Palisade® 2EC

For growth management of grasses grown for seed, wheat, barley, and sugarcane

This supplemental labeling expires on February 17, 2015, and must not be distributed or used after that date.

Active Ingredient:
Trinexapac-ethyl*: ................................................................. 25.5%
Other Ingredients: ................................................................. 74.5%
Total: ................................................................................. 100.0%

*CAS No. 95266-40-3

Palisade 2EC is an emulsifiable concentrate containing 2.08 pounds of active ingredient per gallon.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

CAUTION

EPA Reg. No. 100-1241

This supplemental labeling supersedes language on the container label.

All applicable directions, restrictions and precautions on the EPA-registered label are to be followed. Before using Palisade 2EC as permitted according to this Supplemental Labeling, read and follow all applicable directions, restrictions, and precautions on the EPA-registered label on or attached to the pesticide product container. This Supplemental Labeling contains revised use instructions and/or restrictions that may be different from those that appear on the container label. This Supplemental Labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of pesticide application. It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.
PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUTION

Causes moderate eye irritation. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for Category G on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate or Viton®
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear

Follow manufacturer’s instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Control Statements

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS. Pilots must use an enclosed cockpit that meets the requirements listed in the WPS for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(6)].

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

Environmental Hazards

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Applying this product in calm weather when rain is not predicted for the next 24 hours will help to ensure that wind or rain does not blow or wash pesticide off the treatment area. See the Spray Drift Management section for further instructions on avoiding drift.
CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather or crop conditions, presence of other materials or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of SYNGENTA CROP PROTECTION, LLC or Seller. To the extent consistent with applicable law Buyer and User agree to hold SYNGENTA and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

SYNGENTA warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks referred to above, when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. To the extent permitted by applicable law: (1) this warranty does not extend to the use of the product contrary to label instructions or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to or beyond the control of Seller or SYNGENTA, and, (2) Buyer and User assume the risk of any such use. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, SYNGENTA MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY EXCEPT AS WARRANTED BY THIS LABEL.

To the extent permitted by applicable law, in no event shall SYNGENTA be liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF SYNGENTA AND SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF SYNGENTA OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.

SYNGENTA and Seller offer this product, and Buyer and User accept it, subject to the foregoing Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability, which may not be modified except by written agreement signed by a duly authorized representative of SYNGENTA.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.
AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil or water is:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate or Viton
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear

Observe all precautions and limitations on this label and on the labels of each product used in tank mixture with this product.

NOTICE

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE DIRECTIONS FOR USE AND PRECAUTIONS ON THIS LABEL MAY RESULT IN POOR PERFORMANCE, CROP INJURY, OR ILLEGAL RESIDUES.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

All applications should be made according to the use directions that follow.

Palisade 2EC is a plant growth regulator (PGR) which acts by inhibiting the production of gibberellic acid. It shortens the internodes on grasses grown for seed and cereals which results in a reduction in lodging. It also acts as a PGR in sugarcane by shortening the internodes which improves seed piece production and when used prior to harvest, increases and/or maintains the sugar content for an extended harvest window. Palisade 2EC is rapidly absorbed by the foliage. The PGR effects do not occur through soil uptake.

USE INSTRUCTIONS

Application: Thorough coverage is necessary to provide good activity. Make up no more spray solution than is needed for application. Avoid spray overlap, as crop injury may occur.

Adjuvants: When an adjuvant is to be used with this product, the use of an adjuvant that meets the standards of the Chemical Producers and Distributors Association (CPDA) adjuvant certification program is recommended.

Efficacy: The activity and performance of Palisade 2EC is primarily affected by: (1) environmental conditions, (2) crop management and cultural practices that affect crop growth and vigor, (3) fertility level, (4) moisture availability, (5) plant vigor, and (6) crop growth stage. Palisade 2EC acts by inhibiting the production of gibberellic acid.
Plant-back Interval (PBI):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Crop</th>
<th>Days to Plantback After the Last Application of Palisade 2EC</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Wheat</td>
<td>0 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Barley</td>
<td>0 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Triticale</td>
<td>0 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oats</td>
<td>0 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grasses Grown for Seed Sugarcane</td>
<td>0 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All Other Food or Feed Crops</td>
<td>30 days</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Crop Tolerance:** Plant tolerance has been found acceptable for all crops on the label, however, not all possible tank mix combinations have been tested under all conditions nor have all varieties been tested under all conditions. When possible, it is recommended to test the combinations on a small portion of the crop to ensure a phytotoxic response will not occur as a result of application.

**Spray Drift Management:** Spray equipment and weather affect spray drift. Consider all factors when making application decisions. Where states or tribes have more stringent regulations, they must be observed. **AVOIDING SPRAY DRIFT AT THE APPLICATION SITE IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE APPLICATOR AND THE GROWER.** To reduce the potential for drift, the application equipment must be set to apply medium to course droplets (i.e., ASAE Standard 572) with corresponding spray pressure. Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Follow the nozzle manufacturer’s directions on pressure, orientation, spray volume, etc., in order to minimize drift and optimize coverage and control.

**Wind:** Avoid making applications when spray particles may be carried by air currents to non-target areas. Do not spray if wind is gusty, below 2 mph, or in excess of 10 mph and moving in the direction of adjacent sensitive areas. Local terrain may influence wind patterns; the applicator must be familiar with local conditions and understand how they may impact spray drift.

**Sensitive Areas:**
Sensitive areas to this product are defined as bodies of water (ponds, lakes, rivers, streams, and wetlands), known habitats of threatened or endangered species and non-labeled agricultural crop areas. Applicators must take all precautions necessary to keep spray drift from reaching sensitive areas.

**Temperature Inversion:**
A surface temperature inversion (i.e., increasing temperature with increasing altitude) greatly increases the potential for drift. Presence of ground fog is a good indicator of a surface temperature inversion. Do not apply during temperature inversions. Always make applications when there is some air movement to determine the direction and distance of possible spray drift.

**Equipment:**
All aerial and ground equipment must be properly maintained and calibrated using appropriate carriers or surrogates.

*Additional requirements for aerial applications:*
The boom length must not exceed 75% of the wingspan or 90% of the rotor blade diameter.

Release spray at the lowest height consistent with efficacy and flight safety.

When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. The applicator must compensate for this by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind.
Additional requirements for ground applications:
Do not apply with a nozzle height greater than 4 feet above the crop canopy.

MIXING AND APPLICATION METHODS

Spray Equipment

Nozzles
- Equip sprayers with nozzles that provide accurate and uniform application.
- Nozzles should be the same size and uniformly spaced across the boom.
- Calibrate sprayer before use.
- It is suggested that screens be used to protect the pump and to prevent nozzles from clogging.
- Screens placed on suction side of pump should be 16-mesh or coarser.
- Do not place a screen in the recirculation line.
- Use 50-mesh or coarser screens between the pump and boom, and where required, at the nozzles.
- Check nozzle manufacturer’s recommendations.

Pump
- Use a pump with capacity to:
  1. maintain 35-40 psi at nozzles
  2. provide sufficient agitation in tank to keep mixture in suspension - this requires recirculation of 10% of tank volume per minute.
- Use a jet agitator or liquid sparge tube for agitation.
- Do not use air sparge.

For more information on spray equipment and calibration, consult sprayer manufacturers’ and state recommendations. For specific local directions and spray schedules, consult the current state agricultural recommendations.

Mixing Instructions
- Prepare no more spray mixture than is required for the immediate operation.
- Thoroughly clean spray equipment before using this product.
- Agitate the spray solution before and during application.
- Rinse spray tank thoroughly with clean water after each day’s use and dispose of pesticide rinsate by application to an already treated area.
- Do not allow spray mixture to stand overnight or for prolonged periods of time.

Palisade 2EC Alone (no tank mix):
- Add ¼-⅔ of the required amount of water to the spray or mixing tank.
- With the agitator running, add the Palisade 2EC to the tank.
- Continue agitation while adding the remainder of the water.
- Mix in enough water (10-20 gals/A) to thoroughly and uniformly cover crop.
- Begin application of the spray solution after the Palisade 2EC has completely dispersed into the mix water.
- Maintain agitation until all of the mixture has been sprayed.

Palisade 2EC + Tank Mixtures:
- Palisade 2EC is usually compatible with all tank-mix partners listed on this label.
- To determine the physical compatibility of Palisade 2EC with other products, use a jar test. Using a quart jar, add the proportionate amounts of the products to 1 qt. of water. Add wettable powders and water dispersible granular products first, then liquid flowables, and emulsifiable concentrates last.
After thoroughly mixing, let stand for at least 5 minutes. If the combination remains mixed or can be remixed readily, it is physically compatible. Once compatibility has been proven, use the same procedure for adding required ingredients to the spray tank.

Observe all directions for use, precautions, and limitations which appear on tank mix partner label.

Mixing in the Spray Tank
- Add ⅓-⅔ of the required amount of water to the spray or mixing tank.
- With the agitator running, add the tank mix partner(s) into the tank in the same order as described above.
- Allow the material to completely dissolve and disperse into the mix water. Continue agitation while adding the remainder of the water and the Palisade 2EC to the spray tank.
- Allow the Palisade 2EC to completely disperse.
- Spray the mixture with the agitator running.

Palisade 2EC + Tilt® Fungicide or Quilt® Fungicide
- Add 1/2 – 2/3 of the required amount of water to the spray tank.
- While agitating, add Palisade 2EC followed by Tilt Fungicide or Quilt Fungicide.
- Continue agitation while adding the remainder of the water.
- Maintain agitation until all of the mixture has been applied.

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

Palisade 2EC may be applied with all types of spray equipment commonly used for making ground and aerial applications. Proper adjustments and calibration of spraying equipment to give good coverage is essential for good growth regulator effects.

Ground Application:
- Apply in a minimum of 10 gal. of water per acre, unless specified otherwise.
- Do not apply through any ultra-low volume (ULV) spray system.
- Thorough coverage is necessary to provide good disease control.

Aerial Application:
- Thorough coverage is necessary to provide a good, uniform effect.
- A minimum of 2 gallons of diluent per acre can be used in grasses grown for seed, cereals and sugarcane.
- Avoid application under conditions when uniform coverage cannot be obtained or when excessive spray drift may occur.
- Do not apply directly to humans or animals.
- Do not apply through any ultra-low volume (ULV) spray system.

Application Through Irrigation Systems (Chemigation)

- Apply this product only through center pivot, solid set, hand move, or moving wheel irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.
- Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.
- Apply in 0.125 - 0.25 inches/A of water. Excessive water may reduce efficacy.
- If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers, or other experts.
- Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system, unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.
A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

**Note:** Do not inject Palisade 2EC at full strength or deterioration of valves and seals may occur. Use a dilution ratio of at least 10 parts water to 1 part Palisade 2EC. Palisade 2EC is corrosive to many seal materials. Leather seals are best. EPDM or silicone rubber seals can be used, but should be replaced once a year. Do not use Viton®, Buna-N, Neoprene, or PVC seals.

**Operating Instructions**

1. The system must contain a functional check-valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water-source contamination from backflow.

2. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check-valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

3. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

4. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

5. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

6. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump), effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

7. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

**Center Pivot Irrigation Equipment**

**Notes:** (1) Use only with drive systems which provide uniform water distribution. (2) Do not use end guns when chemigating Palisade 2EC through center pivot systems because of non-uniform application.

- Determine the size of the area to be treated.
- Determine the time required to apply \( \frac{1}{8}-\frac{1}{2} \) inch of water over the area to be treated when the system and injection equipment are operated at normal pressures as recommended by the equipment manufacturer. When applying Palisade 2EC through irrigation equipment use the lowest obtainable water volume while maintaining uniform distribution. Run the system at 80-95% of the manufacturer's rated capacity.
- Using water, determine the injection pump output when operated at normal line pressure.
- Determine the amount of Palisade 2EC required to treat the area covered by the irrigation system.
- Add the required amount of Palisade 2EC and sufficient water to meet the injection time requirements to the solution tank.
- Make sure the system is fully charged with water before starting injection of the Palisade 2EC solution. Time the injection to last at least as long as it takes to bring the system to full pressure.
- Maintain constant solution tank agitation during the injection period.
- Continue to operate the system until the Palisade 2EC solution has cleared the sprinkler head.
Solid Set, Hand Move, and Moving Wheel Irrigation Equipment

- Determine the acreage covered by the sprinklers.
- Fill injector solution tank with water and adjust flow rate to use the contents over a 20- to 30-minute interval. When applying Palisade 2EC through irrigation equipment use the lowest obtainable water volume while maintaining uniform distribution.
- Determine the amount of Palisade 2EC required to treat the area covered by the irrigation system.
- Add the required amount of Palisade 2EC into the same quantity of water used to calibrate the injection period.
- Operate the system at the same pressure and time interval established during the calibration.
- Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed. Continue to operate the system until the Palisade 2EC solution has cleared the last sprinkler head.

SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS FOR PUBLIC WATER SYSTEMS

1. Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.

2. Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone, back-flow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the flow outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.

3. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

4. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

5. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops, or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

6. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

7. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.
## CROP USE DIRECTIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Crop</th>
<th>fl. oz./A (lb. a.i./A)</th>
<th>Application</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cereals</td>
<td></td>
<td>For yield protection and lodging prevention in wheat and barley.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wheat</td>
<td>5 - 7 (0.08 – 0.11)</td>
<td>Apply Palisade 2EC from Feekes growth stage 5 (leaf sheath strongly erect) to Feekes growth stage 8 (ligule of flag leaf visible). Apply before the flag leaf sheath extends. On barley, it is recommended to apply before the third node. Use the lower rate when 1) varieties are more lodging tolerant, 2) application timing is earlier, and 3) when applying with a fungicide. Use the higher rate when 1) varieties are prone to lodging, and 2) application timing is later.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Winter</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spring</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Barley</td>
<td>2.75 (0.04)</td>
<td>Apply 2.75 fl. oz. at Feekes 4 - 5 (leaf sheaths lengthening to leaf sheath strongly erect) and then again at Feekes 7 (second node visible). In barley, apply 2.75 fl. oz. at Feekes 6-7 (1st to 2nd nodes visible) and then again at Feekes 8 (flag leaf just visible).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Winter</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spring</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Specific Use Restrictions:**
1) For best coverage and uptake, use a minimum of 20 gallons of water/A.
2) Palisade 2EC may be applied until 45 days prior to harvest (45-day PHI).
3) Do not apply more than 7 fl. oz. (0.11 lb. a.i.) Palisade 2EC/A/season.
4) Do not apply if crop is stressed by drought, disease, or temperatures.
Crop fl. oz./A (lb. a.i./A) Application

For yield protection and lodging prevention in grasses grown for seed.

**Grasses** (grown for seed) 5.5 – 30.5 (0.09 – 0.5) Apply as a broadcast, foliar spray to actively growing grass.

For a single application, apply before or during stem elongation stage of development (Zadoks 30-37 or Feekes 5-8).

Use the high rate on heavy, lush stands. Use the lower rate range on short varieties, when conditions are less favorable for lodging, or on older stands of grass.

**NOTE:** Although this product is effective at any time in this growth stage the BEST timing is early (Zadoks growth stage 32 or Feekes 7) when the second node on the main stem is detectable.

Split application 2.75 - 15 (0.04 – 0.24) For a split application, apply the first application before or during stem elongation stage of development (Zadoks 30-37 or Feekes 5-8) followed by a second application 7-10 days later.

**Specific Use Restrictions:**
1) Do not apply more than 30.5 fl. oz. (0.5 lb. a.i.) Palisade 2EC/A/season.
2) May be applied up to 35 days before harvest.
3) Do not graze or feed forage 49 days after last application.
4) Other crops may be planted 30 days after the last application.

For ripening in sugarcane

**Sugarcane** 11 - 19 (0.18 – 0.31) Apply Palisade 2EC 28-60 days prior to harvest to increase sugar content and/or extend harvest window.

For internode shortening for seed piece production in sugarcane

**Sugarcane** 4 - 12 (0.07 – 0.2) Make a minimum of two split applications of Palisade 2EC. Make first application of 4-12 fl. oz./A when 6 fully developed full size leaves have appeared. Note the bottom leaf should be feeding internodes above the soil surface. Make a second application of 4-12 fl. oz./A when 6 additional fully developed full size leaves have appeared. **The total amount applied per acre/crop/season should not exceed 19 fl. oz.**

**Specific Use Restrictions:**
1) When applied as a ripener, Palisade 2EC may be applied until 28 days prior to harvest (28-day PHI).
2) Do not apply more than 19 fl. oz. (0.31 lb. a.i.) Palisade 2EC/A/crop/season.
3) Do not apply to cane under stress from lack of water, poor fertilization, abnormal temperatures, or disease.
4) Results may vary according to the variety.
5) Crop tolerance: Palisade 2EC has been shown to be safe at the rates, timings, and varieties tested. Some varieties may be more sensitive and exhibit symptoms such as stunting. Under normal agricultural conditions, the affected plants will resume growth.
### Conversion Table

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>fl. oz./A</th>
<th>lb. a.i./A</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2.75</td>
<td>0.04</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>0.07</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>0.08</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.5</td>
<td>0.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>0.11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>0.18</td>
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<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>0.2</td>
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<td>15</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>0.31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30.5</td>
<td>0.5</td>
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</table>

### Explanation of Growth Stages for Gramineous Crops

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Feekes</th>
<th>Zadoks</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>Begin Tillering</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>Tillers formed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>29</td>
<td>Leaf sheaths erect</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>Leaf sheaths strongly erect</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>First node visible</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>Second node visible</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>37</td>
<td>Flag leaf just visible</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>