Preemergent Herbicide for the Control of Annual Grasses, Annual Sedges, and Broadleaf Weeds in Turfgrass, Landscape Ornamentals, Christmas Trees, and Hardscapes
DO NOT USE FOR THE MANUFACTURING OF FERTILIZER

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:
Indaziflam.................................................................20%
OTHER INGREDIENTS: ..............................................80%
Total ........................................................................100%

EPA Reg. No. 432-1499   EPA Est. No. 065387-AR-001

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
CAUTION

For MEDICAL And TRANSPORTATION Emergencies ONLY Call
24 Hours A Day 1-800-334-7577
For PRODUCT USE Information Call 1-800-331-2867

Contains
7 x 2.5 Oz Pouches
Net Contents
17.5 Ounces
79211627
80004419A  100812A
FIRST AID

If swallowed: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Avoid inducing vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything except charcoal in an unconscious person.

If in eyes: Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If on skin or clothing: Take off contaminated clothing. Wash skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Have the product label or container with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARD TO HUMANS
Caution Harmful if swallowed. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)
Follow manufacturer’s instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. Proper instructions for washable PPE, use detergent and hot water. Keep wash PPE separated from other laundry.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS STATEMENTS:
When handling use closed systems or enclosed tanks in a manner that ensures the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR 195.240) are followed, the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS
This product is toxic to fish, aquatic invertebrates, and plants. Do not apply directly to water or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment and/or waste. This product may enter water through spray drift or runoff. Follow directions for use to avoid spray drift and runoff. Arrest water disposal. Do not use in or around streams, creeks, ponds, ditches, drains, or wells. Keep water away from sensitive plants. Follow wash instructions before disposing of PPE and equipment.

Surface Water Advisory: This product may impact surface water quality due to runoff or drift. This is especially true for poorly draining soils and soils with shallow ground water. This product is classified as having a high potential for impacting surface water via runoff in several months or more after application. Ground Water Advisory: This pesticide has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in ground water. This chemical may leach into ground water if used in areas where soils are porous, particularly where the water table is shallow.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE
It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Follow label directions before using this product. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact women or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of the product that are in or around the waters of the Waters Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 177). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses. Keep unprotected persons out of the treated area until spray has dried.

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in original container only. Store in a manner to prevent cross-contamination of other pesticides, fertilizer, food and feed. Do not store in or around the home. Store in a dry, locked storage area.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL (continued)

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL
Avoid respiratory exposure from the use of the product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER HANDLING
Non-contaminated containers. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or dispose of the empty container/pail in the trash as MSW to an authorized disposal facility.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

SPECIFIC USES
SPECIFIC USES is a specific, proprietary abaclophene herbicide. It is not intended for post-emergent application. SPECIFIC USES contains many annual weeds including crabgrass, corn, common cocklebur, dandelion, foxtail, foxtails, foxtail bermudagrass, horseweed, knotweed, lambsquarters, and Canada thistle. SPECIFIC USES can be used only as a preplant treatment in furrow irrigation systems to remove or prevent the development of annual weeds. It may be used in irrigation systems with a variety of crops, including cotton, corn, soybeans, alfalfa, and beans. SPECIFIC USES is not recommended for use in orchards, vineyards, or turf. SPECIFIC USES is a selective herbicide that controls certain weeds by reducing the emergence of weeds through irrigation of soilborne pathogens (325 plants). Nicotine or similar pesticides may be allowed if the herbicide is applied to herbicide-resistant species such as cowpeas and green beans of susceptible plants. SPECIFIC USES does not control tubers, rhizomes, bulbs, corms, existing ornamentals, and weeds vegetative.

The herbicide needs to be activated prior to weed germination for best control. For maximum activity against perennial weeds, SPECIFIC USES requires rainfall or irrigation prior to weed germination. For use on sod farms, golf courses, and no-crop areas (fallowing/chemicals) do not apply 30 feet of pond, lake, river, stream, ditch, wetlands, and habitat containing aquatic and semi-aquatic plants.

USE RESTRICTIONS
Do not exceed 7.1 g per acre of SPECIFIC USES in all applications within a calendar year or in a 12 month period from the previous applications. Do not apply SPECIFIC USES to newly seeded field. Do not use SPECIFIC USES through an irrigation or chemigation system. Do not apply SPECIFIC USES to soil. Avoid contamination of water intended for irrigation and domestic use. Follow use precautions and restrictions on this label and for all tank mix partners, if mixing with other pesticides. Water soluble portions of SPECIFIC USES are intended to be added to the spray tank without spraying. Do not use the water soluble pack open for any reason.

SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT
Spray equipment and weather affect spray drift. Consider all factors when making application decisions. Where states have more stringent regulations, they must be observed. Avoiding spray drift is the responsibility of the applicator or grower. To reduce the potential for drift, the applicator equipment must be set to apply volume to large areas. (i.e. ASAE Standard 501.5) with corresponding spray systems. Use high volume nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. With most nozzles, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Follow the nozzle manufacturer’s directions for pressure, orientation, spray volume, etc., in order to minimize drift and optimize coverage and control.

Wind Avoid making applications when spray particle may be agitated by wind currents to aerial where sensitive crops and plants are growing. Do not spray near sensitive plants if wind is greater than 2 mph in excess of 10 mph and moving in the direction of adjacent areas of sensitive crop or plants. Do not apply during temperature extremes. Always make applications when there is some air movement to determine the direction and distance of possible spray movements. Local terrain may influence wind patterns; the applicator should be familiar with local conditions and understand how they may impact spray drift. Boom or nozzles shadowing can reduce the effects of wind or current on drift. Verify that the shadow of the boom or nozzles does not fall on sensitive areas.

Temperature Avoid applying the product in temperatures (i.e., increasing temperature with increasing altitude greatly increases the potential for drift). Avoid applications when conditions are favorable to invasion. Presence of ground fog is a good indicator of surface temperature inversion.

Sensitive Areas:

Sensitive areas to SPECIFIC USES are defined as both of water bodies, lakes, rivers, streams, and ditches containing (causal) water, wetlands, habitats for endangered species, and non-habitat areas of water crops. Application materials for all crop and all areas. Application materials must be protected by suitable materials to prevent spray depositing on sensitive areas.

Spray Drift Management (Golf Course, Residential, and Commercial Lawns)
In the booms and nozzles must be used at the lowest flow rate that produces uniform coverage of the soil and minimizes drift expansion. For use on golf courses and commercial lawns, the boom height must be no higher than 1 to 3 above the ground and nozzle tips must be set to spray medium to very coarse spray droplets. Applications to residential lawns must be made by equipment that minimizes spray drift. Nozzles must be no lower than 200 feet.

For deciduous ornamental plants, the canopy must be directed at the base of the plant or away from the plant but not to come in contact with the foliage as some leaf malformations or discolorations may occur. Spray nozzles are directed at the base of the plant to eliminate applications of SPECIFIC USES. In Christmas tree farm operations, the common practice is to direct the spray to the base of the tree on a cordless or broadcast application.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

Aerosol application with a pressurized aerosol spray according to the manufacturer’s directions and check periodically to be certain that the equipment is working properly to reach a consistent and effective application of the product.

Application Volume:

Conduct application in a minimum of 25 gallons of water per acre (0.5 gallons per 1000 ft²) and ensure adequate coverage for optimum weed control.

IRRIGATION AND WATERING AFTER APPLICATION
To achieve SPECIFIC USES effectiveness for maximum overall benefit, irrigate turf treated with SPECIFIC USES within 2 to 4 hours after application to move the herbicide into the soil. With dry soils, use a minimum of 0.15-0.25 inches of irrigation water and with soil at or greater than field capacity, the amount of irrigation water should be reduced. In either case, do not create conditions that cause water run-off of irrigation water. Adequate irrigation following application will reduce the need for irrigation.

MIXING AND COMATIBILITy

Mixing SPECIFIC USES is allowed with a compatible systemic sprayer according to the manufacturer’s directions and check periodically to be certain that the equipment is working properly to reach a consistent and effective application of the product.

Mixing SPECIFIC USES is allowed with a systemic herbicide, fungicide, or insecticide, but the surfactant mixture used must be in accordance with the product manufacturer’s recommendations and check periodically to be certain that the equipment is working properly to reach a consistent and effective application of the product.

SPECIFIC USES should be added to the tank and directed, prior to introduction of another pesticide. Depending on the temperature of the water and the degree of agitation, the solutions should be slightly agitated in order to ensure uniform mixing of the product.
be dissolved within a few minutes after they are added to the water. Mix the amount of SPECTICLE 20 WP needed for immediate application needs. Setting can occur if the spray mixture is allowed to sit over an extended period of time. Re-agitate the spray solution before application.

**COMPATIBILITY TESTING WITH OTHER PESTICIDES**
SPECTICLE 20 WP is generally compatible with many pesticides and liquid fertilizers. A compatibility test should be conducted with any potential tank mix partner with SPECTICLE 20 WP. Using a clear container, conduct the test as described below:
1. Fill the container three-quarters full with water.
2. Add the appropriate amount of SPECTICLE 20 WP** and the tank mix partner in the following order: (a) SPECTICLE 20 WP, (b) dry flowables, (c) aqueous suspensions, (d) flowables, (e) liquids, (f) additions and emulifiable liquid concentrates, (g) microencapsulates and liquid fertilizers.
3. Stir or stir after each addition to mix thoroughly.
4. After adding all ingredients, let the mixture stand for 15 minutes and look for separation, large flocs, precipitated salts, and heavy oily film or other signs of incompatibility.
5. If the compatibility test shows signs of incompatibility, do not tank mix the product treated with SPECTICLE 20 WP.
6. Moveing with a liquid fertilizer or micronutrient, add SPECTICLE 20 WP in the tank first and make sure it is well dissolved before adding the fertilizer.

**Do not use SPECTICLE 20 WP packets in a tank mix combination with products that contain boron or free chlorine. This resultant reaction of PNA or boron or free chlorine is a plastic which is not soluble in water or solvents such as diesel oils, kerosene, gasoline, or alcohol.

**Note that a labeled spray rate for SPECTICLE 20 WP should be used in any compatibility test. Dilute from a concentrated suspension, or sample from a properly diluted spray solution. Do not cut the water soluble pack open for any reason.

**SPRAYER CLEANUP PROCEDURE**
If any SPECTICLE 20 WP spill in the sprayer equipment and subsequently applied to a sensitive turf area in the turf Bericles section of this manual, it has the potential to cause injury. Before and after using SPECTICLE 20 WP, thoroughly clean all moving and spray equipment, including tanks, pumps, lines, filters, screens, and nozzles with a good quality tank cleaner on an approved rinsing pad. Proper PPE must be worn while cleaning.

**DIRECTIONS FOR USE OF SPECTICLE 20 WP ON TURF**
**Do not use on actively rooted turf. Established turf is defined as turf 1 year after seeding.
**Do not apply to turf that is growing slowly, e.g., due to disease or other stress factors.
**Do not apply to turf during cold weather conditions.

**TURF TOLERANCE**
SPECTICLE 20 WP can be used on the following turf types and their cultivars. Before making a large scale application to a cultivar not listed on this list, treat a small area of turf with SPECTICLE 20 WP to assess acceptable turf tolerance.

* Bermudagrass (Cynodon dactylon (L.) Pers. x C. latifolius Willd.)
* Zoysia (Zoysia spp.)
* St. Augustine (Stenotaphrum secundatum)
* Kentucky bluegrass (Poa pratensis)
* Kentucky bluegrass (Poa pratensis)

**Maximum Single Application Rates for SPECTICLE 20 WP on Warm Season Grasses**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Turf Type</th>
<th>Application Rate (oz. of Product per A)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bermudagrass</td>
<td>0.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zoysia</td>
<td>0.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>St. Augustine Grass</td>
<td>0.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kentucky bluegrass</td>
<td>0.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SPECTICLE 20 WP may cause unacceptable injury to some turf types. Do not use on the following types or on turf that is a mixture containing any of these grasses, unless thinning or removal is desired.

- Coastal bentgrass (Aegilops calothyrsus)
- Blue bermudagrass (Bermuda grass)
- Blue grama (Bouteloua eriopoda)
- Blue grama (Bouteloua eriopoda)
- Blue grama (Bouteloua eriopoda)
- Blue grama (Bouteloua eriopoda)
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- Blue grama (Bouteloua eriopoda)
- Blue grama (Bouteloua eriopeda)
Tank Mix Combinations with SPECTICLE 20WSP on Turf

Dormant, Non-Overseeded Turf
Tank-mix combinations of SPECTICLE 20WSP plus a non-selective herbicide such as FINALE® will control existing undesirable vegetation in dormant warm season grasses such as bermudagrass and zoysiagrass. Applied as a broadcast spray, SPECTICLE 20WSP plus FINALE will provide pre and postemergence control of susceptible species listed on the respective labels of the two herbicides. SPECTICLE 20WSP may be applied in late winter at normal, regionally established timings for pre emergence herbicides. SPECTICLE 20WSP may be used alone or in combination with Ronstar FLO Herbicide, REVOLVER, or CELSIUS™ to provide broad spectrum residual weed control. Make applications at least 2 weeks prior to spring greenup. Follow use restrictions on all labels.

Non-Dormant, Non-Overseeded Turf
Tank-mix combinations of SPECTICLE 20WSP with a selective post emergent herbicide such as REVOLVER, CELSIUS, or SENCOR provide pre and post emergence control of weeds common to both products. Follow use restrictions on all labels.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT
SPECTICLE 20WSP controls weeds by inhibiting cellulose biosynthesis in plants. It is currently classified as a Group 21 herbicide. No known resistance to SPECTICLE 20WSP exists, and there are no known instances of cross resistance between SPECTICLE 20WSP and other classes of herbicides or other modes of action. Performance of SPECTICLE 20WSP is not affected by the presence of biotypes resistant to glyphosate, triazines, ALS inhibitors, growth regulators, or herbicides with other modes of action.

The use of herbicides with different modes of action in a tank mixture with SPECTICLE 20WSP, rotation with these herbicides, or application in conjunction with alternate cultural practices can help prevent the development and spread of resistant weed populations. If resistance to SPECTICLE 20WSP is suspected, contact Bayer Environmental Science to evaluate.

USE RATE AND AREA TREATED WITH ONE 2.5 oz WATER SOLUBLE PACK OF SPECTICLE 20WSP

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>USE RATE</th>
<th>AREA TREATED (ACRE)</th>
<th>USE RATE</th>
<th>AREA TREATED (SQ FT)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OZ SPECTICLE 20WSP PER ACRE</td>
<td></td>
<td>OZ SPECTICLE 20WSP PER 1000 SQ FT</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.5</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0.0574</td>
<td>43,560</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.125</td>
<td>0.8</td>
<td>0.0718</td>
<td>38,848</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.75</td>
<td>0.67</td>
<td>0.086</td>
<td>29,185</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.375</td>
<td>0.57</td>
<td>0.1004</td>
<td>24,829</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>0.1147</td>
<td>21,780</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Weeds Controlled or Suppressed by SPECTICLE 20WSP**

Broadleaf Weeds
- American black nightshade
- Bittercress
- Black medic*
- Buckwheat, wild (seedings only)
- California burclover
- Canada thistle, Common (seedlings)
- Chickweed, Common
- Chickweed, Mouse-ear
- Clover, White
- Corn speedwell
- Cudweed, Linear-leaf/purple
- Curly dock (seedlings)
- Dandelion, cat’s ear
- Dandelion, common (seedlings)
- Doveweed
- Eclipta
- Evening primrose, common
- Evening primrose, cutleaf
- False biennale
- Filaree, redstem
- Fleabane, blackleaved
- Florida pusley
- Gromwell, Yellow
- Groundsel, common
- Hairy fleabane
- Hairy nightshade
- Herb
- Horseweed/ Marestail
- Kochia
- Lambquarters, common
- Lawn burweed

Solanum americanum
Cardamine sp.
Medicago lupulina
Polygonum convolvulus
Medicago polymorpha
Circium arvense
Stellaria media
Cerastium vulgatum
Trifolium repens
Veronica arvensis
Grathium purpureum
Rumex crispus
Hypochoeris radicata
Taraxacum officinale
Murdannia nudiflora
Eclipta alba
Oenothera biennis
Oenothera laciniata
Matricaria maritima
Erodium cicutarium
Coryza bonariensis
Richardia scabra
Amsinckia calyca
Senecio vulgaris
Erigeron bonariensis
Salvia sarraeoides
Lamium amplexicaule
Erigeron Canadensis
Kochia scoparia
Chenopodium album
Salvia assisi
Little mallow
London rocket*
Long-stalk phyllanthus
Mustard, black*
Mustard, wild
Panicule willowherb
Pigweed, Prostrate
Pigweed, redroot
Plantain, Buckhorn
Plantain, Paleseed
Prostrate knotweed
Prostrate spurge
Purslane, common
Ragweed, Common*
Red tasselflower
Redmaids
Redstem fleabane/Storksbill
Sesbania, Hemp*
Shepherd’s-purse
Sida, Prickly/Teaweed*
Southern brassbuttons*
Sowthistle, Annual
Sunflower*, Common
Swinecress
Tropic ageratum
Velvetleaf*
Vetch, Purple*
Wild carrot*
Woodssorrel, Yellow*
Woodssorrel/Oxalis*
Malva parviflora
Sisymbrium irio
Phyllanthus tenellus
Brassica nigra
Sinapsis arvensis
Epilobium angustifolium
Amaranthus bilocattus
Amaranthus retroflexus
Plantago lanceolata
Plantago virginica
Polygonum aviculare
Euphorbia maculata
Portulaca oleracea
Ambrosia artimisiifolia
Emilia sonchifolia
Calendrilla caulescens
Erodium cicutarium
Sesbania exaltata
Capsella bursa-pastoris
Sida spinosa
Cotula australis
Sonchus oleraceus
Helianthus spp.
Coronopus didymus
Ageratum conyzoides
Abutilon theophrasti
Vicia benghalensis
Daucus carota
Oxalis stricta
Oxalis sp
Grasses and Sedges

To achieve SPECIFIC 200WP for maximum herbicide benefit, irrigate ornamentals treated with SPECIFIC 200WP to move the herbicide into the soil. With dry soil, use a minimum of 0.25 - 0.50 inches of irrigation water and with soil add or greater than field capacity, the amount of irrigation water should be reduced. In either case, do not create conditions that cause visible run-off of irrigation water. Allowable rainfall following an application will reduce the need for irrigation.

**BACKPACK APPLICATION** may be applied with backpack equipment. The chart below provides directions for a 4 gallon tank.

**LARGE TANK**

The chart below provides directions for application of SPECIFIC 200WP for a 100 gallon tank.

**ORNAMENTAL AND THEIR CULTIVARS TOLERANT TO SPECIFIC** 200WP

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Common Name</th>
<th>Scientific Name</th>
<th>Killer</th>
<th>Common Name</th>
<th>Scientific Name</th>
<th>Killer</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acorus</td>
<td>Acorus gramineus</td>
<td>Acorus x freynii</td>
<td>Acorus</td>
<td>Acorus gramineus</td>
<td>Acorus x freynii</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alisma</td>
<td>Alisma plantago</td>
<td>Calamintha</td>
<td>Alisma</td>
<td>Alisma plantago</td>
<td>Calamintha</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anisome</td>
<td>Thalictrum delavayi</td>
<td>Thalictrum</td>
<td>Anisome</td>
<td>Thalictrum delavayi</td>
<td>Thalictrum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aquilegia</td>
<td>Aquilegia caerulea</td>
<td>Aquilegia</td>
<td>Aquilegia</td>
<td>Aquilegia caerulea</td>
<td>Aquilegia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Azalea</td>
<td>Rhododendron x 'Redout'</td>
<td>Rhododendron</td>
<td>Azalea</td>
<td>Rhododendron x 'Redout'</td>
<td>Rhododendron</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blueberry</td>
<td>Vaccinium corymbosum</td>
<td>Vaccinium corymbosum</td>
<td>Blueberry</td>
<td>Vaccinium corymbosum</td>
<td>Vaccinium corymbosum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boxwood</td>
<td>Buxus sempervirens</td>
<td>Buxus sempervirens</td>
<td>Boxwood</td>
<td>Buxus sempervirens</td>
<td>Buxus sempervirens</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Butterflies</td>
<td>Buphthalmus</td>
<td>Buphthalmus</td>
<td>Butterflies</td>
<td>Buphthalmus</td>
<td>Buphthalmus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crape Myrtles</td>
<td>Lagerstroemia indica</td>
<td>Lagerstroemia</td>
<td>Crape Myrtles</td>
<td>Lagerstroemia indica</td>
<td>Lagerstroemia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cypress, false</td>
<td>Chamaecyparis lawsoniana</td>
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Herbaceous Perennials/Grasses Tolerant to SPECTICLE 20WSP

Common Name: Daihia
Scientific Name: Daihia sp.
Cultivar: Classic Blue

Common Name: Day-By-Day
Scientific Name: Hemerocallis sp.
Cultivar: Green Fl mutant

Common Name: Iro
Scientific Name: Iris pseudacorus
Cultivar: Snow

Common Name: Lantana
Scientific Name: Lantana camara
Cultivar: Lantime SunnRose

Common Name: Moistgrass saga
Scientific Name: Sedges
Cultivar: Victoria White

Common Name: Pearn's
Scientific Name: Vicia minor
Cultivar: "" 

Common Name: Thin-leaf sage
Scientific Name: Genista flavescens
Cultivar: "" 

SPECTICLE 20WSP may be applied to non-bearing shrubs and trees not listed on the label after treating a small number of such plants at the maximum rate. Treated plants should then be evaluated 1 to 3 months after application for possible injury and acceptable tolerance. The growth stage of the ornamental may affect its tolerance to SPECTICLE 20WSP. The following ornamentals at early growth stages may be damaged by SPECTICLE 20WSP:

Apply SPECTICLE 20WSP only to mature growth stages of these ornamentals. Prior to using SPECTICLE 20WSP, treat a small number of plants at the proposed rate and evaluate tolerance 1 to 3 months after application for possible injury and acceptable tolerance.

Non-Selective Application to Non-Crop Areas

Apply with uniform coverage in target area at 20 gallons per acre, which is equivalent to 3.5 to 5.0 per yard treated. Other non-crop areas include grass areas, pastures, roadsides, other rights-of-way and meadows. In desert climates adjacent to golf courses and residential areas, apply 5 to 7.0 per yard treated.

SPECTICLE 20WSP may be used to maintain bare ground or for selective weed control in low-maintenance turf. Weeds controlled are listed in the "Weeds Controlled" table. For difficult-to-control weeds, add a seedling control, use 7.0 per yard treated. Do not exceed 7.1 per yard treated in a 12-month period.

If weeds are present at the time of application, tank mix a post-emergence herbicide such as Finale with SPECTICLE 20WSP and apply to wet. Always use the most restrictive safety label guidance.
SPECTICAL
20 WSP HERBICIDE

Preemergent Herbicide for the Control of Annual Grasses, Annual Sedges, and Broadleaf Weeds in Turfgrass, Landscape
Ornamentals, Christmas Trees, and Hedges

DO NOT USE FOR THE MANUFACTURING OF FERTILIZER

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:
Indaziflam ........................................ 20%
OTHER INGREDIENTS: .......................... 80%
Total ....................................... 100%

EPA Reg. No. 432-1499  EPA Est. No. 065387-AR-001

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
CAUTION

For MEDICAL and TRANSPORTATION Emergencies ONLY Call 24 Hours A Day 1-800-334-7677
For PRODUCT USE Information Call 1-800-331-2967

FIRST AID

If swallowed:
• Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
• Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
• Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.
• Do not give anything to an unconscious person.

If in eyes:
• Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing.
• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If on skin or clothing:
• Take off contaminated clothing.
• Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor for treatment.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARD TO HUMANS
CAUTION
Harmful if absorbed through the skin. Harmful if swallowed. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL
Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE
Store in original container only. Store in a manner to prevent cross-contamination of other pesticides, fertilizer, food and feed. Do not store in or around the home. Store in a dry, locked storage area.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL
Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER HANDLING
Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or dispose of the empty outer foil pouch in the trash as long as WSP is unbroken.

Refer to attached leaflet for complete Directions for Use and Precautionary Statements.

Produced for:
Bayer Environmental Science
A Division of Bayer CropScience LP
2 T, W, Alexander Drive
Research Triangle Park, NC 27709
Product of Germany

Contains
7 x 2.5 Oz Pouches
Net Contents
17.5 Ounces

79211627
80004419A 100812A

BACKED by BAYER.