CAPTAN 80WDG is a water dispersible granule for use in water as a spray for the control of certain fungal diseases of fruit and as a soil treatment for the control of certain seed rots and damping-off diseases.

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS: 78.2% BY WT.
- Captain: N-Trichloromethyl/thio-4-cyclohexene-1, 2-dicarboximide
- Related derivatives

OTHER INGREDIENTS: 20.0%

TOTAL: 100.0%

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
DANGER / PELIGRO
Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See FIRST AID Below

EPA Reg. No. 66222-58-19713
EPA Est. No. 19713-GA-001 - Net Content: CAUSES IRREVERSIBLE EYE DAMAGE

FIRST AID

IF IN EYES:
- Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes.
- Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, and continue rinsing eye.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:
- Take off contaminated clothing.
- Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF SWALLOWED:
- Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
- Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
- Do not induce vomiting unless told to by the poison control center or doctor.
- Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

IF INHALED:
- Move person to fresh air.
- If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact the National Pesticide Information Center at 1-800-858-7378 for emergency medical treatment information.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals
DANGER: Causes irreversible eye damage. Harmful if swallowed or inhaled. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals. Do not get in eyes. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Avoid inhalation of dust or spray mist.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category C on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS (Cont)

All mixers, loaders, applicators, and other handlers (including handlers participating in seeding and transplanting as part of root-dip or greenhouse-soil treatments) must wear:
- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material (except applications driving motorized equipment) such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber, natural rubber, neoprene rubber, or nitrile rubber ≥ 14 mils
- Chemical-resistant apron when participating in dip treatments.
- In addition, a NIOSH-approved respirator with any N, R, P or HE filter must be worn by all handlers except (1) applicators driving motorized equipment and (2) mixers/loaders/applicators participating in backpack, low pressure handwand/handgun and dip treatments, and (3) mixers/loaders participating in aerial applications. Mixers/loaders participating in aerial application operations must wear an air-purifying NIOSH approved respirator with any N100, R100, or P100 filter. Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning and maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS STATEMENT

Where handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4)-6], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should: 1) Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. 2) Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. 3) Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to fish. Do not apply directly to water or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsates.
**DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a manner that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

**AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS**

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard (WPS), 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, greenhouses and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted entry interval (REI). The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard. Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the REI of:

- 24 hours for Strawberries, Almonds, Apples, Apricots, Cherries, Nectarines, Plums / Fresh Prunes, Peaches.
- 48 hours for soil treatments and root dips: For soil and greenhouse bench treatments and root dips, once the treatment and any seeding or transplanting tasks done as part of the treatment are complete, the 48 hour REI begins. EXCEPTION: Once the seeds or transplants are planted in the soil, the Worker Protection Standard allows workers to enter the treated area without restriction if there will be no contact with the soil subsurface.
- 72 hours for Blueberries, Grapes, Raspberries, Blackberries and Dewberries.

**EARLY ENTRY PPE**

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Protective eyewear
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
- Shoes plus socks

Eye Protection: To mitigate eye irritation concerns from post-application exposures, it is required that, for at least seven days following the application of captan:

1. At least one container designed specifically for flushing eyes is available in operating condition at the WPS-required decontamination site for workers entering the area treated with captan, and
2. Workers are informed orally, or in a manner they can understand:
   - that residues in the treated area may be highly irritating to their eyes,
   - that they should take precautions, such as refraining from rubbing their eyes, to keep the residues out of their eyes, and
   - that if they do get residues in their eyes, they should immediately flush their eyes with the eye flush container that is located at the decontamination site, and
   - how to operate the eye flush container.

Notify workers of the application by warning them orally or by posting warning signs at entrances to treated areas.

**NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS**

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are not within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

**Botrytis Rot**

Do not allow people or pets to enter treated areas until sprays have dried. For post-application fruit dips: Do not contact or allow others to contact the treated fruit until the treatment solution on the fruit has dried.

**SPRAY DRIFT LABELING**

Do not allow this product to drift.

**Foliar Spray Drift Management**

Avoiding spray drift from foliar applications is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment- and weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift from foliar applications. To protect water resources, the applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.

**Aerial Spray Drift Management**

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment- and weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.

The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops. These requirements do not apply to applications using dry formulations.

1. The distance of the outermost nozzles on the boom must not exceed three-fourths the length of the wingspan or rotor.
2. Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downward more than 45 degrees.

Where states have more stringent regulations, they should be observed. The applicator should be familiar with and take into account the information covered in the Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory Information.

**Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory**

This section is advisory in nature and does not supersede the mandatory label requirements.

**Information on Droplet Size**

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets.

The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversions).

**Controlling Droplet Size**

- **Volume** - Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
- **Pressure** - Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer’s recommended pressures. For many nozzle types, lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use high flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.
- **Number of Nozzles** - Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.
- **Nozzle Orientation** - Orient nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.
- **Nozzle Type** - Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drip nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

**Boom Length**

For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than three-quarters of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

**Application Height**

Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is recommended for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

**Swath Adjustment**

When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downward. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upward. Swath adjustment distance should increase with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc.).

**Wind**

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2 to 10 mph. However, smaller factors, including droplet size and equipment type, determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. Note: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

**Temperature and Humidity**

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.
### FRUIT AND NUT CROPS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Crop</th>
<th>Disease(s)</th>
<th>Rate per Acre</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Almonds</td>
<td>Anthracnose, Brown rot and Blossom blight, Leaf spot, Scab, Shell rot</td>
<td>2.5 to 5.66 lbs</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SPECIAL DIRECTIONS:** (For control of anthracnose, use in a disease and resistance management program of rotational sprays with other approved materials.) Apply in 20 to 300 gals. of water using ground equipment or 5 to 20 gals. of water by air. Use 5.75 to 5.9 lbs. per acre when anthracnose is used alone. To reduce the potential for disease resistance development to other fungicides having a similar spectrum, this product may be used in a tank mix at a rate of 2.5 to 3.75 lbs. per acre. Apply at popcorn, bloom, petal fall, post petal fall, and full cover sprays.

**Note:** Do not apply within 30 days of harvest. Almond hulls may be fed to livestock. Do not apply more than 25 lbs. of this product per acre per crop cycle. The REI is 24 hours.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Crop</th>
<th>Disease(s)</th>
<th>Rate per Acre</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Apples</td>
<td>Black rot (Fliche), Botrya blossom end rot, Primary scale</td>
<td>5 lbs.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SPECIAL DIRECTIONS:** Apply 10 to 400 gals. of water using ground equipment or 5 to 20 gals. of water by air. Apply at 5 to 7-day intervals as needed to maintain control in pre-bloom, bloom, petal fall, and first cover sprays.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Crop</th>
<th>Disease(s)</th>
<th>Rate per Acre</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Apples</td>
<td>Bitter rot, Black pod, Black rot, Botrya blossom end, Brooks fruit spot, Fly speck, Secondary scab, Scoby blotch</td>
<td>2.5 to 5 lbs.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SPECIAL DIRECTIONS:** In 20 to 400 gals. of water using ground equipment or 5 to 20 gals. of water by air. Apply at 10- to 14-day intervals in second and later cover sprays.

**Note:** Do not apply more than 40 pounds of this product per acre per crop cycle. May be applied up to the day of harvest. Do not apply in areas where almond hulls is a problem, add 6 to 12 pounds of sulfur per acre to all post-bloom sprays until foliage matures.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Crop</th>
<th>Disease(s)</th>
<th>Rate per Acre</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Apples (West of the Rockies)</td>
<td>Botrya rot, Bulls eye rot (Pacific Northwest)</td>
<td>3.75 lbs.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SPECIAL DIRECTIONS:** Apply in 20 to 400 gals. of water using ground equipment or 5 to 20 gals. of water by air. Make 1 or 2 applications with late cover sprays and one final spray prior to harvest.

**Note:** Do not apply more than 40 pounds of this product per acre per crop cycle. May be applied up to day of harvest. The REI is 24 hours.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Crop</th>
<th>Disease(s)</th>
<th>Rate per Acre</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Apricots</td>
<td>Brown rot (Twig blight), Jacket rot</td>
<td>1.75 to 3.12 lbs.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SPECIAL DIRECTIONS:** Apply in 20 to 250 gals. of water using ground equipment or 10 to 20 gals. of water by air. Apply in red bud, bloom, and 75% petal fall sprays. To reduce potential for disease resistance development to other fungicides having a similar spectrum, use the lower rate in tank mixes.

**Note:** Do not apply more than 15.62 lbs. of this product per acre per crop cycle. May be applied up to day of harvest. The REI is 24 hours.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Crop</th>
<th>Disease(s)</th>
<th>Rate per Acre</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Blackberries, Raspberries (Not registered for use in California)</td>
<td>Anthracnose, Botsfids, Sorboid blight</td>
<td>2.25 lbs.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SPECIAL DIRECTIONS:** Apply when blossoms are in bud (young canes are 8 to 10 inches long). Make a second application two weeks later. Apply a Fall spray after old canes are removed.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Crop</th>
<th>Disease(s)</th>
<th>Rate per Acre</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fruits</td>
<td>Fruit rot</td>
<td>2.5 lbs.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SPECIAL DIRECTIONS:** Apply at early bloom (5 to 15% bloom) and again at full bloom. Additional applications can be made at 10- to 14-day intervals as needed. Apply as indicated above in 45 to 100 gallons of water per acre. Use the higher volume as foliage increases.

**Note:** Do not apply more than 13.5 pounds of this product per acre per season. Do not apply within 3 days of harvest. The REI is 72 hours.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Crop</th>
<th>Disease(s)</th>
<th>Rate per Acre</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Blueberries (East of the Rockies)</td>
<td>Berry rot, Botrya gray mold, Mummy berry</td>
<td>3.12 lbs.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SPECIAL DIRECTIONS:** Apply in sufficient water for thorough coverage or a minimum of 5 gals. of water by air. Start spray program when fruit is about the size of a golf ball and has some loose scales. Repeat at 7- to 10-day intervals through bloom period. Repeat at 7- to 10-day intervals from late bloom.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Crop</th>
<th>Disease(s)</th>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Blueberries (West of the Rockies)</td>
<td>Berry rot, Botrya gray mold, Mummy berry</td>
<td>3.12 lbs.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SPECIAL DIRECTIONS:** In 20 to 200 gals. of water by ground or in 5 to 20 gals. of water by air. Begin at mid-bloom, repeat at 7- to 10-day intervals until maturity.

**Note:** (All Blueberries): Do not apply more than 43.75 lbs. of this product per acre per crop cycle. May be applied up to day of harvest. The REI is 72 hours.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Crop</th>
<th>Disease(s)</th>
<th>Rate per Acre</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cherries (East of the Rockies)</td>
<td>Botrytis rots, Brown rot, Leaf spot</td>
<td>2.5 lbs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Apply in 20 to 200 gals. of water using ground equipment or in 10 to 20 gals. of water by air. Apply in pre-bloom, bloom, petal fall, shock, cover, and preharvest sprays. Applications at 3- to 4-day intervals may be necessary during bloom to control Blossom blight. Repeat applications at 7- to 20-day intervals as needed to maintain control.</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Post-harvest Sprays: Leaf spot - Apply 2.5 lbs. of this product per acre per crop cycle in 20 to 200 gallons of water using ground equipment. Apply immediately after harvest and repeat application in 10 to 14 days.</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cherries (West of the Rockies)</td>
<td>Brown rot blossom blight, Brown rot (Fruit), Leaf spot</td>
<td>1.87 to 2.5 lbs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Apply in 20 to 200 gals. of water using ground equipment or in 10 to 20 gals. of water by air. Apply in pre-bloom, bloom, petal fall, shock, cover and preharvest sprays.</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Note: (All Cherries)</td>
<td>Do not apply more than 17.5 lbs. of this product per acre per crop cycle. May be applied up to day of harvest. The REI is 24 hours.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grapes (U.S. Except CA)</td>
<td>Downy mildew, Phomopsis cane and leaf spot, Suppression of Black rot</td>
<td>1.25 to 2.5 lbs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Apply in 20 to 200 gals. of water using ground equipment or in 7 to 20 gals. of water by air when shoots are one-half to 1.5 inches long, when shoots are 3 to 5 inches long, and when shoots are 5 to 12 inches long. Repeat just before bloom, immediately after bloom and continue at 10- to 14-day intervals as needed to maintain disease control. Use the lower rate when spraying less susceptible Grape varieties or when conditions are less favorable for disease development. Use the higher rate on susceptible Grape varieties and during periods of weather highly favorable for disease development.</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grapes (California only)</td>
<td>Bunch rot (Botrytis)</td>
<td>2.5 lbs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Apply in 20 to 200 gals. of water using ground equipment or in 7 to 20 gals. of water by air. Make 2 applications before bloom and 1 immediately after bloom. Repeat periodically making 3 cover applications before the burshe close.</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Phomopsis cane and leaf spot (current season infection)</td>
<td>2 to 2.5 lbs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Apply in 20 to 200 gals. of water using ground equipment or apply 2.5 lbs. of this product per acre in 7 to 20 gals. of water by air. Apply first spray when green tissue begins to show, but before shoots are 1 inch long and repeat application when shoots are 6 to 8 inches long.</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Note: (All Grapes)</td>
<td>Do not apply more than 15 lbs. of this product per acre per crop cycle. May be applied up to day of harvest. The REI is 24 hours.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nectarines</td>
<td>Brown rot, Scab</td>
<td>2.5 to 5 lbs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Apply in 20 to 250 gals. of water using ground equipment or in 10 to 20 gals. of water by air. To reduce the potential for disease resistance development to other fungicides having a similar spectrum, use the lower rate in tank mixes. Apply in full bloom, petal fall, shock, cover, and preharvest sprays. Applications at 3- to 4-day intervals may be necessary during bloom to control Blossom blight. Repeat applications at 7- to 14-day intervals as needed to maintain control. Continue applications throughout harvest if conditions favor Brown rot. If Powdery mildew is a problem, add 6 lbs. of sulfur per acre to the petal fall, shock, and early cover sprays. If sulfur is added, this product may be reduced to 1.6 lbs. per acre in these sprays.</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peaches</td>
<td>Brown rot, Scab</td>
<td>2.5 to 5 lbs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Apply in 20 to 400 gals. of water using ground equipment or in 10 to 20 gals. of water by air. To reduce the potential for disease resistance development to other fungicides having a similar spectrum, use the lower rates in tank mixes. Apply in full bloom, petal fall, shock, and cover and preharvest sprays. When conditions are favorable, make applications at 3- to 4-day intervals during bloom to control Blossom blight. Then resell application at 7- to 14-day intervals as needed to maintain control. Continue applications through harvest if conditions favor Brown rot. If Powdery mildew is a problem, add 12 lbs. of sulfur per acre to the petal fall, shock, and early cover spray. If sulfur is added, this product may be reduced to 2.5 lbs. per acre in these sprays.</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plums, Fresh Prunes (East of the Rockies)</td>
<td>Brown rot</td>
<td>3.75 lbs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Apply in 20 to 300 gals. of water using ground equipment or in 10 to 20 gals. of water by air. Apply in full bloom, petal fall, and petal fall sprays. Repeat applications at 7- to 14-day intervals as needed to maintain control. Continue applications through harvest if conditions favor Brown rot. The addition of a neutral spreader has improved coverage.</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plums, Fresh Prunes (West of the Rockies)</td>
<td>Prune rust scab (Lecyth scab)</td>
<td>2.5 to 3.75 lbs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Apply in 20 to 300 gals. of water using ground equipment. Apply at full bloom.</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Strawberries</td>
<td>Botrytis (Gray mold), Leaf spot</td>
<td>1.07 to 3.75 lbs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Apply by broadcast spray in sufficient water for thorough coverage by ground equipment or in 10 to 20 gals. of water by air. Begin applications when new growth starts in the Spring and before full leaves start to form. Repeat at 7- to 14-day intervals. Under conditions favorable to Foliol rot, continue applications through harvest period immediately after each picking.</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note: Do not apply more than 33.75 lbs. of this product per acre per crop cycle. May be applied up to day of harvest. The REI is 24 hours.**

If applying as a directed/banded spray, use band rate of this product according to the following formula:

\[
\text{Plant Bed Width (inches) x \text{Broadcast rate (Band rate of Root Spacing (inches))}} \times \frac{\text{acres}}{\text{product per acre}}
\]

**SPECIAL USES**

**PEACH PREPLANT ROOT DIP (California):** Preventative preplant dip treatment for <br>Crown gall: Use 2.5 pounds of this product plus 3.2 pints of sodium hydrosulfite (6.25% household bleach) per 100 gallons of water. Wash nursery trees to remove soil from roots. Cut off all dormant buds and suckers in crown and prune root system if necessary. Submerge the entire dormant tree for 5 minutes. Recharge dip during operation at a rate of 3.2 pints diluted sodium hydrosulfite per 100 gallons of water.

**POSTHARVEST FRUIT APPLICATION:** (For use in mechanical fruit <br>Operations only. Hand dipping of fruit is prohibited):<br>

For control of various molds and storage rots (Botrytis, Geosporium, Rhizopus): Use as a post harvest dip or spray wash on the following fruits — Apples, Cherries, Pears: Use 1.6 pounds of this product per <br>100 gallons of water. Apply as a spray or in a dip tank. When used as a <br>dip, recharge wash solution periodically when tank volume is reduced <br>by 25%. Bring water back to volume and add 1.6 pounds of this product <br>for each 100 gallons added. At end of every 8-hour shift, empty tank, <br>flush and charge with fresh dilution. Do not allow tank solution to stand <br>overnight. Maintain continuous agitation during operation. For <br>post-application fruit dips: Do not contact or allow others to contact <br>the treated fruit until sprays have dried.
**DISPOSAL OF LEFTOVER POSTHARVEST TREATMENT MIXTURE:**
Leftover dip or spray mixtures containing captan may be used as a foliar spray for the same crop in the case of Apples and Cherries (but not Pears) as treated by the dip or spray mixture observing all restrictions such as maximum pounds applied per application and season. When calculating application rates, if analytical services are not available to determine the exact quantity of captan remaining in the mixture, assume that the tank still contains 1.6 pounds of this product per 100 gallons of water. If the dip or spray mixture contains other pesticides in addition to this product, refer to the product label(s) for information regarding disposal. Captan wastes are acutely hazardous to the eyes. Improper disposal of spray or dip tank mixtures is a violation of Federal Law. If the leftover dip or spray mixture cannot be disposed of in the manner prescribed above, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste Representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance concerning the disposal of spent or excess dip tank mixtures.

**STORAGE AND DISPOSAL**

**PROHIBITIONS:** Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage, disposal, or cleaning of equipment. Open dumping is prohibited. Do not reuse empty container.

**PESTICIDE STORAGE:** Keep pesticide in original container. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Protect from excessive heat. Store in a cool, dry place.

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticides, spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

**CONTAINER DISPOSAL:**

- **Nonrefillable Container (Flexible-bag-all weights):** Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Dispose of empty container in a sanitary landfill or bi-incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

- **Nonrefillable Container (right-fifty lbs. or less):** Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container one-fourth full with water and recact. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Dispose of empty container in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

- **Nonrefillable Container (rigid-greater than fifty lbs.):** Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container one-fourth full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Dispose of empty container in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

- **Refillable Container:** Refillable container. Refill this container with captan only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

**LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY**

Read the entire directions for use, conditions of warranties and limitations of liability before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once.

By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following CONDITIONS, DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES and LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY.

**CONDITIONS:** The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of Manufacturer. All such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

**DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES:** To the extent consistent with applicable law, Manufacturer makes no other warranties, express or implied, of merchantability or of fitness for a particular purpose or otherwise, that extend beyond the statements made on this label. No agent of Manufacturer is authorized to make any warranties beyond those contained herein or to modify the warranties contained herein. To the extent consistent with applicable law, Manufacturer disclaims any liability whatsoever for special, incidental or consequential damages resulting from the use or handling of this product.

**LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY:** To the extent consistent with applicable law, the exclusive remedy of the user or buyer for any and all losses, injuries or damages resulting from the use or handling of this product, whether in contract, warranty, tort, negligence, strict liability or otherwise, shall not exceed the purchase price paid or at Manufacturer's election, the replacement of product.

**FOR 24-HOUR EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE (SPILL, LEAK, OR FIRE), CALL CHEMRECAT 1-800-424-9390.**