A Fungicide for the Prevention and Control of Certain Diseases of Turfgrass and Ornamentals.

**ACTIVE INGREDIENT:**
Iprodione: 3-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-N-(1-methylethyl)-2,4-dioxo-1-imidazolidinecarboxamide* .................................................. 23.3%*

**OTHER INGREDIENTS:** .......................... 76.7%

**TOTAL:** 100.0%

This product contains petroleum distillate.

*Equivalent to 2 pounds Iprodione per gallon.

EPA Reg. No. 432-888

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN**

**CAUTION**

See Booklet for Complete Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use.

For MEDICAL And TRANSPORTATION Emergencies ONLY Call 24 Hours A Day 1-800-334-7577

For PRODUCT USE Information Call 1-800-331-2867

**FIRST AID**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Condition</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>If swallowed:</td>
<td>• Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Do not give any liquid to the person.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Do not give anything to an unconscious person.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>If in eyes:</td>
<td>• Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</td>
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<tr>
<td>If on skin:</td>
<td>• Take off contaminated clothing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.</td>
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<tr>
<td>If inhaled:</td>
<td>• Move person to fresh air.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.</td>
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<td>• Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.</td>
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Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. In case of medical emergency for additional information call toll free 1-800-334-7577.

**Note to Physician:** This product may pose an aspiration pneumonia hazard. Contains petroleum distillates.

**Net Contents**

**2.5 Gallons**

**04250930**

**61380157B 161031AV2**
26GT® FUNGICIDE is a foliar applied fungicide, prescribed for turfgrass disease control on golf courses, sod farms, and institutional areas where fine turf is grown. When used in conjunction with good turf management practices, 26GT FUNGICIDE is effective in controlling the following diseases:

- Microdochium Patch
- Corticum Red Thread
- Curvularia blight
- Anthracnose

Spring, Summer, and Fall Diseases:
- Dollar Spot
- Brown Patch
- Large Patch
- Fusarium Blight
- Necrotic Ring Spot*
- Leaf Spot
- Melting Out

In order to assure maximum crop tolerance and disease control, follow restrictions and precautions of the package label. Do not apply this product in a manner that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or indirectly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

CAUTION
Hazardous to humans and domestic animals

Personal Protective Equipment

Users should:
- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- AA

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This chemical can contaminate surface water through aerial and ground spray applications. Under some conditions, it may also have a high potential for runoff into surface water after application. These include poorly draining or wet soils with readily visible slopes toward adjacent surface waters, frequently flooded areas, areas overlaying extremely shallow ground water, areas with in-field canals or ditches that drain to surface water, areas not separated from adjacent surface waters with vegetated filter strips, and areas overlaying tile drainage systems that drain to surface water.

This pesticide is toxic to invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high-water mark. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wastewater or rinsate.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or indirectly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval of 12 hours for ornamental uses. The restricted entry interval for all other uses is 24 hours. PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is: covers, chemical-resistant gloves such as barrier laminate, nitrile rubber (≥ 14 mils), neoprene rubber (≥ 14 mils), or viton (≥ 14 mils), and shoes plus socks.

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to ornamental and turf uses (golf courses, landscape and institutional areas) of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses. Do not enter or allow others to enter the treated area until spray has dried.

In order to assure maximum crop tolerance and disease control, follow restrictions and precautions of the package label. Do not apply this product when the wind direction is toward aquatic areas.

TURF

* 26GT® FUNGICIDE is a foliar applied fungicide, prescribed for turfgrass disease control on golf courses, sod farms, and institutional areas where fine turf is grown. When used in conjunction with good turf management practices, 26GT FUNGICIDE is effective in controlling the following diseases:

**Winter Diseases:** Snow Mold
Apply the prescribed rates as indicated in the table in 0.5 to 10 gallons of water per 1000 square feet. Do not drench. Do not allow the spray mixture to stand for longer than 12 hours as some breakdown of the product may occur. Maintain agitation during spray operations. Apply with a properly calibrated sprayer.

*Not registered for use in California to control this disease.**

**TURF USE RESTRICTIONS**
- Do not exceed a total of 35 fluid oz. product/1000 ft² per year (24 lbs a.i./A/year).
- Do not make more than 6 applications per year.
- Do not mow or irrigate treated areas until the foliage is completely dry, usually a 24-hour waiting period following treatment is preferred.
- Do not mix with any sticker, extender, or wetting agent.
- Do not graze animals on treated turf. Do not feed clippings from treated turf to livestock or poultry.
- For golf courses only, do not apply to turf cut higher than 1” on golf holes where water bodies are present.
- Do not make more than 6 applications per year.
- Do not exceed a total of 35 fluid oz. product/1000 ft² per year (24 lbs a.i./A/year).

**Directions for Use on Turf**

Begin applications when conditions favor disease development or when the disease first appears unless otherwise noted.

**DISEASE** | **INTERVAL OF APPLICATIONS** | **FLUID OZ. 1000 FT²**
---|---|---
**Dollar Spot** (Rhizoctonia solani) | Greens and Tren: Repeat at 14 to 21 day intervals. Fairways and Other Turf Areas: Repeat at 14 to 28 day intervals. | 3 to 4
**Brown Patch** (Rhizoctonia solani) | Make first application in fall when conditions are favorable for disease development, but no symptoms are visible. Make repeat applications in spring on a 14-21 day interval if needed. | 4
**Leaf Spot and Melting Out** caused by Bipolaris, Exserohilum, Drechslera and Microdochium spp. (formerly grouped as Helminthosporium Leaf Spot diseases) | Use only preventative foliar applications when conditions first become favorable for disease development. Make additional applications at 28 day intervals if needed. | 8
**Fusarium Blight** (Fusarium spp.) | Repeat at 14 to 21 day intervals. | 4 to 8
**Necrotic Ring Spot** (Pythium spp.) | One application before lasting winter snow cover; a second application may be applied if there is an extended period of cold wet weather before lasting snow cover. Apply again in the spring after snow melt. | 4 to 8
**Gray Snow Mold** (Epicoccum nigrum formerly called “Fusarium Patch”) | Use as a preventative every 14 days. Will provide suppression during periods of anthracnose pressure; mix 26GT FUNGICIDE with COMPASS or CHIPCO SIGNATURE or other anthracnose control fungicide | 4 to 8
**Corticium Red Thread** (Corticium Magnificum) | Use as a preventative every 14 days. Will provide suppression during periods of anthracnose pressure; mix 26GT FUNGICIDE with COMPASS or CHIPCO SIGNATURE or other anthracnose control fungicide | 4 to 8
**Gray Snow Mold** (Epicoccum nigrum) | Repeat at 14 to 21 day intervals. | 4 to 8
**Curvularia leaf spot and Melting Out** (Curvularia sp.) and Colletotrichum cereale (formerly grouped as Helminthosporium Leaf Spot diseases) | Repeat at 14 to 21 day intervals. | 4 to 8

Do not exceed a total of 35 fluid oz. product/1000 ft² per year (24 lbs a.i./A/year). Do not make more than 6 applications per year. Under severe conditions, the higher rate and/or shorter interval of applications is recommended for all diseases. When disease pressure is light to moderate, the lower rates and longer intervals are prescribed.

**Additional Disease Control**
If turf is threatened by additional diseases, 26GT FUNGICIDE is compatible with most commonly used fungicides such as ProStar®, Compass®, and Heritage®. If a tank mixture is used, follow label directions for the use of that product.

**Tank Mixture**

**DISEASE** | **PRESSURE** | **26GT FUNGICIDE** | **CLEARLY’S 333B F**
---|---|---|---
**LOW** | 3 fl oz./1,000 sq. ft. + | 1.0 fl oz./1,000 sq. ft. | 1.0 fl oz./1,000 sq. ft.
**MEDIUM (more dollar spot and brown patch)** | 3 fl oz./1,000 sq. ft. + | 1.0 fl oz./1,000 sq. ft. | 1.0 fl oz./1,000 sq. ft.
**HIGH** | 3 fl oz./1,000 sq. ft. + | 2.0 fl oz./1,000 sq. ft. | 2.0 fl oz./1,000 sq. ft.

**Summer Stress Complex/Summer Decline**

For management of Summer Stress Complex/Summer Decline, apply Chipco® Signature™ Fungicide at 4 to 8 fluid ounces of product per 1000 square feet with 26GT FUNGICIDE at 2 to 4 fluid ounces of product per 1000 square feet.

**Pythium Blight:** Pythium blight will be controlled by the tank mixing of Chipco® Signature™ Fungicide or Banol Fungicide with 26GT FUNGICIDE.

**Gray Snow Mold:** Tank-mix with a labeled rate of fungicide for the preventive control of Gray Snow Mold.

Application must be made in autumn before snow cover occurs. Apply with sufficient water to obtain adequate coverage (1 to 5 gallons of spray solution per 1000 square feet). Use the higher rate if the turf remains frozen prior to snow cover. For optimal control, reaply this treatment at a winter thaw and loss of snow cover occurs.
DIRECTIONS FOR USE ON ORNAMENTALS

26GT FUNGICIDE is a broad spectrum fungicide that may be applied safely to a wide range of ornamental flowering and foliage plants, either as a foliar spray, drench or dip. Please read specific instructions and use only as directed.

PLANT TOLERANCE: Plant tolerances to 26GT FUNGICIDE have been found to be acceptable in the specific genera and species listed on this label. It is not possible to evaluate every species or variety of ornamental plant for its tolerance to 26GT FUNGICIDE. The user must test for possible phytotoxic responses in other plants on a small area basis using prescribed rates prior to commercial use.

HOW TO USE 26GT FUNGICIDE AS A FOLIAR SPRAY or DRENCH

Foliar Spray: When conditions become favorable for disease development, apply 26GT FUNGICIDE as a foliar spray to insure thorough coverage of the plant foliage. Under severe disease pressure, use the highest prescribed rate and/or the shortest spray interval. When disease pressure is light to moderate, the lower rates and longer intervals are prescribed.

RESTRICTIONS:
- Do not apply more than 2.5 (1.25 lbs a.i./A) quarts product/acre per application.
- Do not make more than 4 applications per crop per year.

Drench: Apply 26GT FUNGICIDE as a drench at seeding and/or after transplanting for Rhizoctonia control. Under severe disease pressure, use the highest prescribed rate. When disease pressure is light to moderate, the lower rate is prescribed.

RESTRICTIONS:
- Do not exceed a total of 35 fl oz product /1000 sq ft per year (24 lbs a.i./A/Year).
- Do not make more than 6 applications per year.

NOTE: Do not use 26GT FUNGICIDE on Spathiphyllum.

*Do not use 26GT FUNGICIDE as a drench on impatiens, and pothos.

### PLANT DISEASE COMMON NAME (SCIENTIFIC NAME) APPLICATION RATE PRODUCT / 100 GALLON APPLICATION INFORMATION INTERVAL BETWEEN APPLICATIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PLANT</th>
<th>DISEASE COMMON NAME (SCIENTIFIC NAME)</th>
<th>APPLICATION RATE PRODUCT / 100 GALLON</th>
<th>APPLICATION INFORMATION</th>
<th>INTERVAL BETWEEN APPLICATIONS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Holly</td>
<td>Aerial Web Blight (Rhizoctonia sp.)</td>
<td>1.0 to 2.5 quarts</td>
<td>Spray plants to insure thorough coverage</td>
<td>7-14 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hoya</td>
<td>Alternaria Leaf Blight (Alternaria euphorbiae)</td>
<td>1.0 to 2.5 quarts</td>
<td>Spray plants to insure thorough coverage</td>
<td>7-14 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hydrangea</td>
<td>Alternaria Leaf Spots (Alternaria paniei)</td>
<td>1.0 to 2.5 quarts</td>
<td>Spray plants to insure thorough coverage</td>
<td>7-14 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Impatiens*</td>
<td>Alternaria Euphorbiae</td>
<td>1.0 to 2.5 quarts</td>
<td>Spray plants to insure thorough coverage</td>
<td>7-14 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Juniper</td>
<td>Botrytis Blight (Botrytis sp.)</td>
<td>1.0 to 2.5 quarts</td>
<td>Spray plants to insure thorough coverage</td>
<td>7-14 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lace</td>
<td>Fusarium Leaf Spots (Fusarium moniliforme)</td>
<td>1.0 to 2.5 quarts</td>
<td>Spray plants to insure thorough coverage</td>
<td>7-14 days</td>
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<tr>
<td>Lipstick vine</td>
<td>Botrytis paniei</td>
<td>1.0 to 2.5 quarts</td>
<td>Spray plants to insure thorough coverage</td>
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<tr>
<td>Aeschynanthus</td>
<td>Alternaria Euphorbiae</td>
<td>1.0 to 2.5 quarts</td>
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<td>Pachysandra</td>
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<td>Pittosporum</td>
<td>Alternaria Euphorbiae</td>
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HOW TO USE 26GT FUNGICIDE AS A DIP

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<th>DISEASE</th>
<th>QUARTS PRODUCT/100 GALLONS</th>
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</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rose</td>
<td>Bathyli Storage Rot (Bathyli sp.)</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>5 Minutes</td>
<td>Dip bare root roses prior to cold storage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Azalea and Rhododendron</td>
<td>Cylindrocladium Blight and Wilt (Cylindrocladium scoparium)</td>
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<td>Gladiolus</td>
<td>Fusarium Corn Rot (Fusarium oxysporum)</td>
<td>2.0</td>
<td>5 Minutes</td>
<td>Dip corms prior to storage.</td>
</tr>
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</table>

TANK MIXTURES

Additional Disease Control: If ornamentals are threatened by additional diseases, 26GT FUNGICIDE is compatible with most commonly used fungicides. For control of diseases caused by Pythium and Phytophthora, 26GT® FUNGICIDE can be tank-mixed with ALIETTE® brand fungicide. Consult the ALIETTE label for a complete listing of diseases controlled and for application rates. If a tank mix with other fungicides is used, follow label directions for the use of that product and apply at the prescribed rate for control of the target disease organism.

DIRECTIONS THROUGH SPRINKLER IRRIGATION SYSTEMS

Do not use through sprinkler irrigation systems in California. Apply this product only through sprinkler irrigation systems including center pivot. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

SPRAY PREPARATION: Remove scale, pesticide residues, and other foreign matter from the chemical tank and entire injector system. Flush with clean water.

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS: First prepare a suspension of 26GT FUNGICIDE in a mix tank. Fill tank with 1/2 to 3/4 the desired amount of water. Start mechanical or hydraulic agitation. Add the required amount of 26GT FUNGICIDE, and then the remaining volume of water. (Suspension concentration is important. Higher concentrations are prescribed on this label of 26GT FUNGICIDE per 1 to 4 gallons of water are phytotoxic and will result in reduced nozzle life.) Start sprinkler and uniformly inject the suspension of 26GT FUNGICIDE into the irrigation water. The nozzle output should not be greater than the output per acre. The suspension of 26GT FUNGICIDE must be injected with a positive displacement pump into the main line ahead of a right angle turn to assure adequate mixing. If you have any other questions about calibration, contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers, or other experts.

NOTE: When treatment with 26GT FUNGICIDE has been completed, further field irrigation over the treated area must be avoided for 24 to 48 hours to prevent washing the chemical off the crop.

PRODUCT DIRECTIONS FOR APPLICATIONS THROUGH SPRINKLER IRRIGATION SYSTEMS

Maintain continuous agitation in mix tank during mixing and application to assure a uniform suspension. Greater accuracy in calibration and distribution will be achieved by injecting a larger volume of a more dilute solution per unit time. The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain properly located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the chemical tank. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shutdown. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch, which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Do not apply when wind speed exceeds 15 miles per hour, when system connection or fittings leak, when nozzles do not provide uniform distribution or when lines containing the product must be dismantled and drained. Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop may result from nonuniform distribution of treated water.

Allow sufficient time for pesticide to be flushed through all lines and all nozzles before turning off irrigation water. A person knowledgeable of the chemical system and responsible for its operation must shut the system down and make necessary adjustments.

Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the label-prescribed safety devices for public water supplies are in place.

SPRAY DRIFT

SENSITIVE AREAS: The pesticide must only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g., residential areas, bodies of water, known habitats for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g., when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment-and-weather-related factors determines the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.

Controlling droplet size: (This section is advisory in nature and does not supersede the mandatory label requirements)

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversions below).

CONTROLLING DROPLET SIZE: (This section is advisory in nature and does not supersede the mandatory label requirements)

• Volume – Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flow produce larger droplets.
• Pressure – Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer’s prescribed pressures. For many nozzle types lower pressure produces larger droplets.
• Number of nozzles – Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.
• Nozzle Orientation – Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the prescribed practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.
• Nozzle Type – Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With must nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the 4-gig atom type and the lowest droplet concentrations using the appropriate dosage per acre prescribed on this label of 26GT FUNGICIDE per 1 to 4 gallons of water are prescribed.

BOOM LENGTH: (This section is advisory in nature and does not supersede the mandatory label requirements)

For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 1/4 of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

APPLICATION HEIGHT: (This section is advisory in nature and does not supersede the mandatory label requirements)

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Applications must not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

SWATH ADJUSTMENT: (This section is advisory in nature and does not supersede the mandatory label requirements)
Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2 – 10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application must be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator must be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY: (This section is advisory in nature and does not supersede the mandatory label requirements)
When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporate. Drift potential is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS: (This section is advisory in nature and does not supersede the mandatory label requirements)
Applications must not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small-suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog, however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL
Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE
Store in a cool dry location.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL
Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER HANDLING
Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for reconditioning, if appropriate. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinseate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinseate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Offer for recycling, if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities.

IMPORTANT: READ BEFORE USE
Read the entire Directions for Use, Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once. By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability.

CONDITIONS: The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of Bayer CropScience LP. All such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES: TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, BAYER CROPSCIENCE LP MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR OTHERWISE, THAT EXTEND BEYOND THE STATEMENTS MADE ON THIS LABEL. No agent of Bayer CropScience LP is authorized to make any warranties beyond those contained herein or to modify the warranties contained herein. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW BAYER CROPSCIENCE LP DISCLAIMS ANY LIABILITY WHATSOEVER FOR SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT.

LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY: TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER FOR ANY AND ALL LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, WARRANTY, TORT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE, SHALL NOT EXCEED THE PURCHASE PRICE PAID, OR AT BAYER CROPSCIENCE LP'S ELECTION, THE REPLACEMENT OF PRODUCT.

Bayer (reg), the Bayer Cross (reg), Atlantia®, Banan®, 26 GT®, Chipco®, Compass®, ProStar® and Signature™ are trademarks of Bayer. Cleary’s® is a trademark of the Cleary Company. Heritage® is a registered trademark of Syngenta Corporation.
A Fungicide for the Prevention and Control of Certain Diseases of Turfgrass and Ornamentals.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:
Iprodione: 3-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-N-(1-methylethyl)-2,4-dioxo-1-imidazolidinecarboxamide).............................. 23.3%

OTHER INGREDIENTS:........................................................................ 76.7%

TOTAL: 100.0%

This product contains petroleum distillate.
*Equivalent to 2 pounds Iprodione per gallon.

EPA Reg. No. 432-888

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

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This product contains a chemical known to the state of California to cause cancer.

FIRST AID

If swallowed:
• Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
• Do not give any liquid to the person.
• Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor.
• Do not give anything to an unconscious person.

If in eyes:
• Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.
• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing.
• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If on skin:
• Take off contaminated clothing.
• Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If inhaled:
• Move person to fresh air.
• If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.
• Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. In case of medical emergency for additional information call toll free 1-800-334-7577.

Note to Physician: This product may pose an aspiration pneumonia hazard. Contains petroleum distillates.

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PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed, absorbed through skin or inhaled. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Avoid breathing spray mist. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This chemical can contaminate surface water through aerial and ground spray applications. Under some conditions, it may also have a high potential for runoff into surface water after application. This include poorly drained or wet soils with readily visible slopes toward adjacent surface waters, frequently flooded areas, areas overlying extremely shallow ground water, areas with in-field canals or ditches that drain to surface water areas not separated from adjacent surface waters with vegetated filter strips, and areas overlying tile drainage systems that drain to surface water. This pesticide is toxic to invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high-water mark. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinseate.

For MEDICAL And TRANSPORTATION Emergencies
ONLY Call 24 Hours A Day 1-800-334-7577
For PRODUCT USE Information Call 1-800-331-2867

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