Crabgrass Preventer

with 2% Team* Herbicide (Dispersible Granules)

Suggested Sprayer Settings

These Suggested Sprayer Settings are typically used to achieve consistent results. For best performance, we recommend the following settings:

SPREADER SPREADER SPREADER
GROUND GROUND GROUND
SPACE SPACE SPACE
PER FOOT PER FOOT PER FOOT
Low 3 m 13 feet 430
Medium 3.5 m 11 feet 560
High 4 m 13 feet 700

Thorns Scientific (2003) 0.45 m 1.5 feet 180

Amount of active ingredient per acre:

- 1.65 lbs.
- 1.33 lbs.
- 2.00 lbs.
- 0.67 lbs.
- 1.00 lbs.

Applying this product every year in the spring greatly improves winter growth. A product that is applied in the fall will not prevent crabgrass from becoming established in the spring. The key to crabgrass prevention is to apply the product before the seeds germinate. The best time to apply the product is before the seeds germinate. The best time to apply the product is before the seeds germinate. The best time to apply the product is before the seeds germinate.

Helpful Application Techniques for Applying This Product: Always read and follow the label directions for application. This product is best applied to soil that is not too dry. For best results, the soil should be warm, dry, and aerobic. The soil pH should be 6.0 to 7.0. Crabgrass can be controlled by applying crabgrass preventer to soil that is warm, dry, and aerobic. The soil pH should be 6.0 to 7.0. Crabgrass can be controlled by applying crabgrass preventer to soil that is warm, dry, and aerobic. The soil pH should be 6.0 to 7.0. Crabgrass can be controlled by applying crabgrass preventer to soil that is warm, dry, and aerobic. The soil pH should be 6.0 to 7.0. Crabgrass can be controlled by applying crabgrass preventer to soil that is warm, dry, and aerobic.

Conditions That May Affect Crabgrass Control: Certain conditions can affect crabgrass control. These can include soil moisture, temperature, and application timing. The conditions can affect crabgrass control. These can include soil moisture, temperature, and application timing. The conditions can affect crabgrass control. These can include soil moisture, temperature, and application timing. The conditions can affect crabgrass control. These can include soil moisture, temperature, and application timing. The conditions can affect crabgrass control. These can include soil moisture, temperature, and application timing. The conditions can affect crabgrass control. These can include soil moisture, temperature, and application timing.