia, Arcadia, Broadmoor,
    Buffalo, Pepin)
Juniper, Shore (var. Compacta)
Juniper, Tam (var. Tamariseifolia)
Lantana, Purple Trailing
Laurustinus
Lemonade Sumad
Lilac, Common Purple
Shrubs

Listed by common name (continued)

Liriope, Green
Liriope, Variegated
Mickey Mouse Bush
Mirror Plant, Creeping
Mock Orange
Mountain Lilac, Carmel Creeper
Myrtle, Dwarf
Nandina, Heavenly Bamboo
Nannyberry
Ninebark
Ninebark (var. Aureus)
Oleander
Orchid, Rockrose
Oregon Grape
Osmanthus, Holly-leaf
Osmanthus, Sweet Olive
Palm, Natal (var. Green Carpet Tuttle)
Pampas Grass
Photinia
Photinia, Fraser
Pinklady
Pink Powder Puff
Pittosporum, Variegated Japanese
Plumbago, Cape
Podocarpus, Yew
Princess Flower
Privet
Privet, Glossy (var. Lake Tresca)
Privet, Japanese, Waxwood
Privet, Texas
Purple Hop Bush
Pyracantha
Rhododendron – Azalea (var.
  Hinocrimson, Hershey Red, Coral Blue, Hinodigiri,
  Christmas Cheer, Pink Ruffle, Formosa Flame,
  Delaware Valley White, New White)
Shrubs
Listed by common name (continued)
Sandcherry, Purpleleaf
Serviceberry, Allegheny
Serviceberry, Saskatoon (var. Regent)
Silver King
Sky Flower, Brazilian
Snowball Bush
Spindle Tree
Spirea
Spirea (var. Anthony Waterer, Frobellii, Goldflame)
Spirea (var. Fairy Queen)
Spirea (var. Snowbound)
Star Plant, Lavender
Tea Tree, Australian
Tea Tree, New Zealand (var. Red Glow)
Texas Ranger
Toyoin, California Holly
Trumpet Vine, Pink
Veronica (var. Coed)
Viburnum, Japanese
Viburnum, Sandankwa
Wayfaring Tree
Weeping Fig, Exotica
Wheelers Dwarf, Variegated (var. Wheller)
Yellow Bells
Yesterday-Today-and-Tomorrow
Yew

Ornamentals, Bedding Plants
Listed by common name
Alyssum
Asparagus, Myers (var. Meyeri)
Asparagus, Sprenger (var. Sprengeri)
Aster, New York
Aster, Stokes (var. Blue, White)
Baby’s Breath (var. Bristo Fairy)
Begonia
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ornamentals, Bedding Plants</th>
<th>Listed by common name (continued)</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bellflower, Tussock (var. Canterbury Bells)</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Bittersweet, American</td>
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<tr>
<td>Black-eyed Susan (var. Goldilocks)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bleeding Heart</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bower Vine</td>
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<tr>
<td>Butterfly Weed</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cactus, Barrel</td>
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<tr>
<td>Candytuff</td>
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<td>Canna</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Cassia, Feathery</td>
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<tr>
<td>Chrysanthemum Marguarite</td>
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<td>Cockscomb</td>
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<tr>
<td>Coleus</td>
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<tr>
<td>Coneflower, Purple (var. Gloriosa Dairy)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Coral Bells</td>
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<tr>
<td>Coreopsis (var. Sunray)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cup of Gold Vine</td>
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<tr>
<td>Daffodil</td>
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<td>Dahlia</td>
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<tr>
<td>Daisy Bush</td>
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<tr>
<td>Daisy Bush, Blue</td>
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<tr>
<td>Daisy, Shasta (var. Alaska)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Daylily</td>
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<tr>
<td>Dianthus</td>
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<tr>
<td>Dragonhead, False</td>
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<tr>
<td>Dusty Miller</td>
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<tr>
<td>Fern, Sprenger Asparagus</td>
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<tr>
<td>Fescue, Blue</td>
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<tr>
<td>Flowering tobacco</td>
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<tr>
<td>Fountain Grass, Red</td>
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<tr>
<td>Gazania</td>
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<tr>
<td>Geranium</td>
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<tr>
<td>Geranium, Martha Washington</td>
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<tr>
<td>Gerbera Daisy</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Geum (var. Lady Strathedon, Mrs. Bradshaw, Mrs. Bradshaw Improved)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Ornamentals, Bedding Plants
Listed by common name (continued)

Gladiolus
Heather, False
Honeysuckle, Amar
Honeysuckle, Fly (var. Emerald Mound, Clavey's Dwarf)
Honeysuckle, Japanese
Honeysuckle, Morrow
Honeysuckle, Tatarian (var. Zabeli)
Hopseed Bush, Purple
Impatiens
Iris
Iris, African
Ivy, Grape (var. Ellen Danica)
Jack-in-the-Pulpit
Jade Plant
Jasmine, Madagascar
Lamb's Ear
Lavender, English
Lavender, French
Lavender, Cotton
Lilac Chinese
Lilac, Common Purple (var. Charles Joly, Ludwig Spaeth, Jay Tree)
Lilac, Meyer (var. Palibin)
Lilac, Korean (var. Miss Kim)
Lilac, Mountain
Lily-of-the-Nile, Peter Pan
Lily-of-the-Valley
Lobelia
Marigold
Mirror Plant
Mirror Plant, Variegated
Moneywort, Creeping Jenny
Moss, Rose
Moss, Sandwort
Pansy, Johnny-Jump-Up
Pepper, Ornamental
Ornamentals, Bedding Plants
Listed by common name (continued)

Periwinkle, Madagascar
Petunia
Phlox, Perennial
Plantain Lily
Purple Loosestrife (var. Morden’s Gleam)
Raspberry Ice
Sage
Sea Pinks, Thrift
Sedum, Stonecrop
Shrimpplant
Sky Flower, Brazilian
Snail Vine
Snapdragon
Speedwell, Spike
Statice, Perennial
Stock
Sweetgrass
Sweet William
Transvaal Daisy
Trumpet Vine, Blood red
Trumpet Vine, Lavender
Trumpet Vine, Pink
Tulip
Verbena
Wandering Jew
Wisteria
Yarrow (var. Cerise Queen)
Yarrow, Debutant
Yellow Trumpet
Zinnia

Ground Covers
Listed by common name

Aaron’s Beard
Aptenia (var. Red Apple)
Bergenia, Winter-blooming
Ground Covers
Listed by common name (continued)

Bugleweed
Capeweed
Carpathian, Harebell
Cinquefoil, Spring
Coyote Brush (var. Twin Peaks)
Crown Vetch
Cushion Bush
Daisy, Trailing African, Freeway
Daisy, White African
Gazania, Trailing
Green Carpet
Ivy, Algerian
Ivy, Boston
Ivy, English
Ivy, Grape (var. Ellen Danica)
Ivy, Hahn’s (var. Hahnii)
Lantana, Lavender
Lily Turf, Big Blue
Lippia
Mondo Grass
Myoporum (var. Prostratum)
Pachysandra
Periwinkle
Plumbago, Dwarf
Pork and Beans
Rosea Ice Plant
Rosemary, Dwarf (var. Prostratus)
Rupture Wort
St. Johnswort, Creeping
Stonecrop, Sedum
Verbena
Verbena, Blue
STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store unused product in original container only, out of reach of children and animals. Never transfer this product to another container for storage.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Nonrefillable container. DO NOT reuse or refill this container. If empty: Offer for recycling if available. If partly filled: Call your local solid waste agency for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.

NOTICE: Buyer assumes all liability, including personal injury and property damage which may result from the use of this product in a manner inconsistent with labeling directions. If these terms are not acceptable, return at once unopened.

CONDITIONS OF SALE AND WARRANTY

The Directions For Use of this product reflect the opinion of experts based on field use and tests. The directions are believed to be reliable and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or use of the product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling, all of which are beyond the control of Lawn and Garden Products, Inc. or the Seller. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by the Buyer.

Lawn and Garden Products, Inc. warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes referred to in the Directions For Use, subject to the inherent risks referred to above. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, LAWN AND GARDEN PRODUCTS, INC. MAKES NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF FITNESS OR MERCHANTABILITY OR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY.
TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, BUYER’S EXCLUSIVE REMEDY AND LAWN AND GARDEN PRODUCTS’ EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, TORT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY, OR OTHERWISE, SHALL BE LIMITED TO REPAYMENT OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT.

TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, LAWN AND GARDEN PRODUCTS, INC. AND THE SELLER DISCLAIM ANY LIABILITY FOR CONSEQUENTIAL, EXEMPLARY, SPECIAL OR INDIRECT DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT.

Lawn and Garden Products, Inc. and the Seller offer this product, and the Buyer and User accept it, subject to the foregoing Conditions of Sale and Warranty which may be varied only by agreement in writing signed by a duly authorized representative of Lawn and Garden Products, Inc.
GRASS GETTER®
Postemergence Grass Herbicide

Active Ingredient:
Sethoxydim: 2-[1-(ethoxyimino) butyl]-5-
[2-(ethylthio)propyl]-3-hydroxy-2-
cyclohexen-1-one**  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  . 18.0%
Other Ingredients  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  82.0%
Total:  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  . 100.0%

**Equivalent to 1.5 pounds sethoxydim per gallon.
Contains petroleum distillate.
*Grass Getter is a registered trademark of Lawn and Garden Products, Inc.

ATTENTION: This product contains naphthalene which is a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Manufactured for:
LAWN AND GARDEN PRODUCTS, INC.
P.O. Box 35000 • Fresno, CA 93745
(559) 499-2100 • info@montereylawngarden.com

NET CONTENTS: 1 PINT / 473.16 mL

PROOF
THIS PROOF IS TO BE CHECKED FOR ACCURACY
Please review and approve Text, Spelling, Copy Placement, Size, Shape, Colors, Unwind, and Dieline. Authorized signature accepts responsibility for accuracy of all copy, color break and artwork. Cimarron Label is not liable for any discrepancies subsequently identified.

PLEASE NOTE: Due to color variance between printers/monitors, the colors represented by this proof cannot be deemed accurate. Please refer to a color matching system such as the Pantone Matching System for a truer representation of spot colors. THIS PROOF IS NOT ACCURATE FOR COLOR-MATCH.

WE CANNOT PROCESS THIS ORDER WITHOUT AN AUTHORIZED SIGNATURE

ARTWORK IS APPROVED
REVISED PROOF NEEDED

Signed ____________________________
Date _____________

Please Return To:

cimarron
4201 North Westport Avenue, Sioux Falls, South Dakota 57107
Phone: (605) 978-0451 • Fax: (605) 978-0463

PROOF DATE: July 22, 2010
CUSTOMER: MONTEREY CHEMICAL
JOB NUMBER: 49001
LABEL SIZE: 4.0” x 3.0”
LEAFLET FLAT SIZE: 4.0” x 4.5”
LEAFLET FOLDED SIZE: 4.0” x 2.25”
LABEL COLORS: BLACK Varnish

Please indicate the correct unwind position

Unwind Positions

Wound Outside

Head-Off

Foot-Off

Right-Off

Left-Off

COPY

Wound Inside

Head-Off

Foot-Off

Right-Off

Left-Off

COPY

dieline does not print

LEAFLET “IN” COLORS: BLACK

LEAFLET “OUT” COLORS: BLACK