Nufarm
Chlormequat SPC
Plant Growth Regulator

A PLANT GROWTH REGULATOR FOR USE ON ORNAMENTALS IN GREENHOUSES

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:
Chlormequat chloride: (2-chloroethyl)trimethylammonium chloride 11.8%
OTHER INGREDIENTS: 88.2%
TOTAL: 100.0%

1 gallon contains 1 pound (2-chloroethyl)trimethylammonium chloride

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
CAUTION / PRECAUCIÓN
Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle.
(If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

For Chemical Spill, Leak, Fire, or Exposure, Call CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300
For Medical Emergencies Only, Call (877) 325-1840

EPA Reg. No. 228-688
EPA Est. No. 34704-MS-001

Net Contents
1Gal. (3.785 L)

Manufactured for Nufarm Americas Inc.
150 Harvester Drive
Burr Ridge, IL 60527
PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS
CAUTION / PRECAUCION
Harmful if swallowed. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, or using tobacco.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)
Applicators and other handlers must wear:
• Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
• Chemical-resistant gloves, such as butyl rubber ≥ 14 mils, or natural rubber ≥ 14 mils, or neoprene rubber ≥ 14 mils, or nitrile rubber ≥ 14 mils
• Shoes plus socks
Follow manufacturer’s instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water, keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS
Users should:
• Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
• Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

FIRST AID
IF SWALLOWED
• Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
• Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
• Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor.
• Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

IF IN EYES
• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes.
• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.
• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

HOT LINE NUMBER
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-424-9300 for emergency medical treatment information.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN
The use of Atropine is contraindicated.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS
This product is toxic to wildlife. Keep out of lakes, streams and ponds. DO NOT contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE
It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. DO NOT apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation. Observe all precautionary statements, limitations, and application instructions on this label. DO NOT apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS
Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.
Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated area during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.
PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is: coveralls, chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material, shoes plus socks.

GENERAL INFORMATION
Before using this product, read all sections of this label.
This product is a plant growth regulator that enhances the aesthetic appeal and improves postproduction shipping and handling durability of ornamentals grown in greenhouses. Treated plants have shorter internodes, stronger stems and greener leaves resulting in a more compact, attractive and hardy plant. Depending on crop culture, environmental conditions and plant growth habit, this product will typically reduce internode elongation for a period of 1 to 3 weeks following spray treatment. Multiple applications may be made as needed. This product has maximum effect on final plant height when applied at the beginning of a rapid stem elongation period and has less effect if applied when shoots are not elongating vigorously or the plant is at the end of an elongation phase. Individual grower preferences for crop development will dictate product application rates, timing and frequency of this product.
USE PRECAUTIONS
This product is not a replacement for good cultural practices and should be used only on healthy plants grown under proper conditions. Because this product contains a wetting agent, additional wetting agents are not necessary. If adjuvants or other chemicals will be used with this product, test areas should be treated first to ensure that no crop injury will occur. The suggested initial application rate for small-scale trials of this product is 1,250 ppm Chloromequat chloride (the active ingredient in this product). Because plants treated with this product may require less water, irrigation schedules may need to be modified in order to prevent over-irrigation.

FACTORS AFFECTING ACTIVITY
Plant growth and response to this product is altered by several factors. The optimum rate and frequency of application will vary depending on how the crop is grown.

Environmental Factors
The following conditions will tend to cause less compact growth and generally require higher application rates of this product:
- Crops produced under low light levels
- Crops produced under high humidity conditions
- Crops produced under higher temperatures
- Crops produced under higher DIF (difference between day and night temperatures)

Cultural Factors
The following cultural factors may cause plants to be more lush and taller, requiring the use of higher rates or more frequent applications at lower rates of this product:
- Crops grown with greater amounts of irrigation
- Crops grown with higher fertilization rates
- Crops grown with high amounts of ammoniacal nitrogen
- Plants that are spaced closely together causing leaves to overlap

The amount of chemical needed to achieve the desired final plant height for photoperiodic crops and varieties (such as poinsettias and chrysanthemums) will vary with the production schedule. Crops that are grown under long schedules with more time between planting and start of flower initiation or between final pinch and flower initiation will be taller than crops grown using short production schedules and will therefore require applications at higher rates or more frequent applications at lower rates of this product.

Varietal Differences
Varieties within a species can vary greatly in their growth habits and the amount of product required for optimum final height with taller, more vigorous varieties requiring greater amounts of this product than do shorter, less vigorous varieties. When applying to unfamiliar varieties, users should consult with plant and seed suppliers and breeder companies for information on growth habit.

In addition to natural height and vigor, colors within a bedding plant series may vary in sensitivity to this product as well.

MIXTURE PREPARATION
Optimum application rates of this product vary depending on the crop, the specific production situation and the final plant height and appearance desired. Users of this product should determine optimum application rate, timing, and frequency for their specific production situations by conducting small-scale trials under the different conditions that this product is to be used before application to an entire crop. The rates specified in this label are general guidelines to be used by growers in the trials used to determine specific optimum application rates appropriate for their operations.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Concentration (ppm) chloromequat chloride active ingredient</th>
<th>Mixing Ratio of Product for Spray or Drench Applications</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fl. Oz. / Gal.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>200</td>
<td>0.22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>460</td>
<td>0.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>800</td>
<td>0.87</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1000</td>
<td>1.08</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1250</td>
<td>1.36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1500</td>
<td>1.63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2000</td>
<td>2.17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3000</td>
<td>3.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4000</td>
<td>4.34</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Nufarm Chloromequat SPC Plant Growth Regulator / B-Nine (EPA Reg. No. 400-69) Tank Mixes

NOTE: A tank mix of this product and B-Nine is more active than using either chemical alone.

On plants that are not sensitive to this product or when an excessive number of applications are required, a tank mix of this product and B-Nine can be applied (being sure to follow the guidelines given on the labels of both products). The tank mix is to be applied as a foliar spray ONLY. As described above when using this product alone, the optimum application rates for each product will vary depending on the crop, the user's preference for height control, and the individual production situation. Test the tank mix with a small-scale trial before general use.
Application Rates

In general, the highest rate of this product that does not cause excessive leaf yellowing should be used, with the rate of B-Nine then raised or lowered to adjust the activity of the tank mix.

The following table provides a range of application rates to use when establishing this product and B-Nine trials:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Desired Activity</th>
<th>ppm Chlormequat chloride</th>
<th>ppm Diminozide (B-Nine active ingredient)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Very High</td>
<td>1500</td>
<td>5000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>High</td>
<td>1500</td>
<td>2500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>1250</td>
<td>1250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Low</td>
<td>1000</td>
<td>800</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Tank Mix Considerations

**Bedding Plants and General Crops:** A tank mix of this product and B-Nine is effective on a wide range of crops and users must evaluate its use under their individual production situation. The tank mix may be used with low risk of excessive reduction in size on bedding plant plugs such as pansy and vinca. At higher rates, it may be used on plug crops that require stronger chemical activity to produce the desired height control such as salvia, marigold, and dahlias.

**Geraniums:** The addition of B-Nine to this product does not greatly enhance the height control achieved on geraniums.

**Impatiens:** A tank mix of this product and B-Nine provides height control on impatiens plugs but is less efficacious on mature impatiens crops.

**Poinsettias:** Because poinsettias are more sensitive than other crops to the combination of this product and B-Nine, use of tank mix application rates that are too high or application late in the crop growth cycle may cause reduced bract size and/or delayed bract coloring. The "very high" activity rates of this product at 1,500 ppm chlormequat chloride (active ingredient in this product) and B-Nine at 5,000 ppm diminozide (B-Nine active ingredient) should NOT be used on poinsettias. The high rates of 1,500 ppm chlormequat chloride (active ingredient in this product) and 2,500 ppm diminozide (B-Nine active ingredient) can be used on stock plants during the summer or on crops for flowering in the warmest regions. Outside of the warmest regions, growers should use the medium or low activity rates on crops for flowering. Applications to cuttings in propagation should be at low or medium rates in all regions. A tank mix of this product and B-Nine should not be applied to natural season poinsettias after September 25th or after the start of short-days in photoperiod-controlled crops. After that date, the B-Nine should be omitted and this product used alone.

**SPRAY APPLICATIONS**

When sprayed, this product enters the plant through both leaves (both developing and mature) and stems with maximum effect occurring when it thoroughly covers all plant surfaces. The spray volume necessary for thorough plant coverage varies with plant size and foliage cover, but generally is between 2 and 3 quarts of spray solution per 100 square feet of bench space. Applicators should avoid spray volumes that result in heavy runoff of spray solution from the plant. To reduce the growth of upper lateral shoots and have less effect on lower shoots, this product may be applied in light spray volumes of approximately 1 quart per 100 square feet.

Because this product enters the plant while the spray solution stays wet, to provide maximum effect, spray when conditions that support slow drying of spray solutions exist. For best results, time applications of this product so that overhead irrigation or rain will not occur for a period of 6 hours after application.

Depending on the crop and individual user's desired results, and unless otherwise stated in the sections for specific crops below, spray application rates of this product range from 800-4,000 ppm chlormequat chloride (active ingredient in this product). All references to ppm are based on chlormequat chloride (active ingredient in this product).

**Spray Application Phytotoxicity**

Slight yellowing near leaf margins or at the tip of leaves that are small and rapidly enlarging at the time of application often result from foliar spray applications of this product; however, leaves that are mature when sprayed and leaves formed after application are not affected. Discoloration appears approximately 3 to 5 days after application and discolored areas usually regain most or all of their green color by the end of the crop cycle. The degree of yellowing is proportional to the application rate with the lowest specified rates causing no temporary discoloration or phytotoxicity. Brown necrotic areas that will not recover their green color may result from application rates of this product that are too high.

Trials should be conducted prior to using application rates of 1,500 ppm chlormequat chloride (active ingredient in this product) or greater in order to ensure that the amount of leaf spotting is acceptable to the user. If the amount of yellowing is determined to be unacceptable, the effects of phytotoxicity and temporary discoloration may be reduced by lowering application rates of this product and making more frequent applications at the lower rates.

**NOTE:** Users should not apply this product near the end of a crop cycle unless adequate trials have been conducted to ensure that the product rate is low enough to avoid an undesirable appearance during the sales period.

**DRENCH APPLICATIONS**

This product may be applied to the growing medium as a drench that is taken up through the roots and transported to the stem tips where it is active. In addition to providing longer and more uniform control of stem elongation, drench applications do not cause leaf yellowing. Because the total amount of active ingredient in this product applied to each container determines the reduction in stem elongation, users must ensure that both the amount of solution applied to each container and the concentration of this product in ppm are correct.

To prevent multiple plants in the same container from developing non-uniform heights, uniformly saturate all of the potting medium with the drench. The drench should be applied to moist medium and not when crops need irrigation. For best results irrigate crops one day prior to applying the drench of this product.

Application rates for drench treatments of this product range from 2,000 to 4,000 ppm chlormequat chloride (active ingredient in this product). To determine the optimum rates under your particular conditions, trials should be conducted. The following table provides suggested volumes of dilute product solution for different size containers; however, these volumes should be modified if the user has established an optimal volume through their own small-scale trials.
### FACTORS AFFECTING ACTIVITY

Plant growth and response to this product is altered by several factors. The optimum rate and frequency of application will vary depending on how the crop is grown.

**Environmental Factors**

The following conditions will tend to cause less compact growth and generally require higher application rates of this product:

- Crops produced under low light levels
- Crops produced under high humidity conditions
- Crops produced under higher temperatures
- Crops produced under higher DIF (difference between day and night temperatures)

**Cultural Factors**

The following cultural factors may cause plants to be more lush and taller, requiring the use of higher rates or more frequent applications at lower rates of this product:

- Crops grown with greater amounts of irrigation
- Crops grown with higher fertilization rates
- Crops grown with high amounts of ammoniacal nitrogen
- Plants that are spaced closely together causing leaves to overlap

The amount of chemical needed to achieve the desired final plant height for photoperiodic crops and varieties (such as poinsettias and chrysanthemums) will vary with the production schedule. Crops that are grown under long schedules with more time between planting and start of flower initiation or between final pinch and flower initiation will be taller than crops grown using short production schedules and will therefore require higher application rates or more frequent applications at lower rates.

**Varietal Differences**

Varieties within a species can vary greatly in their growth habits and the amount of this product required for optimum final height with taller, more vigorous varieties requiring greater amounts of this product than do shorter, less vigorous varieties. When applying to unfamiliar varieties, users should consult with plant and seed suppliers and breeder companies for information on growth habit.

In addition to natural height and vigor, colors within a bedding plant series may vary in sensitivity to this product as well.

### APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS FOR SPECIFIC SPECIES

#### Poinsettias

This product may be applied as needed to all poinsettia varieties that are stock plants, cuttings during propagation, and before or after pinching plants grown for flowering to reduce stem elongation.

**Use Precautions**

- Poinsettias respond to this product depending on variety and geographical region of the United States in which they are grown. For warmer production areas, higher rates and more frequent applications will be necessary.
- For natural-season crops in the Northern United States, this product must not be used after Oct. 15 with the exception that reduced rates may be used until Oct. 21 ONLY if conditions are warm and sunny.
- For poinsettias grown in the South, this product must not be used after Nov. 1.
- Making applications late in the season or using excessive rates may cause reduced bract size and/or delayed flowering.
- If the crop is being produced outside of its natural season, the last application should be no later than 6 weeks prior to flower maturity.

**Application Instructions**

Make spray applications at rates between 800 and 1,500 ppm chloromequat chloride (active ingredient in this product). If needed, repeat applications may be made at 3- to 14-day intervals. Frequent reaplication may be necessary if the lowest specified application rates are used. At rates of 1,000 to 1,500 ppm chloromequat chloride, less frequent reaplications will be needed. Higher rates (between 1,500 and 3,000 ppm chloromequat chloride) often result in significant leaf yellowing and are not frequently used, but may be applied if the user has adequately evaluated these rates.

Make drench applications at a rate of 3,000 to 4,000 ppm chloromequat chloride, being sure to follow the procedures listed in the **Drench Applications** section of this label. When making drench applications, be sure to follow the critical cut off dates listed under **Use Precautions** above.

#### Geraniums

This product controls plant size of seed geraniums and vegetatively propagated geranium types. It is also used for inducing early flowering of seed geraniums, decreasing days to flowering and generating more compact growth and lateral breaks.

**Application Instructions**

Apply spray applications at rates between 800 to 1,500 ppm chloromequat chloride. First applications are typically made 2 to 4 weeks after planting plugs or rooted cuttings and after stems have started elongating. Make repeat applications as necessary to control growth.

To promote earlier flowering of seed geraniums, make two spray applications at 35 and 42 days after seeding using a rate of 1,500 ppm chloromequat chloride.

---

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pot Diameter (Inches)</th>
<th>Fluid Ounces of Dilute Solution per Pot</th>
<th>Number of Pots Treated with 1 Gallon of Solution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-1/4 to 3</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>64.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>42.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>32.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>21.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>16.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**BEDDING PLANTS**

This product controls stem elongation in the following (and other) bedding plant crops grown in packs, pots, hanging baskets, and plug trays:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ageratum</th>
<th>Celosia</th>
<th>Cleome</th>
<th>Coleus</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dahlia</td>
<td>Dianthus</td>
<td>Gomphrena</td>
<td>Hypoestes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jerusalem cherry</td>
<td>Margold</td>
<td>Nasturtium</td>
<td>Salvia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sunflower</td>
<td>Verbenia</td>
<td>Vinca</td>
<td>Zinnia</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Because the growth rates of bedding plants vary greatly depending on the growers' cultural practices, applications of this product must be specifically tailored to grower practices being used and the desired final plant size. Additionally, since plant growth after transplanting is affected by the amount of this product (or other) that is applied to the plant during the plug stage, using this product during the plug stage will reduce the amount needed after transplanting.

Make spray applications at a rate of 800 to 1,500 ppm chloroquen chloride after transplanted plugs begin to grow and the amount of growth control required can be determined. Use an increased rate of 3,000 ppm chloroquen chloride after extensive trials are conducted to evaluate the effects of the higher rate. For bedding plants in seedling stage, users should evaluate use of this product starting at one-half of the rate used on finished bedding plants.

**OTHER HERBACEOUS CROPS**

Apply this product as either a drench or foliar spray to other herbaceous crops not specifically listed (such as flowering potted plants, tropical and temperate perennials, and foliage plants) to reduce stem elongation. Optimum rate, timing and frequency of applications of this product will vary for different crops and amount of height control desired by individual users, and users should conduct trials with a small number of plants prior to using this product on entire crops.

Examples of other herbaceous crops treated with this product:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Achimenes</th>
<th>Aster</th>
<th>Astilbe</th>
<th>Begonia, hemalis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Begonia, tuberos</td>
<td>Calceolaria</td>
<td>Carnation</td>
<td>Chrysanthemum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Columbine</td>
<td>Easter Lily</td>
<td>Gymnura auranlica</td>
<td>Ivy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kalanchoe</td>
<td>Lilium spp.</td>
<td>Morning glory</td>
<td>Pachystachys</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pilea spp.</td>
<td>Pentas</td>
<td>Salvia spp.</td>
<td>Schefflera</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sedum spp.</td>
<td>Sunflower</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**HIBISCUS**

To improve flowering and to produce compact plants with uniform shoot growth, make applications of this product to plants of Hibiscus spp. at rates of 200 to 600 ppm chloroquen chloride (active ingredient in this product). It is suggested that users start conducting trials with a rate of 460 ppm chloroquen chloride. To produce the most compact flowering plants (height less than 18" in 6-inch pot), make 3 to 4 applications as needed after the final pinch, and first application should be made when laterals are 0.5 to 1 inch long. To produce most uniform growth, apply this product in multiple applications and once before first and second pinches to produce more compact plants before final pinch.

**AZALEAS**

Applications of this product generate earlier budded plants with multiple buds per shoot that have more compact, and symmetrical heads. It can also be used to induce flower bud set in crops produced out of season in a year-round production system.

Optimum spray rates of this product generally range between 1,000 and 2,000 ppm chloroquen chloride in most situations, but may range as high as 4,000 ppm chloroquen chloride in some cases since Azalea growth habit and response to this product varies with variety, geographical region and production system. Make two to six applications when laterals are about 2 inches long, approximately 3 to 5 weeks after last pinch. Plants treated with this product may flower a few days later than non-treated plants.

**OTHER WOODY FLOWERING CROPS**

Treat other woody flowering crops not specifically listed with this product to produce more compact growth and earlier flower bud initiation by applying as needed prior to pinching or after the last pinch. Optimum rate, timing and frequency of applications will vary for different crops and amount of height control desired by individual users, and users should conduct trials with a small number of plants prior to using this product on entire crops.

Examples of flowering woody crops that may be treated with this product:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Barleria cristata</th>
<th>Bougainvillea</th>
<th>Camellia</th>
<th>Fuchsia</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Gardenia</td>
<td>Hollies</td>
<td>Hydrangea</td>
<td>Lantana</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Potted rose</td>
<td>Pseudanthemum lactifolia</td>
<td>Rhododendron</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**STORAGE AND DISPOSAL**

Do not contaminate water, feed or food by storage or disposal.

**PESTICIDE STORAGE**: Store in original container. Do not store below freezing temperatures.

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL**: Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

**CONTAINER DISPOSAL**: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities. Plastic containers are also disposable by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.
WARRANTY DISCLAIMER
The directions for use of this product must be followed carefully. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, (1) THE GOODS DELIVERED TO YOU ARE FURNISHED "AS IS" BY MANUFACTURER OR SELLER AND (2) MANUFACTURER AND SELLER MAKE NO WARRANTIES, GUARANTEES, OR REPRESENTATIONS OF ANY KIND TO BUYER OR USER, EITHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, OR BY USAGE OF TRADE, STATUTORY OR OTHERWISE, WITH REGARD TO THE PRODUCT SOLD, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, USE, OR ELIGIBILITY OF THE PRODUCT FOR ANY PARTICULAR TRADE USAGE. UNINTENDED CONSEQUENCES, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO INEFFECTIVENESS, MAY RESULT BECAUSE OF SUCH FACTORS AS THE PRESENCE OR ABSENCE OF OTHER MATERIALS USED IN COMBINATION WITH THE GOODS, OR THE MANNER OF USE OR APPLICATION, INCLUDING WEATHER, ALL OF WHICH ARE BEYOND THE CONTROL OF MANUFACTURER OR SELLER AND ASSUMED BY BUYER OR USER. THIS WRITING CONTAINS ALL OF THE REPRESENTATIONS AND AGREEMENTS BETWEEN BUYER, MANUFACTURER AND SELLER, AND NO PERSON OR AGENT OF MANUFACTURER OR SELLER HAS ANY AUTHORITY TO MAKE ANY REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY OR AGREEMENT RELATING IN ANY WAY TO THESE GOODS.

LIMITATION OF LIABILITY
TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, IN NO EVENT SHALL MANUFACTURER OR SELLER BE LIABLE FOR SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, OR FOR DAMAGES IN THEIR NATURE OF PENALTIES RELATING TO THE GOODS SOLD, INCLUDING USE, APPLICATION, HANDLING, AND DISPOSAL. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, MANUFACTURER OR SELLER SHALL NOT BE LIABLE TO BUYER OR USER BY WAY OF INDEMNIFICATION TO BUYER OR TO CUSTOMERS OF BUYER, IF ANY, OR FOR ANY DAMAGES OR SUMS OF MONEY CLAIMS OR DEMANDS WHATSOEVER, RESULTING FROM OR BY REASON OF, OR RISING OUT OF THE MISUSE, OR FAILURE TO FOLLOW LABEL WARNINGS OR INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE, OF THE GOODS SOLD BY MANUFACTURER OR SELLER TO BUYER. ALL SUCH RISKS SHALL BE ASSUMED BY THE BUYER, USER, OR ITS CUSTOMERS. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, BUYER'S OR USER'S EXCLUSIVE REMEDY, AND MANUFACTURER'S OR SELLER'S TOTAL LIABILITY SHALL BE FOR DAMAGES NOT EXCEEDING THE COST OF THE PRODUCT.

If you do not agree with or do not accept any of directions for use, the warranty disclaimers, or limitations on liability, do not use the product, and return it unopened to the Seller, and the purchase price will be refunded.

(RV110609)