A Herbicide for the Control of Grass Weeds, Sedges and Kyllingas, and Broadleaf Weeds; as well as the Removal of Overseeded Ryegrass in Bermudagrass and Zoysiagrass of Commercial and Residential Sites

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:
- Thiencarbazone-methyl (CAS Number 317815-83-1)...................... 9.9%
- Foramsulfuron (CAS Number 173159-57-4).................................. 19.8%
- Halosulfuron-methyl (CAS Number 100784-20-1)......................... 30.8%

OTHER INGREDIENTS: ............................................................ 39.5%

TOTAL: ..................................................................................... 100.0%

Tribute® Total is formulated as a water dispersible granule

EPA Reg. No. 432-1519    EPA Est. No. 000264-DEU-001

See Back Panel for First Aid Instructions and Booklet for Complete Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use.

For MEDICAL and TRANSPORTATION Emergencies ONLY
Call 24 Hours A Day 1-800-334-7677

For PRODUCT USE Information Call 1-800-331-2867

Produced for: Bayer Environmental Science
A Division of Bayer CropScience LP
2 T. W. Alexander Drive
Research Triangle Park, NC 27709
Product of Germany
ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:
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EPA Reg No. 432-1519 EPA Est. No. 000264-DEU-001

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

See Booklet for Complete Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use.

Net Contents 6 Ounces (170g)
81746257
80895577D 160419AV1

FIRST AID

If swallowed:
• Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
• Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
• Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.
• Do not give anything to an unconscious person.

If in eyes:
• Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.
• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing.
• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If on skin or clothing:
• Take off contaminated clothing.
• Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.

Produced for:
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CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

All mixers, loaders, applicators and other handlers must wear:

• long-sleeved shirt and long pants
• shoes plus socks

Follow manufacturer’s instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

FIRST AID

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• Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
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Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS STATEMENTS

When handlers use closed systems or enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment washwaters and rinsate. Do not drain or rinse equipment near desirable vegetation. Do not apply when conditions favor drift from treated areas. Non-target plants may be adversely affected if the pesticide is allowed to drift from areas of application. To prevent damage to crops and other desirable plants, read and follow all directions and precautions on this label before using. This product may impact surface water quality due to runoff of rain water. This is especially true for poorly draining soils and soils with shallow ground water. This product is classified as having “high potential for reaching surface water via runoff”, according to the chemical’s “mean” soil partition coefficient (Kd) for several days after application. A level well-maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features such as ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential loading of this herbicide from runoff water and sediment. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall is forecasted to occur within 48 hours.

Some of the chemicals in this product have properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in ground water. These chemicals may leach into ground water if used in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow.
NON AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are not within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses. Keep unprotected persons out of the treated areas until sprays have dried.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Read entire label before using this product. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry intervals. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants, shoes plus socks, and chemical-resistant gloves made out of any waterproof material.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

PRODUCT USES

Tribute® Total (water dispersable granule) is a selective, post-emergent herbicide for the control of grass weeds, sedges and kyllingas, and broadleaf weeds growing in well-established turfgrass. Tribute Total can also be used as a transition aid for the removal of overseeded cool season grasses from turfgrass. Tribute Total is for use only on commercial and residential turf including golf courses (excluding greens and overseeded tees), residential and commercial lawns, sports fields, cemeteries, parks, campgrounds, recreational areas, roadsides, school grounds, and sod farms.

SYMPTOMOLOGY

Weed growth is inhibited within hours after application yet visible symptoms typically require 1 or more weeks before becoming evident – the meristematic regions become chlorotic followed by slow, general foliar color changes and necrosis. Eventual plant death usually occurs within 1 to 4 weeks after treatment. The speed of symptom development varies with temperature and will be faster at warmer temperatures.

MODE OF ACTION

The active ingredients found in Tribute Total inhibit the protein acetolactate synthase (ALS), also known as acetohydroxyacid synthase (AHAS). The ALS enzyme catalyzes the first step in the biosynthesis of the essential branched chain amino acids (valine, leucine, and isoleucine). The lowered levels of ALS enzyme and branched chain amino acids trigger further biochemical events culminating in the death of the weed.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

Some weed species have naturally occurring biotypes within their population which are resistant to ALS-inhibiting herbicides (Group B/2 Herbicides). Repeated application of an ALS herbicide may select for these resistant weed biotypes. To prevent or delay the build up of ALS resistant weeds, always use the prescribed herbicide rate and application timing for the hardest to control weed species present in the field.

APPLICATION METHODS

SPRAY SOLUTION pH

The efficacy of Tribute Total may be affected by the pH of the spray solution. A pH near 6 is ideal. If pH is greater than 6, add a spray buffer.

SPRAY VOLUME

For broadcast applications, use a minimum of 10 gallons of water per acre. For weed control in dense
Spot Treatments are for controlling individual weeds and/or small areas of weeds. To make a Spot Treatment, mix 0.023 oz. – 0.073 oz. of Tribute Total per gallon of water and add appropriate spray adjuvant(s). Spray weeds until wet but avoid spray solution runoff and over application. Spot treatments may cause temporary yellowing and stunting to turfgrass. For spot treatments, treat no more than 10,000 sq. ft. per acre per application.

Spray Adjuvants

Tribute Total requires a spray adjuvant. For maximum weed control, use the spray adjuvant(s) as specified in the ‘WEEDS CONTROLLED’ section of this label. These additives may also cause phytotoxicity to desirable turfgrasses under some situations. Test their use in a limited area that can tolerate damage and visually monitor for turf tolerance over several weeks prior to widespread use.

• Use 0.25 to 0.5% v/v of a Nonionic Surfactant (NIS). Do not exceed 1 quart of NIS per acre as turf injury may result.
• OR, instead of an NIS, use 0.5 to 1% v/v of a methylated seed oil (MSO) containing at least 80% methylated seed oil and 10% or greater emulsifier (up to 1% v/v). Other MSO blends must be tested before use.
• The addition of ammonium sulfate (AMS) has been shown to improve efficacy. Use spray grade AMS (1/2 to 3 lb/acre) for areas of high relative humidity or use urea ammonium nitrate (UAN) (1/2 to 2 lb/acre) in areas of low relative humidity.
• Use the higher rates of NIS or MSO with higher spray volumes.
• In areas with hard water, use the addition of ammonium sulfate (AMS) or urea ammonium nitrate (UAN).

Always read and follow the spray adjuvant label directions prior to use and observe all precautions, mixing and application instructions.

Mixing Instructions

Tribute Total must be applied with clean and properly calibrated equipment. Prior to adding Tribute Total, ensure that the spray tank, filters, and nozzles have been thoroughly cleaned.

1. Fill spray tank with 1/4 to 1/2 the required volume of water.
2. Begin agitation prior to the addition of Tribute Total and continue throughout this entire mixing process (Steps 2 – 6).
3. Add Tribute Total. Once it is fully dispersed, resume adding water to the desired volume.
4. If Tribute Total is to be applied in a tank mixture with other pesticides, the general order of addition for pesticides, by product form, is from first-in-spray-tank to last-in-spray-tank: WP or WG (this product) > DF > F > EC > SP or SC.
5. Finally, add the spray adjuvant and liquid fertilizer, if desired. Finish filling the spray tank with water to the desired volume.
6. Continue agitation during application to ensure a uniform spray mixture.

If this product is to be tank-mixed with other products, test compatibility prior to mixing and test turf tolerance prior to use. To test for compatibility, use a small container and mix a small amount (1/2 to 1 quart) of spray, combining all ingredients in the same ratio as the anticipated use. If any indications of physical incompatibility develop (e.g., precipitation, settling, color change), do not use this mixture for spraying. Indications of incompatibility may occur within 5 to 15 minutes after mixing. To test for turf tolerance, apply the tank mix at the specified rate to a small area that can tolerate damage and monitor visually for turf damage over several weeks. If damage is unacceptable, do not apply Tribute Total. Read and follow the precautionary statements, directions for use, and restrictions of each tank mix product. The most restrictive language applies.
Kentucky bluegrass, perennial ryegrass, annual ryegrass, or creeping bentgrass.  

6. Do not apply this product when wind causes drift to off-site vegetation as injury may occur.  
7. Do not use this product for grasses grown for seed.

TURF TOLERANCE  
This product was tested and can be used on the following types of warm season turfgrasses and their cultivars. Some temporary stunting of growth and discoloration (yellowing) may occur after treatment but the turf will recover. When turfgrass top growth is slowed (e.g., due to plant growth regulator or environmental effects), these symptoms may take longer to develop, may take longer to subside, and/or may be accentuated.  
  
• Bermudagrass (Celebration, Common, Greg Norman 1, Patriot, TifGrand, Tifton 10, Tifway 4 19, Tifsport, Vamont, Tifgreen 328)  
• Zoysiagrass (Emerald, Empire, Meyer, Palisades, Zeon, Zenith, Zorro)  
Do not use Tribute Total on pure stands or mixtures of turfgrasses not listed on this label without first testing for adequate turf tolerance. To test, apply Tribute Total at the specified rate to a small plot representative of the larger area to be treated. Visually monitor for turf damage up to 2 weeks. If damage is unacceptable, do not apply Tribute Total.

SEEDING AND SPRIGGING INTERVALS  
Overseeded Ryegrass –  
• Do not apply within 8 weeks prior to overseeding for neutral to alkaline soils (pH > 6.5).  
• Do not apply within 5 weeks for acidic soils (pH < 6.5).  
Seeded Turfgrass Tribute Total may be applied to turfgrass up to 3 months prior to seeding without a significant reduction in stand. For newly seeded turfgrass, do not apply Tribute Total for at least one month after emergence since injury may result.  
Sprigged / Sodded turfgrass Tribute Total may be applied no sooner than 2 weeks after sprigging or sodding without a significant reduction in quality.

USE OF TRIBUTE TOTAL NEAR SENSITIVE GRASSES  
Tribute Total will control cool season grasses. Some use sites, including many golf courses, grow different turf types in the same vicinity e.g., bermudagrass fairways near bentgrass greens. To reduce the possibility of Tribute Total being carried from its application site to adjoining areas with sensitive grasses, practice the following within the first 48 hours after application near sensitive grasses:

APPLIC ATIO N  
Uniform, thorough spray coverage is important to achieve consistent weed control. Select spray nozzles and pressure that deliver medium spray droplets as indicated in nozzles manufacturers’ catalogs and in accordance with ASABE Standard S-572.1. Nozzles that deliver coarse spray droplets may be used to reduce spray drift provided spray volume per acre (GPA, Gallons Per Acre) is increased to maintain coverage of weeds.  

PRECAUTIONS  
1. Rainfall within the first 3 hours after treatment may require retreatment with this product or reduced weed control may result.  
2. Make applications to actively growing weeds. Mature, hardened-off weeds may not be controlled. Weed control may be reduced if application is made in the presence of heavy dew, fog, and mist/rain or when weeds are under stress due to drought.  
3. Apply spray mixtures of this product within 48 hours of mixing to avoid product degradation.  
4. Avoid excessive mechanical disruptions such as aeration and verticutting within 1 week prior to or after application of Tribute Total.  
5. Apply this product only to well-established turf unless noted otherwise on this label.  
6. Avoid application of this product on turf under stress such as drought, insects, disease, cold temperatures, or poor fertility as injury may result.

RESTRUCTIONS  
1. Do not apply more than 3.2 oz of product per acre in one application. Do not apply more than a total of 6.4 oz of product per acre per year.  
2. Do not apply this product by air or through any type of irrigation system.  
3. Do not apply this product on turf exhibiting injury from previous applications of other products.  
4. In order to minimize risk to sensitive areas (water bodies or non-target plants), apply by broadcast application (boom-type sprayers) only when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas is minimal (e.g., when the wind is 10 mph or less and is blowing away from the sensitive area) and maintain a 25-ft buffer between the point of direct application and the closest downwind edge of adjacent sensitive areas.  
5. Do not use this product on these grasses: bahiagrass, buffalograss, centipedegrass, kikuyugrass, St. Augustinegrass, or seashore paspalum and cool season turf types, including tall fescue, fine fescue, Kentucky bluegrass, perennial ryegrass, annual ryegrass, or creeping bentgrass.  
6. Do not apply this product when wind causes drift to off-site vegetation as injury may occur.  
7. Do not use this product for grasses grown for seed.
**WEEDS CONTROLLED**

**APPLICATION RATES AND TIMING FOR SELECT WEEDS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TARGET WEED</th>
<th>RATE Oz Product/Acre</th>
<th>APPLICATION INTERVAL (Weeks)</th>
<th>APPLICATION TIMING</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Crabgrass (Large crabgrass, Smooth crabgrass)*</td>
<td>3.2 Plus NIS</td>
<td>4 – 6</td>
<td>Controls crabgrass from emergence up to 2 tiller stage. Multiple applications may be needed where crabgrass is at multi-tillered stages.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dallisgrass Spot Application</td>
<td>0.073 oz / gal Plus MSO + AMS</td>
<td>4 – 6</td>
<td>Make 2 applications beginning late summer/early fall. Make a 3rd application following spring if re-growth is observed. Other application timings yield dallisgrass suppression.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Doveweed*</td>
<td>3.2 Plus MSO + AMS</td>
<td>6 – 10</td>
<td>Apply late July / early August. Make a repeat application at regrowth.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Goosegrass*</td>
<td>3.2 Plus MSO + AMS</td>
<td>4 – 6</td>
<td>Controls goosegrass up to early tiller stages.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sedges &amp; Kyllingas</td>
<td>3.2 Plus NIS + AMS</td>
<td>6 – 10</td>
<td>Controls sedges up to 8 leaf growth stage. Controls/suppresses Kyllingas. Treat new plants as they emerge.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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**TANK MIX PARTNERS**

When using Tribute Total in tank mix combinations, follow the precautions and directions of the most restrictive label. Test compatibility with other unlited pesticides prior to use. When tank-mixing with other products, it is the responsibility of the end-user applicator to ensure that the tank-mix partner is registered in the state where the application is being made.

Applications of Tribute Total can be made in conjunction with a pre-emergent herbicide, such as Specticle® FLO Herbicide or Ronstar® FLO Herbicide to obtain pre-emergent and post-emergent activity. Always follow the most restrictive overseeding interval listed in the products used.

**Tribute Total may be combined with Sencor® 75% Turf Herbicide to expand the post-emergent weed control spectrum.**

Not all products are registered in all states; please verify state registration of tank mix partners in your state before selling, distributing, or using.

**SPRAY EQUIPMENT CLEANUP**

1. Drain the tank completely, then wash out tank, boom and hoses with clean water. Drain again.
2. Fill the tank half full with clean water and add EITHER a commercial tank cleaner OR an appropriate detergent, being certain to carefully follow manufacturer’s use directions. Completely fill the tank with water. Agitate/recirculate and flush through boom and hoses. Leave agitation on for 10 minutes. Drain tank completely.
3. Repeat Step 2.
4. Remove nozzles and screens and soak them in the cleaning solution. Inspect nozzles and screens and remove visible residues.
5. Flush tank, boom, and hoses with clean water.
6. Inspect tank for visible residues. If present, repeat Step 2.
Ryegrass, 
*Poa annua* (Spring Transition) 
--- Apply when removal of overseeded ryegrass/*Poa annua* is desired and turfgrass has resumed spring growth.

Tropical 
*Signalgrass* 
3.2  Plus NIS 
4 Spring applications control tropical signalgrass up to 4 tiller stage. 
3.2  Plus MSO + AMS 
2 – 3 Fall applications control mature / perennialized tropical signalgrass.

Tropical 
*Signalgrass* 
Spot Application 
0.073 oz / gal 
Plus MSO + AMS 
2 – 3 To control mature/perennialized tropical signalgrass, make repeat Spot Applications – fewer number of apps are needed at Fall timing.

Virginia 
*Buttonweed* 
3.2  Plus MSO + AMS 
4 – 6 Apply late spring / early summer. Make a repeat application at regrowth.

*For long-lasting control, use Tribute Total in program with a pre-emergent herbicide such as Specticle. 
NIS – Nonionic Surfactant 
MSO – Methylated Seed Oil 
AMS – Ammonium Sulfate

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TARGET WEED</th>
<th>RATE  Oz Product/Acre</th>
<th>APPLICATION INTERVAL (Weeks)</th>
<th>APPLICATION TIMING</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Ryegrass, 
*Poa annua* 
(Spring Transition) | 1  Plus NIS | --- | Apply when removal of overseeded ryegrass/*Poa annua* is desired and turfgrass has resumed spring growth. |
| Tropical 
*Signalgrass* | 3.2  Plus NIS | 4 | Spring applications control tropical signalgrass up to 4 tiller stage. |
| Tropical 
*Signalgrass* 
Spot Application | 0.073 oz / gal 
Plus MSO + AMS | 2 – 3 | To control mature/perennialized tropical signalgrass, make repeat Spot Applications – fewer number of apps are needed at Fall timing. |
| Virginia 
*Buttonweed* | 3.2  Plus MSO + AMS | 4 – 6 | Apply late spring / early summer. Make a repeat application at regrowth. |

**OTHER GRASS WEEDS, SEDGES, AND BROADLEAF WEEDS**

Grass weeds, sedges and broadleaf weeds are best controlled while young and actively growing. This is the best time to apply Tribute Total. Always include a spray adjuvant. Weeds are difficult to control when mature and/or undergoing environmental stress, such as hot temperatures or drought. Herbicide applications made at this time usually result in poor weed control and increased risk of damage to turf. Larger and/or mature weeds may require a higher rate (up to 3.2 oz/A) or sequential applications.

Weeds controlled at 1 oz TRIBU TE TOTAL per acre 

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Common Name</th>
<th>Scientific Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bentgrass, Creeping</td>
<td><em>Agrostis stolonifera</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bluegrass, Annual</td>
<td><em>Poa annua</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bluegrass, Roughstalk</td>
<td><em>Poa trivialis</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ryegrass - Transition</td>
<td><em>Lolium spp.</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Common Name</td>
<td>Scientific Name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Barley, Little</td>
<td>Hordeum pusillum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carpetweed (Indian chickweed)</td>
<td>Molugo verticillata</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chickweed, Common</td>
<td>Stellaria media</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chickweed, Mouseear</td>
<td>Cerastium vulgatum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clover, Hijp</td>
<td>Trifolium spp.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clover, Rabbitfoot</td>
<td>Trifolium arvense</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clover, White</td>
<td>Trifolium repens</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Common vetch</td>
<td>Vicia sativa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cudweed</td>
<td>Gnaphalium, Pseugonaphalium, and Gamochaeta spp.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cutleaf evening primrose</td>
<td>Oenothera laciniata</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dandelion, Carolina false</td>
<td>Pyrrhopappus carolinianus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fescue, Tall</td>
<td>Schedonorus phoenix (Festuca arundinacea)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Florida pusley</td>
<td>Richardia scabra</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hairy bittercress</td>
<td>Cardamine hirsuta</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Henbit</td>
<td>Lamium amplexicaule</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Knawel</td>
<td>Scleranthus annuus</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Weeds controlled at 2 oz TRIBUTE TOTAL per acre (continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Common Name</th>
<th>Scientific Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>London rocket</td>
<td>Stajvmbium ino</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plantain, Buckhorn</td>
<td>Plantago lanceolata</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plantain, Paleseed</td>
<td>Plantago virginica</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ryegrass - Volanteer or &quot;Clumpy&quot;</td>
<td>Lolium spp.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shepherdspurse</td>
<td>Capsella bursa-pastoris</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Speedwell, Corn</td>
<td>Veronica arvensis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spur weed (Lawn burrweed)</td>
<td>Soliva sessilis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Texas toadflax</td>
<td>Nuttallanthus texanus (Linaria canadensis var. texana, Linaria texana)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Common Name</td>
<td>Scientific Name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------------------------</td>
<td>----------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Annual blue-eyed grass</td>
<td>Sisyrinchium rosulatum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>American burnweed (Fireweed)</td>
<td>Erechtites hieracif</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bahiagrass (suppression)</td>
<td>Digitaria sanguinalis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buttonweed, Virginia</td>
<td>Digitaria aechmum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carolina Geranium (Geranium carolinianum)</td>
<td>Geranium carolinianum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cocklebur, Common</td>
<td>Xanthium strumarium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crabgrass, Large (Hairy crabgrass)</td>
<td>Digitaria rotundata</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crabgrass, Smooth</td>
<td>Digitaria aechmum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dallisgrass</td>
<td>Paspalum dilatatum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dollarweed (Pennywort)</td>
<td>Hydrocotylecapp.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Doveweed</td>
<td>Muhlenbergia oblongifolia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Facelis (Annual Trampweed)</td>
<td>Facelis retusa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fleabane, Philadelphia</td>
<td>Erigeron philadephicus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Goosegrass</td>
<td>Eleusine indica</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Knotweed, Prostrate</td>
<td>Polygonum aviculare</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kyllinga</td>
<td>Kyllinga spp.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mallow, Venice</td>
<td>Hibiscus trionum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nutseed, Purple</td>
<td>Cyperus rotundus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nutseed, Yellow</td>
<td>Cyperus esculentus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parsley-piert</td>
<td>Aphanes microcarpa (Alchemilla microcarpa)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paspalum, Bull, Thin paspalum</td>
<td>Paspalum setaceum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Common Name</th>
<th>Scientific Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Passionflower, Maypop</td>
<td>Passiflora incarnata</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pigweed, Redroot</td>
<td>Amaranthus retroflexus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pokeweed, Common</td>
<td>Phytolacca americana</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Radish, Wild</td>
<td>Raphanus raphanistrum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ragweed, Common</td>
<td>Ambrosia artemisiaeflora</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ragweed, Giant</td>
<td>Ambrosia trifida</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rescuegrass, Rescue brome</td>
<td>Bromus catharticus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sedge, Annual</td>
<td>Cyperus compressus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sedge, Cylindric</td>
<td>Cyperus retrorsus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sedge, Globe</td>
<td>Cyperus croceus (C. glabulosus)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sedge, Surnam</td>
<td>Cyperus surnamissus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sedge, Texas</td>
<td>Cyperus polystachyos</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Signalgrass, Tropical,</td>
<td>Urochloa distachya (Urochloa subquadripora, Smallflowered alexandregrass)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Smallflowered alexandregrass</td>
<td>Brachiaria subquadripora</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Small Smutgrass</td>
<td>Sporobolus indicus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Smartweed, Pennsylvania</td>
<td>Polygonum pensylvanicum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spurge, Garden</td>
<td>Chamaesyce hirta (Euphorbia hirta)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spurge, Spotted</td>
<td>Chamaesyce maculata</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sunflower, Common</td>
<td>Helianthus annuiss</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Velvetleaf</td>
<td>Abutilon theophrasti</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Woodsonnet, Yellow</td>
<td>Oxalis stricta</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT
Damage to sensitive, non-targeted plants may occur as a result of spray drift. Spray drift can be managed by several application factors and by spraying under appropriate environmental conditions. Consequently, avoidance of spray drift is the responsibility of the applicator.

Sensitive Areas: Apply by broadcast application (boom-type sprayers) only when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (water bodies or non-target plants) is minimal (e.g., when wind is 10 mph or less and is blowing away from the sensitive areas). Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment and weather related factors determines the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions. Do not apply under circumstances where possible drift to unprotected persons or to food, forage, desirable plants, or crops intended for sale, use, or consumption.

In order to minimize risk to sensitive areas (water bodies or non-target plants), apply by broadcast application (boom-type sprayers) only when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas is minimal (e.g., when the wind is 10 mph or less and is blowing away from the sensitive area) and maintain a 25-ft buffer between the point of direct application and the closest downwind edge of adjacent sensitive areas.

Droplet Size: Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see Temperature and Humidity below). Select nozzles and pressure that deliver at least MEDIUM-sized spray droplets as indicated in nozzle manufacturer's catalogs and in accordance with ASABE Standard S-572.1. Higher flow rate nozzles generally deliver larger droplet size and can help reduce drift potential. Nozzles that deliver COARSE spray droplets may be used to reduce spray drift provided spray volume per acre (Gallons Per Acre, GPA) is increased to maintain coverage of weeds.

Application Height: To minimize spray drift, apply with nozzle height no more than 3 feet above the ground.

Temperature and Humidity: When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe under hot and dry conditions. Avoid spraying during conditions of high temperatures and/or low humidity.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL
Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE
Store in original container and keep tightly closed when not in use. Store in a cool dry place. Avoid cross-contamination with other pesticides.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL
Pesticides wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be used according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA regional office for guidance in proper disposal methods.

CONTAINER HANDLING
Non refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration.
IMPORTANT: READ BEFORE USE

Read the entire Directions for Use, Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once.

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