POWER PRO™ TABS
Now with Anti-scale Additive

STEP 2  SANITIZER
BLUE CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE TABLETS
FOR COMMERCIAL POOL APPLICATIONS
Controls Bacteria & Algae Growth
Erodes Slowly to Deliver Long Lasting Uniform Shock Protection

Keep Out of Reach of Children
DANGER
The mixture with chemicals that are not mix with other chemicals. Do not mix with sodium chlorate tablets that are typically white or other pool chemicals. Do not use in swimming pools or with the tablets. The tablets can be dangerous if mixed with other products. Do not add water to product. Add:

See Additional Precautionary Statements on Back Panel

First Aid:
If in Eyes: Hold open eyes and rinse well with water for 15-20 minutes. If no improvement, call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If Swallowed: Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Have person rinse mouth with water and drink a glass of water. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to a person who is unconscious.

IF INHALED: Have person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration. Do not give anything by mouth to a person who is unconscious.

IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF INHALED: Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Have person take a glass of water and drink a glass of water. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to a person who is unconscious.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:
Calcium Hypochlorite: 68%
OTHER INGREDIENTS: 32%
Total: 100%
(Minimum 65% Available Chlorine)

EPA Reg. No. 748-275
EPA Est. No. 58401-1-L1
NET WT. 50 lbs. (22.7 kg)
LPM 81-110

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER
1-412-434-4515
CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE
HYDRATED
UN2880 RQ
### Precautionary Statements

**HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS**

**DANGER:** High Corrosion. Causes irreversible eye and skin damage. Do not get in eyes, mouth, or clothing. Wear goggles or face shield and rubber gloves when handling. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and eating, drinking, chewing gum, or using tobacco. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. May be fatal if swallowed. Immediate illness, nausea and diarrhea may result.

### Environmental Hazards

This product is toxic to fish and aquatic organisms. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into waterways, oceans, or any other water bodies in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewage systems without previously obtaining the local sewage treatment authority's approval. For guidance contact your local Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.

### Physical and Chemical Hazards

Strong scaling agent. The cells will cause severe skin and eye irritation. Always add product to large quantities of water. Use only as a cleaning solution with no dilution. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Do not allow this product to come into contact with other products. Do not flame into any exhaust system. Ventilation with fresh or recirculated air is necessary. In cases of extreme conditions, i.e., acid, smoke, water, carbon, or gas, use respiratory equipment such as self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or other breathing apparatus at least as protective as the SCBA. In cases of extreme conditions, i.e., acid, smoke, water, carbon, or gas, use respiratory equipment such as self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or other breathing apparatus at least as protective as the SCBA.

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**WARNING**

Children can fall into bucket and drown. Keep children away from bucket with even a small amount of water.

Niños pueden caer adentro del baño y ahogarse. Retire a los niñas de el baño aunque sostiene un poco de agua.

### Storage and Disposal

**STORAGE:** Keep in original container in a cool, dry, and well-ventilated place. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from food and feed. Store in airtight, tight-fitting container.

**SPILLS:** Do not allow spills or leaks to enter sewers, surface waters, or ground waters. Clean and return to proper condition of the container to prevent further release. Do not allow spills or leaks to enter sewers, surface waters, or ground waters. Clean and return to proper condition of the container to prevent further release.

**TF-110**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Test Procedure</th>
<th>Recommended Level</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td>7.2 to 7.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alkalinity of CaCO₃</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td>1 to 3 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Velocity</td>
<td>Weekly</td>
<td>80 to 100 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sediment</td>
<td>Monthly</td>
<td>6 to 80 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water Quality</td>
<td>Weekly</td>
<td>20 ppm maximum</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Initial Chlorination:** Begin continuous operation of your disinfection equipment. Follow the time by adding the proper water treatment to the pool. Add the proper amount of chlorine to the pool. Adjust and maintain the pool to maintain a minimum of 3 ppm of chlorine has been established. Do not exceed the water and the free chlorine residual is less than 4 ppm. Regular testing of chlorine.

**Operating Chlorination:** Maintain total residual chlorine levels by adding the proper amount of chlorine to the pool. Add the proper amount of chlorine to the pool and adjust the pool to maintain a total chlorine residual of 3 ppm. Higher total residual levels are necessary to maintain a clean-water condition for the pool. Higher total residual levels are necessary to maintain a clean-water condition for the pool. Higher total residual levels are necessary to maintain a clean-water condition for the pool.

**HELPFUL TIPS IN SWIMMING POOL CARE**

- Maintain the proper pH, total alkalinity, and water hardness is necessary to maintain proper water balance and help avoid problems such as scaling, spotting, algae, and increased corrosion. Scale occurs when the chlorine is introduced into the system makes free chlorine available for disinfection. Do not allow the chlorine residual to increase to more than 6 ppm. Excessive free chlorine, i.e., bleach and other chemicals may be necessary to disinfect the pool and control algae. Excessive free chlorine, i.e., bleach and other chemicals may be necessary to disinfect the pool and control algae. Excessive free chlorine, i.e., bleach and other chemicals may be necessary to disinfect the pool and control algae.

**How to Determine the Capacity of Your Pool:**

- Determine the average depth in feet by adding the depth of the pool to the total depth and dividing the total by two.

- Water volume (in feet) = 3.14 x (depth) x (width) x (length)

- Use the formula to determine the water volume of your pool:

- Water volume (in gallons) = water volume (in feet) x 7.5 gal/ft³

**NOTICE:** If pool has irregular shapes, multiple region gal volume calculated by U.S. Army Corps of Engineers is not accurate.