For control or suppression of aphids, fleahoppers, plant bugs, stink bugs, whiteflies and certain psyllids, scales, and thrips in barley, canola (rapeseed), cotton, root and tuber vegetables, potatoes, soybean, succulent, edible podded, and dry beans, triticale, and wheat.

Active Ingredient:
- sulfoxaflor ............................................................. 50%
- Other Ingredients ...................................................... 50%
- Total ........................................................................ 100%

Contains 50% active ingredient on a weight basis.

Keep Out of Reach of Children

DANGER

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

Agricultural Use Requirements
Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. Refer to the label booklet under "Agricultural Use Requirements" in the Directions for Use section for information about this standard.

For additional Precautionary Statements, First Aid, Storage and Disposal and other use information see inside this label.

Notice: Read the entire label. Use only according to label directions. Before using this product, read Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use, and Limitation of Remedies at end of label booklet. If terms are unacceptable, return at once unopened.

In case of emergency endangering health or the environment involving this product, call 1-800-992-5994.

Agricultural Chemical: Do not ship or store with food, feeds, drugs or clothing.

EPA Reg. No. 62719-625 EPA Est. 67545-AZ-001 900-020069 / 11040294

©Trademark of The Dow Chemical Company (“Dow”) or an affiliated company of Dow

Produced for
Dow AgroSciences LLC
9330 Zionsville Road
Indianapolis, IN 46268
Hazard to Humans and Domestic Animals

DANGER

Corrosive • Causes Irreversible Eye Damage • Harmful If Swallowed

Do not get in eyes or on clothing.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:
• Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
• Shoes plus socks
• Protective eyewear

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product’s concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer’s instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

First Aid

If in eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If swallowed: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-992-5994 for emergency medical treatment information.

Environmental Hazards

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed through contact during spraying and while spray droplets are still wet. This product may be toxic to bees exposed to treated foliage for up to 3 hours following application. Toxicity is reduced when spray droplets are dry.

Risk to managed bees and native pollinators from contact with pesticide spray or residues can be minimized when applications are made before 7:00 am or after 7:00 pm local time or when the temperature is below 55°F at the site of application.

Refer to the Directions for Use for crop specific restrictions and additional advisory statements to protect pollinators.

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.
Directions for Use

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Read all Directions for Use carefully before applying.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your state or tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:
- Coveralls
- Shoes plus socks

Non-Agricultural Use Requirements

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses. Do not enter or allow others to enter the treated area until sprays have dried.

Storage and Disposal

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Storage: Store in original container only.
Pesticide Disposal: Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.
Container Handling: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 psi for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

Product Information

Carefully read, understand and follow label use rates and restrictions. Apply the amount specified in the following tables with properly calibrated aerial or ground spray equipment. Prepare only the amount of spray solution required to treat the measured acreage. The low rates may be used for light infestations of the target pests and the higher rates for moderate to heavy infestations. Transform® WG insecticide may be applied in either dilute or concentrate sprays so long as the application equipment is calibrated and adjusted to deliver thorough, uniform coverage. Use the specified amount of Transform WG per acre regardless of the spray volume used.
Use Precautions

Integrated Pest Management (IPM) Programs
Transform WG is recommended for IPM programs in labeled crops. Apply Transform WG when field scouting indicates target pest densities have reached the economic threshold, i.e., the point at which the insect population must be reduced to avoid economic losses beyond the cost of control. Other than reducing the target pest species as a food source, Transform WG does not have a significant impact on most parasitic insects or the natural predaceous arthropod complex in treated crops, including big-eyed bugs, ladybird beetles, flower bugs, lacewings, minute pirate bugs, damsel bugs, assassin bugs, predatory mites or spiders. The feeding activities of these beneficials will aid in natural control of other insects and reduce the likelihood of secondary pest outbreaks. If Transform WG is tank mixed with any insecticide that reduces its selectivity in preserving beneficial predatory insects, the full benefit of Transform WG in an IPM program may be reduced.

Insecticide Resistance Management (IRM)
Transform WG contains a Group 4C insecticide. Insect biotypes with acquired resistance to Group 4C insecticides may eventually dominate the insect population if Group 4C insecticides are used repeatedly in the same field or area, or in successive years as the primary method of control for targeted species. This may result in partial or total loss of control of those species by Transform WG or other Group 4C insecticides.

To delay development of insecticide resistance, the following practices are recommended:

• Avoid consecutive use of insecticides on succeeding generations with the same mode of action (same insecticide subgroup, 4C) on the same insect species.
• Consider tank mixtures or premix products containing insecticides with different modes of action (different insecticide groups) provided the products are registered for the intended use.
• Base insecticide use upon comprehensive IPM programs.
• Monitor treated insect populations in the field for loss of effectiveness.
• Do not treat seedling plants grown for transplant in greenhouses, shade houses, or field plots.
• Contact your local extension specialist, certified crop advisor, and/or manufacturer for insecticide resistance management and/or IPM recommendations for the specific site and resistant pest problems.

• For further information or to report suspected resistance, you may contact Dow AgroSciences by calling 800-258-3033.

Mixing Directions

Application Rate Reference Table

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Application Rate of Transform WG (oz/acre)</th>
<th>Active Ingredient Equivalent (lb ai/acre)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0.75</td>
<td>0.023</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>0.031</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.5</td>
<td>0.047</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.75</td>
<td>0.055</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.25</td>
<td>0.071</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.75</td>
<td>0.086</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Transform WG – Alone
Fill the spray tank with water to about 1/2 of the required spray volume. Start agitation and add the required amount of Transform WG. Continue agitation while mixing and filling the spray tank to the required spray volume. Maintain sufficient agitation during application to ensure uniformity of the spray mix. Do not allow water or spray mixture to back-siphon into the water source.

Transform WG - Tank Mix
When tank mixing Transform WG with other materials, conduct compatibility test (jar test) using relative proportions of the tank mix ingredients prior to mixing ingredients in the spray tank. If foliar fertilizers are used, the jar test should be repeated with each batch of fertilizer utilizing the mixing water source. Vigorous, continuous agitation during mixing, filling and throughout application is required for all tank mixes. Sparger pipe agitators generally provide the most effective agitation in spray tanks. To prevent foaming in the spray tank, avoid stirring or splashing air into the spray mixture.

Mixing Order for Tank Mixes: Fill the spray tank with water to 1/4 to 1/3 of the required spray volume. Start agitation. Add different formulation types in the order indicated below, allowing time for complete dispersion and mixing after addition of each product. Allow extra dispersion and mixing time for dry flowable products.
Add different formulation types in the following order:
1. Transform WG and other water dispersible granules
2. Wettable powders
3. Suspension concentrates and other liquids

Maintain agitation and fill spray tank to 3/4 of total spray volume. Then add:
4. Emulsifiable concentrates and water-based solutions
5. Spray adjuvants, surfactants and oils
6. Foliar fertilizers

Finish filling the spray tank. Maintain continuous agitation during mixing, final filling and throughout application. If spraying and agitation must be stopped before the spray tank is empty, the materials may settle to the bottom. Settled materials must be resuspended before spraying is resumed. A sparger agitator is particularly useful for this purpose.

Premixing: Dry and flowable formulations may be premixed with water (slurried) and added to the spray tank through a 20 to 35 mesh screen. This procedure assures good initial dispersion of these formulation types.

Application Directions
Not for Residential Use
Do not apply Transform WG in greenhouses or other enclosed structures used for growing crops.

Proper application techniques help ensure thorough spray coverage and correct dosage for optimum insect control. Apply Transform WG as a foliar spray at the rate indicated for target pest. The following directions are provided for ground and aerial application of Transform WG. Attention should be given to sprayer speed and calibration, wind speed, and foliar canopy to ensure adequate spray coverage.

Spray Drift Management
Wind: To reduce off-target drift and achieve maximum performance, apply when wind velocity favors on-target product deposition.

Temperature Inversions: Do not make ground or aerial applications during a temperature inversion. Temperature inversions are characterized by stable air and increasing temperatures with height above the ground. Mist or fog may indicate the presence of an inversion in humid areas. The applicator may detect the presence of an inversion by producing smoke and observing a smoke layer near the ground surface.

Droplet Size: Use only medium or coarser spray nozzles (for ground and non-ULV aerial application) according to ASABE (S-572.1) definition for standard nozzles. In conditions of low humidity and high temperatures, applicators should use a coarser droplet size except where indicated for specific crops.

Ground Application
To prevent drift from groundboom applications, apply using a nozzle height of no more than 4 feet above the ground or crop canopy. Shut off the sprayer when turning at row ends. Risk of exposure to sensitive aquatic areas can be reduced by avoiding applications when wind directions are toward the aquatic area.

Row Crop Application
Use calibrated power-operated ground spray equipment capable of providing uniform coverage of the target crop. Orient the boom and nozzles to obtain uniform crop coverage. Use a minimum of 5 to 10 gallons per acre, increasing volume with crop size and/or pest pressure. Use hollow cone, twin jet flat fan nozzles or other atomizer suitable for insecticide spraying to provide a fine to coarse spray quality (per ASABE S-572.1, see nozzle catalogs). Under certain conditions, drop nozzles may be required to obtain complete coverage of plant surfaces. Follow manufacturer’s specifications for ideal nozzle spacing and spray pressure. Minimize boom height to optimize uniformity of coverage and maximize deposition (optimize on-target deposition) to reduce drift.

Aerial Application
Apply in a minimum spray volume of 3 gallons per acre. Mount the spray boom on the aircraft so as to minimize drift caused by wing tip or rotor vortices. Use the minimum practical boom length and do not exceed 75% of the wing span or 80% of the rotor diameter. Flight speed and nozzle orientation must be considered in determining droplet size. Spray must be released at the lowest height consistent with pest control and flight safety. Do not release spray at a height greater than 10 feet above the crop canopy unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. The applicator must compensate for this displacement at the downwind edge of the application area by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind.
Spray Adjuvants
The addition of agricultural adjuvants to sprays of Transform WG may improve initial spray deposits, redistribution and weatherability. Select adjuvants that are recommended and registered for your specific use pattern and follow their use directions. When an adjuvant is to be used with this product, Dow AgroSciences recommends the use of a Chemical Producers and Distributors Association certified adjuvant. Always add adjuvants last in the mixing process.

Chemigation Application
Transform WG may be applied through properly equipped chemigation systems for insect control in potatoes. Do not apply Transform WG by chemigation to other crops.

Use Directions for Chemigation: Transform WG may be applied through overhead sprinkler irrigation systems that will apply water uniformly, including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, solid set, micro sprinkler, or hand move. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system. Sprinkler systems that deliver a low coefficient of uniformity such as certain water drive units are not recommended.

For continuously moving systems, the mixture containing Transform WG must be injected continuously and uniformly into the irrigation water line as the sprinkler is moving. If continuously moving irrigation equipment is used, apply in no more than 0.25 inch of water. For irrigation systems that do not move during operation, apply in no more than 0.25 inch of irrigation immediately before the end of the irrigation cycle.

Chemigation Preparation: The following use directions are to be followed when this product is applied through irrigation systems. Thoroughly clean the chemigation system and tank of any fertilizer or chemical residues, and dispose of the residues according to state and federal laws. Flush the injection system with soap or a cleaning agent and water. Determine the amount of Transform WG needed to cover the desired acreage. Mix according to instructions in the Mixing Directions section above. Continually agitate the mixture during mixing and application.

Chemigation Equipment Calibration: In order to calibrate the irrigation system and injector to apply the mixture containing Transform WG, determine the following: 1) Calculate the number of acres irrigated by the system; 2) Calculate the amount of product required and premix; 3) Determine the irrigation rate and determine the number of minutes for the system to cover the intended treatment area; 4) Calculate the total gallons of insecticide mixture needed to cover the desired acreage. Divide the total gallons of insecticide mixture needed by the number of minutes (minus time to flush out) to cover the treatment area. This value equals the gallons per minute output that the injector or eductor must deliver. Convert the gallons per minute to milliliters or ounces per minute if needed. Calibrate the injector system with the system in operation at the desired irrigation rate. It is suggested that the injection pump/system be calibrated at least twice before operation, and the system should be monitored during operation.

Chemigation Operation: Start the water pump and irrigation system, and let the system achieve the desired pressure and speed before starting the injector. Check for leaks and uniformity and make repairs before any chemigation takes place. Start the injection system and calibrate according to manufacturer's specifications. This procedure is necessary to deliver the desired rate per acre in a uniform manner. When the application is finished, allow the entire irrigation and injection system to be thoroughly flushed clean before stopping the system.

Chemigation Precautions:
• Lack of effectiveness or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.
• If you have questions about calibration, contact state extension service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.
• Do not connect an irrigation system used for pesticide application (including greenhouse systems) to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place with current certification. Specific local regulations may apply and must be followed.
• A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall operate the system and make necessary adjustments should the need arise and continuously monitor the injection.
• Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment. End guns must be turned off during the application if they irrigate nontarget areas.
• Do not allow irrigation water to collect or run off and pose a hazard to livestock, wells, or adjoining crops.
• Do not enter treated area during the reentry interval specified in the Agricultural Use Requirements section of this label unless required PPE is worn.
• Do not apply through sprinkler systems that deliver a low coefficient of uniformity such as certain water drive units.

Chemigation Specific Equipment Requirements:
• The system must contain an air gap or approved backflow prevention device, or approved functional check valve, vacuum relief valve (including inspection port), and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from back flow. Refer to the American Society of Agricultural Engineer’s Engineering Practice 409 for more information or state specific regulations.
• The pesticide injection line must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection chemical supply.
• A pesticide injection pump must also contain a functional interlock, e.g., mechanical or electrical to shut off chemical supply when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
• The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection when the water pressure drops too low or water flow stops.
• Use of public water supply requires approval of a backflow prevention device or air gap (preferred) by both state and local authorities.
• Systems must use a metering device, such as a positive displacement injection pump (or flow meter on eductor) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock. An electric powered pump must meet Section 675 for "Electrically Driven or Controlled Irrigation Machines" NEC 70.
• To insure uniform mixing of the insecticide in the water line, inject the mixture in the center of the pipe diameter or just ahead of an elbow or tee in the irrigation line so that the turbulence created at those points will assist in mixing. The injection point must be located after all backflow prevention devices on the water line.
• The tank holding the insecticide mixture should be free of rust, fertilizer, sediment, and foreign material, and equipped with an in-line strainer situated between the tank and the injection point.

Rotational Crop Restrictions
The following rotational crops may be planted at intervals defined below following the final application of Transform WG at specified rates for a registered use.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Crop</th>
<th>Re-Planting Interval</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>crops registered use</td>
<td>no restrictions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>all other crops grown for food or feed</td>
<td>30 days</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Use Directions
Barley, Triticale and Wheat

Pests and Application Rates:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pests</th>
<th>Transform WG (oz/acre)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>greenbug</td>
<td>0.75 (0.023 lb ai/acre)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Application Timing: Treat in accordance with local economic thresholds. Consult your Dow AgroSciences representative, cooperative extension service, certified crop advisor or state agricultural experiment station for any additional local use recommendations for your area.

Application Rate: Use a higher rate in the rate range for heavy pest populations.

Restrictions:
• Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 14 days of grain or straw harvest or within 7 days of grazing, or forage, fodder, or hay harvest.
• Minimum Treatment Interval: Do not make applications less than 14 days apart.
• Do not make more than two applications per crop.
• Do not apply more than a total of 2.8 oz of Transform WG (0.09 lb ai of sulfoxaflor) per acre per year.
• Do not apply this product at any time between 3 days prior to bloom and until after petal fall.
Canola (Rapeseed) (Subgroup 20A)\textsuperscript{1}
\textsuperscript{1}Canola (rapeseed) (subgroup 20A) including borage, canola, crambe, cuphea, echium, flax seed, gold of pleasure, hare’s ear mustard, lesquerella, lunaria, meadowfoam, milkweed, mustard seed, oil radish, poppy seed, rapeseed, sesame, sweet rocket, and cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these

Pests and Application Rates:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pests</th>
<th>Transform WG (oz/acre)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Aphids</td>
<td>0.75 (0.023 lb ai/acre)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Application Timing: Treat in accordance with local economic thresholds. Consult your Dow AgroSciences representative, cooperative extension service, certified crop advisor or state agricultural experiment station for any additional local use recommendations for your area.

Application Rate: Use a higher rate in the rate range for heavy pest populations.

Restrictions:
- **Preharvest Interval:** Do not apply within 14 days of grain, straw, forage, fodder, or hay harvest.
- **Minimum Treatment Interval:** Do not make applications less than 14 days apart.
- Do not make more than two applications per year.
- Do not apply more than a total of 1.5 oz of Transform WG (0.046 lb ai of sulfoxaflor) per acre per year.
- Do not apply this product at any time between 3 days prior to bloom and until after petal fall.

Cotton

Pests and Application Rates:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pests</th>
<th>Transform WG (oz/acre)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>cotton aphid</td>
<td>0.75 – 1.0 (0.023 – 0.031 lb ai/acre)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>cotton fleahopper</td>
<td>0.75 – 1.5 (0.023 – 0.047 lb ai/acre)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tarnished plant bug</td>
<td>1.5 – 2.25 (0.047 – 0.071 lb ai/acre)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>western tarnished plant bug</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Advisory Pollinator Statement: Notifying known beekeepers within 1 mile of the treatment area 48 hours before the product is applied will allow them to take additional steps to protect their bees.

Application Timing: Treat in accordance with local economic thresholds. Consult your Dow AgroSciences representative, cooperative extension service, certified crop advisor or state agricultural experiment station for any additional local use recommendations for your area.

Application Rate: Use a higher rate in the rate range for heavy pest populations. Two applications may be required for optimum tarnished plant bug control under high pest pressure or heavy immigration of plant bugs from other crops.

Restrictions:
- **Preharvest Interval:** Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.
- **Minimum Treatment Interval:** Do not make applications less than 5 days apart.
- Do not make more than four applications per acre per year.
- Do not make more than two consecutive applications per crop.
- Do not apply more than a total of 8.5 oz of Transform WG (0.266 lb ai of sulfoxaflor) per acre per year.

Root and Tuber Vegetables (Crop Groups 1A and 1B)\textsuperscript{1}
\textsuperscript{1}Root and tuber vegetables (crop group 1) including bitter black salsify, carrot, celeriac, chayote (root), chicory, chufa, daikon, dasheen, edible burdock, garden beet, ginseng, horseradish, lobok, lo pak, oriental radish, parsnip, radish, red Chinese radish, red Japanese radish, rutabaga, salsify, skirret, Spanish salsify, sugar beet, turnip, turnip-rooted chervil, turnip-rooted parsley, white Chinese radish, white Japanese radish, winter radish, and other cultivars or hybrids of these
### Pests and Application Rates:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pests</th>
<th>Transform WG (oz/acre)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Aphids</td>
<td>0.75 – 1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(0.023 – 0.047 lb ai/acre)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leafhoppers</td>
<td>1.5 – 2.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(0.047 – 0.086 lb ai/acre)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>silverleaf whitefly</td>
<td>2.0 – 2.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sweetpotato whitefly</td>
<td>(0.063 – 0.086 lb ai/acre)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Application Timing:
Treat in accordance with local economic thresholds. Consult your Dow AgroSciences representative, cooperative extension service, certified crop advisor or state agricultural experiment station for any additional local use recommendations for your area. Two applications may be required for optimum control of whiteflies.

#### Application Rate:
Use a higher rate in the rate range for heavy pest populations.

#### Restrictions:
- **Preharvest Interval:** Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.
- **Minimum Treatment Interval:** Do not make applications less than 7 days apart.
- Do not make more than four applications per crop.
- Do not make more than two consecutive applications per crop.
- Do not apply more than a total of 8.5 oz of Transform WG (0.266 lb ai of sulfoxaflor) per acre per year.
- Do not apply this product at any time between 3 days prior to bloom and until after petal fall.

#### Potatoes (Crop Groups 1C and 1D)

1 Root and tuber vegetables (crop group 1) including arracacha, arrowroot, bitter black salsify, bitter cassava, chayote (root), Chinese artichoke, chufa, daikon, dasheen, edible canna, ginger, Jerusalem artichoke, leren, lobok, lo pak, potato, radish, sweet cassava, sweet potato, tanier, true yam, turmeric, yam, yam bean, and other cultivars or hybrids of these

### Pests and Application Rates:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pests</th>
<th>Transform WG (oz/acre)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>aphids</td>
<td>0.75 – 1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(0.023 – 0.047 lb ai/acre)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leafhoppers</td>
<td>1.5 – 2.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(0.047 – 0.071 lb ai/acre)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Potato psyllid</td>
<td>2.0 – 2.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>silverleaf whitefly</td>
<td>(0.063 – 0.071 lb ai/acre)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sweetpotato whitefly</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Application Timing:
Treat in accordance with local economic thresholds. Consult your Dow AgroSciences representative, cooperative extension service, certified crop advisor or state agricultural experiment station for any additional local use recommendations for your area. Two applications may be required for optimum control of whiteflies.

#### Application Rate:
Use a higher rate in the rate range for heavy pest populations.

#### Restrictions:
- **Preharvest Interval:** Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.
- **Minimum Treatment Interval:** Do not make applications less than 14 days apart.
- Do not make more than four applications per crop.
- Do not make more than two consecutive applications per crop.
- Do not apply more than a total of 8.5 oz of Transform WG (0.266 lb ai of sulfoxaflor) per acre per year.

#### Soybean

### Pests and Application Rates:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pests</th>
<th>Transform WG (oz/acre)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>soybean aphid</td>
<td>0.75 – 1.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(0.023 – 0.031 lb ai/acre)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Suppression only:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>brown stink bug</td>
<td>2.0 – 2.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>southern green stink bug</td>
<td>(0.063 – 0.071 lb ai/acre)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Application Timing: Treat in accordance with local economic thresholds. Consult your Dow AgroSciences representative, cooperative extension service, certified crop advisor or state agricultural experiment station for any additional local use recommendations for your area.

Application Rate: Use a higher rate in the rate range for heavy pest populations.

Restrictions:
- Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.
- Minimum Treatment Interval: Do not make applications less than 14 days apart.
- Do not make more than four applications per crop.
- Do not make more than two consecutive applications per crop.
- Do not apply more than a total of 8.5 oz of Transform WG (0.266 lb ai of sulfoxaflor) per acre per year.
- No more than two applications may be made to soybean forage.

Succulent, Edible Podded and Dry Beans

Succulent, edible podded, and dry beans including adzuki bean, asparagus bean, bean, blackeyed pea, broad bean, chickpea, Chinese longbean, cowpea, fava bean, field bean, garbanzo bean, grain lupine, green lima bean, jackbean, kidney bean, lablab bean, lima bean, moth bean, mung bean, navy bean, pinto bean, rice bean, runner bean, snap bean, soybean (immature seed), sweet lupine, sword bean, tepary bean, wax bean, white lupine, white sweet lupine, yardlong bean

Pests and Application Rates:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pests</th>
<th>Transform WG (oz/acre)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>aphids</td>
<td>0.75 – 1.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(0.023 – 0.031 lb ai/acre)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>plant bugs</td>
<td>1.5 – 2.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(0.047 – 0.071 lb ai/acre)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Suppression only: brown stink bug</td>
<td>2.0 – 2.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(0.063 – 0.071 lb ai/acre)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Suppression only: southern green stink bug</td>
<td>2.0 – 2.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(0.063 – 0.071 lb ai/acre)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>thrips (suppression only)</td>
<td>2.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(0.071 lb ai/acre)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Terms and Conditions of Use

If terms of the following Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use, and Limitation of Remedies are not acceptable, return unopened package at once to the seller for a full refund of purchase price paid. Otherwise, use by the buyer or any other user constitutes acceptance of the terms under Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use and Limitation of Remedies.

Warranty Disclaimer

Dow AgroSciences warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in strict accordance with the directions, subject to the inherent risks set forth below. Dow AgroSciences MAKES NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY.

Inherent Risks of Use

It is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with use of this product. Plant injury, lack of performance, or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as use of the product contrary to label instructions (including conditions noted on the label, such as unfavorable temperature, soil conditions, etc.), abnormal conditions (such as excessive rainfall, drought, tornadoes, hurricanes), presence of other materials, the manner of
application, or other factors, all of which are beyond the control of Dow AgroSciences or the seller. To the extent consistent with applicable law all such risks shall be assumed by buyer.

**Limitation of Remedies**

To the extent permitted by law, the exclusive remedy for losses or damages resulting from this product (including claims based on contract, negligence, strict liability, or other legal theories), shall be limited to, at Dow AgroSciences' election, one of the following:

1. Refund of purchase price paid by buyer or user for product bought, or
2. Replacement of amount of product used

Dow AgroSciences shall not be liable for losses or damages resulting from handling or use of this product unless Dow AgroSciences is promptly notified of such loss or damage in writing. In no case shall Dow AgroSciences be liable for consequential or incidental damages or losses.

The terms of the Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use, and Limitation of Remedies cannot be varied by any written or verbal statements or agreements. No employee or sales agent of Dow AgroSciences or the seller is authorized to vary or exceed the terms of the Warranty Disclaimer or Limitation of Remedies in any manner.

®TM Trademark of The Dow Chemical Company (“Dow”) or an affiliated company of Dow

EPA accepted 05/06/13
Transform® WG

INSECTICIDE

For control or suppression of aphids, fleahoppers, plant bugs, stink bugs, whiteflies and certain psyllids, scales, and thrips in barley, canola (rapeseed), cotton, root and tuber vegetables, potatoes, soybean, succulent, edible podded, and dry beans, triticale, and wheat.

Group 4C INSECTICIDE

Active Ingredient:
  sulfoxaflor ............................................... 50%
Other Ingredients........................................50%
Total .........................................................100%

Contains 50% active ingredient on a weight basis.

Keep Out of Reach of Children

DANGER

PELIGRO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

For additional Precautionary Statements, First Aid, Storage and Disposal and other use information see inside this label.

Agricultural Use Requirements
Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. Refer to the label booklet under "Agricultural Use Requirements" in the Directions for Use section for information about this standard.

Notice: Read the entire label. Use only according to label directions. Before using this product, read Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use, and Limitation of Remedies at end of label booklet. If terms are unacceptable, return at once unopened.

In case of emergency endangering health or the environment involving this product, call 1-800-992-5994.

Agricultural Chemical: Do not ship or store with food, feeds, drugs or clothing.

EPA Reg. No. 62719-625
900-020069 / 11040294

©TM Trademark of The Dow Chemical Company (“Dow”) or an affiliated company of Dow

Produced for
Dow AgroSciences LLC
9330 Zionsville Road
Indianapolis, IN 46268

NET WEIGHT 8 LB
Scan this code with a smart phone QR reader to access key information about this product at mobile.dowagro.com/transform. You will have access to the product label, application rates, product efficacy results, and more, all from your smart phone!
To download and install a mobile QR code reader, visit www.i-nigma.mobi on your mobile device.

900-020071 / 00367807