Camelot® O
Flowable Liquid Copper Fungicide
Intended for Commercial Use Only

A liquid copper formulation for broad spectrum control of listed fungal and bacterial† diseases on greenhouse and shadehouse vegetables and herbs, ornamentals and turf.

FOR ORGANIC PRODUCTION
Active Ingredient
Copper Octanoate‡‡ (Copper soap) . . . . . . . . 10.0%
CAS Reg. No. 20543-04-8
Other Ingredients . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 90.0%
TOTAL . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 100.0%
‡‡ Metallic Copper equivalent 1.8%
One gallon contains 0.16 lbs. metallic copper equivalent

Listed by the Organic Materials Review Institute (OMRI) for use in organic production

Keep Out of Reach of Children
CAUTION

Refer to inside of label booklet for additional precautionary information and directions for use, including storage and disposal.

Notice: Read the entire label before using. Use only according to label directions. Before buying or using this product, read Terms and Conditions of Use, Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use and Limitation of Remedies inside label booklet.

Manufactured for: SePRO Corporation
11550 N. Meridian St., Ste. 600, Carmel, IN 46032 U.S.A.

FIRST AID

If in eyes
• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 - 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.
• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If on skin or clothing
• Take off contaminated clothing.
• Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 - 20 minutes.
• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If swallowed
• Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
• Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
• Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.
• Do not give anything to an unconscious person.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. In case of emergency endangering health or the environment involving this product, call INFOTRAC 1-800-535-5053.

Sold under a license of Neudorff.
† Non public health bacteria
Camelot is a registered trademark of SePRO Corporation

EPA Reg. No. 67702-2-67690 EPA Est. No. 48498-CA-1
FPL20140919 U.S. Patent Number: 5,246,716
BATCH CODE

FOR ORGANIC PRODUCTION
Listed by the Organic Materials Review Institute (OMRI) for use in organic production

Fungicide/Bactericide†

Net contents 1 gallon (Non-refillable)
PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

Keep Out of Reach of Children

CAUTION

CAUTION: Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

FIRST AID

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>If in eyes</th>
<th>Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 - 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.</th>
<th>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
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<td>If on skin or clothing</td>
<td>Take off contaminated clothing.</td>
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<tr>
<td>If swallowed</td>
<td>Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Do not give anything to an unconscious person.</td>
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</table>

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PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category A on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection sheet.

Mixers/loaders and other handlers must wear the following:

- Long-sleeved shirts and long pants;
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material, such as polyvinyl chloride, nitrile rubber or butyl rubber; and
- Shoes plus socks.

Follow manufacturer’s instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. Discard clothing and other absorbent material that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with the product’s concentrate. Do not reuse them.
**USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS**

Users should:
- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

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**ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

This product is toxic to fish and aquatic organisms and may contaminate water through runoff. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water by disposal of equipment washwaters or rinsate. This product may contaminate water through runoff. Poorly draining soils with shallow water tables are more prone to produce runoff that contains this product. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas.

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**DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a manner that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected workers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Read and follow all applicable directions and precautions on this label before using.

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**AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS**

Use this product in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), restricted-entry interval, and notification to workers. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard (WPS).

**Entry Restrictions:** Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 4 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, wear:
- Long sleeved shirt;
- Long pants;
- Shoes;
- Socks; and
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material, such as polyvinyl chloride, nitrile rubber or butyl rubber.
DIRECTIONS FOR USE
Shake well before use. Most conventional liquid pesticide plant sprayers can be used to apply Camelot O to plants. A spreader may be used to improve the spreading of Camelot O on hard to wet plants.

Tank Mixing Camelot O with Other Pesticides
Read and follow all applicable directions and precautions on the label of other products, before mixing with Camelot O.
Camelot O can be applied up to day of harvest. When tank-mixed with products, do not apply that product closer to harvest than is permitted or stated on the other product’s label.
Pour Camelot O into spray tank at least half filled with water using adequate agitation. When mixed with other products proven or known to be compatible, wettable powders should be added first, followed in order by flowables (such as Camelot O), and then emulsifiable concentrates.
Camelot O can be mixed with Bravo® (WP, 720, 500), Captan, Daconil® 2787, Ferbam, maneb (WP or Flowable), Dithane® M-45, Manzate® 200, sulfur (wettable or flowable), organo phosphates, Thiodan®, Pentathlon® DF, Pentathlon® LF, Bacillus thuringiensis Berliner, Guthion®, Pydrin®, Diazinon®, malathion for use on the crops listed on this label, in accordance with the most restrictive of label limitations and precautions. Do not exceed label dosage rates. This product cannot be mixed with any product containing a label prohibition against such mixing. Do not mix Camelot O with chelated or liquid fertilizers. Use caution when using product with other fungicides and insecticides. Observe all cautions and limitations on all products used in mixtures.

Chemigation
- Apply this product only through sprinkler systems, including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, bug gun, solid set, or hand move. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.
- Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.
- If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.
- Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.
- A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.
- Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.
- Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone, back flow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the flow outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.
• The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from back flow.
• The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
• The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
• The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
• The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch, which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
• Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
• Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

**DIRECTIONS FOR USE ON GREENHOUSE / SHADEHOUSE VEGETABLES AND HERBS**

Mix 6.4 to 25.6 fluid ounces of Camelot O with 10 gallons of water. Apply 1.1 to 2.3 gallons of diluted spray per 1,000 ft². For best control, begin treatment 2 weeks before disease normally appears or when weather forecasts predict a long period of wet weather. Alternatively, begin treatment when disease first appears, and repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals for as long as needed following crop-specific application notes. Use the 25.6 fluid ounce rate of Camelot O, applied at the minimum retreatment interval for the crop, following heavy rain or when the amount of disease is increasing rapidly. If possible, time applications so that 12 hours of dry weather follow application. Use the higher rate to control diseases that may go dormant and overwinter.

Camelot O may cause some copper toxicity on some plant species.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Crop</th>
<th>Disease(s) Controlled</th>
<th>Application Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bean, Pea</td>
<td>Anthracnose leaf and fruit spot; Ascochyta leaf and pod spot; Bacterial blights (halo, common and brown spot); Downy mildew; Gray mold (Botrytis); Powdery mildew; White mold (Sclerotinia)</td>
<td>For powdery mildew, plants that are very susceptible should be sprayed weekly. For white mold, to prevent floral infection, apply Camelot O at 25% bloom. For peas, do not apply more than 74 fl. oz, of product per 1,000 ft² per year. For beans, do not apply more than 89 fl. oz. of product per 1,000 ft² per year. Do not reapply within 7 days.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beet, Chard, Spinach</td>
<td>Cercospora leaf spot; Downy mildew; Powdery mildew; White rust</td>
<td>For beets, do not apply more than 147 fl. oz. of product per 1,000 ft² per year. For spinach or chard, do not apply more than 74 fl. oz. of product per 1,000 ft² per year. Do not reapply within 10 days on beets or within 7 days on spinach.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carrot</td>
<td>Alternaria leaf blight; Bacterial leaf blight; Cercospora leaf blight</td>
<td>Do not apply more than 93 fl. oz of product per 1,000 ft² per year. Do not reapply within 7 days.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crop</td>
<td>Disease(s) Controlled</td>
<td>Application Notes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------------------------</td>
<td>---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Celery and celeriac</td>
<td>Bacterial leaf spot; Cercospora (early) blight; Septoria (late) blight</td>
<td>Do not apply more than 99 fl. oz. of product per 1,000 ft² per year. Do not reapply within 7 days.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crucifer Crops (Bok Choy, Broccoli, Brussels sprouts, Canola, Cauliflower, Cabbage, Kale, Kohlrabi, Mustard, Pak-choi, Rape, Rutabaga, Turnip)</td>
<td>Alternaria blight; Bacterial leaf spot; Downy mildew; Powdery mildew; White mold (Sclerotinia)</td>
<td>For white mold, to reduce floral infection apply Camelot O at 25% bloom. Do not apply more than 49 fl. oz. of product per 1,000 ft² per year. Do not reapply within 7 days.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cucurbits (Cucumbers, Cantaloupe, Squash, Pumpkin, Zucchini)</td>
<td>Alternaria blight; scab; Angular leaf spot; Anthracnose; Downy mildew; Gray mold; Ulocladium leaf spot; Bacterial spot; Powdery mildew</td>
<td>On plants that are very susceptible to powdery mildew, such as greenhouse-grown cucumber, spray the plants every 5 days during the first 2 weeks after emergence and weekly thereafter. Do not apply more than 98 fl. oz. of product per 1,000 ft² per year. Do not reapply within 5 days.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ginseng</td>
<td>Alternaria blight; Botrytis blight; Phytophthora; Powdery mildew</td>
<td>Do not apply more than 98 fl. oz. of product per 1,000 ft² per year. Do not reapply within 7 days.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Herbs (chives, coriander, dill, lavender, mint, parsley, rosemary)</td>
<td>Anthracnose, Alternaria blight, Bacterial Blight, Botrytis, Downy mildew, Leaf scorch, Leaf spot, Rhizoctonia Leaf blight</td>
<td>Begin applications when environmental conditions favor disease development. Repeat applications every 10 to 14 days as needed to prevent disease infection. Do not apply more than 49 fl. oz. of product per 1,000 ft² per year. For dill, do not apply more than 74 fl. oz. of product per 1,000 ft² per year. For parsley, do not apply more than 37 fl. oz. of product per 1,000 ft² per year.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lettuce, Chicory, Endive</td>
<td>Bacterial soft rot and bottom rot; Downy mildew; Powdery mildew; Septoria leaf spot</td>
<td>For powdery mildew, plants that are very susceptible should be sprayed twice a week during the first 2 weeks after emergence and weekly thereafter. Use Precaution: Use lower rate on copper sensitive varieties of lettuce. Do not apply more than 149 fl. oz. of product per 1,000 ft² per year. Do not reapply within 5 days.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Onion, Garlic, Leek, Shallot</td>
<td>Botrytis leaf blight; Downy mildew; Neck rot; Bacterial soft rot</td>
<td>Do not apply more than 112 fl. oz. of product per 1,000 ft² per year. Do not reapply within 7 days.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**DIRECTIONS FOR USE ON ORNAMENTALS**

Camelot O can be used for controlling diseases on ornamentals grown (under field conditions) in nurseries, greenhouses, interior landscapes and other sites. For control of these diseases on plants grown on a large scale, mix 1.5 to 5.9 fluid ounces in 2.3 gallons of water, and apply to 1,000 ft². For plants grown on a small scale, mix 0.5 to 2.0 fluid ounces in 1 gallon of water, and spray all plant surfaces thoroughly. When necessary, repeat sprays every 7 to 10 days. Camelot O may cause some copper toxicity on some plant species. Before spraying a specific plant species, consult your State Experiment Station or make a test spray. Do not apply more than 374 fl. oz. of product per 1,000 ft² per year. Do not reapply within 7 days. Use the higher rate to control diseases that may go dormant and overwinter.

**Ornamental Plants**

The ornamental species listed below may be treated with Camelot O. The diseases controlled have been designated with the following codes.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Common name</th>
<th>Causal Pathogen</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ANT H</td>
<td>Anthracnose</td>
<td><em>Colletotrichum</em>; <em>Glomerella</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BOT</td>
<td>Botrytis blight</td>
<td><em>Botrytis cinerea</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BLS</td>
<td>Bacterial leaf spot and blight</td>
<td><em>Erwinia</em>; <em>Pseudomonas</em>; <em>Xanthomonas</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DM</td>
<td>Downy mildew</td>
<td><em>Plasmopara</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LEAFSPOT</td>
<td>Leaf spot (fungal)</td>
<td><em>Acremonium</em>; <em>Alternaria</em>; <em>Cephalosporium</em>; <em>Cercospora</em>; <em>Colletotrichum</em>;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>Corynespora</em>; <em>Curvularia</em>; <em>Dactylaria</em>; <em>Drechslera</em>; <em>Exserohilium</em>; <em>Glomerella</em>;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>Myrothecium</em>; <em>Phyllosticta</em>; <em>Phytophthora</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PM</td>
<td>Powdery mildew</td>
<td><em>Oidium</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RHIZC</td>
<td>Rhizoctonia blight</td>
<td><em>Rhizoctonia</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOFTROT</td>
<td>Soft rot</td>
<td><em>Erwinia</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ornamental Plant</td>
<td>Common Name</td>
<td>Diseases Controlled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------------------</td>
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<td>------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aechmea fasciata</td>
<td>Urn plant, bromeliad</td>
<td>ANTH; BLS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aeschynanthus pulcher</td>
<td>Lipstick vine</td>
<td>BOT; LEAFSPOT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aglaonema species</td>
<td>Chinese evergreen</td>
<td>ANTH; BLS; LEAFSPOT; RHIZC; BLS; SOFTROT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anthurium species</td>
<td>Taifflower</td>
<td>ANTH; BLS; LEAFSPOT; RHIZC; SOFTROT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aphelandra squarrosa</td>
<td>Zebra plant</td>
<td>BOT; LEAFSPOT; RHIZC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Araucaria heterophylla</td>
<td>Norfolk Island pine</td>
<td>Colletotrichium needle blight</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asplenium nidus</td>
<td>Bird's nest fern</td>
<td>BLS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brassaia actinophylla</td>
<td>Schefflera</td>
<td>ANTH; BLS; LEAFSPOT; RHIZC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Caladium species</td>
<td>Caladium</td>
<td>BLS; RHIZC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calathea species</td>
<td>Rattlesnake plant</td>
<td>BLS; LEAFSPOT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Caryota mitis</td>
<td>Fishtail palm</td>
<td>BLS; LEAFSPOT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chamaedorea species</td>
<td>various palms</td>
<td>LEAFSPOT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chrysalidocarpus lutescens</td>
<td>Areca palm</td>
<td>LEAFSPOT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cissus species</td>
<td>Grape ivy</td>
<td>ANTH; BOT; DM; PM; RHIZC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Codiaeum variegatum</td>
<td>Croton</td>
<td>ANTH; BLS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cordyline terminalis</td>
<td>Ti plant</td>
<td>ANTH; LEAFSPOT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chrypantanthus species</td>
<td>Bromeliad, earthstar</td>
<td>ANTH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dieffenbachia species</td>
<td>Dieffenbachia</td>
<td>BLS; LEAFSPOT; RHIZC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dracaena species</td>
<td>Dracaena, Corn plant</td>
<td>BLS; BOT; LEAFSPOT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Epipremnum aureum</td>
<td>Pothos, Devil's ivy</td>
<td>BLS; RHIZC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Euphorbia millii</td>
<td>Euphorbia</td>
<td>RHIZC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fatsia japonica</td>
<td>Japanese fatsia</td>
<td>BLS; LEAFSPOT; RHIZC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ficus benjamina</td>
<td>Weeping fig</td>
<td>LEAFSPOT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ficus elastica</td>
<td>India-rubber tree</td>
<td>LEAFSPOT; BOT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fittonia verschaffeltii</td>
<td>Nerve plant</td>
<td>RHIZC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hedra helix</td>
<td>English ivy</td>
<td>ANTH; BLS; BOT; LEAFSPOT; RHIZC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hoya carnosa</td>
<td>Wax plant</td>
<td>BOT; LEAFSPOT; RHIZC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maranta leuconeura</td>
<td>Prayer plant</td>
<td>LEAFSPOT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Monstera deliciosa</td>
<td>Swiss cheese plant</td>
<td>BLS; ANTH; RHIZC; SOFTROT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nephrolepis exaltata</td>
<td>Boston fern</td>
<td>BLS; BOT; RHIZC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peperomia species</td>
<td>Peperomia</td>
<td>LEAFSPOT; RHIZC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Philodendron species</td>
<td>Philodendron</td>
<td>ANTH; BOT; LEAFSPOT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pilea species</td>
<td>Aluminum plant</td>
<td>BLS; ANTH; LEAFSPOT; RHIZC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Platycerium bifurcatum</td>
<td>Staghorn fern</td>
<td>BLS; RHIZC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Polyscias species</td>
<td>Aralia</td>
<td>ANTH; BLS; LEAFSPOT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rhapis species</td>
<td>Ladyfinger palm</td>
<td>LEAFSPOT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rhoeo spathacea</td>
<td>Oyster plant</td>
<td>LEAFSPOT</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(continued)
**Ornamental Plant** | **Common Name** | **Diseases Controlled**
---|---|---
*Saintpaulia ionantha* | African violet | BLS; BOT; LEAFSPOT; PM
*Sansevieria trifasciata* | Snake plant | BLS; LEAFSPOT
*Schefflera arboricola* | Dwarf Schefflera | BLS; LEAFSPOT
*Schlumbergera species* | Cactus | LEAFSPOT
*Sedum species* | Sedum | LEAFSPOT
*Spathiphyllum species* | Spathiphyllum | LEAFSPOT; RHIZC
*Syngonium podophyllum* | Nephthytis | BLS; LEAFSPOT; RHIZC
*Yucca species* | Yucca | LEAFSPOT

**Crop** | **Diseases Controlled** | **Specific Use Instructions**
---|---|---
Pine | Needle Blight | Apply when new needles are just emerging. Make a second application 3 weeks later.

ROSE AND ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS (Crape Myrtle, Forsythia, Hydrangea, Willow, Mock-Orange, Deutzia, Pyracantha, Japanese quince, Abelia, Summersweet) | Blackspot; Downy mildew; Gray mold; Leafspots; Powdery mildew; Rust | Begin treatment when new spring growth emerges and repeat every 7 to 10 days for as long as needed to control disease. Camelot O may cause copper toxicity on some rose varieties. Copper toxicity appears as purple spots.

Sycamore | Anthracnose leaf spot | Make first application just before buds begin to swell, and repeat twice at 7-day intervals.

**DIRECTIONS FOR USE ON TURF**
Camelot O is suitable for controlling diseases of turf in golf courses, turf farms, home lawns and other sites. For large areas, mix 0.5 to 2.0 gallons in 100 gallons of water and apply to 1 acre. For best control, begin treatment 2 weeks before disease normally appears. Alternatively, begin treatment when disease first appears, and repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals for as long as needed. Do not apply more than 392 fl. oz. of product per 1,000 ft² per year. Do not reapply within 10 days. Use the higher rate to control diseases that may go dormant and overwinter.

**Ascochyta leaf blight, Cercospora leaf spots, Dollar spot**
To reduce Ascochyta leaf blight mow less frequently, only as necessary to maintain recommended height. Water before noon to allow grass to dry. Water thoroughly only as required to avoid moisture stress. Apply Camelot O when disease first appears, and repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals for as long as needed. In frequently diseased areas, prune adjacent trees and shrubs to reduce turf shading and to improve air movement.

**Rust**
To reduce rust, mow frequently to reduce rust spore production. Water and fertilize lawn as required to avoid moisture and nutrient stress. Water before noon to allow grass to dry. Apply Camelot O when disease first appears, and repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals for as long as needed. In frequently diseased areas, prune adjacent trees and shrubs to reduce turf shading and to improve air movement.
PESTICIDE STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

**Pesticide Storage:** Store in a secure place, away from open fire or flame. Keep container closed and reseal after use. Product may be damaged by freezing. Do not store product below 4°C. If spilled, use absorbent materials and dispose of in an approved manner.

**Pesticide Disposal:** Waste resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

**Container Handling:** Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling, if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF USE

If terms of the following Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use and Limitation of Remedies are not acceptable, return unopened package at once to the seller for a full refund of purchase price paid. Otherwise, to the extent consistent with applicable law, use by the buyer or any other user constitutes acceptance of the terms under Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use, and Limitation of Remedies.

WARRANTY DISCLAIMER

SePRO Corporation warrants that the product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in strict accordance with the directions, subject to the inherent risks set forth below. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, SEPRO CORPORATION MAKES NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY.

INHERENT RISKS OF USE

It is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with use of this product. Plant injury, lack of performance, or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as use of the product contrary to label instructions (including conditions noted on the label such as unfavorable temperatures, soil conditions, etc.), abnormal conditions (such as excessive rainfall, drought, tornadoes, hurricanes), presence of other materials, the manner of application, or other factors, all of which are beyond the control of SePRO Corporation or the seller. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by buyer.
LIMITATION OF REMEDIES

To the extent consistent with applicable law, the exclusive remedy for losses or damages resulting from this product (including claims based on contract, negligence, strict liability, or other legal theories) shall be limited to, at SePRO Corporation’s election, one of the following:

(1) Refund of purchase price paid by buyer or user for product bought, or
(2) Replacement of amount of product used.

To the extent consistent with applicable law, SePRO Corporation shall not be liable for losses or damages resulting from handling or use of this product unless SePRO Corporation is promptly notified of such losses or damages in writing. To the extent consistent with applicable law, in no case shall SePRO Corporation be liable for consequential or incidental damages or losses.

The terms of the Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use and this Limitation of Remedies cannot be varied by any written or verbal statements or agreements. No employee or sales agent of SePRO Corporation or the seller is authorized to vary or exceed the terms of the Warranty Disclaimer or this Limitation of Remedies in any manner.

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REF67702-2_020510
Camelot® O
Flowable Liquid Copper Fungicide
Intended for Commercial Use Only

A liquid copper formulation for broad spectrum control of listed fungal and bacterial† diseases on greenhouse and shadehouse vegetables and herbs, ornamentals and turf.

FOR ORGANIC PRODUCTION

Active Ingredient
Copper Octanoate† (Copper soap) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .10.0%
CAS Reg. No. 20543-04-8

Other Ingredients . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .90.0%

TOTAL . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .100.0%
†† Metallic Copper equivalent 1.8%

One gallon contains 0.16 lbs. metallic copper equivalent

Keep Out of Reach of Children
CAUTION

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals
CAUTION: Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to fish and aquatic organisms and may contaminate water through runoff. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water by disposal of equipment washwaters or rinsate. This product may contaminate water through runoff. Poorly draining soils with shallow water tables are more prone to produce runoff that contains this product. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas.

Refer to label booklet for additional precautionary information and directions for use.

Notice: Read the entire label before using. Use only according to label directions. Before buying or using this product, read Terms and Conditions of Use, Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use and Limitation of Remedies inside label booklet.

Fungicide/Bactericide†

Listed by the Organic Materials Review Institute (OMRI) for use in organic production

PESTICIDE STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

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PESTICIDE STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

FIRST AID

If in eyes • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 - 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.
• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If on skin or clothing • Take off contaminated clothing.
• Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 - 20 minutes.
• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If swallowed • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
• Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
• Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.
• Do not give anything to an unconscious person.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. In case of emergency endangering health or the environment involving this product, call INFOTRAC 1-800-535-5053.

Net contents 1 gallon (Non-refillable)