lo temp sanitizer

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:
Sodium Hypochlorite.......................... 10.0%
OTHER INGREDIENT:......................... 90.0%
TOTAL........................................ 100.0%
Total available chlorine................. 10.0%

EPA Reg. No. 813-16-48211
EPA Est. No. 48211-MO-01

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
DANGER

FIRST AID
IF IN EYES: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF SWALLOWED: Call poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

FOR 24 HOUR EMERGENCY INFORMATION
CALL CHEMTREC: 1(800) 424-9300
SEE SIDE PANEL FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS.

Net Contents: 1 GALLON (3.78 L)
Precautionary Statements

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS DANGER: Corrosive. May cause severe skin irritation or chemical burns to broken skin. Causes eye damage. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Wear safety glasses, goggles or face shield and rubber gloves (PVC or Nitrile) when handling this product. Wash with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Avoid breathing vapors. Vacate poorly ventilated areas as soon as possible. Do not return until odors have dissipated. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS: STRONG OXIDIZING AGENT: Mix only with water according to label directions. Mixing this product with gross film such as feces, urine, etc. or with ammonia, acids, detergents or other chemicals will release hazardous gases irritating to eyes, lungs and mucous membranes.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

IT IS A VIOLATION OF FEDERAL LAW TO USE THIS PRODUCT IN A MANNER INCONSISTENT WITH ITS LABELING.

IMPORTANT: ALL SANITIZERS APPLICATIONS

FOR ALL FOOD CONTACT SURFACES AND OBJECTS - Remove food particles by flushing, scraping and, when necessary, soaking. Wash thoroughly with a good detergent or compatible cleaner and rinse with potable water before application of SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE solution. Wet all surfaces thoroughly with 1:200 sanitizer solution by immersion, flooding or spraying. Contact time must be at least 2 minutes. Drain solution and air dry. Do not wash with potable water after sanitizing. To temporarily sanitize solutions must not be re-used for sanitizing purposes. Prepare a fresh solution daily if the old solution becomes diluted or soiled.

SANITIZATION OF NONPOURABLE FOOD CONTACT SURFACES

Rinse Method: A solution of 100 ppm available chlorine may be used in the sanitizing solution if a chlorine test kit is available. Solutions containing an initial concentration of 100 ppm available chlorine must be tested and adjusted periodically to ensure that the available chlorine does not drop below 50 ppm. Prepare a 100 ppm sanitizing solution by thoroughly mixing required quantity of this product with 10 gallons of water. No test kit is available, prepare a sanitizing solution to provide approximately 200 ppm available chlorine by weight. Clean equipment surfaces in the normal manner. Prior to use, rinse all surfaces thoroughly with the sanitizing solution, maintaining contact with the sanitizer for at least 2 minutes. If solution contains less than 50 ppm available chlorine as determined by a suitable test kit, either discard the solution or add sufficient product to reestablish a 200 ppm residual. Do not rinse equipment with water after treatment and do not soak equipment overnight. Sanitize systems in automatic systems may be used for general cleaning but may not be reused for sanitizing purposes. Immersion Method: A solution of 100 ppm available chlorine may be used in the sanitizing solution if a chlorine test kit is available. Solutions containing an initial concentration of 100 ppm available chlorine must be tested and adjusted periodically to ensure that the available chlorine does not drop below 50 ppm. If no test kit is available, prepare a sanitizing solution to provide approximately 200 ppm available chlorine by weight. Clean equipment in the normal manner. Prior to use, immerse equipment in the sanitizing solution for at least 2 minutes and allow the sanitizer to drain. If solution contains less than 50 ppm available chlorine, as determined by a suitable test kit, either discard the solution or add sufficient product to reestablish a 200 ppm residual. Do not rinse equipment with water after treatment. Sanitize equipment in automatic systems may be used for general cleaning but may not be reused for sanitizing purposes. Flow/Pressure Method: Disassemble equipment and thoroughly clean after use. Assemble equipment in operating position prior to use. Prepare a volume of a 200 ppm available chlorine sanitizing solution equal to 110% of volume capacity of the equipment. Pump solution through the system until full flow is obtained at all extremities; the system is completely filled with the sanitizer and all air is removed from the system. Close drain valves and hold under pressure for at least 2 minutes to ensure contact with all internal surfaces. Remove some cleaning solution from drain valve and test with a chlorine test kit. Repeat entire cleaning/sanitizing process if effluent contains less than 50 ppm available chlorine. Clean-In-Place Method: Thoroughly clean equipment after use. Prepare a volume of a 200 ppm available chlorine sanitizing solution equal to 110% of volume capacity of the equipment. Pump solution though the system until full flow is obtained at all extremities; the system is completely filled with the sanitizer and all air is removed from the system. Close drain valves and hold under pressure for at least 10 minutes to ensure contact with all internal surfaces. Remove some cleaning solution from drain valve and test with a chlorine test kit. Repeat entire cleaning/sanitizing process if effluent contains less than 50 ppm available chlorine. Spray/Fog Method: Pre-clean all surfaces after use. Use a 200 ppm available chlorine solution to control bacteria, mold and fungi and a 600 ppm solution to control bacteriophages. Use spray or fogging equipment which can resist sodium hypochlorite solutions. Always empty and rinse spray/fog equipment with potable water after use. Thoroughly spray or fog all surfaces until wet, allowing excess sanitizer to drain. Vacate area for at least 2 hours. Prior to using equipment, rinse all surfaces treated with a 600 ppm solution with a 200 ppm solution.

LAUNDRY SANITIZERS

Household Laundry Sanitizers: 1. INSINKING SUDS: Thoroughly mix this product in wash water to provide 200 ppm available chlorine. Wait 5 minutes, then add soap or detergent. Immerse laundry for at least 11 minutes prior to starting the wash/cycle. 2. INWASHING SUDS: Thoroughly mix this product in wash water containing clothes to provide 200 ppm available chlorine. Wait 5 minutes, then add soap or detergent and start the wash/cycle. Commercial Laundry Sanitizers: Wet fabric or clothes must be spun dry prior to sanitization. Thoroughly mix this product with water to yield 200 ppm available chlorine. Promptly after mixing the sanitizer, add the solution into the prewash cycle prior to washing fabric/clothes in the regular wash cycle with a good detergent. Test the level of available chlorine, if solution has been allowed to stand. Add more product if the available chlorine level has dropped below 200 ppm.

Distributed By:

INTERCON CHEMICAL COMPANY
1100 Central Industrial Drive
St. Louis, MO 63110

140116-0204
US INSPECTION OF DRINKING WATER (POTABLE)

(Public/Individual/Other Systems)

Meat and Poultry Plant Treatment: For the treatment of drinking water and water which may be contaminated from food products or directly contact food, use the following concentrations.

Chlorine may be present in the process water of meat plants at concentrations of up to 5 ppm. Chlorine may be present in the process water of poultry plants at levels up to 20 ppm. Levels are calculated in ppm of available chlorine. Use dilution conversion chart to determine the proper rate of sodium hypochlorite solution to water. The product must be dispensed at a constant and uniform level to ensure that a controlled rate is maintained.

Dilution Conversion Chart

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ppm</th>
<th>Gallons Water</th>
<th>Liquid Oz. 10% Sodium Hypochlorite</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5 PPM</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>7.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25 PPM</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>3.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50 PPM</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>6.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100 PPM</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>200 PPM</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>3.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1000 PPM</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>8.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Must other available chlorine strengths or dilution volumes be desired, the following formula must be used to adjust the dosage:

Ounce of Product = (ppm of CI) (Gallons of Water (128))

P% Active Ingredient (10,000)

Formula Definition:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ounce of Product</th>
<th>= Ounce of Product to Use</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ppm Available Cl</td>
<td>= What is Required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dilution Gallons Water</td>
<td>= You Specify Quantity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>128 oz (gal)</td>
<td>= Constant 128</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(P% Percent Active Ingredient</td>
<td>= Sodium Hypochlorite Strength</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>= Constant</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SANITIZING AGENT FOR DINNERWARE AND UTENSILS

The product can be used as a sanitizing rinse of PRE-CLEANED hand washed or machine washed dinnerware and food utensil at restaurants, hotels and resorts. A solution of 100 ppm available chlorine may be used if a chlorine test kit is available. Solutions containing an initial concentration of 100 ppm available chlorine must be tested and adjusted periodically to ensure that the available chlorine does not drop below 50 ppm. If no test kit is available, prepare a sanitizing solution to provide approximately 200 ppm available chlorine by weight. For hand dishwashing, exposure to solution must be at least 1 minute or as required by local or state health departments. For machine washing, exposure time must be at least 2 minutes or as contact time specified by governing sanitation code. Check with your Health Department at requirements vary. This product may be used as a bleaching and detaining agent in commercial dishwashing machines. Do not use this product as a final rinse on silver or silver plate or severe etching will occur.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL:

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in a cool, dry area away from direct sunlight. In case of spills, follow instructions to remove from water. Keep this product in tightly closed container when not in use. Product or residues that cannot be used must be diluted with water before disposal in a sanitary sewer.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are toxic, hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinseate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to the directions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste Representative at the EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER HANDLING AND DISPOSAL:

SCHEDULED USE CONTAINERS:

Do not reuse or refill the container.

CONTAINER HANDLING: Triple rinse empty container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into water and rinse the container with 5 gallons of water. Replace lids and tighten closure. Tip container on side and roll back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty rinseate into application equipment or a 30 gallon can or store rinseate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two or more times. The product is required for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke. Product or rinseate that cannot be used must be diluted with water and disposed of in a sanitary sewer. Do not contaminate food or feed by storage, disposal, or cleaning of equipment. Do not contaminate food or feed by storage, disposal, or cleaning of equipment. For containers equal to or less than 5 gallons.

Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a 30 gallon can and store rinseate in a 30 gallon can. Fill the container with 5 gallons of water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinseate into application equipment or a 30 gallon can and store rinseate in a 30 gallon can. Do not contaminate food or feed by storage, disposal, or cleaning of equipment. For containers equal to or less than 5 gallons.

Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a 30 gallon can and store rinseate in a 30 gallon can. Fill the container with 5 gallons of water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinseate into application equipment or a 30 gallon can and store rinseate in a 30 gallon can. Do not contaminate food or feed by storage, disposal, or cleaning of equipment. For containers equal to or less than 5 gallons.