Perasan OG

(ANTIMICROBIAL SOLUTION)

Perasan OG is a peroxyacetic acid-based microicide developed for Bacteria, Fungi, Slime and Odor Control in: Pulp and Paper Mill Systems, Fruit and Vegetable Process Water Systems, Oil and Gasfield Water Systems, and Bacterial and Algae Control in Recirculating, Agricultural, and Wastewater Treatment Systems.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

- Peroxyacetic Acid  21.5%
- Hydrogen Peroxide  5.0%

INERT INGREDIENTS:

- TOTAL  73.5%

EPA Registration No: 63838-20
EPA Est. No. 63838-CA-01: 63838-AR-001

Before Using This Product, Please Read This Entire Label Carefully.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

DANGER

FIRST AID

| IF IN EYES | • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.  
|           | • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.  
|           | • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. |
| IF SWALLOWED: | • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.  
|           | • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.  
|           | • Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.  
|           | • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. |
| IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING | • Take off contaminated clothing.  
|           | • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.  
|           | • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. |
| IF INHALED | • Move person to fresh air.  
|           | • If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible.  
|           | • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. |

QUESTIONS?
1-209-581-9576
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

DANGER CORROSIVE: Do not enter an enclosed area without proper respiratory protection, or when uncoupling of product transfer hoses. Causes irreversible eye damage and skin burns. May be fatal if inhaled or absorbed through skin. Harmful if swallowed. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wear goggles, face shield, rubber gloves and protective clothing with long sleeves when handling. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking or using tobacco. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS:

STRONG OXIDIZING AGENT. CORROSIVE: Mix only with potable water below 140° F. Product must be diluted in accordance with label directions prior to use. This product is not combustible, however, at temperatures exceeding 165° F. decomposition occurs releasing oxygen. The oxygen released could initiate combustion. Keep out of sunlight to better preserve active ingredients.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:

This pesticide is toxic to fish, shrimp, clams, oysters, and aquatic invertebrates. Caution must be used when applying indoors because pets may be at risk. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of the National Pollution Discharge System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage plant authority.
STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Storage: Never return this product to the original container after it has been removed. Avoid all contaminants, especially dirt, caustic, reducing agents, and metals. Contamination and impurities will reduce shelf life and can induce decomposition. In case of decomposition, isolate and contain the spill and dilute this product with large volumes of water. Avoid damage to waste containers. Keep container closed at all times when not in use. Keep container out of direct sunlight. To maintain product quality, store at temperatures below 89°F. Procedure for Leak or Spill: Stop leak as can be done without risk. Shut off ignition sources: no flames, smoking, flares, or spark producing tools. Keep combustible and organic materials away. Flush spilled material with large quantities of water. Undiluted material must not enter confined spaces.

Pesticide Disposal: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinseate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance. If material has been spilled, an acceptable method of disposal is to dilute with at least 20 volumes of water followed by discharge into suitable treatment system in accordance with local, state and Federal regulations, standards, and other requirements. Because acceptable methods of disposal may vary by location, regulatory agencies must be contacted prior to disposal. This product which is to be discarded, must be disposed of as hazardous waste after contacting the appropriate local State or Federal agency to determine proper procedures.

Container Disposal: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Clean container promptly after emptying. Offer for recycling, if available. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace the lid with eight tight closures. To contain at least 1/4 the container volume for 5 minutes. Open lid to allow one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinseate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinseate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Directions For Use

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Note: All volumes given in ounces are fluid ounces. When used according to the directions in this treatise, this product is compatible with plastic, stainless steel and aluminum surfaces, if product is intended to be used on any other surface, it is recommended that you apply product to a small area with no utility before use. REVERSE OSMOSIS (RO), ULTRA FILTRATION (UF) AND OTHER MEMBRANE CLEANING

This product may be used in the sanitization of ultra filtration (UF) and reverse osmosis (RO) membranes and their associated piping systems. This product is not for use in dialysis equipment. Do not use the UF-RO system for food or drug water contact applications. This product may not totally eliminate all vegetative microorganisms in RO or UF membranes and their associated piping systems due to their construction or by-pass, but can be relied upon to reduce the number of microorganisms to acceptable levels. Prior to using this product, check with membrane manufacturer to confirm compatibility of membranes with various types or concentrations of peracetic acid solutions.

Batch Sanitation of NF, UF and RO Systems: Isolate incompatible equipment, such as carbon filters and ion exchangers. Clean system with an appropriate cleaner and follow pre and post RO permeate water or potable wateruvea/e to go. Remove mineral deposits if applicable, clean, and rinse as before. Fill entire system with water and add up to 0.35% of this product by volume. This will equal 680 ppm peracetic acid and 158 ppm hydrogen peroxide. Recirculate the sanitizing solution through the piping and membrane system at 20°C for 10 minutes or less, or up to 4 hours, depending on the severity of cleaning to be done. Open and close process valves and solenoids to be sure all parts are in contact with the solution. Rinse the system with RO permeate or potable water until residual peracetic acid concentration is below 1 ppm.

Continuous or Intermittent Addition: For continuous addition (dosing) for RO systems, use 2.5 ppm of active peracetic acid, which equals 1-2.6 oz, of this product per 1,000 gallons of process water. For occasional intermittent feed, do not exceed 53 ppm active peracetic acid, which equals 0.61 oz, of this product per 10 gallons of feed water. Continuous or intermittent dosing of this product is not allowed for use in NF or UF systems for on-line food or drinking water applications.

BIODREDGING CONTROL IN PULP, PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILL AND WATER SYSTEMS

Not to use in California

For use in the manufacture of paper and paperboard intended for food or non-food contact. This product can be used to control bacteria and fungi in paper, paperboard or non-woven process water and influent water systems. Suitable dosing points include but are not limited to: stock chutes, pulpers, the mixing or blending systems and influent areas, the water loop, while water storage systems control desired.

Influent Water Systems: This product should be fed continuously to incoming fresh water streams (nonpotable use only) at dosages ranging from 0.04-1.4 lbs (1.18-8.1 oz) per 1,000 gallons of available raw or process water (2.0-35 ppm peracetic acid). Adjust dosage as necessary to maintain microbial control.

Mill Process Waters: Intermittent Feed - This product may be fed intermittently (for example: 2.3 hours per 8 hour shift) at dosages ranging from 0.35 lbs to 0.64 lbs (9.8-11.2 oz, or, of this product per ton (dry basis) of pulp or paper produced. This dosage is equivalent to 37-90 ppm peracetic acid. Repeated as necessary when the peracetic acid concentration reaches less than 2 ppm.

Continuous Feed - This product should be fed continuously at dosages ranging from 0.08-0.64 lbs (1.11-2.8 oz) of this product per ton (dry basis) of pulp or paper produced. This dosage is equivalent to 80-800 ppm peracetic acid. Shock (slug) Dose - This product may be used to shock any systems requiring high level of biofouling control. Use rates one to two times the dry basis dosage of pulp or paper produced may be necessary. This dosage is equivalent to 75-600 ppm peracetic acid. Shock dose every 1-3 hrs as necessary until biofouling control is evident. Thereafter, revert to continuous or intermittent feed methods.

CONTROL OF SLUDGE, BACTERIA AND BIOFOULING IN ONCE-THROUGH AND RECYCLING COOLING WATER (COLDING TOWERS, EVAPORATIVE CONDENSERS, AIR WASHERS) AND ORNAMENTAL OR RECREATIONAL WATER FEATURES

Severely fouled systems must be cleaned before adding this product. This product must be added in the water system directly, and not mixed with any other chemicals or any feeding device. Never add this product into any feed system. As a dry feed, or a dissolved or a liquid feed, or miscellaneous piping of any kind, because dangerous acute decomposition can occur. Discontinue the use of chlorine or bromine products prior to using this product. Combination with other chemicals could result in product decomposition. Add this product to only water at a point in the water stream with uniform mixing and even distribution will occur.

For shock (slug) treatment for moderately to severely fouled systems add 3.5-14 fl oz, of this product per 1000 gallons of process water (7-27 ppm peracetic acid). Repeat as necessary until microbiological control is evident. Thereafter, to maintain control use (1-5.2 oz, or of this product per 1000 gallons of process water (2-10 ppm of peracetic acid) as a continuous treatment method. Continuous dosing methods usually require 1.3-6 fl oz, per 1000 gallons of water (2-7 ppm peracetic acid) to achieve adequate results.

Intermittent dosing treatment usually require dose cycles of a minimum one per every other day, up to 6 times per 24 hours. Recommended rates for intermittent dosing cycles are 3-7 oz, of this product per 1000 gallons of process water (7-14 ppm peracetic acid). Air Washers: This product may be used to control bacteria and biofouling in industrial air washing/scrubbing systems. The air washer must have effective and efficient mist elimination systems. Prior to use of this product, heavily fouled systems must be pre-cleaned using the appropriate cleaner. Continuous dosing methods will require 2-7 ppm and intermittent dosing methods require 7-14 ppm (as peracetic acid) to be dissolved or recombined in a continuous type system and the level of microbiological control desired.

Evaporated or Condensed Water: This product may be used to treat SWEET or CON water (e.g. condensate of where) collected from evaporated or condensing water systems in food or dairy plants. Continuous dosing methods will require 2-7 ppm and intermittent dosing methods require 7-14 ppm (as peracetic acid) as described in the previous paragraph. Depending on the type system and the level of microbiological control desired.

DISINFECTION AND MICROBIAL CONTROL IN EFFLUENT TREATMENT SYSTEMS

Use this product to treat sewage and wastewater effluent systems associated with public and private wastewater treatment plants. This product may be applied along at any point in the treatment train, such as debilking or bubbling, or may effectively be used in conjunction with other systems, such as Ultraviolet (UV) light. Doses for UV systems will typically be 1-4 ppm (as active PAA). Initially apply this product at the rate of 4-10.5 gal per minute of water treated (0.5-10 ppm as peracetic acid). The PAA dosage and contact time of 90 minutes. Contact time and the microbial control necessary. The PAA concentration will rapidly decline after treatment, but the maximum amount of PAA that may be discharged into the receiving body of water is limited to 1 ppm as active PAA, or as required for local discharge permits. Consult your Enviro Tech representative for recommendations on test kit or on-line analyzer.

OIL, GAS AND SECONDARY OIL RECOVERY SYSTEMS, DRILLING MUDS AND PACKING FLUID

This product may be used to treat water used in primary or secondary and gas recovery systems to control anaerobic sulfide-forming bacteria, aerobic slime forming and sediments used in fresh or recycled water, secondary recovery systems, muds or fluids. This product controls biofilm and slime deposits on products associated with oilfield and gasfield systems which are susceptible to contamination. It also controls slime deposits downhole in water-bottoms. Add sufficient amount of this product to achieve satisfactory biological control, initial recommended dosing levels of 5 to 100 ppm of active peracetic acid are suggested. A dosage of 2.8 fl oz per 1000 gallons of water yields approximately 5 ppm of peracetic acid.

TREATMENT OF FRUIT AND VEGETABLE PROCESS WATER SYSTEMS
This product can be used in water or ice that contacts raw or fresh, post-harvest or further processed fruits and vegetables for the control of spoilage and decay causing bacteria and fungi in commercial operations and packinghouses.

Batch, Continuous or Spray System Processes: Fill vessel containing fruits and vegetables with known amount of water. Ensure that water is circulating in vessel if using the submersion method. Add this product to no more than 80 ppm residual peroxycacetic acid to the use solution. This can be accomplished by initially adding 37.2 grams (33 ml) of this product per 100 liters of water, or 10 fl. oz., per 11.4 gallons of water. The fruits and vegetables can be continuously sprayed (using coarse spray) or submerged (dipped) in the resulting solution, Periodic or continuous addition of this product to maintain the required concentration may be added as necessary. It is also recommended to apply this product during the washing, chilling, or physical cleaning processes, including the roller-spread, washer or brush washer manifold, dip tank, or sorting processes. Contact time of 60 seconds is recommended to insure efficacy. A potable water rinse is not required.

Fogging: For raw agricultural commodities, commercially-applied fogging methods may be used provided the dilution rates of the resultant solution does not exceed those prescribed in this section (1 fl. oz per 11.4 gal of water). A potable water rinse, or subsequent antimicrobial wash using this product as prescribed above is necessary after such use. Conventional corrosion-resistant fogging devices are recommended. Vacate the area of all personnel prior to, during and after fogging until the total peroxide concentration is below 1.0 ppm, or there is no strong odor present, characteristic of acetic acid.

Agricultural or Horticultural Uses
There is a Restricted-Entry Interval of zero (0) hours after the use of this product. This product must never be mixed or combined with any other pesticide or fertilizer. Upon soil contact this diluted product decomposes rapidly to oxygen, carbon dioxide and water. This product may be harmful to fish if exposed on a continuous basis at concentrations of 1 ppm or more of active peroxycacetic acid. Meter this product into pressurized pipes using a plastic or stainless steel injection/backflow device installed far enough upstream from the equipment to ensure thorough mixing. For open flowing bodies of water, apply this product as far upstream as possible to allow adequate mixing prior to the flow entering any larger body of water. If open pouring of this product is required pour product as close to the surface of the water as possible to reduce odor exposure.

Treatment of Agricultural or Irrigation Water Systems: (sand filters, humidification systems, storage tanks, ponds, reservoirs, canals); For the control of sulfides, odor, slime and algae in water systems, apply this product at 2-10 ppm active peroxycacetic acid. This feed rate equals 10.5-52.4 fl. oz per 10,000 gallons of water. Repeat dose as necessary to maintain control, which will vary with seasonal conditions. For prevention of algae, some systems may require continuous low level dosing during warm sunny periods (2-5 ppm peroxycacetic acid).

Drip Irrigation Systems: To clean slime and algae from drip system filters, tapes and emitters, meter this product at the rate of 5.2-10.6 fl. oz., per 1000 gallons of water (10-20 ppm peroxycacetic acid). When required during normal irrigation cycles, use this product at the recommended dose for a minimum of 30 minutes. After an irrigation cycle do not flush the lines.

Greenhouses: This product can be used to suppress/control algae and slime formations in and around greenhouses. For normal use in various processes, irrigation or sprinkler water systems, this product may be used at 1.28-0.001 to 1.500 dilutions (1-33 ppm as peroxycacetic acid). Heavy fouled systems, such as evaporative coolers or irrigation/drip lines may need shock doses of up to 100 ppm as peroxycacetic acid (1:1100 dilution).

Soil Applications: Use this product at 117-23.4 fl. oz. per 100 gal of water (220-440 ppm active peroxycacetic acid) for the control of soil-borne diseases such as Fusarium, Phytophthora, Pythium, Verticillium, Thielaviopsis, and Rhizoctonia. This product can be applied by drench, flood, drip or sprinkler irrigation systems. Best results may be obtained by application prior to and during the seeding or transplant operations. Wait one day before inoculating the soil with beneficial microbes.

Flea Control: This product may be used to cure or prevent bacterial and fungal diseases on growing agricultural crops. Typical use rates are 3.9-34.5 fl. oz. of this product per 100 gal of water (73.4-663 ppm active peroxycacetic acid) applied at 30-100 gal of mixed solution per acre of foliage. Curative (or rescue) treatment requires the lower dilution rates, while preventative treatments use the higher dilution rates. Apply curative treatments for 2-3 days and then resume weekly preventative treatments thereafter. Good coverage and wetting of the foliage is required. Not all plant diseases have been tested, but some of the common diseases controlled are: Alternaria spp., Anthracnose, Aphanomyces, Bacterial Blight, Black Spot, Botrytis (gray mold), Brown Spot, Copper Spot, Dollar Spot, Early and Late Blights, Erwinia spp., Fairy Ring, Fusarium Root Rot and Blight, Fruit, Black, Brown, Stem and Sour Rots, Leaf and Bacterial Spots, P. pagina, Powdery and Downy mildews, Phytophthora Blight/Rots, Pink Snow Mold, Pseudomonas and Xanthomonas spp., Pythium spp., Rhizoctonia spp., Rusts, Scabs, Scum, Slime Molds, Smut, Summer Patch, Stripe Smut, Take-all Patch, and Thielaviopsis.

Manufactured By:
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DOT: UN3109, Organic Peroxide, Type F Liquid, (peroxycacetic acid, stabilized), 5.2, (8), PGII

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