PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS: DANGER. Corrosive. Causes irreversible tissue damage to skin, eyes, and mucous membranes. Skin and eye irritation. Avoid breathing dust. Wash hands and face after handling, before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Avoid breathing vapors. Vapors poorly ventilated areas as soon as possible. Do not return to areas of strong odors have developed. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS
Strong oxidizing agent. Mix with only water according to label directions. Mixing this product with chemicals (e.g., ammonia, acids, detergents, etc.) or organic matter (e.g., urine, feces, etc.) will release chlorine gas which is irritating to eyes, lungs and mucous membranes.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS
This product is toxic to fish and aquatic organisms. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, ponds, streams, estuaries, oceans or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previous notification to the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL: Do not contaminate water feed or food by storage and disposal.

Pesticide Storage: Store in a closed container in cool, dry area away from heat and sunlight to avoid deterioration. In case of spill, isolate container (if possible) and food area with large amounts of water to dilute all material before discarding this container (if practicable) in trash. Emergency Handling: In case of contact or decomposition, do not recontaminate. Isolate in open, well-ventilated area and flood with large volume of water. Cool unopened containers in vicinity by water spray.

Pesticide Disposal: Pesticide waste may be hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, ppm, mixture, or residue is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide Control Board, or the Health Hazard Representative at the EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Nonreturnable rigid container: Do not re-use or re-fill this container. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ½ full with water and replace the lid. Roll the container on its side and roll it back forth, shaking at least once complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back forth several times. Empty the container into the water only or dispose of the container in a sanitary sewer or in other approved disposal facility. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture or dispose of in trash or in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or as allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Refillable rigid container: Refill this container with this product only. Do not re-use this container for any other purpose. Refill with bleach or triple or pressure rinse empty tank car or tank truck to remove bleach residues before refilling with this product. Cleaning before refilling the tank car or tank truck is the responsibility of the refiller.

CLEANING FORMULATIONS, BLEACHING, & NON-PESTICIDE CHEMICALS
MANUFACTURING: This product may be used for cleaning formulations, bleaching and non-pesticide chemical manufacturing. Only specifically designed handling and dispensing equipment should be used in accordance with the manufacturer’s instructions and according to operating instructions or product formulations defined by the use facility.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE: It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Note: This product degrades with age. Use a chlorine test kit and increase dosage, as necessary, to obtain the required level of available chlorine.

SANITATION OF NONPOROUS FOOD CONTACT SURFACES
KINSE METHOD - A solution of 100 ppm available chlorine may be used in the sanitizing solution if a chlorine test kit is available. Solutions containing an initial concentration of 100 ppm available chlorine, are considered to be disinfection solution for surfaces. If the test kit is available, prepare a sanitizing solution by thoroughly mixing 2 oz. of this product with 10 gallons of water. Do not use product with any non-chlorine sanitizer. Do not use sanitizing solution that contains less than 5 ppm available chlorine, as determined by a suitable test kit, either discard the solution or add sufficient chlorine to reestablish a 200 ppm residual. Do not use equipment with water after treatment and do not use equipment overnight. Sanitizers used in automated systems may be used for general cleaning but may not be reused for sanitizing purposes.

FLOW/PRESSURE METHOD - Disassemble equipment and thoroughly clean before use. Assemble equipment in operation position prior to use. Prepare a volume of a 200 ppm available chlorine solution. Do not mix with any other sanitizing solution or sanitizer. Do not use less than 50 ppm available chlorine, as determined by a suitable test kit, either discard the solution or add sufficient product to reestablish a 200 ppm residual. Do not use equipment with water after treatment. Sanitizers used in automated systems may be used for general cleaning but may not be reused for sanitizing purposes.

FILLING ALL PURPOSES TANKS, JUGS, SPRAYERS, AND OAYERS: Please refer to the Technical Data Sheet for specific application rates.

PACKERS CHEMICALS, INC.
KC-6-5

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:
SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE
12.5%
OTHER INGREDIENTS
87.5%
TOTAL
100.0%

AVAILABLE CHLORINE 11.9%

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
DANGER

FIRST AID IF IN EYES:
Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:
Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF SWALLOWED:
Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.

IF INHALED:
Remove person to fresh air.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN - Probable mucosal damage may contribute to the use of gastric lavage.

FOR ALL ACCIDENTS CALL CHEMTREC AT 1-800-424-9300

See Side Panel for Additional Precautionary Statements.

EPA REG. NO. 63679-1
EPA EST. NO. 63679-W-001

Manufactured for:
Packers Chemical, Inc.
3729 Peddle Hollow Rd.
Kiel, WI 53812

CONTENTS: 55 GALLONS (288.17 L)

BATCH: ____________

IMMERSION METHOD - A solution of 100 ppm available chlorine may be used in the sanitizing solution if a chlorine test kit is available. Solutions containing an initial concentration of 100 ppm available chlorine, are considered to be disinfection solution for surfaces. Do not use less than 50 ppm available chlorine, as determined by a suitable test kit, either discard the solution or add sufficient chlorine to reestablish a 200 ppm residual. Do not use equipment with water after treatment. Sanitizers used in automated systems may be used for general cleaning but may not be reused for sanitizing purposes.

FILLING ALL PURPOSES TANKS, JUGS, SPRAYERS, AND OAYERS: Please refer to the Technical Data Sheet for specific application rates.

KINSE METHOD - A solution of 100 ppm available chlorine may be used in the sanitizing solution if a chlorine test kit is available. Solutions containing an initial concentration of 100 ppm available chlorine, are considered to be disinfection solution for surfaces. If the test kit is available, prepare a sanitizing solution by thoroughly mixing 2 oz. of this product with 10 gallons of water. Do not use product with any non-chlorine sanitizer. Do not use sanitizing solution that contains less than 5 ppm available chlorine, as determined by a suitable test kit, either discard the solution or add sufficient product to reestablish a 200 ppm residual. Do not use equipment with water after treatment and do not use equipment overnight. Sanitizers used in automated systems may be used for general cleaning but may not be reused for sanitizing purposes.

FLOW/PRESSURE METHOD - Disassemble equipment and thoroughly clean before use. Assemble equipment in operation position prior to use. Prepare a volume of a 200 ppm available chlorine solution. Do not mix with any other sanitizing solution or sanitizer. Do not use less than 50 ppm available chlorine, as determined by a suitable test kit, either discard the solution or add sufficient product to reestablish a 200 ppm residual. Do not use equipment with water after treatment. Sanitizers used in automated systems may be used for general cleaning but may not be reused for sanitizing purposes.

COMMERCIAL LAUNDRY SANITIZERS
Wet through sanitizers should be used only prior to sanitization. Thoroughly mix 2 oz. of this product with 10 gallons of water to yield 200 ppm available chlorine. Quickly after mixing the sanitizer, add the solution into the pre-wash prior to washing fabric/clothing in the regular wash cycle with a good detergent. Test the rinse water level and then begin to allow it to stand. Add more of the product if the available chlorine level has dropped below 200 ppm.

FOOD EGG SANITIZATION
Thoroughly clean all eggs. Thoroughly mix 2 oz. of this product with 10 gallons of warm water to produce a 200 ppm available chlorine solution. Sanitize without exceeding 180°F. Do not spray the sanitizer so that the eggs are thoroughly washed. Allow the eggs to thoroughly dry before packing or breaking. Do not apply a potable water rinse. The solution should not be reused to sanitize eggs.

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