FOR DISTRIBUTION AND USE ONLY WITHIN THE STATE OF WASHINGTON

Fulfill® Insecticide
For Control of Certain Aphids on Listed Vegetable Crops Grown For Seed

EPA Reg. No. 100-912
EPA SLN No. WA-000017

This label for Fulfill expires and must not be distributed or used in accordance with this SLN registration after December 31, 2020

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

- It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.
- This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of application.
- Follow all applicable directions, restrictions, Worker Protection Standard requirements, and precautions on the EPA-registered label.
- Read and understand Syngenta’s Special Conditions, Risks of Use and Disclaimer for Use before using Fulfill on listed Vegetable Crops Grown for Seed on this SLN label.

Fulfill is a selective insecticide for the control of certain aphid species in listed vegetable crops grown for seed. Fulfill works primarily by ingestion, but also has some contact activity. Affected aphids stop feeding shortly after exposure, but may remain on the plant foliage until they die, which is usually within 2-7 days.

Apply Fulfill to the Following Vegetable Crops When Grown for Seed Only
Arugula; Beet; Broccoli raab; Brussels sprouts; Cabbage; Carrot; Cauliflower; Chinese Cabbage; Chinese kale; Chinese mustard; Collard; Endive; Kale; Kohlrabi; Lettuce; Mustard; Parsley; Parsnip; Radish (other than daikon); Rapse; Rutabaga; Spinach; Spinach mustard; Swiss chard; Turnip.

Crop and Pests
Apply Fulfill to the listed vegetable crops for control of aphid pests including green peach aphid, pea aphid, cabbage aphid, turnip aphid, and potato aphid.

Application Rate and Timing
Apply Fulfill as a foliar application at a rate of 2.75 oz/A when aphids first appear, before populations build to damaging levels. A second application may be made to manage persistent aphid populations.
Application Method and Concentration
Thorough spray coverage of plant foliage is essential for optimum control. Apply in sufficient water to ensure good coverage; use a minimum of 5 gals/A when applied by air and a minimum of 10 gals/A when applied by ground. The addition of a penetrating type spray adjuvant, at the manufacturer’s suggested rate, is recommended to provide optimum coverage and penetration.

Restrictions/Precautions:
- Pollinator Protection: When crops or broadleaf weeds are blooming apply between late evening and early morning only (between 6PM and 7AM).
- Do not apply more than 2.75 oz/A per application.
- Do not exceed a total of 5.5 oz/A per crop per year
- Allow a minimum of 7 days between applications
- Allow a minimum of 14 days (PHI) between the last application and harvest.
- The restricted entry interval (REI) is 12 hours.
- Chemigation: For use under this SLN label do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

Crops Grown for Seed Restrictions/Precautions
1. All arugula; beet; broccoli raab; Brussels sprouts; cabbage; carrot; cauliflower; Chinese cabbage; Chinese kale; Chinese mustard; collard; endive; kale; kohlrabi; lettuce; mustard; parsley; parsnip; radish (other than daikon); rape; rutabaga; spinach; spinach mustard; Swiss chard; turnip seed screenings shall be disposed of in such a way that they cannot be distributed or used for human food or animal feed. The seed conditioner shall keep records of screening disposal for three years from the date of disposal and shall furnish the records to the director immediately upon request. Conditioner disposal records shall consist of documentation of on-farm disposal, disposal at a controlled dumpsite, incinerator, composter or other equivalent disposal site and shall include the lot numbers, amount of material disposed of, the grower(s), and the date of disposal.
2. No portion of the arugula; beet; broccoli raab; Brussels sprouts; cabbage; carrot; cauliflower; Chinese cabbage; Chinese kale; Chinese mustard; collard; endive; kale; kohlrabi; lettuce; mustard; parsley; parsnip; radish (other than daikon); rape; rutabaga; spinach; spinach mustard; Swiss chard; turnip seed plant, including but not limited to green chop, hay, pellets, meal, whole seed, cracked seed, roots, bulbs, leaves and seed screenings may be used or distributed for food or feed purposes.
3. Arugula; beet; broccoli raab; Brussels sprouts; cabbage; carrot; cauliflower; Chinese cabbage; Chinese kale; Chinese mustard; collard; endive; kale; kohlrabi; lettuce; mustard; parsley; parsnip; radish (other than daikon); rape; rutabaga; spinach; spinach mustard; Swiss chard; turnip seed shall bear a tag or container label, which forbids use of the seed for human consumption or animal feed.
4. Arugula; beet; broccoli raab; Brussels sprouts; cabbage; carrot; cauliflower; Chinese cabbage; Chinese kale; Chinese mustard; collard; endive; kale; kohlrabi; lettuce; mustard; parsley; parsnip; radish (other than daikon); rape; rutabaga; spinach; spinach mustard; Swiss chard; turnip seed may not be distributed for human consumption or animal feed.

WSDA Container Disposal Guidance: Pesticide containers must be properly cleaned prior to disposal. The best time to clean empty pesticide containers is during mixing and loading, because residue can be difficult to remove after it dries. Triple rinse (or pressure rinse) the pesticide container, empty all pesticide rinse water into the spray tank, and apply to a labeled crop or site. Recycling cleaned containers is the best method of container disposal. Information
regarding the recycling of empty and cleaned plastic pesticide containers in Washington is available on the WSDA Waste Pesticide Program web site at: http://agr.wa.gov/PestFert/Pesticides/WastePesticide.aspx. Cleaned containers may also be disposed of in a sanitary landfill, if permitted by the county. Burning is not a legal method of container disposal in Washington.

24(c) Registrant:
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