For control of certain diseases in celery, cereals, corn, peanut, pecan, pineapple, rice, stone fruits, sugarcane, turfgrass grown for seed, turfgrass and ornamentals.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:
propiconazole: 1-[[2-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-4-propyl-1,
3-dioxolan-2-yl]methyl]-1H,1,2,4-triazole ........................................... 41.8%
OTHER INGREDIENTS: ................................................................. 58.2%
TOTAL 100.0%

Contains petroleum distillates.
Contains 3.6 lb active ingredient per gallon.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
WARNING AVISO
Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FIRST AID</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>If in eyes:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>If swallowed:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Immediately call a poison control center or doctor.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Do not give any liquid to the person.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment.
FOR A MEDICAL EMERGENCY INVOLVING THIS PRODUCT CALL: 1-866-944-8565.
Note to Physician: Contains petroleum distillate — vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia.

EPA REG. NO. 34704-1031
EPA EST. NO. 34704-MS-002
NET CONTENTS 1 GAL. (3.78 L)
IHT 111809 V1D 12B09
FITNESS™ FUNGICIDE
EPA REG. NO. 34704-1031

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS
WARNING
Causes substantial but temporary eye injury. Harmful if swallowed. Do not get in eyes or on clothing.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):
Some materials that are chemical resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for Category G on the EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

Applicators and other handlers must wear:
• Long-sleeved shirt and long pants,
• Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate or viton,
• Shoes plus socks and
• Protective eyewear.
Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product’s concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer’s instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Controls
When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 160.240(d)(4-6)1, the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Users should:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS
This pesticide is toxic to fish. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash waters or rinsate. Refer to product labeling for use restrictions to protect endangered species.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS
Do not use, pour, spill or store near heat or open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE
It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Read all Directions for Use carefully before applying.
Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your state or tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.
Rotational Crops
To avoid possible illegal residues, do not plant any other crop intended for food, grazing, or any component of animal feed or bedding within 105 days of an application of Fitness Fungicide to the preceding crop unless the second crop appears on this label. Alfalfa can be planted 75 days after the last application of Fitness Fungicide if the total application of propiconazole has not exceeded 0.22 lb active ingredient per acre during the previous year.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS
Use this product only in accordance with its labelling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval.

The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours. Exception: If the product is soil-injected or soil-incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is:
• Coveralls,
• Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate or viton,
• Shoes plus socks, and
• Protective eyewear.

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS
The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for Agricultural Pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Entry Restrictions for Non-WPS Uses: Do not enter into treated until sprays have dried.

CROPS
Fitness™ Fungicide is a broad-spectrum fungicide for the control of certain diseases in cereals (wheat, barley, rye, oats, and rice), celery, corn, stone fruit (apricots, nectarines, peaches, plums, and prunes), peanuts, pecans, pineapple, sugarcane, turf grown for seed, and turfgrass and ornamentals.

Important: Do not use in greenhouses or as a tree injection.
Failure to follow directions and precautions on this label may result in crop injury, poor disease control, or illegal residues.

Integrated Pest Management
Fitness Fungicide should be integrated into an overall disease and pest management (IPM) strategy whenever the use of a fungicide is required. Cultural practices known to reduce disease
development should be followed. Consult your local agricultural authorities for additional IPM strategies established for your area. Fitness Fungicide may be used in state agricultural extension advisory (disease forecasting) programs using the recommend application timing based upon environmental factors favorable for disease development.

**Fungicide Resistance Management**

Fitness Fungicide belongs to the sterol demethylation inhibitor (DM1) class of fungicides and is classified as Group 3 Fungicide by EPA. Since certain fungi can develop resistance to this class of products, the use of Fitness Fungicide should be part of a resistance management strategy that includes alternation and/or tank mixing with another fungicide mode of action. After two consecutive applications of Fitness Fungicide, another propiconazole product or another DM1, rotate to a product that is effective on the target pathogen and has a mode of action different from Fitness Fungicide. Apply the alternate products within the intervals specified on the label for Fitness Fungicide. Do not apply Fitness Fungicide at rates below those specified on the label. If tank mixing, use the full label rate of Fitness Fungicide with the full label rates of other products effective on the target pest. Consult your local or state agricultural authorities for resistance management strategies that are appropriate for your disease management program.

**Spray Equipment**

Thorough coverage is necessary to provide good disease control.

To avoid spray drift, do not apply when conditions favor drift beyond the target area. Avoid spray overlap as crop injury may occur.

Air assisted or air blast sprayers move spray droplets into the canopy using a forced air stream. Set up the fan to deliver only enough air volume to penetrate the canopy and provide good coverage. Adjust deflectors or other aiming devices to direct spray only to the target area.

Equip sprayers with nozzles that provide accurate and uniform application. Be certain that nozzles are the same size and uniformly spaced across the boom. Calibrate the sprayer before use.

Use a pump with sufficient capacity to maintain 35 to 40 psi at nozzles and provide sufficient agitation in tank to keep mixture in suspension (this requires recirculation of 10% of tank volume per minute). Use a jet agitator or liquid sparger tube for agitation. Do not use air sparging.

Although Fitness Fungicide is an emulsifiable concentrate, it is suggested that screens be used to protect the pump and to prevent nozzles from clogging. Screens placed on suction side of pump should be 16- mesh or coarser. Do not place a screen in the recirculation line. Use 50-mesh or coarser screens between the pump and boom and, where required, at the nozzles. Check nozzle manufacturer's recommendations.

For more information on spray equipment and calibration, consult sprayer manufacturers and state recommendations. For specific local directions and spray schedules, consult the current state agricultural experiment station recommendations.
FITTNESS™ FUNGICIDE
EPA REG. NO. 34704-1031

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

Application Rate Reference Table

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Application Rate of Fitness Fungicide (fl oz/acre)</th>
<th>Active Ingredient Equivalent (lb ai/acre)</th>
<th>Acres per Gallon of Fitness Fungicide</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>0.056</td>
<td>64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>0.1125</td>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>0.169</td>
<td>21.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>0.225</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>0.28</td>
<td>12.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>0.34</td>
<td>10.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>0.45</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>0.56</td>
<td>6.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>0.67</td>
<td>5.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>0.84</td>
<td>4.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32</td>
<td>0.90</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Prepare no more spray mixture than is required for the immediate operation. Thoroughly clean spray equipment before using this product. Agitate the spray solution before and during application. Rinse spray tank thoroughly with clean water after each day’s use and dispose of pesticide rinseate by application to an already treated area.

**Fitness Fungicide - Alone:** Add 1/2 to 2/3 of the required amount of water to the spray or mixing tank. With the agitator running, add Fitness Fungicide to the tank. Continue agitation while adding the remainder of the water. Begin application of the spray solution after Fitness Fungicide has completely dispersed into the mix water. Maintain agitation until all of the mixture has been sprayed.

**Fitness Fungicide - Tank Mixes:** Fitness Fungicide is usually compatible with all tank mix partners listed on this label. To determine the physical compatibility of Fitness Fungicide with other products, use a jar test. Using a quart jar, add the proportionate amounts of the products to 1 quart of water. Add wettable powders and water dispersible granular products first, then liquid flowables and emulsifiable concentrates last. After thoroughly mixing, let stand for at least 5 minutes. If the combination remains mixed or can be remixed readily, it is physically compatible. Once compatibility has been proven, use the same procedure for adding required ingredients to the spray tank. Add 1/2 to 2/3 of the required amount of water to the spray or mixing tank. With the agitator running, add the tank mix partner into the tank. Allow the material to completely dissolve and disperse into the mix water. Continue agitation while adding the remainder of the water and Fitness Fungicide to the spray tank. Allow Fitness Fungicide to completely disperse. Spray the mixture with the agitator running.

Do not apply this product in a tank mix with a dodine fungicide or crop injury may occur.

If using Fitness Fungicide in a tank mix, observe all directions for use, crops/sites, use rates, dilution ratios, precautions, and limitations required by the label of the tank mix product. No label dosage rate should be exceeded and the most restrictive label precautions and limitations must be followed. Do not tank mix this product with any product that prohibits such mixing. Tank mixes or other applications of products referenced on this label are permitted only in those states in which the referenced products are registered.
Application Instructions
Fitness Fungicide is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. Avoid applying Fitness Fungicide under conditions when uniform coverage cannot be obtained or when excessive spray drift may occur. Do not apply in a manner which results in exposure to humans or animals.

Ground Application: For tree crops, apply Fitness Fungicide in a minimum of 50 gallons of water per acre unless otherwise specified. For all other crops, apply Fitness Fungicide in a minimum of 10 gallons of water per acre unless otherwise specified.

Aerial Application: For tree crops, apply Fitness Fungicide in a minimum of 10 gallons of water per acre unless otherwise specified. For all other crops, apply Fitness Fungicide in a minimum of 2 gallons of water per acre unless otherwise specified.

Chemigation Application: This product may be applied through properly equipped chemigation systems for disease control in the labeled crops. Refer to crop specific use directions for application rates, timing and frequency of application. Do not apply Fitness Fungicide by chemigation to other labeled crops except as specified in Loveland Products supplemental labeling or product bulletins. When applying this product by chemigation, do not exceed labeled rates or apply more frequently than recommended for conventional application methods. Fitness Fungicide, alone or in combination with other pesticides that are registered for application through irrigation systems, may be applied through irrigation systems. For chemigation application to labeled crops, apply in 0.1 to 0.25 inches of water unless otherwise specified. Chemigation with excessive water may lead to a decrease in efficacy.

Precautions:
- Apply this product only through center pivot, solid set, hand move, or moving wheel irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.
- Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.
- If you have questions about calibration, contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers, or other experts.
- Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.
- A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.
- Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.
- Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone (RPZ), backflow preventer or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the flow outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.

Note: Do not inject Fitness Fungicide at full strength or deterioration of valves and seals may occur. Use a dilution ratio of at least 10 parts water to 1 part Fitness Fungicide. Fitness Fungicide is corrosive to many seal materials. Leather seals are best. EPDM or silicone rubber seals can be used but should be replaced once a year. Do not use Viton, Buna-N, Neoprene, or PVC seals.
FITNESS™ FUNGICIDE
EPA REG. NO. 34704-1031

Specific Equipment Requirements
- The system must contain a functional check-valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check-valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch that will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Center Pivot Irrigation Equipment
- Use only with drive systems that provide uniform water distribution.
- Do not use end guns when applying Fitness Fungicide through center pivot systems because of nonuniform application.
- Determine size of area to be treated.
- Determine the time required to apply 1/8 to 1/2 inch of water over the area to be treated when the system and injection equipment are operated at normal pressures as recommended by the equipment manufacturer. When applying Fitness Fungicide through irrigation equipment, use the lowest obtainable water volume while maintaining uniform distribution. Run the system at 80 to 95% of the manufacturer’s rated capacity.
- Using only water, determine the injection pump output when operated at normal line pressure.
- Determine the amount of Fitness Fungicide required to treat the area covered by the irrigation system.
- Add the required amount of Fitness Fungicide and sufficient water to meet the injection time requirements of the solution tank.
- Make sure the system is fully charged with water before starting injection of Fitness Fungicide.
- Time the injection to last at least as long as it takes to bring the system to full pressure.
- Maintain constant solution tank agitation during the injection period.
- Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed. Continue to operate the system until the solution of Fitness Fungicide has cleared the sprinkler head.

Solid-Set, Hand Move, and Moving Wheel Irrigation Equipment
- Determine the acreage covered by the sprinkler.
- Fill the injector solution tank with water and adjust flow rate to use the contents over a 20- to 30-minute interval. When applying Fitness Fungicide through irrigation equipment, use the lowest obtainable water volume while maintaining uniform distribution.
- Determine the amount of Fitness Fungicide required to treat the area covered by the irrigation system.
- Add the required amount of Fitness Fungicide into the same quantity of water used to calibrate the injection equipment.
- Maintain constant solution tank agitation during the injection period.
- Operate the system at normal pressures recommended by the manufacturer of the injection equipment and used for the time interval established during the calibration.
• Inject Fitness Fungicide at the end of the irrigation cycle or as a separate application to maximize foliar fungicide retention.
• Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed. Continue to operate the system until the solution of Fitness Fungicide has cleared the last sprinkler head.

**USES**

**Celery**
Apply Fitness Fungicide by either ground equipment in a minimum of 10 gallons of water per acre or aerial equipment in a minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Target Disease</th>
<th>Application Rate (fl oz/acre)</th>
<th>Application Timing</th>
<th>Use Restrictions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>early blight * (Cerocospora api) late blight (Septoria apicola)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Apply on a 7-day schedule. If desired, a spreader-sticker may be used.</td>
<td>• Do not apply more than 16 fl oz of Fitness Fungicide (0.45 lb active ingredient) per acre per season. Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Cereals**
Including barley, buckwheat, pearl millet, proso millet, oats, rice, rye, teosinte, triticale, wheat, and other commodities included in the cereal grains crop grouping. For rice, see specific use directions elsewhere on the label. Apply Fitness Fungicide by ground, aerial, or chemigation equipment.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Target Disease</th>
<th>Application Rate (fl oz/acre)</th>
<th>Application Timing</th>
<th>Use Restrictions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>early season suppression of: glume blotch (Stagonospora nodorum) leaf blight (Septoria tritici) powdery mildew (Blumeria spp., Erysiphe spp.) tan spot (Pyrenophora tritici-repentis)</td>
<td>2-4</td>
<td>Apply in the spring. Make a second application for season long control. The minimum retreatment interval is 14 days.</td>
<td>• Do not apply more than 8 fl oz of Fitness Fungicide (0.22 lb active ingredient) per acre per season. • Do not apply more than 4 fl oz of Fitness Fungicide (0.11 lb active ingredient) per acre per season if forage or hay will be harvested. • Preharvest interval: Wheat: do not apply after Feekes growth stage 10.5 (straw and grain). Do not apply within 30 days of harvest for forage or hay. Other Cereals (Barley, rye, triticale, oats): Do not apply within 30 days of harvest for forage or hay. Do not apply within 45 days of harvest for grain and straw for cereals other than wheat.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Cereals cont'd.:
Including barley, buckwheat, pearl millet, proso millet, oats, rice, rye, teosinte, triticale, wheat, and other commodities included in the cereal grains crop grouping. For rice, see specific use directions elsewhere on the label. Apply Fitness Fungicide by ground, aerial, or chemigation equipment.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Target Disease</th>
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<th>Application Timing</th>
<th>Use Restrictions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| control of leaf diseases:       | 4                             | Protecting the flag leaf is important for maximizing the potential yield. Highest yields are normally obtained when Fitness Fungicide is applied when the flag leaf is 50% to fully emerged. The minimum retreatment interval is 14 days. Using an oil base adjuvant may improve the spray coverage and canopy penetration. | • Do not apply more than 8 fl oz of Fitness Fungicide (0.22 lb active ingredient) per acre per season.  
  • Do not apply more than 4 fl oz of Fitness Fungicide (0.11 lb active ingredient) per acre per season if forage or hay will be harvested.  
  • Preharvest interval:  
    Wheat: do not apply after Feekes growth stage 10.5 (straw and grain). Do not apply within 30 days of harvest for forage or hay.  
    Other Cereals (Barley, rye, triticale, oats): Do not apply within 30 days of harvest for forage or hay. Do not apply within 45 days of harvest for grain and straw for cereals other than wheat. |
| barley scald (Rhynchosporium secalis) |                               | Apply with half rates of EPA registered fungicides such as thiophanate-methyl.  
  Apply at tillering but before elongation has occurred. |                                                                                                               |
| barley stripe (Pyrenophora graminea) |                               |                                                                                     |                                                                                                               |
| glume blotch (Stagonospora nordanorum) |                               |                                                                                     |                                                                                                               |
| helminthosporium leaf blight (Drechslera tritici-repentis) |                               |                                                                                     |                                                                                                               |
| leaf blight (Septoria tritici) |                               |                                                                                     |                                                                                                               |
| net blotch (Pyrenophora teres) |                               |                                                                                     |                                                                                                               |
| powdery mildew (Blumeria spp., Erysiphe spp.) |                               |                                                                                     |                                                                                                               |
| rust (Puccinia spp.) |                               |                                                                                     |                                                                                                               |
| spot blotch (Bipolaris sorokiniana) |                               |                                                                                     |                                                                                                               |
| tan spot (Pyrenophora tritici-repentis) |                               |                                                                                     |                                                                                                               |
| foot rot (Pseudocercospora spp.) |                               |                                                                                     |                                                                                                               |

| fusarium head blight suppression |                               | Apply at approximately 50% flowering. Adding a penetrating type of adjuvant may increase fusarium head blight suppression. |                                                                                                               |
**FITNESS™ FUNGICIDE**  
**EPA REG. NO. 34704-1031**

**Rice**  
Apply Fitness Fungicide by aerial equipment only. The active ingredient in this product may have effects on federally listed threatened and endangered species or critical habitat in some counties. When using this product, you must follow the measures contained in the County Bulletin for the county in which you are applying the pesticide. To determine whether your county has a bulletin consult http://www.epa.gov/espp/bulletins.htm. Bulletins may also be available from local pesticide dealers, extension offices, or state pesticide agencies.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Target Disease</th>
<th>Application Rate (fl oz/acre)</th>
<th>Application Timing</th>
<th>Use Restrictions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| aggregate sheath spot (*Rhizoctonia oryzae-sativa*)                            | 6-10                          | Timing of application depends upon disease severity, disease complex and rice variety/growth stage. Consult local extension experts for local economic thresholds established for various rice varieties and diseases. Apply at first internode elongation (up to 2-inch panicle) using one of the following schedules:  
A. Apply 6 fl oz per acre and repeat at swollen boot. Make the second application 14 days later but before the boot splits and head emerges. Sheath blight is best controlled when the first application is applied at disease appearance in the field. The first application is recommended when 5% or fewer of the tillers are infected.  
B. Apply 10 fl oz per acre. This rate is recommended if greater than 10% of the tillers are infected with sheath blight. If disease reappears, use another registered fungicide for the second application. Tank mix option: Apply 6 fl oz of Fitness Fungicide in a tank mix with registered fungicides for control of rice diseases. | Do not apply more than 12 fl oz of Fitness Fungicide (0.34 lb active ingredient) per acre per season.  
• Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 35 days of harvest.  
• Do not apply to stubble or ratoon crop rice.  
• Do not use in rice fields where commercial farming of crayfish will be practiced.  
• Do not drain water from treated rice fields into ponds used for commercial fish farming.  
• Do not use water drained from treated fields to irrigate other crops. |
| black sheath rot (*Gaemmannomyces graminis*)                                   |                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                                                                 |
| brown leaf spot (*Heiminthosporium oryzae*)                                    |                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                                                                 |
| false smut (*Ustilaginoidea virens*)                                          |                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                                                                 |
| (suppression only)                                                             |                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                                                                 |
| kernel smut (*Tilletia barclayana*)                                           |                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                                                                 |
| leaf smut (*Entyloma oryzae*)                                                  |                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                                                                 |
| narrow brown leaf spot (*Cercospora oryzae*)                                  |                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                                                                 |
| sheath blight (*Rhizoctoria solani*)                                          |                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                                                                 |
| sheath spot (*Rhizoctonia oryzae*)                                            |                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                                                                 |
| stem rot (*Sclerotium oryzae*)                                                |                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                                                                 |
| (suppression only)                                                            |                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                                                                 |
# FITNESS™ FUNGICIDE
## EPA REG. NO. 34704-1031

**Corn (Field Corn, Sweet Corn, Popcorn, and Corn Grown for Seed)**

Apply Fitness Fungicide by ground, aerial, or chemigation equipment.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Target Disease</th>
<th>Application Rate (fl oz/acre)</th>
<th>Application Timing</th>
<th>Use Restrictions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| helminthosporium leaf blights (H. maydis, H. turcicum, H. carbonum) northern corn leaf blight (Setosphaeria turcica) northern corn leaf spot (Cochliobolus carbonum) southern corn leaf blight (Cochliobolus heterosporus) | 2-4 | Apply when disease first appears and reapply on a 7 to 14 day schedule. Use the low rate when disease pressure is low and the high rate under heavy disease pressure or if conditions favor for disease development. | Field corn, popcorn, corn grown for seed  
- Do not apply more than 16 fl oz of Fitness Fungicide (0.45 lb active ingredient) per acre per season.  
- Do not apply more than 8 fl oz of Fitness Fungicide (0.22 lb active ingredient) per acre per season on field corn harvested for forage.  
- Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 30 days of harvest for forage, grain and stover.  
**Sweet corn**  
- Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 14 days of harvest for ears or forage. |
| eye spot (Aureobasidium zea) gray leaf spot (Cercospora zeae-amydis) rusts (Puccinia spp.) | 4 | Apply when disease first appears. If conditions favor disease development, reapply on a 7 to 14 day schedule. For best disease control, early applications at initial disease onset perform better. | |

**Peanut**

Apply Fitness Fungicide by ground, aerial, or chemigation equipment.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Target Disease</th>
<th>Application Rate (fl oz/acre)</th>
<th>Application Timing</th>
<th>Use Restrictions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| early leaf spot (Cercospora arachidicola) | 2.5-4 | Apply beginning 35 to 40 days after planting or at the first appearance of disease and reapply on a 10 to 14 day schedule. Under heavy disease pressure, use the higher rate.  
Fitness Fungicide also may be used in State Agricultural Extension advisory (disease forecasting) programs which recommend application timing based upon environmental factors favorable for disease development. |  
- Do not apply more than 16 fl oz of Fitness Fungicide (0.45 lb active ingredient) per acre per season.  
- Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 14 days of harvest with the low use rate of 4 fl oz per acre. Do not apply within 21 days of harvest with the high use rate of 8 fl oz per acre.  
- Do not feed hay from treated fields to livestock if the high rate of 8 fl oz per acre was used.  
- Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 14 days of harvest for ears or forage. |
| late leaf spot (Cercosporidium personatum) rust (Puccinia arachidis) web blotch (Phoma arachidicola) | 4 | | |
Peanut cont’d.:
Apply Fitness Fungicide by ground, aerial, or chemigation equipment.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Target Disease</th>
<th>Application Rate (fl oz/acre)</th>
<th>Application Timing</th>
<th>Use Restrictions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| southern stem rot ( *Sclerotium rolfsii*) | 4                             | Apply to the crown and pegging zones of the plant by chemigation or directed ground application using one of the following schedules:  
  **A.** Apply 4 fl oz per acre.  
  Begin applications 45 days after planting or at the first appearance of disease. Repeat on a 14-day interval.  
  **B.** Apply 8 fl oz per acre.  
  Make the first application at pegging (approximately 60 days after planting) or at the first appearance of disease. Make the second application 3 to 4 weeks later. When applying in irrigation water for southern stem rot control, use a minimum of 0.25 to 0.5 inch of water per acre. Use enough water so the fungicide penetrates the peanut canopy and reaches the crown of the plant where the disease is most active. When applying via irrigation or as a directed ground application, additional methods should be employed for leaf spot control. | • Do not apply more than 16 fl oz of Fitness Fungicide (0.45 lb active ingredient) per acre per season.  
• Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 14 days of harvest with the low use rate of 4 fl oz per acre. Do not apply within 21 days of harvest with the high use rate of 8 fl oz per acre.  
• Do not feed hay from treated fields to livestock if the high rate of 8 fl oz per acre was used. |
Pecan
Apply Fitness Fungicide by ground or aerial equipment in a minimum of 20 gallons of water per acre.
The active ingredient in this product may have effects on federally listed threatened and endangered species or critical habitat in some counties. When using this product, you must follow the measures contained in the County Bulletin for the county in which you are applying the pesticide. To determine whether your county has a bulletin consult http://www.epa.gov/espp/bulletins.htm. Bulletins may also be available from local pesticide dealers, extension offices, or state pesticide agencies.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Target Disease</th>
<th>Application Rate (fl oz/acre)</th>
<th>Application Timing</th>
<th>Use Restrictions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| pecan scab (Cladosporium caryigenum) | 4-8                           | Apply on a 14-day schedule during bud break and pre-pollination sprays. Apply 6 to 8 fl oz per acre during nut formation and cover sprays. Use higher rates when disease pressure is heavier. | • Do not apply more than 32 fl oz of Fitness Fungicide (0.9 lb active ingredient) per acre per season.  
  • Do not apply after shuck split.  
  • Do not graze livestock in treated areas or cut treated cover crop for feed. |
| downy spot (Mycosphaerella canjigena) |                               | Apply 4 fl oz per acre with other products registered for pecans and labeled for these mid to late season foliar diseases. Observe all directions, precautions, and limitations for the other products. |
# Fitness™ Fungicide

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## Pineapple - (For use only in Hawaii)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Target Disease</th>
<th>Application Rate (fl oz/acre)</th>
<th>Application Timing</th>
<th>Use Restrictions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Butt rot (Ceratocystis paradoxa)</td>
<td>0.75 (1:17,000)</td>
<td>Treatments can be made in either a cold or hot water dip.</td>
<td>• Do not use treated crowns for food or feed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Cold water dip:</strong> Immerse crowns to give thorough wetting, remove, and allow to drain.</td>
<td>• Do not graze while plant is growing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Hot water dip:</strong> Maintain water temperature at 125°F (52°C). Soak crown for 20 to 30 minutes, remove, and allow to drain.</td>
<td>• Do not graze tops until fruit is harvested.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Dispose of used dip solution according to local, state, and federal regulations.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Stone Fruits

Including apricot, chickasaw plum, damson plum, Japanese plum, nectarine, peach, plum, plumcot, prune, sweet cherry, tart cherry, and cultivars and/or hybrids of these included in the stone fruits crop grouping.

Apply Fitness Fungicide by ground or aerial equipment in a minimum of 15 gallons of water per acre. Diseases on stone fruits are most effectively controlled by ground applications.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Target Disease</th>
<th>Application Rate (fl oz/acre)</th>
<th>Application Timing</th>
<th>Use Restrictions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>brown rot blossom blight (Monilinia spp.)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Apply at early bloom stage. If disease pressure is low, a second application may be made as needed through petal fall. Under conditions of high disease pressure and/or very susceptible varieties, make a second application from 75 to 100% bloom and a third application at petal fall.</td>
<td>• Do not apply more than 20 fl oz of Fitness Fungicide (0.56 lb active ingredient) per acre per season.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Preharvest interval: 0 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Applications of Fitness Fungicide during bloom to Stanley plums have occasionally caused fruit to be less oval in shape and smaller in size at harvest. To avoid this, do not apply to Stanley plums earlier than 21 days before harvest.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fruit brown rot (Monilinia spp.)</td>
<td></td>
<td>Apply a maximum of 2 sprays as needed during the preharvest period up to the day of harvest. If high inoculum and severe disease conditions persist, apply another registered fungicide after applying Fitness Fungicide twice.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>cherry leaf spot (Blumeriella jaapi)</td>
<td></td>
<td>See brown rot blossom blight. Make up to 2 additional applications on a 10 to 14 day interval from the end of petal fall to harvest.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>powdery mildew (Podosphaera spp.)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rust (Tranzschelia discolor)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
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### Sugarcane

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Target Disease</th>
<th>Application Rate (fl oz/acre)</th>
<th>Application Timing</th>
<th>Use Restrictions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| pineapple disease (*Ceratocystis paradoxa*) | 0.75 (1:17,000) | Apply to cut seed pieces using one of the following methods:  
**Cold water dip:** Immerse seed pieces to give thorough wetting, remove, and allow to drain.  
**Hot water dip:** Maintain water temperature at 125°F (52°C). Soak seed pieces for 20 to 30 minutes, remove, and allow to drain.  
**Conveyor belt treatment:** Treat seed pieces with a solution of Fitness Fungicide and water using in-line directed spray sufficient to wet cut ends. | • Do not use treated seed pieces for food or feed.  
• Dispose of used dip solution according to local, state, and federal regulations. |

### Turfgrass Grown for Seed  
(For use only in Idaho, Minnesota, Nebraska, Oregon, and Washington)

Apply Fitness Fungicide by ground or aerial equipment in a minimum of 10 gallons of water per acre. Fitness Fungicide may also be applied by chemigation.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Target Disease</th>
<th>Application Rate (fl oz/acre)</th>
<th>Application Timing</th>
<th>Use Restrictions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| ergot stem disease powdery mildew (*Erysiphe graminis*) rusts (*Puccinia* spp.) selenophoma stem eyespot (*Selenophoma* spp.) | 4-8 | Apply when powdery mildew infections, Seleophoma infections, and/or rust pustules are noticeable and increasing in number in late spring or early summer. Apply on a 14 - 21 day interval. To maximize control of severe rust pressure, apply 8 fl oz per acre and reapply at 14 day intervals until the seed is mature. Make the last application at least 20 days before seed matures. For bluegrass, it is important to begin applications early in the growing season. | • Do not apply more than 32 fl oz of Fitness Fungicide (0.9 lb active ingredient) per acre per season.  
• Do not feed hay cut within 20 days of the last application.  
• Do not graze treated areas within 140 days of the last application. |
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Turfgrass and Ornamentals

General Information
Fitness Fungicide is a systemic fungicide for use on turfgrass for the control of dollar spot (Sclerotinia homeocarpa), brown patch (Rhizoctonia solani), anthracnose (Colletotrichum graminicola), red thread (Laetisaria fuciformis), pink patch (Limonomycyes roseipellis), rust (Puccinia graminis), powdery mildew (Erysiphe graminis), stripe smut (Ustilago striiformis and Urocystis agropyri), summer patch (Magnaporthe poae), necrotic ring spot (Leptosphaeria korrae), spring dead spot (Leptosphaeria korrae, Leptosphaeria narmari, Ophiosphaerella herpotricha, Gaeumannomyces graminis), take-all patch (Gaeumannomyces graminis), leaf spot (Bipolaris spp., Drechslera spp.), gray leaf spot (Pyricularia grisea), pink snowmold (Microdochium nivale), fusarium patch (Fusarium nivale), gray snowmold (Typhula spp.), yellow patch (Rhizoctonia cerealis), and zoysia patch (Rhizoctonia solani).

Fitness Fungicide also controls numerous diseases on ornamentals and other landscape and nursery plantings, including powdery mildews, rusts, leaf spots, scabs, and blights. Refer to the appropriate section for specified diseases and plants.

General Use Precautions and Restrictions
Failure to follow the directions for use and precautions on this label may result in plant injury or poor disease control.

Chemigation: Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.
Do not use this product as a tree injection treatment.
Do not use Fitness Fungicide in greenhouses.
Do not apply more than 5.8 fl oz of Fitness Fungicide per 1000 sq ft per calendar year.

Mixing Instructions
Fitness Fungicide — Alone: Fill the tank 1/2 to 3/4 full of water. Add the proper amount of Fitness Fungicide and then add the rest of the water. Provide sufficient agitation during mixing and application to maintain a uniform emulsion.

Fitness Fungicide — Tank Mixes: For broader spectrum disease control, Fitness Fungicide may be mixed with other fungicides. Fitness Fungicide is also compatible with numerous herbicides and insecticides. Always check the compatibility of the tank mix using a jar test with proportionate amounts of Fitness Fungicide, other chemicals to be used, and the water before mixing in the spray tank. Once compatibility has been proven, fill the tank at least 1/2 full of clean water. Add wettable powders to the tank first, allowing them to completely suspend in the water before proceeding. This process can be hastened by premixing the product in water before adding to the tank. Add flowables or suspensions next and then add Fitness Fungicide. Add other emulsifiable concentrates last. Provide sufficient jet or mechanical agitation during filling and application to keep the tank mix uniformly suspended. Do not leave tank mixtures in the spray tank for prolonged periods without agitation. Mix and apply them the same day.
Add E-Z Mix compatibility agent (3 pt per 100 gallons) to tank mixes that are incompatible. Observe all directions, precautions and limitations on the labels of all products used in the tank mix. Tank mixes or other applications of products referenced on this label are permitted only in those states where referenced products are registered.

Uses
Turfgrass and Dichondra
• Use Fitness Fungicide in a preventative disease control program.
• Apply in sufficient water to ensure thorough coverage.
• Apply after mowing or allow sprayed area to dry completely before mowing.
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• For control of foliar diseases, allow sprayed area to dry completely before irrigation.
• For control of soilborne diseases, Fitness Fungicide can be watered in immediately after application.
• Under conditions that are optimum for high disease pressure, use the higher rate and shorter interval.
• For optimum turfgrass quality and disease control, use Fitness Fungicide in conjunction with turf management practices that promote good plant health and optimum disease control.
• Evaluate spray additives prior to use. Label directions are based upon data obtained with no additives.
• Before using any fungicide, proper diagnosis of the organism causing the disease is important. Using diagnostic kits or other means of identification of the disease organism is essential to determine the best control measures.
• Do not apply more than 5.8 fl oz per 1000 sq ft per calendar year.
• Do not apply more than 1.79 lb active ingredient per acre per application.

Important: Bermudagrass can be sensitive to Fitness Fungicide. Do not exceed 1.44 fl oz per 1000 sq ft every 30 days on any variety of bermudagrass. In Florida, do not apply Fitness Fungicide to bermudagrass golf course greens when temperatures exceed 90°F.

Note: Do not graze animals on treated areas. Do not feed clippings from treated areas to livestock or poultry.

Specific Diseases, Rates and Application Timing

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Disease</th>
<th>(fl oz/1000 sq ft)</th>
<th>(fl oz/acre Application Interval (Days))</th>
<th>Specific Use Instructions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Turfgrass</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>anthracnose</td>
<td>0.37-0.75</td>
<td>16-32</td>
<td>14-28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(<em>Colletotrichum graminicola</em>)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Apply when conditions favor disease development. When disease pressure is high, use a higher rate and shorter interval. For broad spectrum control, tank mix with a registered contact fungicide at the label rate. If disease is present, mix 0.73 fl oz of Fitness Fungicide per 1000 sq ft with the label rate of a registered contact fungicide.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>brown patch</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>14-21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(<em>Rhizoctonia solani</em>)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Begin application in May or June before disease is present. Tank mix with the label rate of a contact fungicide registered for control of brown patch. Under conditions of high temperature and humidity, use a higher rate and shorter interval.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dollar spot</td>
<td>0.18</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(<em>Sclerotinia homeocarpa</em>)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Apply when conditions favor disease development.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0.37</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>21-28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Tank mix with low label rate of a contact fungicide containing chlorothalonil.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific Diseases, Rates and Application Timing cont’d.</td>
<td>(fl oz/ 1000 sq ft)</td>
<td>(fl oz/acre)</td>
<td>Application Interval (Days)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>----------------------</td>
<td>--------------</td>
<td>----------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Turfgrass</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dollar spot (Sclerotinia homeocarpa) cont’d.:</td>
<td>0.37-0.73</td>
<td>16-32</td>
<td>14-28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fusarium patch (Fusarium nivale)</td>
<td>0.73-1.45</td>
<td>32-63</td>
<td>fall - early spring</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>gray leaf spot (Pyriculana grisea)</td>
<td>0.37-0.73</td>
<td>16-32</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>melting out, leaf spot (Bipolaris spp.) (Drechslera spp.)</td>
<td></td>
<td>16-63</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>necrotic ring spot (Leptosphaeria korrae)</td>
<td>1.45</td>
<td>63</td>
<td>Fall or spring</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pink patch (Limonomyces roseispellis)</td>
<td>0.37</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>14-21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>red thread (Laetisaria tuciformis)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>powdery mildew (Erysiphe graminis)</td>
<td>0.37-0.73</td>
<td>16-32</td>
<td>14-28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rust (Puccinia graminis)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>snow mold gray (Typhula spp.) pink (Microdochium nivale)</td>
<td>0.73-1.45</td>
<td>32-63</td>
<td>Late fall</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disease</td>
<td>(ft oz/1000 sq ft)</td>
<td>(ft oz/acre)</td>
<td>Application Interval (Days)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------</td>
<td>-------------------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Turfgrass</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| spring dead spot  
(*Leptosphaeria korrae*),  
(*Leptosphaeria narman*),  
(*Ophiostepherella herpotricha*),  
(*Gaeumannomyces graminis*) | 1.45 | 63 | 30 | |
| **stripe smut**  
(*Ustilago striiformis*),  
(*Urocystis agropyri*) | 0.37-0.73 | 16-32 | Fall or spring | Apply once in the fall after turfgrass becomes dormant or in the early spring before turfgrass starts to grow. |
| **summer patch**  
(poa patch)  
(*Magnaporthe poae*) | 0.73 | 32 | 14 | Apply Fitness Fungicide beginning in April. Use the 1.5 fl oz./1000 rate on 28-day schedule and the 0.75 fl oz./1000 sq. ft. rate on a 14-day schedule. |
| 1.45 | 63 | 28 | |
| **take-all patch**  
(*Gaeumannomyces graminis*) | 0.73-1.45 | 32-63 | spring and fall | Apply Fitness Fungicide to reduce the severity of take-all patch. Make fall applications at 0.35 to 0.75 fl. oz./1000 sq. ft. in September and October or when night temperatures drop below 55°F, and spring applications at 0.35 to 0.75 fl oz./1000 sq. ft. in April and May, depending on local recommendations. |
| **yellow patch**  
(*Rhizoctonia cerealis*) | 1.10-1.45 | 48-63 | late fall | Make 1 application in the late fall before snow cover. Do not apply on top of snow. If using the 1.1 fl oz/1000 sq ft rate, tank mix with a registered contact fungicide at the label rate. |
| **zoysia patch, large patch of zoysia**  
(*Rhizoctonia solani*) | 1.10-1.45 | 48-63 | early fall | Make 1 application in the early fall (mid September to mid October) prior to development of disease symptoms. Consult local turfgrass extension experts to determine the optimum application timing for your area. |
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Specific Diseases, Rates and Application Timing cont'd:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Disease</th>
<th>(fl oz/1000 sq ft)</th>
<th>(fl oz/acre)</th>
<th>Application Interval (Days)</th>
<th>Specific Use Instructions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>dichondra</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dichondra rust</td>
<td>0.73</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>14-21</td>
<td>Apply when conditions favor disease development.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Puccinia dichondrae)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Establishment of Cool Season Turfgrass
Fitness Fungicide controls many turfgrass diseases; its primary use is as a fungicide for use against the diseases listed on this label. As an additional benefit, Fitness Fungicide improves the rate of establishment when it is applied to cool season turfgrass seedlings or sod.

New Seedlings: Apply 0.35 fl oz per 1000 sq ft at the 2 to 3 leaf stage of growth for faster root development and top growth.

Sod: Apply 0.35 fl oz per 1000 sq ft 2 to 6 weeks before cutting for increased sod knitting and faster establishment after laying.

Ornamentals
• Use Fitness Fungicide in a preventative disease control program. To determine the use directions for controlling a disease on an ornamental plant species, select the plant species in Table 1. The number(s) in parentheses following the listed plant species refers to the disease(s) controlled in Table 2. Find the disease in Table 2. The letter in brackets following the disease refers to the application regime in Table 3.
• Allow spray to dry before applying overhead irrigation.
• Optimum benefit of Fitness Fungicide is obtained when used in conjunction with sound disease management practices.
Fitness Fungicide may be used at rates of 0.75 to 8.7 fl oz per 100 gallons of water for disease control in ornamentals (see Tables 1, 2 and 3). For best control, begin applications before disease development.

Note: For outdoor uses, up to 2 gallons of Fitness Fungicide may be applied per acre per calendar year.
Plant tolerances to Fitness Fungicide have been found acceptable for the specific genus and species of plants listed under the Directions for Use. Other plant species may be sensitive to Fitness Fungicide and diseases other than those listed may not be controlled. Before using Fitness Fungicide on plants or for diseases that are not listed in the Directions for Use, first test Fitness Fungicide on a small scale basis. Do not apply Fitness Fungicide to African violets, begonias, Boston fern, or geraniums. Apply according to listed rates for a particular disease type, i.e., rust, powdery mildew, etc., and evaluate for phytotoxicity and disease control prior to widespread use.
For general disease control in landscapes, apply 2.2-3.0 fl. oz./100 gals. water every 21 days. For best control, begin Fitness Fungicide applications before disease development.
Table 1. Ornamental Plant Species
Number in parentheses (-) refer to diseases controlled in Table 2.
Herbaceous Ornamentals
- calendula (4a)
- carnation (5f)
- chrysanthemum (2a)
- delphinium (4a)
- English ivy (3e)
- gomphrena (3a)
- impatiens (3a, 3b, 4a)
- iris (5d)
- marigold (3a)
- monarda (4c)
- phlox (4c)
- snapdragon (5d)
- sweet william (3k)
  (Dianthus barbatus)
- zinnia (4c)

Woody Ornamentals
- amelanchier (4d)
- ash (4c)
- azalea (2c, 4b)
- bayberry (3n)
- camellia (3e)
- cotoneaster (3f)
- crabapple (3c, 3g, 4c, 5a)
- crape myrtle (4a)
- dogwood (3h, 4c)
- douglas fir (5b)
- elm (4c)
- euonymus (3e, 4c)
- hawthorn (5a)
- holly (3r)
- juniper (1a)
- lilac (4c)
- linden (3e, 3b, 4b)
- magnolia (3e, 4b)
- maple (3e, 4f)
- oaks (3p)
- pines (1a, 1c)
- poplars (5b)
- pyracantha (3o)
- red tip photinia (3l)
- rhaphiolepis (3e, 3i)
- rhododendron (2c, 3n)
- roses (3g, 4e, 5c)
  (outdoor use only)
- shasta fir (5e)
- sweetgum (3b, 3c, 3n)
- sycamore (3e)
- tulip tree (3e, 4a)
- wax myrtle (3n)

Table 2. Plant Diseases
Letters in brackets [-] refer to application regimes in Table 3.

1. Conifer Blights
   a. Phomopsis juniperovora (phomopsis blight) [B]
   b. Sirrococcus strobilinus (tip blight) [D]
   c. Sphaeropsis sapinea (dipodia tip blight) [B]

2. Flower Blight
   a. Ascochyta chrysanthemi (ray blight) [C]
   b. Molinia spp. [A]
   c. Ovulina spp. [B]

3. Leaf Blights/Spots
   a. Alternaria spp. [B]
   b. Cercospora spp. (brown leaf spot) [C]
   c. Cladosporium spp. (scab) [C]
   d. Coccomyces hirtula [A]
   e. Collectrichum spp. [B]
   f. Cristulariella spp. (zonate leaf spot) [C]
   g. Diplocarpon rosae (blackspot) [B]
   h. Discula spp. (anthracnose) [A]
   i. Fabarea maculata (syn. Entomosporium maculata) [B]
   j. Gnomonia leptostyla (anthracnose) [C]
   k. Heterosporium echinulatum [B]
   l. Mycosphaerella caryigena (downy spot) [C]
   m. Mycosphaerella fructicola (greasy spot) [E]
   n. Septoria spp. (leaf scorch) [C]
   o. Spilocaea pyracantha [B]
   p. Tubakia dryina [D]
   q. Venturia inaequalis (scab) [A]
   r. Rhizoctonia web blight [B]
4. Powdery Mildew
   a. *Erysiphe* spp. [B]
   b. *Microsphaera* spp. [C]
   c. *Oidium* spp. [B]
   d. *Podosphaera* spp. [B]
   e. *Sphaerotheca pannosa* [B]
   f. *Phyllactinia* spp. [B]

5. Rust
   a. *Gymnosporangium juniperi-virginianae* [A]
   b. *Melampsora occidentalis* [D]
   c. *Phragmidium* spp. [B]
   d. *Puccinia* spp. [B]
   e. *Pucciniastrum goeppertianum* [D]
   f. *Uromyces dianthi* [B]

**Table 3. Application Regimes**

[A] Mix 0.73 to 1.5 fl oz of Fitness Fungicide in 100 gallons of water and apply as a full coverage spray to the point of drip. Reapply every 14 to 21 days during the period of primary infection. If disease is present, tank mix with an EPA-registered contact fungicide. For flower blight, apply Fitness Fungicide when there is 5 to 10% bloom and again at 70 to 100% bloom. For dogwoods, apply the 0.73 to 1.5 fl oz rate every 14 days, or apply 3 fl oz of Fitness Fungicide every 28 days.

[B] Mix 1.8 to 3 fl oz of Fitness Fungicide in 100 gallons of water and apply as a full coverage spray to the point of drip. Apply as needed, beginning when conditions favor disease development. For blackspot, apply in tank mix with a registered contact fungicide labeled for blackspot. For calendula, apply every 30 days. For diplodia tip blight, make a total of 3 applications every 14 days prior to the major period of infection. For juniper phomopsis blight, make an initial application as soon as junipers start to grow and reapply every 14 to 21 days during the period of active growth.

[C] Mix 3 to 4.5 fl oz of Fitness Fungicide in 100 gallons of water and apply as a full coverage spray to the point of drip. Apply every 30 days, beginning when conditions favor disease development. For pecans, apply the 12 fl oz rate. Beginning at bud break, make a total of 3 applications 14 days apart. For walnuts, apply 3 fl oz every 14 to 21 days. For ray blight, apply 4.5 fl oz every 7 days or 7.5 fl oz every 14 days. For impatiens, bayberry, linden, magnolia, sweetgum and wax myrtle, the maximum use rate is 8 fl oz.

[D] Mix 6 fl oz of Fitness Fungicide in 100 gallons of water and apply as a full coverage spray to the point of drip. Apply every 14 to 28 days beginning when conditions favor disease development. For douglas fir needle rust, apply once in May. For tip blight, make an initial application in mid- to late winter, and 3 additional applications at 2-month intervals.

[E] Mix 7.5 to 8.7 fl oz of Fitness Fungicide in 100 gallons of water and apply as a full coverage spray to the point of drip. Apply within the June to August time period.

**Note:** To avoid possible illegal residues, do not apply to apply, Bartlett pear, cherry, citrus, nectarine, peach, pecan, plum, or walnut trees that will bear harvestable fruit within 12 months.
STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in original container in secured dry storage area. Prevent cross-contamination with other pesticides and fertilizers. For minor spills, leaks, etc., follow all precautions indicated on this label and clean up immediately. Take special care to avoid contamination of equipment and facilities during cleanup and disposal of wastes.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law and may contaminate groundwater. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse this container to hold materials other than pesticides or dilute pesticides (rinsate). After emptying and cleaning, it may be allowable to temporarily hold rinsate or other pesticide-related materials in the container. Contact your state regulatory agency to determine allowable practices in your state. Once cleaned, some agricultural plastic pesticide containers can be taken to a container collection site or picked up for recycling. To find the nearest site, contact your chemical dealer or manufacturer, or contact The Agricultural Container Recycling Council (ACRC) at www.acrecycle.org. If not recycled, then puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

For packages up to 5 gallons: Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

For packages greater than 5 gallons and less than 56 gallons: Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

For packages greater than 56 gallons: To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

For refillable containers: Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

For help with any spill, leak, fire or exposure involving this material, call day or night CHEMTREC – 1-800-424-9300.
FITNESS™ FUNGICIDE
EPA REG. NO. 34704-1031

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